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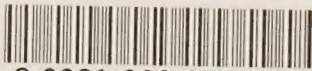
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THE
OXYRHYNCHUS PAPYRI

PART XIV

GRENFELL AND HUNT

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THE
OXYRHYNCHUS PAPYRI
PART XIV

EDITED WITH TRANSLATIONS AND NOTES

BY

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PROFESSOR OF PAPYROLOGY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD, AND FELLOW OF QUEEN'S COLLEGE
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WITH THREE PLATES

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P R E F A C E

THE 150 texts in the present volume are all non-literary documents, like those in Part XII. They comprise (*a*) two sections, *Contracts* and *Private Accounts*, for which there was not space in that volume these papyri being chiefly from the excavations of 1904-6; (*b*) some official documents; (*c*) a number of private letters, nearly all from the excavations of 1897. Their range is from the second century B.C. to the end of the fourth century, third-century papyri predominating. Facsimiles are given of some dated contracts belonging to the middle decades of the first century B.C., a period which is still very sparsely represented by papyri. In the interpretation of the contracts and official documents we are much indebted to the generous and valuable assistance of Prof. M. Rostowzew.

Part XV, which is in active preparation and will be somewhat larger than the present volume, will include in the literary section some new lyric fragments and hexameters, and a papyrus giving a series of biographies of Thucydides, Demosthenes, Aeschines, and others. Fragments of Sophocles, *Trachiniae*, Plato, *Republic*, Isocrates, *Πρὸς Δημόνικον*, and Theocritus (first century) have been identified. The non-literary documents illustrate the fifth, sixth, and seventh centuries, and include a second instalment (the first was in Part I) of the Oxyrhynchus papyri in the Cairo Museum from the 1897 excavations. In editing these Mr. H. I. Bell is collaborating with us. Mr. J. de M. Johnson's edition of the long Theocritus papyrus from Antinoöpolis is also in preparation.

BERNARD P. GRENFELL.
ARTHUR S. HUNT.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, OXFORD.
NOVEMBER, 1919.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
PREFACE	v
LIST OF PLATES	vii
TABLE OF PAPYRI	viii
NOTE ON THE METHOD OF PUBLICATION AND LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xii

TEXTS

I. CONTRACTS (1626-49):	
(a) Contracts with Officials (1626-7)	1
(b) Leases (1628-32)	5
(c) Sales and Cessions (1633-6)	31
(d) Divisions of Property (1637-8)	45
(e) Loans (1639-41)	56
(f) Appointments of Representatives (1642-3)	65
(g) Settlements of Claims and Receipts (1644-6)	72
(h) Apprenticeship (1647)	78
(i) Abstracts of Contracts (1648-9)	81
II. PRIVATE ACCOUNTS (1650-8):	
(a) Accounts of Transport (1650-2)	90
(b) Miscellaneous Accounts (1653-6)	95
(c) Lists (1657-8)	102
III. TAXING-ACCOUNTS (1659-60)	104
IV. OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE (1661-2)	115
V. PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE (1663-84)	117
VI. MINOR DOCUMENTS (1685-1777):	
(1) Leases (1685-95)	147
(2) Sales and Cessions (1696-1709)	152
(3) Loans and Deposits (1710-14)	161
(4) Receipts (1715-20)	163
(5) Miscellaneous Contracts (1721-3)	165
(6) Abstracts of Contracts (1724-5)	167
(7) Private Accounts (1726-40)	168
(8) Lists (1741-2)	174
(9) Taxation and Official Accounts (1743-50)	174
(10) Orders for Payment (1751-4)	179
(11) Private Correspondence (1755-77)	180

CONTENTS

vii

INDICES

	PAGE
I. KINGS, EMPERORS, REGNAL YEARS, ERAS	189
II. CONSULS AND INDICTIONS	192
III. MONTHS AND DAYS	192
IV. PERSONAL NAMES	193
V. GEOGRAPHICAL	203
VI. RELIGION	206
VII. OFFICIAL TITLES	207
VIII. MILITARY TERMS	208
IX. TRADES, ETC.	208
X. WEIGHTS, MEASURES, COINS	209
XI. TAXES	210
XII. GENERAL INDEX OF GREEK WORDS	211
XIII. SUBJECTS DISCUSSED IN THE INTRODUCTIONS AND NOTES	237
XIV. PASSAGES DISCUSSED	239

LIST OF PLATES

I. 1628, 1629	} <i>at the end.</i>
II. 1635, 1644	
III. 1639	

TABLE OF PAPYRI

(An asterisk denotes texts not printed in full)

	DATE	PAGE
1626. Payment for Superintendence of Transport	325	1
1627. Appointment to a Liturgy	342	3
1628. Lease of Catoecic Land (Plate i)	B.C. 73	5
1629. Lease of Catoecic Land (Plate i)	B.C. 44	8
1630. Lease of Land at an increased Rent	222?	10
1631. Contract for Labour in a Vineyard and Lease of a Fruit-garden	280	15
1632. Lease of a Palm-grove	353	25
1633. Bid for Purchase of Land from the State	275	31
1634. Sale of Mortgaged House-property	222	34
1635. Cession of Catoecic Land (Plate ii)	B.C. 44-37	39
1636. Cession of Land	249	42
1637. Division of Landed Property	257-9	45
1638. Division of an Inheritance	282	50
1639. Payment in Advance for Wheat (Plate iii)	B.C. 73 or 44?	56
1640. Loan of Wheat	252	61
1641. Loan with Right of Habitation	68	63
1642. Appointment of a Representative and Instructions	289	65
1643. Appointment of a Representative	298	70
1644. Settlement of Claims (Plate ii)	B.C. 63-62	72
1645. Receipt for Personal Effects	308	74
1646. Receipts for Rent	268-9	77
1647. Apprenticeship to a Weaver	Late 2nd cent.	78
1648. Abstracts of Contracts, &c.	Late 2nd cent.	81
1649. Abstracts of Contracts	After 280	87
1650, 1650 (a). Accounts of Freight to Memphis	Late 1st or 2nd cent.	90
1651. Account of Freight	3rd cent.	93
1652. Accounts of Transport	3rd cent.	94
1653. Account of a Steward	306	95
1654. Account of Notarial Expenses	About 150	98
1655. Baker's Account	3rd cent.	100
1656. Account of Food	Late 4th or 5th cent.	101

TABLE OF PAPYRI

ix

	DATE	PAGE
1657. List of Utensils	Late 3rd cent.	102
1658. List of Articles	4th cent.	103
1659. Account of Crown-tax	218-21	104
1660. Account of Taxes in Kind	4th cent.	114
1661. Letter to a Dioecetes	74	115
1662. Appointment of a Deputy-pyranis	246	116
1663. Letter of Recommendation	2nd or 3rd cent.	117
1664. Letter to a Gymnasiarch	3rd cent.	118
1665. Letter of a Gymnasiarch	3rd cent.	120
1666. Letter of Pausanias concerning a Recruit	3rd cent.	121
1667. Letter of Dorion to Apion	3rd cent.	123
1668. Letter of Charmus to Sopatrus	3rd cent.	124
1669. Letter of Horion to Serenus	3rd cent.	125
1670. Letter of Palex to Chinthonis	3rd cent.	126
1671. Letter of Dionysius to Zoilus	3rd cent.	128
1672. Letter to Pausanias from his two Sons	37-41	129
1673. Letter of Hermes to Sarapiacus	2nd cent.	130
1674. Letter of Theon to his Son Apollonius	3rd cent.	132
1675. Letter to Ischyron	3rd cent.	133
1676. Letter of Flavius Herculanus to Aplonarion	3rd cent.	134
1677. Letter of Agathus to Aphrodite	3rd cent.	136
1678. Letter of Theon to his Mother	3rd cent.	137
1679. Letter of Apia to Serapias	3rd cent.	139
1680. Letter to Apollo from his Son	Late 3rd or 4th cent.	140
1681. Letter of Ammonius to Julius and Hilarus	3rd cent.	141
1682. Letter of Heraclides to Antiochia	4th cent.	143
1683. Letter of Probus to Manatine	Late 4th cent.	144
1684. Letter of Horion to Timotheus	Late 4th cent.	146
1685. Lease of Land	158	147
1686. Lease of Land	165	147
1687. Lease of Land	184	148
1688. Lease of Land	3rd cent.	148
1689. Lease of Land	266	148
*1690. Lease of Land	287	149
1691. Lease of Land	291	149
1692. Contract for Labour in a Vineyard	188	150
1693. Lease of a Courtyard	Late 3rd cent.	150
1694. Lease of House-property	280	150
1695. Lease of House-property	360	151
1696. Sale of a Courtyard	197	152

TABLE OF PAPYRI

	DATE	PAGE
1697. Sale of a Courtyard	242	152
1698. Sale of House-property	268?	153
1699. Sale of House-property	240-280	155
1700. Sale of Land and House-property	Late 3rd cent.	155
1701. Sale of Mortgaged House-property	3rd cent.	156
1702. Sale of Building-land	290	157
1703. Cession of House-property	3rd cent.	157
1704. Cession of Buildings and Land	298	158
1705. Sale of a Loom	298	159
1706. Sale of Slaves	207	159
1707. Sale of an Ass	204	160
1708. Sale of an Ass	311	160
1709. Fragment of a Sale	224	161
*1710. Loan of Money	148	161
1711. Loan of Money	Late 3rd cent.	161
1712. Loan of Money	394	162
1713. Deposit of Money	279	162
1714. Deposit of Money	285-304?	163
1715. Repayment of a Loan	292	163
1716. Repayment of a Loan	333	163
1717. Receipt for Wages of Nursing	258	164
1718. Receipts for Official Payments	292-304	164
1719. Receipt for Rent	204	165
1720. Payment in Advance (?) for Wine	4th cent.	165
1721. Contract concerning an Inheritance	187	165
1722. Contract with a <i>Princeps</i>	Late 3rd or 4th cent.	166
1723. Protocol of a Contract	B.C. 114-108	166
1724. Abstracts of Contracts	Early 3rd cent.	167
1725. Abstracts of Contracts	After 229	167
1726. Account of Contracts	Early 3rd cent.	168
1727. Shopkeeper's (?) Account	Late 2nd or 3rd cent.	168
1728. Account of Receipts and Expenses	3rd cent.	169
1729-30. Accounts of Expenses	4th cent.	169
1731. Baker's Account	3rd cent.	170
1732. Farming Account	Late 2nd cent.	170
1733. Farming Account	Late 3rd cent.	171
1734. Account of Provender	Late 2nd or 3rd cent.	171
1735. Account of a Vintage	4th cent.	171
1736. Account of Oil (?)	3rd cent.	171
1737. Weaver's Account	2nd or 3rd cent.	172

TABLE OF PAPYRI

xi

	DATE	PAGE
1738. Account of Timber	3rd cent.	173
1739. Account of Colours	2nd or early 3rd cent.	173
1740. Account of Implements, &c.	Late 3rd or 4th cent.	173
1741. List of Clothes	Early 4th cent.	174
1742. List of Articles	4th cent.	174
1743. Land-survey list	221-2	174
1744. Land-survey list	287-8?	175
1745. List of Land-holders	Early 3rd cent.	176
1746. Account of Seed-corn	4th cent.	176
1747. List of Persons Requisitioned	Late 3rd or 4th cent.	177
1748. Account of Donkey-drivers	3rd cent.	178
1749. Account of Transport	4th cent.	178
1750. Receipt for Transport-charges	306	178
1751. Order for Payment of Wine	347	179
1752. Order for Payment of Wine	378	179
1753. Order for Payment of Money	390	179
1754. Order for Payment of Pitch	Late 4th or 5th cent.	180
1755. Invitation to Dinner	2nd or early 3rd cent.	180
1756. Letter of Sarapion to his Father	1st cent.	180
1757. Letter of Horeis to Horion	2nd cent.	180
1758. Letter of Diogenis to Didymas	2nd cent.	181
1759. Letter of Demetrius to an Athlete	2nd cent.	181
1760. Business Letter	2nd cent.	182
1761. Letter of Callirhoë to Sarapias	Late 2nd or 3rd cent.	182
1762. Letter of Chaereas to his Father	2nd or 3rd cent.	182
1763. Letter of Sopatrus to his Sister	After 222	182
1764. Letter to Pindarus	3rd cent.	183
1765. Letter of Kousenna to Apammon	3rd cent.	183
1766. Letter to Horion	3rd cent.	183
1767. Letter to Hermione	3rd cent.	184
1768. Letter of Heraclius to his Children	3rd cent.	184
1769. Letter of Ammonas to his Sister	3rd cent.	184
1770. Letter of a Son to his Mother	Late 3rd cent.	185
1771. Letter of Serenus to a Tenant	Late 3rd or 4th cent.	185
1772. Letter of Dionysius to Sarapion	Late 3rd cent.	186
1773. Letter of Eutycheis to Ametrion	3rd cent.	186
1774. Christian Letter	Early 4th cent.	187
1775. Letter of Plutarchus to Theoninus	4th cent.	187
1776. Letter of Paulus to Demetrius	Late 4th cent.	187
1777. Letter of Choous to Tyrannus	Late 4th cent.	188

NOTE ON THE METHOD OF PUBLICATION AND LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

THE general method followed in this volume is practically the same as that in Part XII. The texts, being non-literary, are given in modern form with accentuation and punctuation. Abbreviations and symbols are resolved; additions and corrections are usually incorporated in the text, the former being indicated by `', and the occurrence of the latter being recorded in the critical apparatus, where also faults of orthography, &c., are corrected, if they seemed likely to give rise to any difficulty. Where additions or corrections are distinguished by types differing from that of the main text, those by the same hand as the body of the text are in small thin type, those by a different hand in thick type. Iota adscript has been printed when so written; otherwise iota subscript is employed. Square brackets [] indicate a lacuna, round brackets () the resolution of a symbol or abbreviation, angular brackets < > a mistaken omission in the original, braces { } a superfluous letter or letters, double square brackets [] a deletion in the original. Dots placed within brackets represent the approximate number of letters lost or deleted; dots outside brackets indicate mutilated or otherwise illegible letters. Letters with dots under them are to be considered doubtful. Heavy Arabic numerals refer to the texts of the Oxyrhynchus Papyri in this volume and Parts I–XIII; ordinary numerals refer to lines, small Roman numerals to columns.

The abbreviations used in citing papyrological publications are practically those adopted in the *Archiv für Papyrusforschung*, viz. :—

Archiv = *Archiv für Papyrusforschung*.

B. G. U. = Aeg. Urkunden aus den k. Museen zu Berlin, griechische Urkunden.

C. P. Herm. = Corpus Papyrorum Hermopolitanorum, Vol. I, by C. Wessely.

C. P. R. = Corpus Papyrorum Raineri, Vol. I, by C. Wessely.

Griech. Texte = Griechische Texte aus Aegypten, by P. M. Meyer.

M. Chr. = L. Mitteis, Chrestomathie.

O. G. I. = Orientis Graeci Inscriptiones selectae, by W. Dittenberger.

P. Amh. = The Amherst Papyri, Vols. I–II, by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt.

- P. Basel = Papyrusurkunden der öffentlichen Bibliothek der Univ. zu Basel, by E. Rabel.
- P. Brit. Mus. = Greek Papyri in the British Museum, Vols. I-V, by Sir F. G. Kenyon and H. I. Bell.
- P. Cairo = Catalogue des Antiquités égyptiennes du Musée du Caire, Greek Papyri, by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt.
- P. Cairo Masp. = Catal. des Antiq. égypt. du Mus. du Caire, Papyrus grecs d'époque byzantine, Vols. I-III, by J. Maspero.
- P. Cairo Preisigke = Griechische Urkunden des Aeg. Museums zu Cairo, by F. Preisigke.
- P. Fay. = Fayûm Towns and their Papyri, by B. P. Grenfell, A. S. Hunt, and D. G. Hogarth.
- P. Flor. = Papiri Fiorentini, Vols. I and III by G. Vitelli ; Vol. II by D. Comparetti.
- P. Freiburg = Mitteilungen aus der Freiburger Papyrussammlung, II, by J. Partsch.
- P. Gen. = Les Papyrus de Genève, Vol. I, by J. Nicole.
- P. Giessen = Griechische Papyri zu Giessen, Vol. I, by E. Kornemann, O. Eger, and P. M. Meyer.
- P. Goodsp. = Greek Papyri from the Cairo Museum, &c., by E. J. Goodspeed.
- P. Gradenwitz = Griech. Papyri der Sammlung Gradenwitz, by G. Plaumann.
- P. Grenf. = Greek Papyri, Series I and II, by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt.
- P. Halle = Dikaiomata, &c., by the Graeca Halensis.
- P. Hamb. = Griech. Papyrusurkunden der Hamburgischen Stadtbibliothek, by P. M. Meyer.
- P. Hibeh = The Hibeh Papyri, Part I, by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt.
- P. Iand. = Papyri Iandanae, by E. Schäfer and others.
- P. Leipz. = Griech. Urkunden der Papyrussammlung zu Leipzig, Vol. I, by L. Mitteis.
- P. Leyden = Papyri Graeci Musei antiquarii publici Lugduni-Batavi, by C. Leemans.
- P. Lille = Papyrus grecs de Lille, by P. Jouguet, J. Lesquier, and others.
- P. Munich = Veröffentlichungen aus der Papyrussammlung zu München, Part I, by A. Heisenberg and L. Wenger.
- P. Oxy. = The Oxyrhynchus Papyri, Parts I-XIII, by B. P. Grenfell and A. S. Hunt.
- P. Par. = Les Papyrus grecs du Musée du Louvre, *Notices et Extraits*, t. xviii. 2, by W. Brunet de Presle and E. Egger.
- P. Petrie = The Flinders Petrie Papyri, Part III, by J. P. Mahaffy and J. G. Smyly.
- P. Reinach = Papyrus grecs et démotiques, by T. Reinach and others.

- P. Rev. Laws = The Revenue Laws of Ptolemy Philadelphus, by B. P. Grenfell.
P. Ryl. = Catalogue of the Greek Papyri in the Rylands Library, Vol. II, by J. de M. Johnson, V. Martin, and A. S. Hunt.
P. S. I. = Papiri della Società Italiana, Vols. I–V, by G. Vitelli and others.
P. Strassb. = Griech. Papyrus der k. Universitätsbibliothek zu Strassburg, Vol. I, by F. Preisigke.
P. Stud. Pal. = Studien zur Palaeographie und Papyruskunde, by C. Wessely and others.
P. Taur. = Papyri Graeci regii Taurinensis Musei, by A. Peyron.
P. Tebt. = The Tebtunis Papyri, Parts I and II by B. P. Grenfell, A. S. Hunt, J. G. Smyly, and E. J. Goodspeed; Part III in preparation.
P. Thead. = Papyrus de Théadelphie, by P. Jouguet.
S. A. M. = Studi della scuola papirologica di Milano.
SB. = Sammelbuch griechischer Urkunden aus Aegypten, by F. Preisigke.
W. *Chr.* = U. Wilcken, Chrestomathie.
Wilcken, *Ost.* = Griechische Ostraka, by U. Wilcken.

I. CONTRACTS

(a) *Contracts with Officials.*

1626. PAYMENT FOR SUPERINTENDENCE OF TRANSPORT.

26.7 × 15 cm.

A. D. 325.

An agreement between the *decani*, i.e. chief guards of some kind (l. 3, n.), of the village of Paneuei (l. 3, n.), and an epimeletes, for him to act as *βαβδοῦχος* (l. 9, n.) in charge of animals sent to Babylon in connexion with an anticipated visit of an Emperor (*θεία ἐπιδημία*). For the payment of the salary of the epimeletes, which was at the rate of 2,000 drachmae a day, the *μείζων* of the village (l. 5, n.) becomes surety, two months' pay being provided in advance. The papyrus stands in close relation to 1261, written 4½ months earlier, an acknowledgement on oath by an epimeletes, who is probably identical with the epimeletes in 1626, concerning produce transported to Babylon partly on account of the troops, partly on account of an *ἐπιδημία*, which in the light of 1626 is to be referred to an emperor, not, as suggested in 1261. 5, n., to a catholicus. That Constantine himself actually came to Egypt in 325, the year of the Council of Nicaea, is not recorded by the authorities for the period, and is improbable, but his presence may well have been expected. That *θεία ἐπιδημία* refers not to Constantine himself but to one of his sons, who did not become Augusti till 337, is unlikely.

1626 is a palimpsest, the original document, which was much shorter, having been effaced.

Ὁμολογο[ῦσ]ι[ν] ἀλλή]λοις Αὐρήλιοι Ἀλόις Χωούτος
καὶ Ἡρακλῆ[ς] Πούδεντος καὶ οἱ κοινωνοὶ οἱ πάντες
δεκανοὶ ἀπὸ κώμη[ς] Πανευεὶ μετ' ἐγγυητοῦ εἰς
ἔκτισιν τῶν φανη[σο]μένων μισθῶν Πτολεμαίου
5 Πτολεμαίου μείζονος τῆς αὐτῆς κώμης καὶ Αὐρήλιος
Ἡρακλείδης Σκυλακίου ἐπιμελητῆς ζώων

ἀποστελλομένω[ν εἰς τ]ῇν Βαβυλῶνα πρὸς
 θείαν ἐπιδημίαν, οἱ μὲν δεκανοὶ συνηλλαχέναι
 τῷ ἐπιμελητῇ χώραν μίαν ῥαβδούχου ἐνὸς
 10 τῶν αὐτῶν ζώων ἀπὸ ὀγδόης τοῦ ὄντος μηνὸς
 Παῦνι, λαμβάνοντος τοῦ ἐπιμελητοῦ παρὰ τῶν
 δεκανῶν ὑπὲρ μισθοῦ ἡμερησίως δραχμὰς
 δισχιλίας. ἐντεῦθεν δὲ ὁμολογεῖ ὁ ἐπιμελητὴς
 ἐσχηκέναι παρὰ τῶν δεκανῶν ὑπὲρ μισθοῦ
 15 μηνῶν δύο ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς ὀγδόης ἀργυρίου
 τάλαντα εἴκοσι, τὰ δὲ φανησόμενα ἄχρι συνπληρώ-
 σεως τῆς ἐπιμελείας ἀπολήμψεται παρὰ τῶν
 αὐτῶν δεκανῶν, ἐμὲ δὲ τὸν Πτολεμαῖον παρασχεῖν
 τὰ φανησόμενα σαλάρια πρὸς τὸ ἀπαρενοχλή-
 20 τους καὶ ἀσκύλους καὶ ἀζημίους παρέχειν περὶ τῶν
 τῇ αὐτῇ ῥαβδουχίᾳ διαφερόντων. κύριον τὸ συνάλλ-
 λαγμ[α] δισσὸν γραφέν, καὶ ἐπερωτηθέντες ὁμολόγησαν.
 ὑπατ[είας Παυ]λίνου καὶ Ἰουλιανοῦ τῶν λαμπροτάτων Παῦνι α.
 2nd hand Αὐ[ρ]ήλιοι Ἀλ[ό]ις καὶ Ἡρακλῆς [εὐ]δοκοῦμεν πᾶσι
 25 τοῖς προκ(ειμένοις) καὶ ἐπερωτηθ(έντες) ὁμολ(ογήσαμεν). Αὐ[ρ]ήλ(ιος)
 Πτολεμαῖος
 ἐγ[γ]νωμ[α]ί ὥς π[ρ]όκ(εῖται) γρά(ψας) κ[α]ὶ ὑπ[ε]ρ[ρ] αὐτῶν μὴ εἰδ(όντων)
 γρά(μματα).

3. εγγυητου. 12. ὑπερ. 19. σ Of σαλάρια corr. from λ, and ι from α. 20. First ε
 of παρεχειν corr. from ασ. 21. συναλλ'λαγμα. 22. ὁμολογησᾶ. 23. ὑπατ[είας] . . . ἰουλιανου.

'Aurelius Aloïs son of Choous and Aur. Heracles son of Pudens and their associates, all *decani* from the village of Paneuei, with their surety for payment of the pay found to have accrued, Ptolemaeus son of Ptolemaeus, headman of the said village, and Aur. Heraclides son of Scylacius, superintendent of animals which are being sent to Babylon for the Imperial visit, jointly agree, the *decani* that they have contracted with the superintendent for him to fill the single post of ῥαβδούχος of the said animals from the 8th of the present month of Pauni, the superintendent receiving from the *decani* as pay 2,000 drachmae a day. And the superintendent forthwith acknowledges that he has received from the *decani* as two months' pay dating from the said 8th day 20 talents of silver, and shall receive from the said *decani* the sums found to have accrued up to the termination of his duties as superintendent, and that I, Ptolemaeus, am to provide the salary found to have accrued, in order to make the *decani* free from any trouble, annoyance, or loss in all matters pertaining to the said office of ῥαβδούχος. This contract, written in duplicate, is valid, and in answer to the formal question they gave their consent. In the consulship of Paulinus and Julianus

1626. PAYMENT FOR SUPERINTENDENCE OF TRANSPORT 3

the most illustrious, Pauni 1.' Signatures of the two *decani* and Ptolemaeus, all written by the last-named.

3. *δεκανοί*: cf. P. Ryl. 196. 6-9, n., where the evidence for *δεκανοὶ φυλακιστῶν* (Ptolemaic), *πλοίων*, *νυκτοφυλάκων*, *πυροῦ*, &c., is collected, and 1512, which shows that there were at least 9 *δεκανία* at another Oxyrhynchite village, though apparently these were distributed among only three persons. Here the *decani* seem to have numbered at least 4, and to be concerned with land-transport rather than boats, since a *ῥαβδοῦχος* was required; cf. l. 9, n.

Πανερεί: a village in the Western toparchy (1285. 74), and perhaps in the 3rd pagus (1559. 9).

5. *μείζωνος τῆς αὐτῆς κώμης*: this is the earliest example of the use of *μείζων*, which is common in the sixth to eighth centuries, to denote a particular village-official as distinct from a 'higher' official in general (e.g. in P. Brit. Mus. 214. 22 and 900. 19); cf. Wilcken, *Chr.* 134. int.

5-6. *Ἀρχήλιος Ἡρακλείδης Σκυλακίου ἐπιμελητῆς ζῶων*: he is probably identical with *Ἀρχ. Ἡρακλέους Κουλακίου* (i. e. (Σ)κ(υ)λακίου) *βουλ(ευτοῦ) . . . ἐπιμελητοῦ* . [.] . . (possibly ζ[ῶ]ων) in 1261. 4-5; cf. int.

8. *θείαν ἐπιδημία*: cf. 1261. 7 and int., and for *ἐπιδημία* of high officials Wilcken, *Grundz.* 33.

9. *ῥαβδοῦχου*: cf. 1750, an official receipt for a payment on account of an ass and *ῥαβδοῦχος* sent to Memphis in 306, B. G. U. 244 (reign of Gallienus), the beginning of a sworn declaration of surety for a person *ἀναδ[εδομέ]νον εἰς ῥαβδουχίαν α* . [. . . and P. Leipzig 85-6 (372-3), two acknowledgements by comarchs to a *ῥαβδοῦχος* of the return of an ass employed at the mines. The ζῶα in the present case are likely to have been mainly asses, but may have included camels, horses, and oxen. *ῥαβδοῦχοι* is used by Georgius Cedrenus (Migne, *G.* cxxi. 336) to translate *decani* in the sense of court-officials of low rank.

19. *σαλάρια*: this confirms Oertel's reading (*Die Liturgie* 87¹) *σαλ[ά]ρια* in P. Flor. 39. 9 (= W. *Chr.* 405).

23. In 1261, written on Tubi 18 (Jan. 13), the names of the consuls were not yet known.

1627. APPOINTMENT TO A LITURGY.

23.3 × 10.7 cm.

A. D. 342.

This papyrus throws an interesting light on the method of appointment to public duties. Usually persons were appointed, whether by the senate or by an official, to some definite liturgy; but in the present case a citizen of Oxyrhynchus and his son had been selected to perform an unspecified liturgy for eight months, and they make a contract with the *συστάτης*, the official in question (l. 5, n.), whereby in return for receiving a very light duty, i. e. that of guarding the temple of Thoëris (l. 12, n.), they agree to perform it for a whole year. The body of the contract seems to have been drawn up by the agent of a professional writer of contracts, who appends his signature (l. 29, n.).

Ἐπατίας τῶν δεσποτῶν ἡμῶν Κωνσταντίου τὸ γ'
καὶ Κώνσταντος τὸ β' τῶν Ἀγούστων Μεσορή ιθ.
Ἀρχήλιος Ἀφφούς Παθερμουθίου ἀπὸ τῆς

- λαμπ(ρᾶς) καὶ λαμπ(ροτάτης) Ὁξύρυγχειτῶν πόλεως
 5 Ἀύρηλίῳ Διογένου Σαραπίωνος συστάτῃ
 τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως τῆς νυνὶ λειτουργού-
 σης φυλῆς χαίρειν. ἐπιδὴ αἰρίται
 ἐμοί τε καὶ τῷ ἡμετέρῳ υἱῷ Θωνίῳ
 ἐν τῷ ἐξῆς ἐνιαυτῷ ὀκταμηνιαῖος
 10 χρόνος λειτουργίας, ἡξιώσαμεν δέ σαι εἰς-
 αγγεῖλαι ἡμᾶς εἰς κουφοτάτην χρίαν,
 τουτέστιν εἰς φυλακίαν ἱεροῦ Θεορίου,
 διὰ τὴν περὶ ἡμᾶς μετριότητα καὶ
 πίστις συνέθου ἡμεῖν κατὰ ταῦτα,
 15 καὶ αὐτοὶ ὁμολογοῦμεν ἀντὶ ἰσῆς ἀμοιβῆς
 καὶ χάριτος ἐπάναγκες ἡμᾶς ὅλον τὸν
 ἐνιαύσιον χρόνον πληρῶσαι ἐν τῇ τοῦ
 αὐτοῦ ἱεροῦ Θεορίου ἀρχιφύλακος
 χώρα ἀντὶ τῶν μηνῶν ὀκτώ. πρὸς
 20 δὲ ἀμεριμνίαν σου τήνδε τὴν ὁμολογίαν
 σοι ἐξεδόμην, ἥτις κυρία ἔστω, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεῖς)
 ὁμολόγησα.
 2nd hand [Ἀύρ]ήλιος Ἀφφoῦς Πατερμουθίου
 [εὐδ]οκῶ πᾶσι τοῖς προκειμένοις
 25 [καὶ ἐπ]ερωτηθεῖς ὁμολόγησα.
 [Ἀύρ]ήλ[ι]ος Ῥουφίων Ἀπολλωνίου
 [. . .]υ ἐγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ μὴ εἰδ(τος)
 [γρά]μματα.
 3rd (?) hand [δι' ἐμο]ῦ Διογένους ἐγρά(φη).

5. l. Διογένει. 8. υἱο. 10. l. σε. εισαγγεῖλαι. 14. l. πίστιν. 15. ἰσῆς. 18.
 ἱεροῦ. 20. ὁμολογιά.

'In the consulship of our lords Constantius for the 3rd time and Constans for the 2nd time, the Augusti, Mesore 19. Aurelius Apphous son of Pathermouthius, of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus, to Aur. Diogenes son of Sarapion, delegate of appointments in the said city for the tribe now undertaking public duties, greeting. Whereas in the coming year an eight months' period of public duty is selected for me and my son Thonius, and we requested you to assign to us a very light duty, that is to say, the guarding of the temple of Thoëris, you owing to your clemency to us and confidence in us agreed to this proposal, and we for our part acknowledge ourselves bound as an equal

recompence and favour to carry out a whole year's service in the post of chief-guard of the said temple of Thoëris in place of 8 months. And for your security I have issued to you this contract, which shall be valid, and in answer to the formal question have given my consent.' Signatures of Aur. Apphous and Diogenes, the writer of the contract.

5. *συστάτης*: this official is only known from fourth-century Oxyrhynchus papyri, being perhaps identical with the *φυλάρχης* of the third century. For his functions in connexion with appointments to liturgies cf. 86, 1116, 1509, P. Flor. 39 (= W. Chr. 405), and Oertel, *Liturgie* 176. 1551 is a notice of death addressed to him, in which he is called *συστάτης* of the *πόλις*, whereas in 86 he is *συστ. φυλῆς*, and in 1116 *συστ. ἀμφοδον*. In 1627 *φυλῆς* follows *πόλεως* as a secondary genitive, while in P. Flor. 39. 3 *τῆς* . . . *πόλεως* precedes *συστάτης τῆς* . . . *φυλῆς*, *ἀπό* being omitted before the first *τῆς*, as is shown by 1116. 5.

9. *ὀκταμηνιαίος χρόνος*: many liturgies were for a year, and for *φύλακες* in particular there is reason to believe that a year was the normal period of office; cf. ll. 16-17 and Oertel, *op. cit.* 266. Shorter periods for liturgies are, however, also attested, e.g. in P. Thead. 34-6 (324-7; cf. Oertel, *op. cit.* 87), where payments occur for 3 or 2 months' work by *ἐργάται* for whom the village was responsible, though it is possible that these payments represent instalments of a longer period of work.

12. *ἱεροῦ Θεορίου*: *ἱεροῦ* is in apposition to *Θεορίου*, not an adjective. 43 verso. iv. 14-23 shows that soon after 295 there were 7 guards in this temple besides 1 outside it (*πρός*); the corresponding figures at the Serapeum (ii. 5-13) were 6 and 1, while the Iseum (ii. 14-17) was smaller, requiring only 1 and 1. A priest of Thoëris in 339 is mentioned in P. S. I. 215. 6. This hippopotamus-goddess was identified at Oxyrhynchus with Athena; cf. 1117. 1, n.

13-14. *μετρίότητα καὶ πίστι(ν)* may refer not, as in the translation, to the *συστάτης*, but to Apphous and his son, in which case the words mean 'our good conduct and honesty' and may be connected with *εἰσαγγεῖλαι* instead of *συνέθου*. But then *ἡμῶν* rather than *περὶ ἡμῶν* would be expected.

18. *ἀρχιφύλακος*: *ἀρχιφύλακες* are known in the first to third centuries (cf. Oertel, *op. cit.* 268), and the word is appropriate enough here in view of the number of guards at the Thoëreum (l. 12, n.); but the reading of the first four letters is insecure, especially *χι*, for which there is barely room, and possibly the *ι* was omitted. Neither *παραφύλακος* (cf. *παραφυλακὴ τῆς πόλεως* in 904. 4) nor *ἱεροφύλακος* nor *ἐνὸς φύλ.* are satisfactory.

29. For other early instances of *δι' ἐμοῦ* . . . *ἐγράφη* cf. P. Thead. 10. 22 (307), 1716. 30 (333), and P. Leipz. 13. 25 (366). Diogenes is presumably a private *συμβολαιογράφος*, not identical with the *συστάτης* of l. 5. That the subscription *δι' ἐμοῦ* . . . *ἐγράφη* is here in a different hand from the main text is not certain; but the words need not mean more than 'written in my office'. That *ἐγράφη* ever meant *eingetragen*, i.e. 'entered on an official list', as suggested by Gardthausen in *Stud. Pal.* xvii. 7, is most unlikely.

(b) Leases.

1628. LEASE OF CATOECIC LAND.

15.3 × 14 cm.

B. C. 73. Plate I.

The present volume makes several additions (1628-9, 1635, 1644; cf. 1639) to the scanty number of documents dated in the last two reigns of the Ptolemaic dynasty, which have been represented hitherto, so far as Oxyrhynchus is con-

cerned, by 236 (fragments of protocols) and P. S. I. 549 (translation of a demotic contract concerning service). 1628 is a lease of part of a κλήρος at Sepho (l. 9, n.) from a κάτοικος ἱππέως to a Persian of the epigone for one year. Both parties belonged to the ἀγνὴ Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης at Oxyrhynchus (l. 8, n.), which is mentioned in other papyri of this period. The formula is in general similar to that of P. Tebt. 106 (B. C. 101), 277 (B. C. 19), and 1124 (A. D. 26), but presents some peculiarities; cf. ll. 11, 13-14, 16, 21-3, nn. Probably the earliest extant instance of κλήροι with permanent names occurs in it (l. 10, n.). The end of the lease with the signatures of the six witnesses (cf. P. Tebt. 106 and 1644) is missing. The day of the month has, as is usual in late Ptolemaic contracts from Oxyrhynchus, been inserted by a second hand, which has made a few other alterations in the text. The papyrus had been glued to another contract of which a few letters are preserved. 1629 is another lease of catœcic land with practically the same formula, written 29 years later but less complete.

- [Βασι]λεόντων Πτολεμαίου καὶ Κλεοπάτρας [τῆς καὶ
 [Τ]ρυφ[α]ί[ν]ης θεῶν Φιλοπ[α]τ[έ]ρων [Φ]ιλ[α]δέλφων ἔ[το]ν[θ] θ,
 τὰ [δ'] ἄλλα τῶν κοινῶν ὡς ἐν Ἀλεξανδρείαι γράφε[ται, μηνὸς
 Ἀπελλ[α]ίου καὶ Φαῶφι ιε ἐν Ὀξύρυγχων πόλει] τῆς
 5 Θηβαίδος. ἐμίσθωσεν Σαραπίων Ἀπολλωνίου Μακ[ε]δόν
 τῶν κατοίκων ἱππέων Ἀπολλωνίῳ τῷ καὶ Πα[ν]...
 Ἰσχυρίωνος τοῦ καὶ Νεχθeneίβιος Πέρσηι τῆς ἐπιγονῆς
 [οἱ] δύο ἀγνῆς Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης ἀπὸ τοῦ κλήρου αὐ[τοῦ]
 ὃς ἔχει περὶ Σεφῶ ἀρούρας δεκάπεντε εἰς τὸ ἔνατ[ο]ν ἔτ[ος],
 10 ὥστε τὰς μὲν ἐν τῷ Διοκλέους κλήρῳ ἀρούρ[α]ς τ[ρε]ῖς
 πυροσπ[ο]ρήσαι, τῶν δ' ἐν τῷ Φίλωνος ἀρουρῶν δεκ[ά]δ[υ]ο
 τὸ μὲν ἡμ[ισ]ν κριθῇ τὸ δ' ἄλλο ἡμισυ φακῶι, ἐκφορί[ο]ν [κ]α-
 [θ'] ἐκά[στην] ἁ[ρ]ουραν ἐκ γεωμετρίας τοῦ δοθέντος ἐ[ἵ]ς
 σπορὰν σιτ[ικ]οῖς ἀρταβῶν τεσσάρων. καὶ ὁμολογῇ
 15 Ἀπολλώνιος ἔχειν παρὰ Σαραπίωνος εἰς σπέρματα
 καὶ τὴν ἄλλην τῆς κατασπορᾶς δαπάνην ἀδιαφόρους
 [κριθῆ]ς μὲν ἀρτάβας ἑπτὰ ἡμισυ, φακοῦ δὲ ἀρτάβας
 [ἑπτὰ ἡ]μισυ, καὶ εἰς θρυκοπίαν τῆς γῆς ἀναποδότους
 [χαλκοῦ δραχμὰς χιλίας πεντακοσίας ἀκινδύνους
 20 [καὶ ἀνυπολόγους ἀπ]ὸ παντὸς κινδύνου. ἐπὶ δὲ τῶν ἐκφορίων
 πλὴν τῶν τ[ε]λῶν, εἰάν τι πραχθῇ Ἀπολλώνιος εἰς τὸ βασιλικὸν
 ἢ εἰς ἕτερον τι καθ' ὅντινον τρόπον ὑπὲρ Σαραπίωνος

ἡ [τῆς γῆς, ὑπολογεῖτω ἀπὸ τῶν ἐκ]φ[ορίων, τῶν] δὲ καρπῶν
[κυριενέτω Σαραπίων ἕως ἂν τὰ ἐκφόρια κομίσῃται] καὶ

On the verso (2nd hand) (ἐτους?) θ μίσθω(σις) [

‘In the reign of Ptolemy and Cleopatra also called Tryphaena, gods Philopatores Philadelphi, the 9th year, and the rest of the formula as written at Alexandria, the 15th of the month Apellaeus which = Phaophi, at Oxyrhynchus in the Thebaid. Sarapion son of Apollonius, Macedonian of the catoecic cavalry, has leased to Apollonius also called Pan . . . son of Ischyron also called Nechthenibis, Persian of the epigone, both parties being from the street of Cleopatra Aphrodite, from his holding the 15 arourae owned by him near Sepho for the 9th year, on condition that the lessee may sow the 3 arourae in the holding of Diocles with wheat, and of the 12 arourae in the holding of Philon half with barley and the other half with lentils, at a rent of 4 artabae for each aroura in accordance with the survey of the land assigned for sowing with corn. And Apollonius acknowledges that he has received from Sarapion for seed and the other expenses of sowing without interest $7\frac{1}{2}$ artabae of barley and $7\frac{1}{2}$ art. of lentils, and for clearing the land from rushes 1,500 drachmae of copper, which are not repayable, all free from risk and not subject to any kind of risk. And with regard to the rent, if apart from taxes any demand is made upon Apollonius for the government or for any other purpose whatever on account of Sarapion or the land, the amount shall be deducted from the rent; and Sarapion shall retain the ownership of the crops until he receives the rent and . . .’

3. Cf. 236. 3, n.

5. Μακε[δών]: the letters are broken, but the *κάτοικοι ἱππεῖς* in 1644. 5 are Macedonians, and in the later Ptolemaic period Macedonians and Persians outnumber other nationalities among cleruchs; cf. 1635. 3 and Lesquier, *Institutions militaires sous les Lagides* 303 sqq.

8. ἀγνῖας Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης: no names of ἀγνῖαι at Oxyrhynchus were known, but ἐν ἀγνῖᾳ occurs commonly in the protocol of Oxyrhynchite contracts of the earlier Roman period, e.g. 261. 8. In B.G.U. 1084. 22 (= W. Chr. 146; A.D. 149) an Alexandrian citizen and his wife are stated to be ἀγνῖας Ἀρσινόης Νείκης, and in P. Tebt. iii. 883 (c. B.C. 200) two members of a list of (apparently) Alexandrian citizens belong to the ἀγνῖα Ἀρσινόης Καρποφόρου. In P. Petrie iii. 4 (1). 9 (a fragment of a will; B.C. 238–7) ἐν ἀγνῖᾳ Ἀ[ρσινόης] . . . is a not unlikely restoration, and though the situation of it is obscure owing to the loss of the context (the preceding word is ἐ]χωτε and there is a long gap between this and τὴν οἰκίαν in l. 8), the ἀγνῖα in question is more likely to have been at Crocodilopolis-Arsinoë than at Alexandria. The ἀγνῖα Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης, which may have been named after a temple (cf. W. Chr. 146. 22, n.), was no doubt at Oxyrhynchus; cf. 1629. 7, 1644. 8. The goddess must have been Tryphaena or one of her predecessors, not Cleopatra VI.

9. Σεφῶ: a village in the Thmoisepho toparchy; cf. 1659. 91 and l. 10, n.

ἀρούρας δεκάπεντε: in the later Ptolemaic period the κλῆροι of κάτοικοι tended to be much smaller than the 100 arourae which they usually owned in the third century B.C. The κάτοικος ἱππεύς in 1629 was a τριακοντάρουρος (ll. 7–8), and 15 arourae may well have been $\frac{1}{2}$ the κλῆρος of Sarapion.

10. ἐν τῷ Διοκλέους κλῆρῳ: this and the Φίλωνος κλῆρος in l. 11 seem to be the earliest instances of catoecic κλῆροι with permanent names (without πρότερον) derived from previous owners; cf. 483. 5, n., and P. Tebt. 108. 3 (B.C. 93 or 60) τὰς (πρότερον) Καλλι(κράτους). Wilcken (*Grundz.* 303⁴) had supposed that the permanent names were fixed in the time

of Augustus. That 1628 is not a sub-lease is clear not only from αὐ[τοῦ] in l. 8, but from its general resemblance to 277 and other Ptolemaic leases of κλῆροι (1629, P. Tebt. 106 and 816), as distinct from sub-leases (P. Tebt. 105 and 820), in which the secondary character of the lease is definitely stated. Moreover the Φίλωνος κλῆρος in l. 11 may well be identical with the Φίλωνος κλῆρος in 277. 3, since Πα(ῶ)μις (277. 3; cf. 1285. 122) was in the same toparchy as Sepho (l. 9, n.), and the question of a sub-lease does not arise in connexion with 277. That the Διοκλέους κλῆρος here is to be connected with the Διοκλέους καὶ Πτολεμαίου ἱππικὸς κλῆρος at Pela mentioned in 506. 24 is unlikely, for Pela was in the Western toparchy (1285. 81).

11. πυροσπ[ο]ρήσαι: cf. 1629. 9. The word is apparently new.

τῷ Φίλωνος: cf. l. 10, n. The Φίλωνος κλῆρος near Kerkemounis in the Upper toparchy (P. S. I. 320. 10) probably has no connexion.

13-14. τοῦ δοθέντος εἰς[] σπορὰν σιτ[ικ]οῖς: this phrase is new. On the fixing of the crops by the government cf. Wilcken, *Ost.* i. 200, P. Tebt. 5. 202, n., Rostowzew in Pauly-Wissowa, *Realenc.* vii. 134 sqq. Owing to a break in the papyrus and the unevenness of the writing at the ends of lines it is doubtful whether the vestige supposed to belong to the α of κ[α] in l. 12 belongs to that line or to l. 13. In the latter case εἰς[] is inadmissible, and for εἰς[] κατ[α] there is not room, unless the writing was very cramped, though κατασπορά occurs in l. 16.

16. For σπέρμα and δαπάνη paid by the lessor (probably) cf. P. Tebt. 108. 4 (B.C. 93 or 60). ἀδιαφόρους: this word, which is new in this context (ἀδιαφορεῖν in P. Brit. Mus. 144. 15 and ἀδιαφόρως in P. S. I. 452. 9 are not parallel), evidently corresponds to χωρὶς διαφόρου (sc. ἀποδώσειν) in 1474. 14 (a loan of corn in A.D. 216), a phrase contrasted with the customary difference of the ἡμιολία (cf. 1040. int.) or ἐκ τρίτου (1640. 7; cf. P. Strassb. 71. 8 and 1474. 18, n.) in repayment of a loan of seed-corn. Where there was no διάφορον, the lessee simply repaid the loan with the rent. For another Ptolemaic instance of the word practically in the sense of 'interest' cf. P. Par. 63. iv. 108-9 δανεῖ[ζομ]ένους ἐπὶ τοῖς ἐκφορίοις μειζόνων διαφόρων. In later times διάφορον is used as a mere synonym for τόκος; cf. 1040. 10, n., 1130. 11.

19. [χαλκοῦ δραχμὰς χιλίας: δραχ]μὰς could be read, but there is not room before it for [χαλκοῦ νομίσματος (cf. e. g. P. Tebt. 104. 11).

21-3. Cf. 277. 8-10, 1124. 3-5, P. Tebt. 105. 48. The addition of πλὴν τῶν τελεῶν is new. This implies that the taxes were paid by the tenant.

23-4. Cf. P. Tebt. 105. 46-7 καὶ τῶν δὲ κ[αρπῶ]ν κ[αὶ] τῶν γ[ε]νημάτων κατ' ἔτος κυριενέτω Ὀρίων ἕως ἂν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ ἐκφόρια ἐκ πλήρους κομίσῃται καὶ τὰλλα πάντα τὰ κατὰ τὴν μίσθωσιν σ[υν]τελεσθῇ, and 1124. 5-7 τῶν [δὲ] κα[ρπῶ]ν κυριενέτω Διονύσιος [κ]αὶ οἱ παρ' αὐτοῦ [εἰ]ω[ς] ἂν τὸ ἀπότακτο[ν] κομίσῃται.]ν could be read in place of τ[α], but not]ν.

1629. LEASE OF CATOECIC LAND.

10.5 × 15.7 cm.

B. C. 44. Plate I.

The first part of a lease of a τριακοντάρουρος κλῆρος by a κάτοικος ἱππεύς to a Persian for one year, corresponding closely to 1628, but less complete; cf. 1628. int. and nn. It was written on Epeiph 27 of the 8th year of Cleopatra and Ptolemy, gods Philopatores (July 26, B.C. 44), and is the first Egyptian record to mention Cleopatra VI in association with Ptolemy XV. The statement of

Porphry that a separate reckoning of this king's years was employed is not confirmed, and the papyrus throws some light on the date of his death; cf. l. 1, n.

Βασιλευόντων Κλε[ο]πάτρα[s] καὶ [Π]τολεμαίου θεῶν Φιλο-
πατόρων ἔτους ὁ[γ]δόου, τὰ δ' ἄλλα τῶν κοινῶν ὡς ἐν
Ἀλεξανδρείαι γράφεται, μηνὸς Γορπιαίου καὶ Ἐπειφ καὶ
ἐν Ὁξυρύγχων πόλει τῆς Θηβαίδος. ἐμίσθωσεν Θέων
5 Θέωνος τῶν κ[α]τοίκων ἱππέων Ἀπολλωνίῳ τῷ καὶ
Ἀρβίχει Ἀπολλωνίου τοῦ καὶ Ἀρβίχιος Πέρση τῆς ἐπιγονῆς
οἱ δ[ύ]ο ἀγυῖας Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης τὸν ὑπάρχοντα
αὐ[τ]ῷ περὶ Παῖμιν κλῆρον ἀρουρῶν τριάκοντα, ὥστε
π[υ]ρ[ο]σπορῆσαι μὲν εἰς τ[ὸ] ἔ[ν]νατον ἔτος τὸ ἥμισυ,
10 τὸ δ' ἄλλο ἥμισυ ξυλαμ[ῆ]σ[α] ἀράκωι, ἐκφορίου [ἐκ]ά[σ]της
ἀρούρας τῆς μὲν πυρ[ῶ]ι πυρ[οῦ] στερεοῦ ἀκρίθου ἀρταβῶν
ἕξ, τῆς δὲ ἀράκωι πυροῦ ὁμοίως στερεοῦ ἀκρίθου
ἀρ[ταβῶν] . . . ὁμολογεῖ δ' ὁ Ἀπολλώνιος ἕχ[ε]ιν [π]αρ[ὰ]
[τοῦ] Θέωνος εἰς σπέρματα
.

'In the 8th year of the reign of Cleopatra and Ptolemy, gods Philopatores, and the rest of the formula as written at Alexandria, the 27th of the month Gorpiaeus which = Epeiph, at Oxyrhynchus in the Thebaid. Theon son of Theon, of the catoecic cavalry, has leased to Apollonius also called Harbichis, son of Apollonius also called Harbichis, Persian of the epigone, both being from the street of Cleopatra Aphrodite, the holding of 30 arourae which belongs to him at Païmis, on condition that Apollonius shall sow half of it for the 9th year with wheat and cultivate the other half with aracus, at a rent for each aroura sown with wheat of 6 artabae of hard wheat, unmixed with barley, and for each sown with aracus likewise [.] artabae of hard wheat, unmixed with barley. And Apollonius acknowledges that he has received from Theon for seed . . .'

1. The extant Greek datings which mention Cleopatra Philopator by name all belong to the period when she was associated with Ptolemy Caesarion, Philopator Philometor; cf. O. G. I. 194 and 1635. 1 (year lost), P. S. I. 549 and Lefebvre, *Mélanges Holleaux* (both in the 11th year); Lefebvre, *Annales du Serv. des Antiq.* 1908. 241 is undated. According to Porphyry (*ap.* Euseb. *Chron.* ed. Schöne, i. 168-70) in years 1-4 of her reign she was associated with Ptolemy XIV, and in years 5-8 with Ptolemy XV, these corresponding to his years 1-4, while during the 8th-15th years she reigned alone, and her 16th-22nd years corresponded to years 1-7 (of Antony?; cf. 1453. 22, n.). That Porphyry was wrong in assigning a double reckoning by regnal years to the period of association with Ptolemy XV had already been inferred from the existence of a coin dated (ἔτους) 5 Κλεοπάτρας βασιλίσσης (Poole, *Catal.* p. 122) and demotic stelae of the 5th and 6th years; cf. Strack, *Dynastie der Ptol.* 212. 1629 not only provides the first definite piece of evidence for the application of the title Philopator to Ptolemy XV, and additional evidence for the use of a single reckoning

by regnal years during the period of his association with Cleopatra, but indicates that the death of the king was not known at Oxyrhynchus on July 26, B.C. 44. Concerning the precise date and circumstances of that event there has hitherto been no clear evidence. Josephus (*Ant. Jud.* xv. 4. 1) states that Ptolemy XV was poisoned at the age of 15 by Cleopatra, and Porphyry *l. c.* attributes his death *ταῖς Κλεοπάτρας ἀπάταις* in his 4th and her 8th year, i. e. B.C. 45-44. Mahaffy (*Empire of the Ptol.* 463) and Bouché-Leclercq (*Hist. des Lagides*, ii. 227) suppose that he perished at Rome in the confusion attending the assassination of Caesar on March 15, 44, especially as Cicero (*Ad Att.* xiv. 8) on April 15 refers to the flight of Cleopatra, and on May 11 (*Ad Att.* xiv. 20) mentions the queen and her son Caesar, but says nothing in either place about her brother. Dio, who mentions the presence of Ptolemy XV with Cleopatra at Rome (xliii. 27), seems to imply (xlviii. 24 *τοὺς ἀδελφούς αὐτῆς ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐν Ἑφέσῳ Ἀρτεμισίου ἀποσπάσας ἀπέκτεινε*) that he was put to death with Arsinoë by Antony, i. e. in B.C. 41; but according to Appian, *Bell. civ.* v. 9, the Ptolemy who was put to death with Arsinoë claimed to be Ptolemy XIV, having escaped from drowning in the Nile. That Ptolemy XV returned to Egypt with Cleopatra was supposed by Stahr (*Cleopatra* 56), but without any evidence, as is remarked by Bouché-Leclercq, *l. c.* Since Cleopatra left Rome not more than two or three weeks after March 15, 44, she presumably reached Egypt some weeks before July 26, and if Ptolemy XV died at Rome before his sister's departure, the news would on the whole be expected to have reached Oxyrhynchus by the date of 1629, although in the Roman period instances occur of papyri dated by an emperor who had been dead for as many as five months; cf. Hohmann, *Chronol. d. Papyrusurk.* 50 sqq. We are therefore disposed to date the death of Ptolemy XV later than March 44, and to place it in Egypt rather than Rome, though allowance has to be made for the circumstance that the figure (27) of the month in l. 3 is a later insertion, and the protocol may have been drawn up early in Epeiph, which in B.C. 44 began on June 30.

8. Παῖμν: a village in the Western toparchy; cf. 1659. 41. Mr. Crum refers us to Lemm, *Iberica*, 1906, pp. 5 and 13, where it is stated that the body of James, the Persian martyr, was brought to Egypt to 'a little χωρίον some 5 στάδια on the east of Pemje (Oxyrhynchus), named παῖμν in the Egyptian tongue'. If the geographical indication is correct, the Western toparchy reached to within a kilometre of Oxyrhynchus.

10. ξυλαμ[η]σ[α]: cf. P. Hamb. 27. 6, n.

11. στερεοῦ: cf. 1639. 8, n.

1630. LEASE OF LAND AT AN INCREASED RENT.

18 x 18.8 cm.

A. D. 222 (?).

Of this novel application from a certain Heron for a lease of land, at a higher rent than that previously offered by himself and others, the upper portion is lost besides the beginnings of lines, and it does not appear to whom the document was addressed. The mention of various bids (*αἱρέσεις*: l. 8, n.) and the general tenour of most of the application, which resembles a petition to an official, rather suggest that the land in question belonged to the government; but the contrary view that it belonged to a private individual is strongly indicated, first by the concluding words *ἡ ἐπιδοχὴ κυρία*, which occur in private contracts (e. g. 1631. 33), whereas applications for *δημοσία* or *οὐσιακὴ γῆ* generally end with *ἐὰν φάληται*

μισθῶσαι followed by . . . ἐπιδέδωκα, secondly by the apparent reference in l. 3 to Claudia Isidora as the existing owner of the land (l. 2, n.). Probably therefore the application was made to her representative, who may have been an ἐπίτροπος (cf. l. 3, n.) or οἰκονόμος (cf. P. Ryl. 171. 1). If ll. 2-4 are restored on the right lines, Heron had sub-leased Claudia Isidora's land situated in the (Small) Oasis from two of her lessees. From l. 4 onwards the narrative becomes clear. Heron had begun the sowing for the current year when two individuals whom he was employing in connexion with the agriculture offered to pay 200 drachmae a year more as rent. Heron made no objection to surrendering his lease to them, provided that he recovered the expenses which he had already incurred. To assert his claim he brought an action before the strategus, and after a λογοθεσία (l. 12, n.) was awarded 3 talents 400 drachmae. This sum, however, his opponents failed to pay, and in order to bring matters to a head Heron by the present application offered 1,552 drachmae a year more than they, making the whole rent 1 talent 3,000 (?) drachmae. This bid was accepted by the representative of the land-owner, the intermediate lessees being apparently ignored, just as they seem to be in the negotiations between ὑπομισθωταί of οὐσιακὴ γῆ and government officials in B. G. U. 1047 (131). As Rostowzew, who has discussed the Berlin papyrus in *Gesch. d. Röm. Kolonates* 183 sqq., remarks, the management of Claudia Isidora's estates, which probably constituted a large private οὐσία like that of M. Antonius Pallas in P. Brit. Mus. 1223, and perhaps that of Claudia Athenais in P. Strassb. 78, seems to have been conducted on a system which differed from that applying to ordinary γῆ ιδιόκτητος, and approximated to that employed in regard to State οὐσiai. The provision of a surety (ll. 18-19) is an unusual feature in a lease of private land in the Roman period, but is known from P. Iand. 30 to have existed in connexion with the leasing of γῆ δημοσία.

The papyrus belongs to the early third century, probably to the reign of Elagabalus (l. 20, n.). It seems to be a draft, several alterations in ll. 15-18 having been made in a small hand which is probably distinct from that of the original scribe, though the latter supplied με which was omitted at first in l. 14.

Traces of 1 line.

[ἐμισθωσάμην παρὰ ? Πτολ]εμαίου τοῦ καὶ Ἀστοπαρίωνος καὶ Ἀμμωνίου
τοῦ καὶ Ἡρακλείου

[ἀπὸ σιτικῶν ἐδαφῶ ?] γ[?] τ[ῶν περὶ] τὴν Ὀασιν ὑπαρχόντων τῆς Κλαυδίας
Ἰσιδώρας

[[ἀρούρας] ., ἃς ἔχουσι ? ἐν ταύτης μι[σθώσ]ει, καὶ τὴν πρὸς τὸ ἐνεστὸς
ἔτος κατασπορὰν τῶν

- 5 [δηλουμένων ἐδαφῶν] ποιήσας [κα]ὶ ἐπικουρήσας τοῖς κατὰ τόπον γεωργοῖς
τά τε σπέρματα
[καὶ τὰς δαπάνας, ἐπ]οφθαλμ[ιῶν]τες τοῖς ἔργοις μου Ἑρμογένης Πετενε-
φώτου καὶ
[Ἰσιδωρος, ο]ὗς ἐγὼ κα[τ]ὰ τὸ ἀνθρώπινον πρὸς τὴν τῶν πραγ-
μάτων ὑπηρεσίαν
[ἐπωφέλησα? χορηγή]σας αὐτοῖς τὰ δέοντα, προσήνεγκαν δι' ἧς ἐπέδωκαν
αἰρέσεως
[ἄλλας ἐτησίας δρ]αχμὰς διακοσίας, τοῦ ἐνὸς αὐτῶν Ἰσιδώρου ὑποβλήτω
χρησαμένω
10 [ὀνόματι?] γέν[ους?]. ἦν περ αἵρεσιν αὐτῶν ἀσπασάμενος καὶ μήτε
ἔχειν
[μήτε παρέχειν πράγ]ματα [β]ουλόμενος ἡξίωσα παρ' αὐτῶν ἀπολαβεῖν
ἦν. εἶχον
[παρ' ἐμοῦ πρόχρεια]ν καὶ ἄλλα ἀναλώμα[τ]α, λογοθετηθεὶς πρὸς αὐτοὺς
μετοξὺ ἡμῶν
[καὶ τιν?]ων ἀνδρ[ῶν] ἀξιολό[γ]ων ἐξ ἀντικα[τας]τάσεως γενομένης ἐπὶ τοῦ
τοῦ νομοῦ
[στρατηγ]οῦ, οὗσαν ἐν ταλάντοις τρ[ι]σὶ καὶ (δραχμαῖς) ὕ. τ[ο]ύτων δὲ
ἀγνωμονούντων μέ' καὶ μηδὲ πρὸς τὸ
νπ. [...] [.] καὶ μὴ ἀγνωμ[ο]ν[ή]σ[αν]τες (?) ἢ πεποιήμαι προχρεῖα
15 [βῆμα] ὑπαντησά[ν]των προσφέρω κατὰ τῆς [α]ἰρέσεως αὐτῶν ἄλλας ἐτησίας
(δραχμὰς) Ἀφνβ
[] τοῦ εἰ[s] τοὺς φόρου[s]
[εἰς σ]υ[μ]πλήρωσιν ἐτησ[ίου] (ταλάντου) α καὶ [(δρ.)] Γ, [[χωρὶς]] τῶν διὰ
τῆς αὐτῆς αἰρέσεως δηλουμένων
[ἀπο]τάκτων ἐπ[ὶ] κ]αὶ χρόνῳ τοῖς διὰ τῆς αὐτῆς αἰρέσεως αὐτῶν
καὶ διαστολαῖς
τηρ[ο]υμ[έν]ων.]
[πά]σαις. παρὼν δὲ ἐ[γὼ] Ἀβρήλιος Σαραπόδωρος ἐγγυῶμαι τὸν προκείμενον
Ἡρώνα
[εἰς] τε ἔκτεισιν τῶν φόρων καὶ ἐπιμέλειαν τῶν ἔργων, καὶ ἐπερωτηθέντες
20 [ὡμ]ολογήσαμεν. ἡ ἐπιδοχὴ κυρία. (ἔτους) ε T[υ]βι λ.

3. ὑπαρχ. . . . Ἰσιδωρος. 7. ὑπηρεσιαν. 9. Ἰσιδ. 1. χρησαμένου. 14. v after
(δραχμαῖς) written above φ, which is cancelled. 15. ὑπαντησα[ν]των. 18. ἐγγυῶμαι
(οἱ ἐγγυῶμαι).

'... (When) I leased from Ptolemaeus also called Astoparison and Ammonius also called Heraclius from the corn-land in the Oasis which is the property of Claudia Isidora . arourae which they have on lease from her, carrying out the sowing of the said land for the present year and providing the local cultivators with both seed and expenses, through envy of my operations Hermogenes son of Petenephotes and Isidorus son of . . . , whom I humanely (helped) in the management of the business, providing them with necessities, offered in the bid which they presented to pay 200 drachmae a year more, one of them, Isidorus, using a false name, . . . genes. This bid from them I welcomed, and being desirous neither to suffer nor to cause any trouble I claimed to recover from them the loan which they had received from me and other expenses, being subjected as regards them to a reckoning of accounts between us and certain honourable persons as the result of a confrontation before the strategus of the nome, the sum in question being 3 talents 400 drachmae. But as they pay no attention to me and even failed to appear before the court . . . , I offer against their bid to pay 1,552 dr. a year more, making the whole annual rent 1 tal. 3,000 dr., the stipulations laid down in their said bid being preserved as regards the . . . and period stated in their bid and all its provisions. I, Aurelius Sarapodorus, am surety for the aforesaid Heron in respect of both the payment of rent and care of operations, and in answer to the formal question we gave our consent. This offer of lease is valid. The 5th year, Tubi 30.'

2. Πτολ]εμαίου might be a father's name, in which case a father's name would become necessary at the beginning of l. 3, where the restoration is in any case somewhat uncertain. The sentence probably began with a conjunction such as ἐπεὶ, for where a new subject enters in l. 6 ἐπ]οφθαλμ[ῶν]τες there seems to be no connecting particle. A different interpretation of the nature of the application would be obtained by restoring something like τὰς προγεωργουμένας οἱ τὰς πρότερον μεμισθωμένας ὑπὸ instead of παρὰ; cf. e.g. P. Ryl. 99. 3-4 τὰς δηλουμένας διὰ τοῦ αὐτοῦ οὐσιακοῦ λόγου πρότερον μεμισθῶσθαι ὑπὸ Οὐαλερίου Βερενικιανοῦ καὶ . . . οὐσίας μὲν (πρότερον) Δορυφόρου ἡμέστου (ἀρούρας) 5. The document might then well be addressed to one or more government officials (e.g. ἐπιτηρηταί: the strategus is excluded by l. 13), and be closely parallel to e.g. SB. 5670. But it then becomes very difficult to account for ἐν ταύτης μι[σθώσ]ει, which is a fairly certain restoration in l. 4, and Claudia Isidora (l. 3, n.) seems to be the present, not the past, owner of the land, since there is no πρότερον (cf. Rostowzew, *op. cit.* 120-2) before ὑπαρχόντων, apart from the evidence in ll. 19-20 that 1630 is a private contract; cf. int.

Ἀστοπαρίσωνος(?): this seems to be all one unusual name. ε or π or σ can be substituted for ασ, υ or ν for π, and γω for σω, but (Ἄ)ετοῦ Ἀρίσ(τ)ωνος is not satisfactory, and Πτολλαρί{γ}ωνος is inadmissible.

3. σιτικῶν ἐδαφῶν: σιτικῶν (cf. e.g. 1578. 6) is a mere conjecture, but ἐδαφῶν is expected here in conjunction with ὑπαρχόντων; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 1223. 5 ἀπὸ [τῶ]ν ὑπαρχουσῶν (sic) σοι ἐδαφῶν . . . (ἀρουρῶν) . . . , P. Ryl. 166. 6-7 ἀπὸ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων Γαίφ' Ἰουλίφ' Ἀλεξάνδρου (sic) . . . ἐδαφῶν. Owing to the occurrence of the genitive, not the dative, with ὑπαρχόντων that word ought strictly to be a substantive; but ἀπὸ τῶν is less satisfactory as a reading than ἐδαφῶν τῶν, and cf. e.g. the mixture of the genitive and dative in P. Ryl. 166 just quoted, and τὰς ὑπαρχο(ύ)σα(ς) μου οἰκίας in P. Ryl. 160 (c). i. 4.

τὴν Ὀασιν: the Small Oasis was joined to the Oxyrhynchite nome for administrative purposes at this period; cf. 1439. int.

τῆς Κλαυδίας Ἰσιδώρας: the use of the article suggests that she had been already mentioned, probably in the title of the person to whom 1630 was addressed; cf. int. 919. 7 (A. D. 182 or 214?; a consignment of honey for κλ. Ἰσιδ.) and 1578 (4th year of an unnamed third-century emperor, perhaps Elagabalus), a series of demands for money addressed

in Col. ii Αὐρ(ηλίω) Σαραπάμμωνι ἐπιτρόπῳ Κλ(αυδίας) Ἰσιδώ[ρας (there is no κλ(ηρονόμων): Col. iii has Ἰ. . . ἐπιτρόπῳ Κλ(αυδίας) Ἰ[?]{² Ἰσιδώρας τῆς ἀξιολογωτάτης), probably refer to the same individual, who may also well be identical with Κλ. Ἰσιδ. ἡ καὶ Ἀπία in 1046. 8 (218-19), 1634. 19 (222?), and 1659. 5 (218-21). [Κλ]αυδία Ἰσιδώ[ρα who made a dedication at Coptos in the reign of Domitian (SB. 4961) may have belonged to the same family. The occurrence of many women of high rank owning estates in Egypt in the Roman period is noticeable; cf. Claudia Athenais (l. 4, n.), Norbana Clara (P. Brit. Mus. 1213-15; cf. *Archiv* v. 543), Flavia Epimache (P. Tebt. 402. 1). As Rostowzew suggests, this circumstance may well be connected with the prohibition of senators from entering Egypt.

4. A mention of the arourae at the beginning of this line combines well with the apparent reference to them in the next line. If [τῆς καὶ Ἀπίας (cf. the preceding n.) is restored, there would be room for no more than ἐν ταύτης μι[σθώσ]ει, for which phrase cf. P. Strassb. 78. 5 ἀφ' ὧν ἔχεις ἐν μισθώσει Κλαυδίας Ἀθηναῖδος ἀπὸ οὐσίας Προφητιανῆς.

5. [δηλουμένων ἐδαφῶν]: or possibly [σιτικῶν ἐδαφῶν] (cf. e.g. 1578. 6 κατασπορὰν σιτ. ἐδ.), if σιτικῶν did not occur in l. 3; but that supplement would be rather short.

6. [καὶ τὰς δαπάνας: the conjunction of σπέρματα and ἄλλη δαπάνη is common in Ptolemaic papyri, e.g. 1628. 16.

8. αἱρέσεως: cf. 716. 22, B. G. U. 656. 9, 889. 15, 890. ii. 7, 904. 9; P. Ryl. 427.

10. Perhaps ὠρῶ Διο[γέ]ν[ους]. Ἑρμο[γέ]ν[ους] (cf. l. 6) is not long enough, if ὀνόματι (or προσώπων?) is right. ὑπομνήματι, i.e. 'application', is less satisfactory. ὑπόβλητος in papyri elsewhere occurs only in the phrase μὴ θέσει μὴδὲ ὑπόβλητον (e.g. 257. 43), and in *Gnomon des Idios Logos* 176, where ὑπόβλητοι refers to 'dummy' persons.

12. πρόχρεια]ν: cf. l. 15, 729. 13.

λογοθετηθεῖς: λογοθέται, i.e. assessors appointed to investigate disputed points in an action at law, and λογοθεσία are well-known terms; cf. Mitteis, *Lehre v. d. Libellen* 122 and P. Ryl. 116. 10, n.; but there is no clear instance in papyri of λογοθετεῖν (in B. G. U. 969. ii. 23 λογο]θετου[the substantive may be meant and the context is obscure), and the restoration [καὶ τιν]ων in l. 13 is uncertain. But that the ἄνδρες ἀξιόλογοι in question were λογοθέται appointed by the strategus is clear from the parallels in P. Cattaoui verso and P. Brit. Mus. 196. ἡμῶν, if not a plural *maiestatis*, may refer to the writer's supporters (e.g. his surety; cf. l. 19, n.).

14. οὖσαν κτλ., which refers to πρόχρεια]ν in l. 12, is placed at the end of the sentence to indicate that it was the sum assigned to Heron by the λογοθεσία.

15. μή is almost certain (με, μου, and μοι are inadmissible), but ἀγνωμ[ο]ν[ή]σ[αν]τες (cf. l. 14) seems inappropriate, besides being somewhat unsatisfactory as a reading.

16. δ could be read in place of α after (ταλ.), but is less likely, especially since τῶν cannot be read in place of τοῦ in the interlinear insertion.

17. Possibly ἐπὶ σ[πό]ρῳ, the nature of the crops being commonly specified in leases; but the vestige of a stroke after ἐπὶ suggests a straight letter, such as γ, ν, or π, rather than one curved at the bottom. φ[ό]ροις (cf. l. 16) is unsuitable as a reading and is not wanted immediately after ἀποτάκτων, which primarily refers to φόροι.

18. τηρ[ο]υμέν[ων]: the traces suit τη very well, but all the rest is very doubtful. This word is, however, expected after the cancelling of χωρίς in l. 16.

19. The plural ἐπερωτηθέντες includes the surety.

20. (ἔτους) ε: the supposed ε is written rather large; but it is not possible to read κγ and refer the reign to Caracalla. If ε is right, Elagabalus rather than Severus Alexander or Gordian is probably the emperor in question; cf. l. 3, n.

1631. CONTRACT FOR LABOUR IN A VINEYARD AND LEASE OF
A FRUIT-GARDEN.

23.8 × 19.9 cm.

A. D. 280.

This interesting contract is in the form of an application to Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion, who is known from other papyri (l. 1, n.), from three persons, who offer to continue for a year the lease of (1) the ἀμπελοργικὰ ἔργα of a vineyard and adjacent reed-plantation in return for a payment in money, corn, and wine (ll. 5-20), (2) the produce of the older part of the vineyard, which contained palms and other fruit-trees, and for which a rent in fruit is paid (ll. 20-5), undertaking (3) to supply the labour required for a fruit-garden near the vineyard without any extra payment (ll. 25-8). The concluding provisions (ll. 28-34) are those of an ordinary lease of vine- or garden-land.

Arrangements for the performance of ἀμπελοργικὰ ἔργα are usual in leases of vineyards (729, P. Amh. 91, Flor. 84, 369, Brit. Mus. 163, C. P. R. 244, Giessen 56, Hamb. 23, Cairo Masp. 67104, SB. 4481-2, 4486, 4774); but for the leasing of the ἔργα as such the only other instance is 1692, which closely resembles 1631, but was written a century earlier and is incomplete. B. G. U. 1122 (B.C. 13), which is now in the light of the two Oxyrhynchus papyri more intelligible (cf. l. 7, n.), is an ἐκλήψις of vine-land somewhat resembling a μίσθωσις ἔργων, but is concerned with planting of new vines, while in 1631 and 1692 the vines were already yielding wine. SB. 4490 (7th cent.), in which an individual leases himself to perform [τὰ κ]ελευόμενα . . . ἔργα (so probably for ε . . .) ἐν τε τῇ πόλει καὶ κατ' ἀγρούς, is also somewhat similar, but the form of other contracts for labour, P. Flor. 80 and 101 (θερισμός of corn), Fay. 91 (oil-manufacture), is different. With the section concerning the lease of palms and fruit-trees cf. 1632, B. G. U. 591, 603-4, 862, 1118-20, C. P. R. 45, Flor. 16, Hamb. 5, Ryl. 172, P. S. I. 33, Cairo Masp. 67100, 67170, SB. 4483, 4485.

The long lists of operations in 1631. 9-18 and 1692. 10-25, arranged mainly in chronological order from Hathur 1 (Oct. 28) onwards throughout the year, are much more elaborate than any which have been previously found in papyri, and include several new technical terms and usages. The custom of allowing vines to grow on the ground, which Pliny, *Nat. hist.* xvii. 185, attributes to Egypt amongst other countries, is not exemplified, reeds being employed as supports, on which subject the two papyri usefully supplement the information given by 729 and B. G. U. 1122. The list in 1631 begins with the gathering of the reeds, arrangements for their disposition, pruning the vines, cleaning up the vineyard, propagation of new vines, digging of various kinds, and employment

of the reeds (ll. 9-12), all these being winter operations. The spring and summer operations of other kinds of digging, removal of shoots and leaves, trenching the reed-plantation, irrigation, weeding, banking up, preparation of jars, follow in ll. 12-16. For the gathering of the vintage, and pressing of the grapes the landlord seems to have been responsible, the remainder of the list (ll. 16-18) being concerned with autumnal operations connected with wine-making. The list in 1692 is largely identical, but offers some variations in order and occasionally supplements the statements of 1631, from which 1692 diverges in l. 20, where it becomes mutilated. Details are reserved for the commentary, in which Prof. Rostowzew has rendered valuable assistance.

Ἀϋ[ρηλίῳ Σερήνῳ τῷ καὶ] Σαραπίων[ι Ἀγα]θύνου μητρὸς Ταποσειριάδο[ς]
 ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμ-
 [προτάτης Ὁξυρυχιτῶν] πόλεω[ς]
 π[αρὰ Ἀυρηλίων Κτιστ]οῦ Ῥ[ο]ύφου [μητρ]ὸς Διονυσίας καὶ τοῦ νιόυ
 Πτολεμαίου μητρὸς Ταύριος ἀμφοτέρων
 ἀπὸ [τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λ]αμπροτά[της] Ὁξυρυ[γ]χιτῶν πόλεως καὶ Πελωΐου
 Ἑρακλήου μη(τρὸς) Ταπονθεύτος
 5 ἀπὸ κ[ώμης Τανάεως?] ἐκου[σί]φ[ς ἐπι]δεχόμεθα μισθώσασθαι ἐφ' ἐνιαυτὸν
 ἓνα ἔτι ἀπὸ α Ἀθὺρ τοῦ
 ἐνεσ[τῶτος ἔκτου? ἔτους] τὰ ἀμπελουργ[ι]κὰ ἔργα πάντα το[ῦ] ὑπάρχοντός
 σοι περὶ κώμην Τανάειν
 ἀμπε[λικοῦ κτήματος καὶ] τῆς προ[σ]ούσ[ης] [καλ]αμείας ὅσ[ο]ν ἕκαστ[ό]ν
 ἐστὶν ἀρουρηδοῦ, ἡμεῖς μὲν οἱ πε-
 ρὶ τὸν [Ἀυρήλιον Κτιστὸν] κατὰ τὸ ἡμ[ισυ], ἐγὼ δὲ ὁ Πελωΐος κατὰ τὸ
 λοιπὸν ἡμισυ, ἅπερ ἔργα ἐστὶν
 τῆς ἀ[μπέλου] τ[ι]μῆς καλᾶμον, συλλο[γῇ] καὶ μεταφ[ο]ρὰ τούτου, ξυλοτομία
 δικαία, ἀνκαλισμὸς καὶ δέσεις,
 10 ἀ[π]οκ[οπή καὶ? προ]σφ[ορὰ] φύλλων καὶ ἐμβολὴ ἐκτῶ[ς] πλαστῶν, ἀπωρυ-
 γισμὸς ὅσων δεῖ ἀπωρύγων, σκαφη-
 τῶς, γ[ύ]ρ[ω]σις κ[αὶ] π[α]ρα[γρ]αφή, τῆς δὲ καλ[α]μουργίας οὔσης πρὸς σὲ
 τὸν γεοῦχον, τῆς δὲ ταύτης ὑπουργίας
 οὔσης προ[ῶ]ς ἡμᾶς, τῶν δὲ λοιπῶν ἔργω[ν] μετὰ τὰ προκείμενα ὄντων
 πρὸς ἡμᾶς, ἅπερ ἐστὶν σκαλ-
 μός, βλαστολογία, [π]αραμυθιακὴ ἐργασία, διάστασις, ἀνάληψις, φυλλο-
 λογίαι αἱ ἐνχρῆζουσαι, τῶν δὲ

- καλαμίων διτομία καλαμίου ἐκατέρου, ἐπάρδευσις καὶ βοτανισμὸς διηλεκτής,
 ἔτι δὲ καὶ στήναι ἡμᾶς
- 15 π[αρ]ὰ σοὶ ἐ[ν τῷ] κτήματι καὶ ἐν τῇ καλαμείᾳ πρὸ τῶν ὄνων χωφορούντων
 πρὸς τὸ ὅπου δεῖ τὸν χοῦν βάλλε-
 σθαι, καὶ πο[ι]ησόμεθα τὴν τῶν χωρούντων εἰς τὸν οἶνον κ[ο]ύφων κομπασίαν,
 καὶ ταῦτα λαβόντα τὸν
 οἶνον [σ]υνθήσομεν ἐν τῷ ἡλιαστηρίῳ καὶ ἐπαλείψομεν καὶ κεινήσομεν καὶ
 μεταδιαιράσομεν καὶ πα-
 ραφυλάξομεν ἐς ὅσον ἐν ἡλιαστηρίῳ ἀπόκ[ε]νται, μισθοῦ τῶν προκειμένων
 ἔργων πάντων ἀργυρίου δρα-
 χμῶν τετρακισχειλίων πεντακοσίων καὶ πυροῦ ἀρταβῶν δέκα καὶ οἶνου
 παρὰ ληνὸν κεραμίων
- 20 τεσσάρ[ω]ν, οὗσπερ μισθοὺς ἀπολημψόμεθα κατὰ μέρος κατὰ προκοπὴν
 τῶν ἔργων. καὶ ὡσαύτως ἐπι-
 δ[ε]χόμεθα μισθ[ώ]σασθαι ἐφ' ἐνιαυτὸν [ἓνα καρποῦς] τῶν ὄντων ἐν τῇ
 παλ[α]ίᾳ ἀμ[πέ]λῳ φοινείκων καὶ ἀκρο-
 δρύων πάντων, ὑπὲρ ὧν τελέσομεν ἐκ[φόρια] ἑκτάκτα φοίνικος χλωροῦ
 ἀρτάβην μίαν ἡμισυ, πατητοῦ
 ἀρτάβην μίαν ἡμισυ, καρ[υ]φοῦ ἀρτάβην μίαν ἡμισυ, ἐλαι[ῶ]ν μελαινῶν
 ἀρτάβης ἡμισυ, περσικῶν
 ἐκλε[κτ]ῶν πεντακοσίων, κιτρίων δεκά[πε]ντε, σύκων θερινῶν μέχρι ἀναβάσεως
 τετρακοσίων,
- 25 χειμερινῶν πε[ν]τακ[οσί]ων, [σικύ?]διὰ λευκοπέ[ι]να μεγάλα τέ[σσε]ρα.
 ἔτι δὲ κ[α]ὶ τὸ προσὸν πωμάρι-
 ον ἐξ νότου τοῦ [χ]ωρίου [ὁμοίως? ἐπὶ] τοῖς ἐπάνω μ[ισθοῖς] ἀρ[ώ]σομεν
 [καὶ] ποιήσομε[ν] τὴν ἐπάρδευσιν, β[οτ]α-
 νολογ[ί]αν καὶ τὰ ἄλλα [τὰ κατὰ] καιρὸν ἔρ[γ]α πάντα, τῆς τοῦ[του]
 καλαμουργίας μόνης καὶ τῆς στρώσεως
 τοῦ χοῦ ὄντων πρὸς σὲ τ[ὸ]ν [γεοῦ]χον, ἀκινδύνων παντὸς κινδύνου.
 βεβαιουμένης δὲ ἡμῖν τῆς ἐπιδο-
 χῆς ποιήσομεν τὰ τῆς ἀμπέλου καὶ πωμαρίου καὶ καλαμείας κατὰ καιρὸν
 ἔργα πάντα εὐκαίρως καὶ εὖ-
- 30 ἀρέστως, τῶν σῶν ἐπακολουθούντων ἅπασι, καὶ ἀποδώσομεν τὰ ἑκτάκτα
 τῷ δέοντι καιρῷ

ἀνυπερθέτως, καὶ μετὰ τὸν χρόνον παραδώσομεν τὰ μισθούμενα σύμφυτα,
 ἐπιμεμελημέ-
 να τοῖς ἔργοις καὶ ἀπὸ θρύων καὶ βοτάνης καὶ ἀγρώστεως πάσης, γεινο-
 μένης σοὶ τῆς πράξεως
 παρὰ [[λλ]] ἡμῶν. ἀλληλ[εγ]γύων [δ]ντ[ων] εἰς ἔκτεισιν, ὡς καθήκει. κυρία
 ἢ ἐπιδοχή, καὶ ἐπερωτη-
 θέντες ὡμολο[γ]ήσαμεν. [(ἔτους) ἕκ ?] τοῦ Ἀ[υτ]οκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου
 Αὐρηλίου Πρόβου Περσικοῦ Μεγίστ[ο]υ
 35 Γοθθικοῦ Μεγίστ[ο]υ Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς Σεβαστοῦ Χοίακ κε. (2nd hand)
 Αὐρήλ(ιοι) Κτιστὸς καὶ ὁ υἱὸς
 Πτολεμα[ί]ος κ[αὶ] Πελωῖος ἐπεδεξάμεθα εἰς μίσθωσιν τὰ
 ἀμπελου[ργικὰ] ἔργ[α] πᾶντα ἐπὶ τοῖς ἐπάνω μισθοῖς, καὶ ἀποδώ-
 σομεν τὰ ἔκτακ[τα] ὡς π[ρ]όκειται, [κ]αὶ ἐπερωτηθέν[τες] ὡ-
 μολογή[σαμεν]. Τιβ[έ]ριος Κλαύδιος Ὡρίων ἔγρα(ψα) ὑπὲρ [α]ὐτῶν
 40 μὴ ἰδόν[των] γράμματα.

Verso

(1st? hand) [ἐπ]ιδ[οχ]ή [Α(ὐρηλίου) Κτισ]τοῦ ἀλλαγεῖσα. //

3. υἱὸν . . . ἀμφοτερῶ. 4. πελωῖου: so in ll. 8 and 36. λ of ἡρακληου corr. 5. εφ
 εναντιον ενα over an expunction. 16. β of λαβοντα corr. 17. l. μεταδιεράσομεν.
 24. τετρακοσιῶ. 26. l. ἐκ νότου. 33. Second κ of καθκει corr. from θ. 35. υἱος.
 36. θ of επεδεξαμεθα corr. from τ. 40. ἰδοτ[ων].

'To Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion, son of Agathinus and Taposirias, of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus, from the Aurelii Ctistus son of Rufus and Dionysia, and his son Ptolemaeus, whose mother is Tauris, both of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus, and Pelloius son of Heracleus and Tapontheus, of the village of Tanais (?). We voluntarily undertake to lease for one year more from Hathur 1 of the present 6th (?) year all the vine-tending operations in the vineyard owned by you in the area of the village of Tanais and the adjoining reed-plantation, whatever be the extent of each, a half share being assigned to us, the party of Aur. Ctistus, and the remaining half to me, Pelloius, which operations are, concerning the vineyard, plucking of reeds, collection and transport of them, proper cutting of wood, making into bundles and binding, pruning (?), transport of leaves and throwing them outside the mud-walls, planting as many vine-stems as are necessary, digging, hoeing round the vines and surrounding them with trenches, you, the landlord, being responsible for the arrangement of the reeds and we for rendering you assistance in this, we being responsible for the remaining operations after those mentioned above, consisting of breaking up the ground, picking off shoots, keeping the vines well tended, disposition of them, removal (?) of shoots, needful thinnings of foliage; and concerning the reed-plantations, digging up both reed-plantations, watering, and continual weeding; and further we agree to superintend together with you in the vineyard and the

reed-plantation the asses which bring earth, in order that the earth may be thrown in the proper places, and we will perform the testing of the jars employed for the wine, and will put these, when they have been filled with wine, in the open-air shed, and oil them, move them, and strain the wine from one jar into another, and watch over them as long as they are stored in the open-air shed, the pay for all the aforesaid operations being 4,500 drachmae of silver, 10 artabae of wheat, and 4 jars of wine at the vat, which payments we are to receive in instalments according to the progress of the operations. And we likewise undertake to lease for 1 year the produce of the date-palms and all the fruit-trees which are in the old vineyard, for which we will pay as a special rent $1\frac{1}{2}$ artabae of fresh dates, $1\frac{1}{2}$ art. of pressed dates, $1\frac{1}{2}$ art. of walnut-dates, $\frac{1}{2}$ art. of black olives, 500 selected peaches, 15 citrons, 400 summer figs before the inundation, 500 winter figs, 4 large white fat melons. Moreover we will in consideration of the aforesaid wages likewise (?) plough the adjoining fruit-garden on the south of the vineyard, and will do the irrigation, weeding, and all the other operations required from season to season, only the arrangement of reeds in it and the strewing of earth being done by you, the landlord, the rent being secured against all risks. If our undertaking is guaranteed to us, we will perform all the operations from season to season concerning the vineyard, fruit-garden, and reed-plantation at the proper times and to your satisfaction, with the concurrence of your agents in everything, and we will pay the special rent at the proper season without delay, and at the end of the period deliver the land leased to us under cultivation, well cared for by our operations, and free from rushes, weeds and all coarse grass, you having the right of execution upon us, who are mutual securities for the payment of the rent, as is fitting. This undertaking is valid, and in answer to the formal question we gave our consent. The 6th (?) year of the Emperor Caesar Marcus Aurelius Probus Persicus Maximus Gothicus Maximus Pius Felix Augustus, Choiak 25.' Signature of the lessees written by Tiberius Claudius Horion, and title.

1. Αὐ[ρηλίῳ Σερήνῳ τῷ καὶ] Σαραπίων[ι]: other mentions of him in contracts from 249 to 279 are 1209. 8, 1276. 3, 1558. 8, 1633. 2, 1636. 1, 1646. 8, 1689. 1, 1699. 3, 1713. 1.

3. Κτιστ[οῦ]: the nominative, as appears from l. 35, is Κτιστός, not the known form Κτίστης.

5. κ[ώμης Τανάεως?]: cf. l. 6. This village was in the Μέση τοπαρχία; cf. 1659. 64.

6. ἀμπελουργικά: 1692. 5 adds χερικά; cf. P. Hamb. 23. 22 ἀμπελουργικὴν τε καὶ χερικὴν ἐργασίαν.

7. ἀμπελικοῦ κτήματος: cf. l. 15 and 1692. 8. In B. G. U. 1122. 7 and 38 ἀμπελικ(οῖς) κτήμασι is now practically certain in spite of Schubart's doubts, and in ll. 4-5 ἐξ[εἰλή(φασιν)] is preferable to the simple verb in view of ἐγλημψις in ll. 21 and 31; cf. int.

τῆς πρ[ο]σ[ού]σης [καλ]αμείας: for the cultivation of reeds in connexion with a vineyard cf. Geop. v. 53, where a chapter περὶ φυτείας καλάμων concludes a book devoted to vine-growing; Colum. iv. 30. 2 *arundineti singula iugera vigenis iugandis* (sc. *sufficere possunt*); Pliny, *Nat. hist.* xvii. 141 sqq.; 729. 3-5, 22-7, a lease of a καλαμεία coupled with a κτήμα; 1692. 8-9 ἀμπελικοῦ κτήματος καὶ καλαμείας; P. Brit. Mus. 163. 22 (lease of a vineyard) τὴν οὖσαν καλαμίαν ἀναχώσομεν; B. G. U. 865. 15 κτήματος καλαμοτόμου; P. Giessen 56. 6-12 χωρίον ἀμπελικὸν . . . σὺν . . . καλαμιά . . . πρὸς . . . καλαμοστασίαν καὶ καλαμουργίαν; C. P. R. 19. 4 ἀμπελικὸν χωρίον ὑποτελοῦς (so better than ὑπὸ τέλους, as in l. 6) (ἀρουρῶν) ηΛιζλβ, καλαμίας (ἀρ.) γή, πωμαρίου (cf. 1631. 25) (ἀρ.) Ζή; P. Flor. 50. 4, a καλαμεία near an ἀμπελὼν; P. S. I. 286. 14-15 ἀμπελου (ἀρουραι) ια, πωμαρίου (ἀρ.) βδ, καλαμείας (ἀρ.) βς; 1637. 28-9 ἀμπελικὰ [κ]τήματα β καὶ καλ(αμείας). On the employment of reeds as supports of the vines, i. e. καλαμουργία, see ll. 11-12, n.

ἀρουρηδοῦ: cf. 729. 31, where l. ὅσον ἐστὶν ἀρουρηδοῦ, as here.

9. τῆς ἀμπελου: 1692. 10 omits these words, which refer in general to the succeeding

operations, though the three which immediately follow concern the *καλαμεία*, not the vines; cf. the next nn. and ll. 13-14 τῶν δὲ καλαμίων.

τ]ιλμὸς καλάμου: so in 1692. 10; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 131. 391, 397 (operations concerning a vineyard in Tubi) ὀλοτῖλλο(ντες) κίλαμο(ν) . . . παῖδ(ες) δ, 406 ἐργ(άτου) κόπτοντο(ς) κάλαμο(ν); Tebt. 585 ὑπὲρ κοπῆς καλάμου μυρίω[ν —; 1141. 4 κοπ(ῆς) καλαμειφυῆς; B. G. U. 840. 3 τῖλσις χόρτου. The operations concerning the planting and care of the *καλαμεία* come later in ll. 13-14 owing to the chronological arrangement of 1631. 9-18; cf. int.

συλλο[γῇ] καὶ μεταφ[ο]ρὰ τούτου: 1692. 11 omits συλλογῇ καὶ and adds εἰς τὸν συνήθη τόπον, for which cf. P. Brit. Mus. 131. 376-7 μισθ(οῦ) ἐργ(ατῶν) β ἀράντω(ν) κάλαμο(ν) Τώμεω(ς) (sic; not τώλμεω(ς)) εἰς τὸ Εὐρυα() (?) ἡλιαστήριο(ν) (cf. l. 17, n.) ὡς τῶν δεσμ(ῶν) μ (πεντωβόλου). κίλαμος was of course used for other purposes than those connected with the cultivation of vines, e. g. for making pens, and in the weaving industry (P. Tebt. 413. 11, 414. 14), and in connexion with a fruit-garden (l. 27).

ξύλοτομία δικαία: in 1692. 5-6 ξύλοτομία is made an exception to the other ἔργα and retained by the landlord; 729. 29 agrees more or less with 1631 in regard to the ξύλοτομία of the vineyard, which was to be performed by the lessees under the landlord's supervision, while the ξύλολογία of a rose-garden contained in the κτῆμα was apparently retained by the landlord, as in 1692. Though ξύλοτομία is mentioned here between operations concerning the *καλαμεία*, it refers in our opinion to the vines and means 'pruning the branches'; cf. 1673. 29 τῶν ἀμπελουργῶν τὰς μισθώσις πέμψον [ἵ]να τῆς ξύλοτομίας ἄρξωνται; P. Brit. Mus. 131. 375-424 ἀμπελοτέμνοντες, 163. 20 τὴν ἀμπελον τομὴν μέσση καὶ δικαίαν μῆ[τ]ρ ? ἀ]κρ[ο]φομῶν; Hamb. 27. 26 κλαδοτομήσαι δικαίαις κλαδοτομαίαις. This operation, called in Latin *putatio* (cf. e. g. Colum. iv. 10), was very important (cf. *Geop.* iii. 6. 3 κλάδους ἀποτεμεῖν, 13. 7, 14. 1, and v. 23, a chapter περὶ κλαδείας; Theophr. *Caus. plant.* iii. 14 κλάσις), and there is no other suitable place for a mention of it in either 1631 (cf. l. 10, n.) or 1692. There seems to be a reference to carrying away the branches after the pruning in P. Brit. Mus. 131. 394, where l. ἐκφέρου(ντες) ἀμπεληνὲς ξύλ(α?) (sic) ἀπὸ τῶν ἀνδ(ή)ρων παῖδ(ες) δ. The corrupt substantive compounded of ἄμπελος and ξύλον is not to be divided into two words, for in ll. 425 and 429, where the phrase recurs, it is abbreviated ἀμπ() or ἀμπελ(). The alternative to the identification of ξύλοτομία with the κλαδοτομία of the vines is to refer it to cutting of wood from other trees for use like the κάλαμος as supports for the vines; cf. Varro i. 8. 2 *iugorum genera fere quatuor, pertica, harundo, restes, vites*; Plin. *Nat. hist.* xvii. 141 *restat earum ratio quae propter alias seruntur ac vineas maxime, caeduo ligno*, the most important being the willow, *harundo*, chestnut, and oak. Willows might well grow in a *καλαμεία*, and some wood could have been obtained from the palms and fruit-trees in the παλαιὰ ἄμπελος (l. 21); cf. P. Flor. 369. 17, where the lessee of a vineyard containing fruit-trees undertakes to pay annually ξύλων καθάρσεων γόμον ἓνα. The cutting of trees in a vineyard was also done sometimes partly in order to expose the grapes to the sun; cf. SB. 5807. 8-11 γράψον μοι πότε δεῖ αὐτὰ (sc. τὰ ἱεῖνα) κοπῆναι, ἵνα αἱ ἄμπελοι μὴ σκιάζονται. But we much prefer the first explanation, especially since the delicate nature of the operation of pruning vines accounts very well for the exception of ξύλοτομία from the other ἔργα in 1692.

ἀγκαλισμὸς καὶ δέσις: ἀγκαλισμός is a new word. 1692 omits these terms, which evidently refer to the κάλαμος; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 131. 437 (Tubi) δεσμεύων ἀγκάλας ἐν τῶ(ι) χωρίω(ι); P. S. I. 317. 7-10 ἐὰν μέλλῃς καλαμουργεῖν, γράψ[ο]ν μοι προλήμψῃ δὲ ἵνα ἐπὶ καιροῦ γένηται. π[έ]μψ[εις] δέ μοι καὶ τὰς ἀγκάλιδας. ἀγκάλῃ χόρτου is found in P. S. I. 286. 4, and cf. 935. 19, n.

10. ἀ[π]οκ[ο]πῇ καὶ? πρ[ο]σφ[ο]ρὰ φύλλων: ἀ[π]ο is very probable, but there may be a letter lost between it and the supposed κ, for which ι, μ, or ψ, but hardly φ, can be substituted. From its position the first word might refer either to the *καλαμεία*, like the two preceding

terms, or to the vines, like those following; but the latter hypothesis is much more probable, for 1692. 11-12 has at this point *σάρω{ι}σις φύλλων, συντομή και μεταφορά τούτων...*, so that the word beginning α[π]ο would be expected to correspond to *σάρωσις* or *συντομή*. *σάρωσις* refers to the sweeping up of dead leaves (cf. P. Brit. Mus. 131. 400 *σαροννύο(ντες)* φύλλα παῖδ(ε)ς), Colum. iv. 27 *vinela... emundare*), *συντομή* apparently to cutting off leaves that remained after the pruning (*ξύλοτομία*; l. 9, n.), and α[π]οκ[ο]πή as a variant for *συντομή* seems fairly suitable. To identify *συντομή* and ἀπ[ο]κ[ο]πή (or e.g. ἀπ[ο]κ[ο]λασις) with the pruning is unsatisfactory, seeing that φύλλα, not κλάδοι, are concerned in 1692 and probably here too. πρ[ο]σφ[ο]ρά appears to be merely a variant for the more appropriate *μεταφορά* found in 1692.

ἐμβολή ἐκτ[ο]ς πλαστῶν: ἐκβολή could be read. Cf. 1692. 12-13 *μεταφορά τούτων ἐκτ[ο]ς πλαστῆς εἰς ἐπιτηδείους τόπους*. *πλασταί* were apparently brick walls of the vineyard; cf. 729. 30 *τὴν ἐντὸς πλαστῶν χερσάμπε(λ)ον*; P. Flor. 369. 20 *καὶ τα(ί)ς πλαστα(ί)ς συνεστώσαις*; SB. 4482. 4, 4774. 2 *ἀμπέλου περιπεπλαστευμένης καὶ περιτετειχισμένης*, the *τείχη* being presumably of stone. In P. Brit. Mus. 131. 88 *πλασταί* and *κάλαμος* are used for strengthening an embankment. The form *πλάτη* also occurs, e.g. in 1674. 8-10 *θές τὴν ὁπτήν πλίνθον παρὰ τὴν πλάτην, καὶ ἔρχεται ὁ οἰκοδόμος καὶ οἰκοδομεῖ τὴν νοτινὴν πλάτην*; cf. 1674. 9, n.

ἀπωρυγισμός ὅσων δεῖ ἀπωρύγων: cf. 1692. 13 *ἀπωρυγισμός τῶν δεομένων τόπων*, this operation being placed after *παραγραφή* which comes here in l. 11 (cf. n.). The Latin equivalent of ἀπώρνξ is *mergus*, and this method of propagating vines by bending down the stem into the earth so that it takes root again is described in *Geop.* v. 18. 1 *τὴν καλουμένην ἀπώρυγα κληματίδα φυτεύσομεν οὕτως κτλ.*, Colum. iv. 15, and Pallad. iii. 16 (February). Cf. P. Flor. 369. 5 *καὶ ἀπορυγίω κατ' ἔτ[ο]ς ἀπώρυγας εἴκοσι*, Brit. Mus. 163. 24-5, where ἀπορυγιούμεν κατ' ἔτος ἀπώρυγ[ας] εἴκοσι is possible, LXX Ezek. xvii. 6 *ἐγένετο εἰς ἄμπελον καὶ ἐποίησεν ἀπώρυγας*.

10-11. σκαφητός, γ[ύ]ρ[ω]σις κ[αὶ] π[α]ρα[γ]ρ[α]φή: cf. 1692. 13-14 *σκαφητός, παραγραφή*, while ἀπωρυγισμός (cf. the preceding n.) follows. On the necessity for repeated digging in a vineyard see *Geop.* iii. 3. 6 (March), 4. 5 (*δεύτερος σκάφος* in April), 5. 4 (May), 6. 1 (June), 10. 1 (July), 11. 1 (August), 13. 7 (October), v. 21. 3 *τοῖς ἐξ μηνὸς κατὰ μῆνα σκαπτέον*, 25. 1 *σκάπτειν δὲ χρὴ πρὸ βλαστου προβολῆς*; Theophr. *Caus. plant.* iii. 16; Varro i. 29. 1, 31. 1, 32. 2; Colum. iv. 27, *De arbor.* 5 *iugerum vineae quinque operis ablaqueatur, quinque foditur, tribus occatur*; Pallad. ii. 1 (*ablaqueatio*; January), iv. 7 (*vinearum fossio*; March), v. 2 (*vinearum fossio*; April), vi. 4 (*occatio*; May), vii. 3 (*occatio*; June), viii. 1 (*effodi*; July), ix. 1 (*occatio*; August); Plin. *Nat. hist.* xvii. 22 *ter anno confodi*, 188-9; Virg. *Geop.* ii. 354, 399 *terque quaterque solum scindendum*; P. Brit. Mus. 163. 34 *σκαφητοῖς δυοί*; Giessen 56. 13 *περίσκαψιν πέμπτον* (i.e. *πεντάκις*) κατ' ἔτος; SB. 4774. 6 *σκάψαι τὴν γῆν αὐτῆς δεύτερον τοῦ ἐναντοῦ*. *σκαλμός* (which = *σκαλισμός* in 1692. 18) is distinguished in l. 12 from *σκαφητός*, coming in both papyri next before *βλαστολογία*. *σκαφητός* refers particularly to the preliminary digging, and *γύρωσις*, which is omitted in 1692, corresponds to *ablaqueatio*, the digging of a circle round the vines, i.e. 'earthing up'; cf. *Geop.* iii. 13. 3 (October) *γυροῦν τὰς ἀμπέλους*, iv. 3. 1 *ἐπειδὴν τὰς μεγάλας ἀμπέλους ἀπαξ καὶ δεύτερον γυροῦν, τουτέστι περισκάπτειν, ἀρξώμεθα*, v. 21. 4, 26. 1-3. With regard to the reading γ[ύ]ρ[ω]σις, ρ and σ are nearly certain; σ[κ]α[λ]ω[σι]ς could be read, but that operation, which is mentioned in 1692. 11, would be out of place at this point, the cleaning up of the vineyard having been already accounted for; cf. l. 10, n. *σκαλμός* or *σκαλισμός*, being a later operation than *σκαφητός*, seems to correspond to *occatio*, the breaking up of clods. *σκαλισμός* is a new form, and *σκαλμός* elsewhere means the pin of an oar, but *σκάλλειν* is contrasted with *σκαπάνη* by Theophr. *Hist. plant.* ii. 7. 5. *σκάλλειν* is explained by Hesychius and Suidas as *σκάπτειν*, but Arist. *Mirab.* 91 couples the two words, which must have had a slightly different connotation, perhaps referring to the tools used. The meaning of *παραγραφή*, which

evidently has a new technical sense, is more obscure; but it too seems to refer to some kind of trenching, probably in connexion with the γύρωσις, so that -γραφῆ apparently reverts to the primitive sense of γράφειν, 'scraping' or 'digging'. Rostowzew compares Plin. *Nat. hist.* xvii. 185 *iis quoque quae sparguntur in terra breves ad limilandum caveas circumdant, scrobibus per ambitum factis, ne vagi palmiles inter se pugnent occurrentes*. That method of allowing vines to grow on the ground is, however, different from the system employed in 1631; cf. int.

11-12. τῆς δὲ καλ[α]μουργίας . . . ἡμᾶς: cf. 1692. 15-16 συντομή τοῦ εἰς καλαμουργίαν καινοῦ καλίμου, καλαμουργία, τοῦ γεούχου παρεχομένου κάλαμον καὶ φλοῦ[ν] τὸν αὐτάρκη; B. G. U. 1122. 19-20 τοῦ Γαίου (the landlord) παρέχοντος αὐτοῖς τὸ φυτόν ἐπὶ τοῦ βοθύνου καὶ χάρακας καὶ φλοῦν καὶ τὸν κάλαμον τὰ αὐταρκ(οῦντα); C. P. R. 244. 11-12 —]ων καλαμουργίαν ἐκ καινῆς τε ἡ καὶ ἐξ[—] (? l. τε καὶ νέα[ς] περιστάσεως ἐμοῦ χορηγοῦντος, as in P. Flor. 369) τὸν αὐτάρκη κάλαμον καὶ σχοινία; P. Flor. 369. 2-5, where l. καλ[α]μουργήσο κ[ατ'] ἐ[ς]τος ἐκ [κα]ινῆς καὶ νέας περι[σ]τάσεως ('material'?) εἴκοσι (sc. ἀμπέλους; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 163. 25) καὶ τῶν λοιπῶ[ν] τὸν ὑποστυλισμό[ν], [ἐμ]οῦ τῆ[ς] 'Α' φροδισίας χωρηγ[οῦ]σ[ς] κάλαμον καὶ [σ]χοινία; Hamb. 23. 27 ὑφορθ[.]. . . (an infinitive meaning 'support') [τοῖς] ὑμετέροις μέντο[ι] καλάμοις; Giessen 56. 12 quoted in l. 7, n.; Brit. Mus. 163. 23-4 καὶ τὸν ἀμπ[ε]λῶνα τῇ καλ[α]μουργί[α] —; 1003. 7 (cf. P. Giessen 56. 13, n.) ἀρούρας . . . [ἀ]ποκαλαμουργ[ο]ν[υ]μένων ἐκ τοῦ τ[ε]ί[χο]ς; Tebt. 120. 141 καὶ καλαμουργή(σει) . . . ἕκαστος; P. S. I. 317. 8 (cf. l. 9, n.), 393. 6. The καλαμουργία refers to the employment of reeds in the vineyard (and, as appears from l. 27, in a fruit-garden also), as distinct from the cultivation of them in the καλαμεία, for which see l. 7, n. For ancient references to this practice see Varro i. 8. 2 quoted in l. 9, n.; Colum. iv. 1 *calamoque applicetur*, 16-17, 30; Pallad. iii. 11. 1, iv. 1. 3; Plin. *Nat. hist.* xvii. 115, 166, 174; Virg. *Geor.* ii. 358. According to Plin. *Nat. hist.* xvii. 146 (*harundo*) *vineis anno siccata utilior quam viridis*, but several of the papyri lay stress on the 'new' κάλαμος, i. e. that obtained from the gathering of the reeds as described in 1631. 9 and 1692. 10.

12. σκαλμός: cf. ll. 10-11, n.

13. βλαστολογία: cf. 1692. 19, where it occupies the same position; P. Brit. Mus. 131. 192 (Phaophi), where l. καθαρίζ(ων) ὁμοίως ἐν τῷ νεοφύτ(ω) τοῦ χωρίου τὰ περισσ(α) βλαστήματα, 507 (Pharmouthi) βλαστολογοῖ(ντες) ἐν τῷ χωρίῳ, 131*. 42-50 (Pharmouthi). On this important operation (in Latin *pampinatio*) see *Geop.* iii. 6. 1 (June), 11. 4 (August), and v. 28, a chapter περὶ βλαστολογίας, 29; Theophr. *Caus. plant.* iii. 14, 16; Varro i. 31. 2; Colum. iv. 27-8, xi. 2. 28; Pallad. vi. 2 (May); Virg. *Geor.* ii. 400.

[π]αραμυθιακή ἐργασία: this probably refers to digging; cf. *Geop.* iii. 5. 4 (May) σκάπτειν χρὴ τὰς ἀμπέλους καὶ μάλιστα ἀνομβρίας γενομένης: παραμυθεῖται γὰρ ὁ σκάφος τὴν διψῶσαν ἀμπελον, διαπνεῖσθαι γὰρ αὐτὴν ποιεῖ καὶ ἡ γῆ ἐπανισταμένη ἀναψύχει τὴν διψῶσαν ἀμπελον. 1692 omits this operation.

διάστασις, ἀνάληψις: in 1692. 19-20 more precisely διάστασις φύλλων [καὶ] ἀνάληψις βλαστῶν. διάστασις probably refers to the disposition of the leaves so that the grapes should get the right amount of sun; ἀνάληψις probably implies lopping off superfluous shoots, especially those at the top. Theophr. *Caus. plant.* iii. 16. 3 καιρὸν δὲ τινα ζητεῖ καὶ ἡ διαστολή καὶ ἡ κόλουσις apparently refers to the same two operations; cf. *Geop.* iii. 6. 2 (June) νυνὶ δὲ καὶ τοὺς προκίπτοντας βλαστοὺς τῶν νέων ἀμπέλων ἀφαιρετέον, and vii. 18. 1 quoted in the next n.; Colum. iv. 27 *cacumina flagellorum confringere luxuriae comprimendae causa, vel e dura parte aut a trunco surgentes pampinos submovere*, *De arb.* 11 *ante dies decem vinea florere incipit pampinalem habeto. quidquid supervacui enatum fuerit tollito. quod in cacumine aut in brachiis natum erit decerpito, dumtaxat quae uvam non habebunt. cacumina virgarum ne luxurientur demutilato*; Pallad. ix. 3 (August) *nunc locis frigidis pampinatur, locis vero ferventibus ac siccis obumbratur potius uva ne vi solis arescat, si aut vineae brevitatis aut facultatis operarum permittit*.

φυλλολογίαι: in 1692. 20 the singular is used. Cf. P. Hamb. 23. 27 βοτανολογῆσαι καὶ φυλλολογῆσαι; *Geor.* v. 28. 4 ὅταν δὲ ἡ θερμότης τοῦ ἡλίου ἄρχηται ἀμβλύνεσθαι, ἀφαιρεῖν τὰ φύλλα χρῆ, ἵνα πάντες οἱ βότρυες ὑπὸ τοῦ ἡλίου θερμαινόμενοι πεπαίνωνται, 29. 2 τὰς δὲ σηπούσας τὸν καρπὸν ἀμπέλους καὶ μόλις ποτὲ πεπανούσας διὰ τὴν τῆς γῆς ὑγρότητα καὶ τὴν τῶν φύλλων πυκνότητα προκαθαίρειν δεῖ ἐκ πλαγίου τὰ φύλλα πρὸς λ' ἡμερῶν τοῦ τρυγητοῦ, ἵνα εἰσπνέοντες οἱ ἄνεμοι ἀναψύχωσι τὴν σταφυλὴν, vii. 18. 1 ἐν Βιβυλία . . . πρὸς τριάκοντα ἡμερῶν τοῦ τρυγητοῦ τὸ φέρον κλῆμα τοὺς βότρυας λυγίζουσι καὶ ἀφαιροῦσι πᾶσαν τὴν φυλλίδα; Colum. iv. 28 *foliis omnibus nudare*; Virg. *Geor.* ii. 400, 410. 1631 does not mention the τρύγη, which in 1692. 21 follows the φυλλολογία, and presumably the landlord in 1631 made his own arrangements for gathering the vintage.

13-14. τῶν δὲ καλαμίων διτομία καλαμίου ἐκατέρου: that the καλαμεία (l. 7) was divided into two καλάμια had not been stated previously. καλαμέ[ι]ων could be read, but the word is neuter, not feminine. The punctuation τῶν δὲ καλαμίων διτομία, καλαμίου ἐκατέρου ἐπάρδενσις would be contrary to the usage of 1631 and 1692 with regard to the position of genitives, and τῶν καλαμίων seems to balance τῆς ἀμπέλου in l. 9. διτομία is a new form, but hardly requires correction to δι(χο)τομία (τρίτομος is known, but not δίτομος). It refers apparently to the initial breaking-up of the ground in the reed-plantation, of which the gathering of the crop has already been mentioned in l. 9 owing to the chronological arrangement of 1631: cf. Mosch. 2. 81 ὄλκα διατμήγει and Apoll. Rhod. i. 628 διατμήξασθαι ἀρούρας. 1692 after φυλλολογία diverges from 1631; cf. the previous n.

14. ἐπάρδενσις καὶ βοτανισμός διηκεῖς: cf. 1692. 18, where these operations are placed earlier, preceding σκαλισμός (ll. 10-11, n.) and following καλαμουργία (ll. 11-12, n.), and evidently apply to the vineyard primarily. Here, since τῶν δὲ καλαμίων has just intervened, they probably apply to the reed-plantation as well as the vineyard. Provisions for irrigation are naturally a common feature in leases of vineyards; cf. e.g. 729. 24, and P. Flor. 369. 6, where l. τὸν ἀντλητὴν ποιήσονται, as Rostowzew suggests. For βοτανισμός cf. P. Giessen 56 int. p. 97^s and *Geor.* iii. 10. 3 (July) πᾶσαν ἀγρίαν βοτάνην καὶ ἀκάνθας ἐκτέμνειν προσήκει. In l. 26, referring to the fruit-garden, βοτανολογία is used, as in P. Giessen 56. 11.

15. Cf. l. 27 and e.g. 729. 5-7, where the arrangements for the χωματισμός are given in greater detail, the landlord and lessees being jointly responsible, as here.

16. κ[ο]ύφων: κεράμια is to be supplied with κούφα; cf. *Geor.* vii. 24. 2 κεράμια κούφα, and κουνφοκεραμουργός in e.g. SB. 4488. 11. The word is often used in papyri substantively, especially in the phrase σοῦ τὰ κούφα παρέχοντος (e.g. P. Strassb. i. 10), but Wilcken (*Ost.* i. 766) is not justified in treating κούφον as a distinct kind of measure. In the three instances which he gives from his ostraca κούφον (= κούφων) λαγ(ύνων) in Nos. 43 and 150 means 'empty flasks', not 'κούφα of flasks' (cf. P. Flor. 314. 8 κνιδίων κούφων), and in 1483 the empty διπλᾶ (διπ(λᾶ) rather than διπ(λοκέραμα) or διπ(λοκεράμων) is rendered probable by P. Brit. Mus. 1656. 6-7 κούφα διπλᾶ) are definitely contrasted with διπλᾶ filled with wine. Lines 6-8 of that ostrakon are to be restored / διπ(λᾶ) φξη. L (= ὦν) οἶνου διπ(λᾶ) φ[λε,] λοιπ(ᾶ) κούφα διπ(λᾶ) λγ.

κομπασίαν: with this new word for 'ringing' jars to test their soundness cf. κομπεῖν χύτραν ἢ λοπάδα in Diog. Laert. vi. 30, as restored from Eust. p. 896. 61, and κόμπους κωδωνοκρότους in Eur. *Rhes.* 383. The process is described in *Geor.* vi. 3. 2 τινὲς μὲν οὖν ἀρκούνται (ἐν) τῇ δοκιμασίᾳ τοῦ καλῶς κεκεραμευμένου πίθου τῷ κρουσθέντι αὐτὸν ἀποδοῦναι ἥχον τινα ὁξύν καὶ τορόν.

17. [σ]υνθήσομεν: ἐνθήσομεν is a less suitable reading.

ἡλιαστηρίῳ: cf. l. 18, 729. 25 as restored below in l. 18, n., 985 οἶνον τὸν ἐν ἡλια(στηρίῳ) Μουχινῶρ (a village); P. Brit. Mus. 131. 85 βοτανίζ(οντες) ἐν τῷ ἡλιαστη(ρίῳ) τοῦ χωρίου(ν), 374 (similar), 574-5 οἰκοδ(όμον) οἰκοδ(ομοῦντα) τὸ τείχ(ος) τοῦ ἡλιαστηρίου, 131*. 80 σκάπ(των) Ἀμβρύ(ν) [ἐν τῷ] ἡλιαστη(ρίῳ) ὥς εἰς (?) φν. [—; Flor. 20. 77 ἐνοικίου ἡλιαστηρίου, 50. 17

(cf. 98 and 103) πίθ[ω] καὶ [ἡλι]αστήριον[ω], 67-8 ἡλιαστήριον[ω] σὺν χρηστ[ή]ριος καὶ ἀνήκουσι [πᾶσι καὶ εἰσόδο]ις καὶ ἐξόδοις ἐν ᾧ ἐ[στι] κε[ρ]αμικὸν ἐργαστήριον; Amh. 127. 27, where l. φορέ(τρον) κε(ραμίων) αἰρο(μένων) ἀπὸ ἡλι(α)στ(ηρίου) εἰς πλοῖον, and 35, where l. ἐνοικ(ίου) ἡλι(α)στ(ηρίου); Ryl. 206. 47-9 παραδείσ(ου) οὐ τὸ β' ἡλιαστήριον(ν) ἐπὶ Πόλ(εως) Δι(βὸς) ἀμπελικὸν κτήμα . . . In P. Giessen 31. i. 14 the context of διὰ Μηρᾶ ἡλιαστ() is obscure. Strong wine (as Egyptian probably was) was placed in the open air; cf. Geop. vii. 2. ἰ τὸν ἰσχυρότερον οἶνον ὑπαίθριον θετέον, ἀπεστράφθω δὲ δύσεως καὶ μεσημβρίας τοίχων τινῶν προστεθέντων.

ἐπαλείψομεν: this refers to the διάχρισις of jars; cf. Geop. vi. 9 μετὰ τὴν πίσσωσιν τινες ὀλίγον πρὸ τοῦ ἐμβληθῆναι τὸ γλεῦκος διαχρίουσι τοὺς πίθους . . . ἡ δὲ διάχρισις ἐστὶ πίσσα μετὰ ἐψητοῦ καὶ θαλαττίου ὕδατος. ἄλλοι δὲ πίσση ὑγρᾶ καὶ ἄλμη εἰς τὸ ἐψητὸν ἐμβληθείση καταχρίουσι τὰ στόματα διὰ σπογγιάς. ἄλλοι δὲ μόνον τῇ ἀμόργῃ χρίουσι τὰ πώματα.

κινῆσομεν: cf. 729. 25, where l. κλίνησιν (sc. ποιήσονται). On moving wine cf. Geop. vii. 4. 2 εἰ δὲ τὸ τυρῆθεν γλεῦκος ἀσθενέστερον εἶναι καταμάθοις, . . . εὐθὺς μεταχέωμεν αὐτὸν εἰς ἐτέρους πίθους, iii. 5. 2 (May) τοὺς οἶνους μεταγγίσομεν, vii. 6, a chapter περὶ μεταγγισμοῦ οἶνου καὶ πότε χρὴ μεταντλεῖν τοὺς οἶνους, 15. ἰ ἐμβληθέντος τοῦ οἶνου ἐν τῷ πίθῳ μετὰ τινα χρόνον μετακενωτέον εἰς ἕτερον ἀγγεῖον πρῶτος.

μεταδι(ε)ράσομεν: this compound is new. Cf. the preceding n. and Geop. vii. 37 περὶ τῶν διηθουμένων οἶνων. Φλωρεντίνου. τὸν ὑλιστήρα εἰς ἄλμην καθ' ἐαυτὴν ἢ εἰς θαλάττιον μετὰ ποτίμου ὕδατος μιχθὲν ἔμβαλε ἐπὶ β' ἡμέρας καὶ μετὰ τοῦτο οἶνω διάβρεχε κτλ.

17-18. παραφυλάξομεν . . . ἀπόκ[ε]ιται: cf. l. 17, n., and 729. 25, where l. κ[αὶ] παραφυλάκην (sc. ποιήσονται) ἐφ' ὅσον ἐν ἡλιαστ[ή]ριῳ ἀπόκει[τ]αι. φυλάξ(ε)ι ἐν ἀργῷ τὸ συνη— in 1692. 22 possibly corresponds.

21. καρπούς: cf. B. G. U. 591. 13, 603. 11, 604. 6, 862. 6, Hamb. 5. 11, P. S. I. 33. 9. In 1632. 11, 16 the singular is used.

παλ[υ]μ[ε]λ[α]φ: cf. P. Brit. Mus. 131*. 45, where l. βλασ[το]λογού(ντες) ἐν τῇ παλαιᾷ ἀμπ(ελῳ). For fruit-trees in an ἀμπελὼν cf. P. Flor. 369.

22. ἐκ[φ]όρια] ἔκτακτα: cf. ll. 30 and 38, where τὰ ἔκτακτα is used substantively, as in 1207. 8, where ἔκτακτα are contrasted with ἐνοίκιον and correspond to ἐξάιρετα (Berger, *Strafklauseln* 150², *Wohnungsmiete* 394; 1207. 8, n.). ἐκφόρια is, however, the word to be supplied with ἔκτακτα, as is indicated by the present passage, in which the restoration ἐκ[φ]όρια] can hardly be doubted. ἔκ[τακτα] ἐκλεκτά, though just possible as a reading, is not at all satisfactory, especially in view of the occurrence of περσικῶν ἐκλε[κτ]ῶν in l. 23. The essential point of ἔκτακτα is that they were in kind, being 'excepted' from the φόρος in money. In the present case there happened to be no φόρος, owing to the fact that the lessee was doing the ἔργα.

πατητοῦ: cf. B. G. U. 591. 22, where it is contrasted with Syrian dates; P. Hamb. 5. 17; Flor. 369. 12, where it is contrasted with ἐνκάρπον (cf. χλωροῦ here); P. S. I. 33. 14 φοίνικος ξηροῦ πατητοῦ μονοξ[ύ]λον.

23. καρ[υ]ωτοῦ: the fact that 1½ artabae are paid, as in the two preceding cases, indicates that a kind of dates is meant, and cf. P. Cairo Masp. 67100. 18-19 φοινίκια ξηροῦ ἀρτάβας δώδεκα καρηοτῶν (= καρνωτῶν). Strabo p. 800 mentions the cultivation of the καρνωτὸς φοῖνιξ in the Delta.

ἐλα[ῖ]ων μελανῶν: cf. B. G. U. 603. 17-18, P. S. I. 33. 16-17.

24. The distinction between summer and winter figs seems to be new.

25. [σικύ?]δια λευκοπέ[ι]ονα: there does not seem to be space for λευκοπέ[ι]ονα (an unknown word), though σίκκος πέπων is well known; cf. πεπόνια τέσσαρα in SB. 4483. 15. λευκοπίων is only known from Schol. Ar. *Frogs* 1124.

πωμάριον: cf. P. Hamb. 23. 18, n.

26. ἐπὶ τοῖς ἐπάνω μ[ε]ισθοῖς: cf. l. 37. βοτανολογ[ία]ν: cf. l. 14, n.

27. καλαμουργίας: cf. ll. 11-12, n. στρώσεως τοῦ χοῦ: cf. l. 15, n.

34. [(ἔτους) ἐκ]του: πρῶ]του is excluded by the day of the month (Choiak 25 = Dec. 21), for Probus' accession took place in the spring or summer of 276, Tacitus being still regarded as reigning in June of that year; cf. 1476. int. πέμπ]του and τετάρ]του are too long for the lacuna, while, if τρι]του had been written, some traces of the ι, which is generally long, would rather have been expected to be visible. Moreover the occurrence of the title Περσικὸς Μέγιστος indicates one of his later years, his earlier years being devoted to campaigns in the west. In papyri of the 2nd and 3rd years he is called Σεβαστός simply; for the 4th year there is no evidence, but in the 5th and 6th years titles derived from his eastern campaigns appear (Γοθικὸς Μέγ., Περσικὸς Μέγ., Γερμανικὸς Μέγ. in 1694. 36 written on Phamenoth 11 of the 5th year, i. e. March 7, 280; Γερμανικὸς Μέγ., Μηδικὸς Μέγ., Παρθικὸς Μέγ. in P. Amh. 106 written on Mesore 1 of the 6th year, i. e. July 25, 281). In 1562. 1 and 27 (year lost) and P. Brit. Mus. 1243. 19 (7th year, Phaophi 2, i. e. Sept. 29, 281) his titles apparently begin, as here, with Περσικὸς Μέγ., Γοθικὸς Μέγ., but include others, while 1638. 32 (7th year, Pharmouthi 24, i. e. April 19, 282) seems to agree with 1631. *Gothicus* is already found in 277 in C. I. L. xii. 1178 b.

41. The readings before ἀλλαγείσα are very insecure, and that this line contained the title or was even connected at all with the writing on the recto is not certain. But the ink has the same reddish tinge, and the writing in spite of its greater size may be by the first hand. ἀλλαγείσα, if the restoration of the preceding words is correct, would mean 'substituted', i. e. for the original lease of which 1631 was a continuation (l. 5 ἐτι); but the phrase is unusual.

1632. LEASE OF A PALM-GROVE.

22.5 x 10.5 cm.

A. D. 353.

An application, incomplete at the end, made in 353 to a senator of Oxyrhynchus for the lease of a palm-grove for one year at a rent of 8,000 talents. A list of Roman and Byzantine leases of palm-groves and gardens has been given in 1631, int.; the formula of 1632, which is the only fourth-century specimen of its class and is not very correctly written, is mainly parallel to that of the nearly contemporary applications for leases of other kinds of land in the Oxyrhynchite nome, 102-3, P. S. I. 90, 316, 469.

The chief interest of the papyrus lies in the mention of 'the current 47th, 29th, 2nd year', which has an important bearing on the question of the eras employed from the 4th to 7th centuries at Oxyrhynchus for dating purposes in preference to indictions, which were commonly thought sufficient elsewhere in Egypt. The evidence of 1632 has already been taken into consideration in the discussion of those eras in 1431. 5, n.; but fresh evidence has thrown much new light on the matter, which is rediscussed in detail in l. 9, n. The 47th year can now be recognized as an era dating from the accession of Constantine I, who became Caesar in 306. This era is simply a continuation of his ordinary regnal years for sixteen years after his death, and is parallel to the continuation of the datings by the era of the κράτησις Καίσαρος (which coincided with the regnal years of Augustus) into the reign of Tiberius. The 29th and 2nd years have nothing

to do with eras, but refer to the reigning sovereigns, who happen to be also the consuls, Constantius Augustus, and Constantius (i. e. Gallus) Caesar.

- Ἑπατείας τῶν δεσποτῶν ἡμῶν
 Κωνσταντ[ί]ου Αὐγούστου τὸ 5' καὶ Κωνσταντίου
 τοῦ ἐπιφανεστάτου Καίσαρος τὸ β' Μεσορῇ α.
 Αὐρηλίῳ Ἑρακλε[ί]δῃ Ἑρακλείδου γυμ(νασιαρχήσαντι) πρυτ(ανεύσαντι)
 5 βουλ(ευτῇ) τῆς λαμ(πρᾶς) καὶ λαμ(προτάτης) Ὁξυρυγχειτῶν πόλ(εως)
 παρὰ Αὐρηλίου Κάστορος Παθερμουθίου
 ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως. ἐκουσίως
 ἐπιδέχομαι μισθώσασθαι πρὸς μόν[ον]
 τὸ ἐνεστὸς (ἔτος) μζ κθ β γενήματος
 10 ιβ ἰνδικτίωνος καρπὸν φύνικος
 χωρίων σου δύο, βορινοῦ καὶ νοτινοῦ
 ψαλίου, ἐπὶ τῷ μαι τὴν συνλογὴν
 τ[ούτ]ων ποιή[σ]ασθ[αι καὶ] ἀπενέγ-
 [κασθ]αι εἰς τὸ ἴδιον δεόντως καὶ τελέ-
 15 σιν ἐμὲ ὑπὲρ φόρου ἀποτάκτου ὅλου
 τοῦ καρποῦ τῶν αὐτ[ῶ]ν φοι[σ]γί-
 κων ἀργυρίου τάλαντα ὀκτακισχίλια,
 γί(νεται) ἀρ(γυρίου) (τάλ. ?) Ἡ, [ἀκίνδυνα] παντὸς κιν-
 δύνου. βεβαιο[υμένης δὲ ἐμοὶ] τῆς ἐπι-
 20 [δο]χῆς ἀπο[δ]ώσω [τὸ]ν φόρον ἐν δόσεσ[ι]
 [τρισὶν ἅπα?]ντα κατὰδόσι τῶν ἀπὸ
 [Μεσορῇ ἕως] Ἀθὺρ τάλαντα Βχξγ Β
 [18 letters] παραδ[.]

On the verso traces of the title.

1. ἑπατείας. 10. ον of καρπον corr. from ους. 1. φοίνικος. 12. 1. με. 17. οκτα
 of οκτακισχίλια corr.

'In the consulship of our masters Constantius Augustus for the 6th time and Constantius the most noble Caesar for the 2nd time, Mesore 1. To Aurelius Heraclides son of Heraclides, ex-gymnasiarch, ex-prytanis, senator of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus, from Aur. Castor son of Pathermuthius, of the said city. I voluntarily undertake to lease for the present 47th, 29th, 2nd year only, from the produce of the 12th indiction, the date-crop of your two estates, the northern and southern ring, on condition that I gather the crop and transport it to my own property in the right manner,

and shall pay as the fixed rent of the whole of the said date-crop 8,000 talents of silver, total silv. tal. 8,000, secured against every kind of risk. If this lease is guaranteed to me, I will deliver the rent in three instalments in all, paying for the period from Mesore to Hathur (?) 2,663 talents 2,000 drachmae . . .

4-5. γυμ(νασιαρχήσαντι) . . . βουλ(ευτή) : less probably γυμ(νασιαρχήσαντος) . . . βουλ(ευτου) referring to the father.

9. τὸ ἐνεστὸς (ἔτος) μζ κθ β : each figure has two strokes after it, as has α at the end of l. 3 ; but the sign for ἔτος cannot be read. The 12th indiction is 353-4, and since the date-harvest is in the autumn, and indiction-years in Egypt generally began in the summer months Pauni or Epeiph, we formerly (in 1431. 5, n.) supposed that the 47th = 29th = 2nd year corresponded to the 12th indiction, i.e. began in the summer of 353 before Mesore 1 (July 25). Hence we regarded 307, 325, and 352 as the starting-points of the three years in question, and combining this with the evidence of 92, 1431, and 1575, in each of which the first two out of the three joint years mentioned were evidently reckoned on the same system as the first two years here, we were led to suppose the existence of local eras at Oxyrhynchus beginning in 307, 325, 334, 341, and 352 in addition to the two well-known eras of that city dating from 324 and 355, which continued in joint use down to the seventh century. Since then, however, much new evidence is available, and our views have been materially altered. An Oxyrhynchus papyrus to be published in P. S. I. vi, of which Professor Vitelli has kindly supplied us with the text, is dated in Phamenoth of the year after the consulship of [Sergius] and Nigrinianus (Feb.-March 351), and mentions τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος με (ἔτους) καὶ η (ἔτους), which implies 306 and 343 as starting-points, and suggests that the '47th year' in 1632 is 352-3, not 353-4. The reading με (ἔτους) is, according to Vitelli, not absolutely certain, and the '8th year' fails to correspond to either the second or the third of the three joint years in 1632 (*v. inf.*); but that the 47th year in 1632 is 352-3, not 353-4, is rendered practically certain by P. S. I. 469, which is also from Oxyrhynchus. This is dated in the consulship of Optatus and Paulinus, Thoth 21 (Sept. 18, 334), and is a lease πρὸς μόνον τὸ ἐνεστ[ὸς] — | ια (ἔτος) β. Here the 11th and 2nd years are obviously calculated on the same system as the 13th and 4th years in 92, where the 31st and 13th years are clearly on the same system as the 47th and 29th in 1632. Vitelli restores the passage τὸ ἐνεστ[ὸς] κθ (ἔτος) ιθ (ἔτος) | ια (ἔτος) β, and regards the years as regnal, the 29th referring to Constantine I Augustus, whose years in Egypt are counted from his accession as Caesar in 306 before Choiak 4 (cf. 1750), the 19th to Constantine II Caesar, whose years are reckoned from his accession on March 1, 317 (Pauly-Wissowa, *Realenc.* iv. 1026), the 11th to Constantius Caesar, whose years are similarly reckoned from Nov. 8, 324 (*op. cit.* iv. 1045), and the 2nd to Constans Caesar, whose years are reckoned from Dec. 25, 333 (*op. cit.* iv. 948). There is no doubt that Vitelli's restoration κθ (ἔτος) and explanation of the 29th, 11th, and 2nd years are correct, but whether the 19th year (of Constantine II) is to be restored is uncertain; for 92 mentions only three joint years (the 31st, 13th, and 4th), and omits the year of Constantine II. On the other hand in the earlier part of Constantine I's reign, when Licinius was also Augustus, mentions of Constantine II's years occur (e.g. P. Thead. 6), and in P. S. I. 316, another fourth-century lease from Oxyrhynchus, but not dated by the consuls, Vitelli reads in l. 4 [τὸ ἐνεστὸς] κγ (ἔτος) καὶ . . . (ἔτος) καὶ ε (ἔτος). Here the 23rd and 5th years seem to refer to Constantine I and Constantius, and the undeciphered figure is probably ιγ, referring to Constantine II. In any case the 47th and 29th years in 1632 are to be brought into line with the 23rd and 5th in P. S. I. 316, the [29th] and 11th in P. S. I. 469, the 31st and 13th in 92, the 32nd (?) and [14th] in 1575, and now the 41st and 23rd in 1751; and the 47th year in 1632 presumably refers to the same reckoning as the 45th year in the unpublished papyrus in P. S. I. vi.

The whole evidence of papyri concerning datings by numbered years other than indictions during the period from the defeat of Licinius in 323 to Julian's death is combined in the following table, which replaces that given in 1431. 5, n., where 92, 1431, and 1575 are placed a year too early. An asterisk denotes the papyri which are independently dated by the consuls. To show the connexion with the familiar 5th-7th century datings by eras at Oxyrhynchus a sixth-century specimen is added.

			Starting-point of the yearly reckoning.							
	Year	Day	306	316	324	333	340	343	351	355
P.S.I. 316	328-9		23	13?	5	..	..	..	..	..
*P. S. I. 469	334	Sept. 18	[29]	[19?]	11	2	..	..	..	..
92	336	Oct. 15	31	..	13	4	..	..	..	..
1575	338	May 26	32?	..	[14]	5?	..	..	..	..
1751	347	Feb. 17	41	..	23	14	..	..	..	..
1431	351	Jan. 4	45	..	27	..	11	..	..	..
*P. S. I. vi	351	Feb.-March	45	..	..	..	..	8	..	..
*1632	353	July 25	47	..	29	..	..	..	2	..
1056	360	Oct. 10	..	..	37	..	..	..	..	6
*1695	360	Dec. 19	..	..	37	..	..	..	..	6
1057	362	Feb. 9	..	..	38	..	..	..	..	7
*125	560	Dec. 13	..	..	237	..	..	..	..	206

The explanation of all these joint years is now clear with two exceptions. There is in the first place a general presumption that they are regnal years counted in the traditional style from Thoth to Mesore, as was observed in the earlier part of Constantine I's reign and in the joint reigns of Valens, Gratianus, Valentinian II, and Theodosius, now illustrated by 1752 (378) and 1041 (381). There is, moreover, some definite evidence (1116. 11-15; cf. 1431. 5, n.) that the year on the eras of 324 and 355 began on Thoth 1, and a comparison of the figures of the years in P. S. I. 469 (Sept. 18) and 92 (Oct. 15) with 1632 (July 25) indicates that the year on the eras of 306 and 324 began between July 25 and Sept. 18, i. e. on Aug. 29 (Thoth 1). This results in making the 'produce of the 12th indiction' in 1632 fall after the end of the 47th, 29th, and 2nd year; but there is no real difficulty in that conclusion. The 12th indiction had probably begun in May or June 353 before 1632 was written, so that the scribe could not speak of it as the *εἰσίουσης ἰνδικτίωνος*, which often occurs in this context, and since leases were often written soon after Thoth 1, it is not very surprising that the scribe (who was in any case not very exact) should speak of a lease 'for the current 47th, 29th, 2nd year', in spite of the fact that that year had only another month to run.

The numbers in the first column, dating from 306 as a starting-point, refer to the regnal years of Constantine I, P. S. I. 316 and 469 and 92 belonging to his lifetime, 1575, 1751, 1431, P. S. I. vi, and 1632 to the sixteen years following his death on May 22, 337 (Pauly-Wissowa, *Realenc.* iv. 1023). There was thus at Oxyrhynchus an era of Constantine I, but it lasted for only a short time, having been apparently abandoned by 360.

The numbers in the second column, dating from 316, refer to the regnal years of Constantine II, but the employment of these even during his lifetime seems to have been irregular, for while he died shortly before April 9, 340 (*op. cit.* iv. 1028), they are ignored in 92 certainly, in 1575 probably, and perhaps in P. S. I. 469. That the reckoning of them was not continued after his death is clear, but it is possible that the reckoning in the fifth column, starting from 340, is an era connected with that event; cf. p. 30.

The years in the third column, starting from 324, refer to Constantius, who died on Nov. 3, 361 (*op. cit.* iv. 1094), so that all the references to his regnal years in P. S. I. 316-1695 belong to his lifetime. The reckoning by them continued in common use at Oxyrhynchus after his death till the Arab invasion, thus forming an era, which was uniformly associated with another era reckoned by the regnal years of Julian; *v. inf.*

The years in the fourth column, starting from 333, refer to Constans, and all belong to his lifetime, his death taking place in Jan. 350 (*op. cit.* iv. 952).

To postpone for a moment the consideration of the fifth and sixth columns, which present great difficulties, the solitary example in the seventh column of a reckoning from 351 refers to Constantius (Gallus), who became Caesar under Constantius Augustus in 351 (*op. cit.* iv. 1066), and died in 354 (*op. cit.* iv. 1074) without becoming Augustus. It is true that there is an inconsistency between the 'second year' in 1632 and the statements of the *Consularia Constantinop.* and *Chron. Pasch.* (Mommsen, *Chron. Min.* i. 238) that the elevation of Gallus took place on the Ides of March 351; for if that date is correct, the new Caesar ought to have been recognized in Egypt before Thoth 1 (Aug. 29th), 351, so that July 25, 353, the date of 1632, would belong to his third, not his second, regnal year. The figure β is perhaps one of the mistakes which not infrequently occur in fourth-century datings in papyri (*v. inf.*; β for γ may be due to the occurrence of τὸ β' in the mention of Gallus' consulate in l. 3); but the evidence for March in preference to e. g. October or November 351 as the date of Gallus' elevation is not very strong. The *Consularia Constantinop.* mention the events of 351 out of their normal chronological order, referring to the battle of Mursa (on Sept. 28) before the elevation of Gallus; the *Chron. Pasch.* is decidedly confused about the chronology of this period, placing the battle of Mursa in 354, while Eutropius, x. 12. 2, Jerome, and Prosper (cf. Clinton, *Fasti Rom.* i. 420) place it before the elevation of Gallus. Hence there is not much difficulty in supposing that Eutropius was right in the sequence of events, and that the elevation of Gallus took place after the year 351-2 (the 28th of Constantius) had begun. In any case it is quite unnecessary to assume that the 'second year' refers to a local era at Oxyrhynchus distinct from any regnal year.

The years in the eighth column, starting from 355, refer to Julian, who became Caesar with Constantius as Augustus on Nov. 6, 355 (*op. cit.* iv. 1078), and Augustus on Nov. 3, 361 (*v. sup.*). After his death in 363 this reckoning along with that of Constantius Augustus remained in use at Oxyrhynchus until the Arab invasion. 1056 and 1695 both fall within the period when Julian was only Caesar; but 1057 belongs to his sole reign, and the view that his regnal years in Egypt started from his accession as Caesar is supported not only by the analogy of the datings by both earlier and later fourth-century emperors, but by the references to his death in his '7th year' in Socrat. iii. 21 and Eutrop. x. 16. This point is a matter of some interest; for in the previous absence of any contemporary evidence concerning the mode of reckoning Julian's years, P. Fay. 20, a rescript of an unnamed emperor on the *aurum coronarium*, dated on Pauni 30 (June 24) of his 1st year, was ascribed by Dessau (*Rev. philol.* xxv. 285) to Julian as against our ascription of it to Severus Alexander. Seeing that the dating in that papyrus is evidently Egyptian, Dessau's explanation comes into direct conflict with the new evidence, and since the handwriting of P. Fay. 20 certainly suggests an earlier date than 362, his view seems to be hardly tenable any longer, though the Severus Alexander date too is admittedly open to objections.

There remain to be explained the fifth and sixth columns, the 11th year reckoned from 340 in 1431 and the 8th year from 343 in P. S. I. vi, the two papyri being written in 351 within a few weeks of each other during the period when Constantius was reigning as Augustus alone after the death of Constans and before the elevation of Gallus to the rank of Caesar (*v. sup.*). In 1431 the other two joint years refer to the era of Constantine

and the regnal year of Constantius respectively, and present no difficulties; but in P. S. I. vi it is remarkable that the regnal year of the Augustus Constantius is ignored, the era of Constantine being the only other year associated with the mysterious '8th year'. These two isolated instances must be explained in one of three ways. (1) The analogy of the other datings at this period would lead us to expect that both the 11th and the 8th years refer to a reigning Augustus or Caesar. In the East in 351 no other Augustus than Constantius or other Caesar than Gallus is known, and, while neither of these is suitable, it is impossible in view of the well-known childlessness of the sons of Constantine I to suppose the existence of a Caesar ignored by the historians of this epoch. Hence if the 11th year in 1431 and 8th year in P. S. I. vi refer to a reigning Augustus or Caesar, the individual or individuals in question must have reigned in the West. There in the spring of 351 the state of affairs was much disturbed, and the constitutional position not quite clear. On Jan. 18, 350, Magnentius seized the purple in Gaul, and soon conquered Italy and most of the western provinces except Illyria, where Vetranio assumed the purple. Constantius at first recognized both Vetranio, who made his submission at the end of 350, and Magnentius, who towards the end of 350 elevated his cousin Decentius to the rank of Caesar. Constantius was not strong enough to attack the usurpers till the spring of 351, the decisive battle of Mursa taking place on Sept. 28 of that year (*op. cit.* iv. 1067). 1431 and P. S. I. vi therefore belong to the brief period when, owing to the recognition of Magnentius, a mention of him in Egyptian datings is possible; but there is the difficulty that the years in 1431 and P. S. I. vi are inconsistent with each other, and start from years (340 and 343) which have no apparent connexion with Magnentius and his family. How long Magnentius had been in Gaul prior to his revolt seems to be unknown, but he would certainly be expected to have reckoned his regnal years from 350, not earlier. Hence the reference of the 11th and 8th years to Magnentius as Augustus and one of his family as Caesar cannot be regarded as at all satisfactory, apart from the general improbability that in Egypt Magnentius' years were taken into account at all. (2) Another solution of the difficulty is to suppose that the 11th and 8th years refer to local eras observed at Oxyrhynchus starting from 340 and 343, but not merely, as in the case of the eras of Constantine I, Constantius, and Julian, forming a continuation of the regnal years of an Augustus after his death. Constantine II died shortly before April 9, 340 (*cf.* p. 28), and since his regnal years, though certainly ignored in 92 (336), were mentioned in earlier papyri (*v. sup.*), the 11th year in 1431 might be regarded as an era dating from his death. This hypothesis, however, is open to the grave objection that Constantine II's death occurred several months before Thoth 1 (Aug. 29), 340, so that the figure of an era dating from this event ought to have been at the date of 1431 12 not 11; for the 1st year ought to be April–August 28, 340, not a year ending Aug. 28, 341, as is implied in the case of the 45th and 27th years which are there associated with the 11th. Hence (3), so long as the figures 11 in 1431 and 8 in P. S. I. vi remain unsupported, it is probably safest to regard them as erroneous. Mistakes in figures in connexion with the very complicated system of dating employed in fourth-century papyri are frequent, e.g. P. Grenf. ii. 74. 7, where η is a mistake for ι , and P. Strassb. 43. 13, where $\pi\acute{\epsilon}\mu\pi\tau\eta\varsigma$ $\iota\nu\delta\iota\kappa\tau\iota\omicron\nu\omicron\varsigma$ is wrong. There is no reason to suppose that either the 11th or the 8th year refers to the current indiction (the 9th), and the simplest change is to alter both figures 11 and 8 to 18, and refer the year to Constans, on the hypothesis that for a time after his death his reign became an era like that of Constantine I. There is no doubt concerning the reading α in 1431, and Vitelli is confident about the reading η in P. S. I. vi, but it is not very difficult to suppose a scribe's omission of an ι there between $\kappa\alpha\iota$ and η . Fresh light may, however, be expected from the unpublished fourth-century material from Oxyrhynchus, which is very large. In the meantime it is satisfactory that the era of Constantine I is established, and

the origin of the two principal Oxyrhynchite eras dating from 324 and 355 is explained. The Christians may have preferred the one, the pagans the other, but they were always used together, and it is remarkable that the memory of the Apostate should have been kept alive for three centuries.

10. καρπόν: cf. l. 16, where the use of the singular is clear, and 1631. 21, n.

12. ψαλίον: the use of this word in a description of a place is not elsewhere attested, and it should perhaps be printed Ψαλίον as a name.

18. The traces of letters at the beginning of this line are irreconcilable with a number in hundreds, and the figures in l. 22 seem to be meant for $\frac{1}{3}$ of 8,000 talents, though the arithmetic is not quite exact; cf. ll. 21-2, n.

19-20. βεβαιο[υμένης . . . ἐπι[δο]χῆς: the readings of the faint traces are all rather uncertain, but this clause is usual at this point; cf. e. g. 102. 18, 103. 16.

21-2. 'Βχξγ' B: $\frac{1}{3}$ of 8,000 talents is 2,666 $\frac{2}{3}$ talents, but the fourth figure is clearly γ, not ζ. The fifth is very like the first and suggests 'B (2,000 drachmae) rather than 'Δ. The scribe seems to have regarded the remainder in the tens to be divided by 3 as 10 instead of 20, and so to have put 3 $\frac{1}{3}$ instead of 6 $\frac{2}{3}$. Whether three δόσεις were at regular intervals throughout the year, or were all made between Mesore (the month of the lease) and Hathur (the month of the date-harvest) is not clear. The remains of l. 23 rather suggest παραδ[ώ]σω, i. e. a clause referring to the return of the land in good condition (cf. e. g. 1631. 31), and in that case there is hardly room in l. 23 for a mention of later months. But in l. 21 the formula is unusual, and the restoration of ll. 21-3 is in the absence of a close parallel uncertain.

(c) Sales and Cessions.

1633. BID FOR PURCHASE OF LAND FROM THE STATE.

29.3 × 7.9 cm.

A. D. 275.

A bid from Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion (cf. 1631. 1, n.) for the purchase of unsold State land (l. 8, n.), which was originally private land but had been confiscated, perhaps on account of its being left unsown (l. 12, n.). Similar applications are 370 (probably the last word is to be restored ὑποσ[χέσεως]), 721, 835, 1188. 18-26 (the last three addressed to the idiologus), P. Amh. 68. 17-24, 97, and Brit. Mus. 1157 verso. i (iii. 110) (all three addressed to the strategus), SB. 5673; and cf. 513, a receipt for the repayment of the price of confiscated house-property to the first purchaser by a higher bidder. Those documents all belong to the first century, except P. Brit. Mus. 1157, SB. 5673, and 513, which are of the second century, so that 1633 is much the latest of the series. The formula presents some novelties, and, since the ends of lines are lost throughout, the restorations are in one or two places doubtful, especially as the Greek is poor and the constructions are liable to become confused (ll. 7-8, 28-30, nn.). One or two lines are missing at the beginning, so that the title of the official who is addressed is not preserved; but he was doubtless the strategus or basilicogrammateus, not the idiologus, for a docket appended by him to the end of the

application suits a local, not an Alexandrian, official, and in 513. 4 it is the strategus who gives the *κύρωσις*. The date of this docket, Mesore 30 (Aug. 23) of the 6th year of Aurelian, is important for determining the chronology of that emperor, and has already been discussed in 1476. int., p. 233.

- [πα-]
 ρ[ὰ Αὐρηλίου Σε]ρ[ήνου τοῦ καὶ
 Σ[α]ραπίωνος τ[οῦ Ἀ]γαθείνου [ἀπὸ τῆς
 λαμπρ[ᾶ]ς καὶ [λα]μπροτάτη[ς Ὀξυ-
 5 ρυγγειτῶν πό]λε[ως]. βού[λομαι ὑπερ-
 βαλεῖν Αὐρήλιον Σερῆν[ον
 κάμμωνος ὑποσ[χ]ομένου [πρὸς ? ὠ-
 νὴν ἀπὸ ἀπ[ράτ]ων τῆς δι[οικήσε-
 ως πρότερο[ν] Σαραπίωνος [τοῦ
 10 Ζωίλου περὶ κώμην Παε]ῖμιν
 τοῦδε τοῦ νομοῦ ἐκ τοῦ Θ[. καὶ
 Μηνοδώρου κλήρων ἰδ[ιωτικῆς
 ἀσπόρου ἀρούρας] ἕξ, ἐκ δὲ τοῦ [.
 κλέους ἀρο[ύρας] πέντε, τὰς ἐ[πὶ τὸ αὐτὸ
 15 ἀρούρας] ἑνδεκα, ἀκολουθῶ[ς τοῖς γρα-
 φεῖσι ὑπὸ Ἰουλ[ίου Μονίμου] τ[οῦ κρατίστου
 διοικητοῦ, πρ[ο]σφέρων μ[εθ'] ἃς ὑπέ-
 σχετο ὑπὲρ τιμῆς δραχμᾶ[ς] ἑξακοσίας
 ἐξή[κοντα] τὰς τ[οῦ] ὑπερβ[ολίου]
 20 δρα[χ]μὰς ἐκα[τ]θ[ὲν] τεσσ[α]ράκοντ[α], ὥστε
 εἶνα[ι] τιμὴν σὺν ὑ[περβολίῳ] [δραχμὰς
 ὀκτακοσί[ας], ἄσπ[ε]ρ κυρωθε[ῖς] διαγρά-
 ψω ἐπὶ τὴν τ[οῦ] νομοῦ δη[μοσίαν]
 τράπεζαν σὺν τοῖς ἐπομ[ένοις]
 25 πρ[ὸς] τ[ὸ] μένειν ἐμοῦ καὶ τ[οὺς] παρ' ἐ-
 μοῦ μεταληψο[μένους] β[ε]βαίας ἀπὸ
 παντὸς καὶ κ[αθ]αρὰς ἀπὸ πά[σης] ἐπιβο-
 λῆς καὶ ζητή[σεως] ἥτις κ[υρία] ἔστω ?
 διὰ τὸ ἀπὸ τ[οῦ] τα[με]ῖ[ο]ς <τὸ ?> ὑπερ[βόλιον] τοῦ- ?
 30 το βεβ[ε]αί[ο]ς. [(ἔτους) 5 Αὐτοκράτορος
 Καίσαρος Α[ο]υκίου Δομ[ιτ]τοῦ Αὐρηλιανοῦ

Γερμα[ν]ικ[οῦ] Μ[ε]γίσ[το]ν Περ[σ]ικοῦ Μεγίστου

Γ[ο]θητικοῦ Μεγίστου Καρπικοῦ Μεγίστου

Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς Σεβαστ[ο]ῦ Μεσορῆ . .

2nd hand Αὐρή(λιος) Σ[ε]ρῆν[ος] ὁ κ[αὶ] Σαραπ[ί]ων

36 ἐπιδέδωκα.

3rd hand

δημ(οσί)α προετέθ(η)

καὶ κατεχω(ρίσθη)

(ἔτους) 5 Μεσορῆ λ.

7. 1. ὑποσ[χ]όμενον. 10. ζῶλλον. 11. 1. ἐκ τῶν. 16. ἰουλ[ι]ου. 25-6. 1. ἐμοῖ
καὶ τοῖς . . . μεταλημψο[μ]ένοις. 30. 1. βέβ[α]ν[ο]ν? 33. γ[ο]θητικόν. 39. 5 corr.
from ε.

'To . . . from Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion, son of Agathinus, of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus. I wish to outbid Aurelius Serenus son of . . . cammon, who promised to buy 6 arourae of private unsown land belonging to the unsold property of the Government, formerly owned by Sarapion son of Zoilus in the area of the village of Païmis in this nome in the holdings of Th . . . and Menodorus, and 5 arourae in the holding of . . . cles, making 11 arourae in all, in accordance with instructions of his excellency the dioecetes, Julius Monimus, adding to the 660 drachmae, which Serenus promised for the price, 140 drachmae of the increase, making the price including the increase 800 drachmae, which sum I will pay on ratification to the public bank of the nome with the extra charges, in order that the land may remain the property of myself and my successors guaranteed against all risks and free from any imposition or inquiry, which offer is to be valid, because this increased bid is guaranteed from the Treasury (?)'. Date, signature of the applicant, and official docket 'Publicly exposed and registered in the 6th year Mesore 30'.

5-6. ὑπερβαλεῖν: cf. l. 19, n., P. Halle 14. 3 ὑπερβεβλή[σθ]αί με ὑπὸ Πετενύριος, and 513. 25 ἕνεκα τοῦ ὑπερβεβλήσθαι τὴν . . . οἰκίαν ὑπὸ σοῦ.

7-8. πρὸς? ὡ[ς]: after ὑποσ[χ]όμενον a sum would be expected, as in l. 17, but the accusative is ἀρούρας (l. 13). Apparently the scribe started the sentence with the intention of mentioning the higher bid, but proceeded as if he had begun with the usual formula in applications of this kind, βούλομαι ὠνήσασθαι.

8. ἀπ[ρ]άτων τῆς δι[ο]ικήσε[ως]: so 513. 7; cf. ἀπράτων τοῦ ἰδίου λόγου in B. G. U. 1091. 13, τὰ ἐν ἀπράτοις ὑπάρχοντα in B. G. U. 18. 4, ἐπιτηρη(τοῦ) ἀπρά(των) ὑπαρχ(όντων) in P. Ryl. 217. 11. The present passage confirms our translation of ἀπράτα in 513. 7 'unsold', which is supported by Rostowzew, *Kolon*. 150, against Preisigke's translation (P. Strassb. i, p. 55) 'not for sale'.

10. Παε[ί]μιν: cf. 1699, a contract for the purchase of house-property at this village by Aur. Serenus also called Sarapion, and 1629. 8, n. Παλ[ῶ]σιν and Παῶ[μ]ιν are inadmissible, though a Μηνοδώρου κλήρος at perhaps one of those two villages occurs in 1534. 2.

12. Μηνοδώρου: cf. the preceding n.

ἰδ[ι]ω(τικῆς) ἀσπόρου: cf. B. G. U. 703. 8-9 ἰδιω(τικῆς) (so better than ἰδιω(τικοῦ)) σπο(ρίμου) ἄρ(ουραι) [. . .] νυνὶ ἀσπόρου καὶ ἀβρόχ[ου], P. Flor. 64. 7, 15, &c. ἰδιω(τικῆς) χέρ(σου) ἀσπ(όρου). Land sold by the State generally belonged to the ὑπόλογον category (e.g. P. Amh. 68. 3). The circumstance that ἀσπόρου here immediately follows ἰδ[ι]ω(τικῆς), which refers to the

previous, not to the existing, condition of the land, suggests that the land in question was taken over by the State just because it was unsown by its owner.

15-17. ἀκολουθῶ[ς τοῖς . . . διοικητοῦ: this connects with ὑπερ]βαλεῖν in l. 5; cf. 513. 28 παραδεδόσθαι σοι ταύτην ἐξ ἐπιστο[λῆς τ]οῦ κρατίστου διοικητοῦ. On the dioecetae of this period see 1409 and 1412. intt.

19. ὑπερβ[ολίου: cf. l. 21, P. Tebt. 61 (b). 408, 302. 14. The usual word is ἐπίθεμα: cf. P. Ryl. 97. 5, n.

24. ἐπομ[ένοις: cf. 513. 12, n.

27-8. ἐπιβ[ολῆς: cf. P. Ryl. 202. 1, n., Rostowzew, *Kolon.* 195, Oertel, *Liturgie* 103.

28. ζητή[σεως: cf. 513. 45, 57 εἰάν τις ζήτησις περὶ τούτου γένηται, . . . ἐγὼ αὐτὸς τοῦτο ἀναδέξομαι.

28-30. The last clause ἥτις κ[υρία κτλ. is something new, and cannot be restored with certainty in the absence of a parallel. We suppose ἥτις to refer to a word like ὑπόσχεσις or ἐπιδοχή understood (cf. e. g. 1630. 20), not to ζητή[σεως]. ἡ(σ)τινο[σοῦν ἄλλης could be read, but κ[υρία is very appropriate. τα[με]ῖον is very doubtful; ν or π, but not τ, can be read instead of ι. βεβ[α]ι[ο]ν seems to be a mistake for βέβαιον (εἶναι being understood), unless βεβαιού(σθαι) was meant. The supposed second β is very insecure, being unlike the first.

32-4. The titles of Aurelian agree with those in 1455. 20-5, dated in Phaophi 21 of the 7th year.

37. προετέθ(η): cf. P. Amh. 85. 18 εἰὼν φαίνη(ται) προτεθῆναι τῇσδε τῆς μισθώσεως ἀντίγραφον ἐπὶ τὰς καθηκούσας ἡμέρας δέκα ὅπως μηδενὸς προσαγαγόν(τος) ἐπίθεμα μένηι ἡμῖν ἢ μίσθωσις βεβαία κτλ.

1634. SALE OF MORTGAGED HOUSE-PROPERTY.

24.1 X 14.3 cm.

A. D. 222.

This papyrus, which is of considerable juristic interest, is a sale of house-property and building-land at Oxyrhynchus, which had been made security (κατοχή, l. 11, n.) for a loan from the purchaser to the vendors of 2 talents 3,600 drachmae. The full price of the property being 3 tal. 3,600 dr., only the balance of 1 talent was actually paid. The only direct parallel for this in papyri is 1701, also a contract for sale of mortgaged (ἐπὶ ὑποθήκη) house-property, in which the balance was paid after deducting two loans with accrued interest. Usually, where a loan on mortgage was not repaid at the proper time, the creditor took possession of the hypothecated property after calling in the assistance of the government; cf. Mitteis, *Grundz.* 158-65, Schwartz, *Hypothek und Hypallagma* 67 sqq. In P. Brit. Mus. 1164 (k) (iii. 166; 212) a debtor cedes house-property to his creditor in place of the loan and interest, but there is no mention of a mortgage, and similarly there is none in C. P. R. 9 (270-1), where three χειρόγραφα of loans are cancelled as part payment of the purchase-money of house-property. As Rostowzew observes, there may be an indirect reference to such sales as 1634 and 1701 in the clause commonly found in loans on mortgage (e.g. P. Flor. 1. 8) μὴ ἐξέστω . . . πωλεῖν μηδ' ἐτέροις ὑποτίθεσθαι. Besides a few lines lost at the end, the beginnings of lines are missing

throughout. The length of the lacunae is considerable, amounting, if the restorations in ll. 5, 9, and 15-16 are correct, to about 107 letters in ll. 1-7, about 8 more letters being lost in ll. 9-10, 13, 16, 10 more in ll. 8, 11-12, 18-19, 22-3, 26-7, 13 more in ll. 14-15, 17, 20-1, 23 more in ll. 25-6, 25 more in ll. 27-31, and 30 more in l. 24. The general sense of the contract is, however, clear, and, though 1701 is also too incomplete to be of great assistance, much of the formula can be restored from the ordinary third-century sales of house and landed property from Oxyrhynchus, 1200. 14-43, 1208. 6-28, 1276, 1475. 10-40, 1697-1700, P. Giessen 100. At the end is appended a copy of a *συστατικόν* (l. 20, n.), which is here apparently an application to some official from one of the two vendors concerning the appointment of a representative to act for them, not a contract with such a representative like 1642-3; but it is hopelessly mutilated. The buyer, Claudia Isidora also called Apia, who also acts through an intermediary, is mentioned in several papyri of A.D. 218-22 (cf. 1630. 3, n.), and there is hardly any doubt that the reigning emperors (l. 20) were Elagabalus and Severus Alexander, the year being apparently the 5th, not the 4th (l. 11, n.). The handwriting, which distinctly suggests an earlier date in the third century than the reign of the Philippi, supports this view.

- 1 [*Ἀντίγραφον*] τρισσ[η]ς ἐνγράφης ἀσφαλ[ε]ίας σὺν ταῖς ὑπὸ αὐτὴν ὑπογραφαῖς.
- 2 [— καὶ — θυγατέρες —]νος γενομένου εὐθηνιάρχου τῆς λαμπροτάτης πόλεως τῶν Ἀλεξανδρέων καὶ ὡς ἐχρημάτιζεν Ῥωμαῖαι καὶ ἀσταί, ἑκατέρα δὲ
- 3 [διὰ τοῦ συσταθέντος κατὰ συστατικὸν γινόμενον —, ὡς διὰ τοῦ ὑποτεταγμέ]νου ἀντιγράφου ὑπόκειται, Τίτου Αἰλίου Μαξίμου, Κλαυδία Ἰσιδώρα τῇ
- 4 [καὶ Ἀπία — θυγατρὶ —]ν καὶ ὡς ἐχρημάτιζεν διὰ Αὐρηλίου Σαρᾶ βουλευτοῦ τῆς Ὁξυρυχειῶν
- 5 [πόλεως καὶ ὡς χρηματίζει? χαίρειν. ὁμολογοῦμεν πεπρακέναι σοι ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν εἰς τὸν αἰὲ χρόνον τὴν ὑπάρχουσαν ἡμῖν ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ πόλει ἐ]π' ἀμφόδου Χηνοβοσκῶν οἰκίαν λιθίνην καὶ αἶθριον ὑφ' ἃ κατὰ
- 6 [γειον καὶ τὰ τούτων χρηστήρια —, ὧν γείτονες νότου —, βο]ρρᾶ σοῦ τῆς] Κλ[α]υδίας Ἰσιδώρας τῆς καὶ Ἀπίας, ἀπηλιώτου δημοσία ρύμη,
- 7 [λιβὸς —, καὶ ψειλοὺς τόπους —] [. μ]ένων, ὧν ὅλων γείτονες νότου πρότερον Σαραεύτος

- 8 [—, βορρά —,] λιβὸς δημοσία ρύμη, ἀπηλιώτου Ἑρωδιαίνης τῆς καὶ Σαρα-
 9 [πιάδος? τιμῆς τῆς συμπεφωνημένης πρὸς ἀλλήλους τῆς προκειμένης
 οἰκίας καὶ χρηστηρίων καὶ ψειλῶν τόπων ἀργυρίου Σεβαστῶν νομίσ-
 ματος δ]ραχμῶν δισμυρίων καὶ χειλίων ἑξακοσίων, αἱ εἰσι ἀργυ-
 10 [ρίου τάλαντα τρία καὶ δραχμαὶ τρισχειλῖαι ἑξακόσιαι, — πρὸς? τάλαντα
 δύο δρ]αχμὰς τρισχειλίας ἑξακοσίας ὀφειλόμενά σοι ὑφ' ἡμῶν
 11 [κατὰ ἀσφάλειαν? γεγονυῖαν — τῷ προδιεληλυ]θότι τρίτῳ ἔτει Θῶθ ἐπὶ
 κατοχῇ τῶν ὀνομάτων ἡμῶν
 12 [—, τὸ δὲ λοιπὸν τῆς τιμῆς ἀργυρίου τάλαντον ἐν αὐτόθι ἀπεσχηκέναι ἡμᾶς
 13 [παρὰ σοῦ διὰ χειρὸς ἐκ πλήρους —, καὶ παρὼν? ἐν τῷ Ὁξύρ]υγχίτῃ
 ἐγὼ ὁ Αἴλιος Μαξιμίνος [τ]ῇ ἰδίᾳ μου πίστει ἀκο-
 14 [λούθως τῷ συστατικῷ? — κρατεῖν οὖν καὶ κυριεύειν σ]ε τῶν πωλουμένων
 σοι ἐνγαίω[ν κ]α[ὶ] ἀποφέρεσθα[ι τ]ὰ
 15 [ἐξ αὐτῶν περιεσόμενα πάντα εἰς τὸ ἴδιον ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐνεστώτος ἔτους καὶ ἐξουσίαν
 ἔχειν χρᾶσθαι καὶ οἰκονομεῖν περὶ αὐτῶν ὥς ἐὰν αἰρή], ἀπ[ερ] καὶ
 ἐπάναγκον παρέξο[μέν σοι] καὶ τοῖς παρ[ὰ σοῦ] πα-
 16 [ραλημψομένοις βέβαια διὰ παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων πάσῃ βεβαιώσει καὶ
 καθαρὰ ἀπὸ ἀπογραφῆς ἀνδρῶν καὶ γεωργίας βασιλικῆς καὶ οὐσιακῆς
 γῆς καὶ πα]ντὸς εἶδους καὶ ὀφειλῆς πά[σης] καὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς ο[ὕτινο]σ-
 17 [οῦν ἄλλου, — τάλαντα δύο?] καὶ δραχμὰς τρισχειλί[ας ἑξα]κοσίας, καὶ
 μη[δὲ]ν
 18 [ἐγκαλεῖν? — δεδ]ανεικέναι ὑμῶν [. . .] . [. . .]τα. περὶ δὲ τοῦ [. . .] . [. . .]ς
 19 [—] σ[ο]ῖ τῇ Κλαυδία Ἰσιδώρᾳ τῇ καὶ [Α]πίᾳ, καὶ [. . .] δα[νε]ίου
 20 [— (ἔτους) ε] Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Ἀντωνινοῦ Εὐσεβοῦς
 Εὐτυχοῦς καὶ Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Σεουήρου Ἀλεξάνδρου Καίσαρος
 Σε]βαστῶν Μεχέρ κε. ἔστι δὲ τοῦ συστατικοῦ τὸ ἀντί-,
 21 [γραφον· — παρὰ —] . γοῖς γενομένου εὐθηνιάρχου θυγατρὸς Ῥωμαίας
 22 [καὶ ἀστῆς — βού]λομαι ἀναγκαιοτέρων μ[ο]ν πραγμάτων χά[ρι]ν
 23 [—]τ [. . .]γτουτὶ Κλαυδία Ἰσιδώρ[α] τῇ καὶ Ἀπίᾳ διὰ
 24 [Αὐρηλίου Σαρᾶ βουλευτοῦ — οἰκίας καὶ αἰθρίου καὶ —] . ἡ ψειλῶν
 τόπω[ν] ἐπὶ τ[οῦ]
 25 [Χηνοβοσκῶν ἀμφόδου? — βιβλιοφυλακ . . ? ἐ]ν[κτ]ήσεων τοῦ [Ὁξ]υρυ[γχι]-
 του] ν[ο]μοῦ
 26 [—] τῆς ὄλη[ς] τειμῆς ἐ[ν] τρισὶ τ[α]λάντ[οις]

- 27 [καὶ δραχμαῖς τρισχειλίαις ἑξακοσίαις —] . s πάντα . [.] . . αὐτοῦ πίστει
 28 [—] . τωτα σὺν [. . κ]αταγράφουσι
 29 [— ψειλ]ῶν τόπων [. . τ ?]ῆς πίστεω[s
 30 [—] . γος κα[.]ηκα (ἔτους) ε[
 31 [—]ωμαι δυ[.
 32 [—]ων[.

5 and 10. ὕφ. 13. ἴδια. 18. ὕμων. 19. ἰσιδωρα.

1-17. 'Copy of a deed of security written in triplicate with the signatures appended to it. . . . and . . . daughters of . . . n, late eutheniarch of the most illustrious city of Alexandria and however he was styled, Romans and citizens (of Alexandria), both acting through the representative appointed by a deed of representation made . . . , as stated below in the appended copy, Titus Aelius Maximus, to Claudia Isidora also called Apia, daughter of . . . and as he was styled, through Aurelius Saras, senator of Oxyrhynchus and as he is styled (?), greeting. We acknowledge that we have sold to you from the present time for ever the stone house and court, with a cellar underneath, and appurtenances . . . owned by us at the said city in the Gooseherds' quarter, . . . of which the adjacent areas are on the south . . . , on the north the land of you, Claudia Isidora also called Apia, on the east a public road, on the west . . . , and vacant ground . . . , of all of which the adjacent areas are on the south the land formerly belonging to Saraeus . . . , on the north . . . , on the west a public road, on the east the land of Herodiaena also called Sarapias (?), at the price agreed upon between us for the aforesaid house, appurtenances, and vacant spaces, 21,600 drachmae of Imperial silver coin, which make 3 talents 3,600 dr., . . . reckoned against (?) 2 tal. 3,600 dr. owed to you by us in accordance with a deed executed . . . in the last year but one, the third, Thoth, upon the security of our names . . . , and we have received from you on the spot from hand to hand in full the balance of the price, 1 talent, . . . , and I, Aelius Maximinus, being present in the Oxyrhynchite nome, by my own pledge in accordance with the deed of representation . . . You are therefore to possess and own the landed property sold to you, and appropriate all the profits obtained from it from the present year onwards, and have power to use and administer it as you choose, and we are bound to deliver it to you and your successors guaranteed always against all claims with every guarantee, and free from persons' property-returns and the cultivation of royal or patrimonial land, and from every obligation or debt of any kind and all other liabilities whatsoever. . . .'

1. ὑπογραφαῖς: cf. B. G. U. 710, a fragment of, apparently, a sale, with a *συστατικόν* appended in ll. 13-16 (cf. l. 20, n.) and numerous signatures following in ll. 17-31.

2. For the restoration of the initial lacuna cf. l. 21.

Ῥωμαῖαι καὶ ἀσταί: the collocation, which is unusual, is probably intended, as Rostowzew observes, to distinguish the sisters, who belonged to a family of high standing, from the newly created Aurelii, who were not called Ῥωμαῖοι (cf. Wilcken, *Chr.* 35. i. 9, n.).

3. [διὰ τοῦ συσταθέντος: 505 is arranged differently, the representative using the first person (as also happens here in l. 13) Ὁφελᾶς . . . συσταθεὶς ὑπὸ . . . κατὰ συστατικὸν γεγόμενον διὰ τοῦ ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ μνημονείου τῷ ἐνεστῶτι μὲν οὖν ἀντίγραφον ὑπόκειται: but cf. 715. 35 (an official docket) διὰ Ἰπποδ() γραμμ(ατέως) συσταθ(έντος), and 1646. 22 and P. Gen. 44. 29 δι'

ἐμοῦ . . . ἀποσυσταθέντος. συνεσταμένος is also used, e. g. in 243. 1, and συνιστανόμενος in 727. 25. Cf. l. 20, n.

Μαξίμου: in l. 13 he is called Μαξιμίνος. For Claudia Isidora see int.

5. καὶ ὡς χρηματίζει can be omitted, but cf. ll. 2 and 4. A shorter restoration, moreover, is not wanted; cf. ll. 15–16. πεπρακέναι is guaranteed by πωλουμένων in l. 14; cf. 1276. 5, 13, 1699. 13, 23. καὶ παρακεχωρηκέναι might be added after it, as in 1200. 17, 1208. 8, 1475. 13, in which case καὶ παραχωρητικοῦ could be added after τιμῆς in l. 9, as in 1208. 15, 1475. 24 (in 1200. 22 τιμῆς alone). But even in the third century it was an occasional practice to have distinct contracts for πρᾶσις and παραχώρησις; cf. 1636. int.

7–9. For καὶ ψειλούς τόπους cf. ll. 24 and 29, and for τιμῆς . . . τόπων cf. 1699. 8–9, 1701. 13–14.

10. πρὸς is merely a guess to express the sense and account for the accusative. 1701. 15 is equally incomplete. About 56 letters are lost between ἑξακόσια and τάλαντα. P. Brit. Mus. 1164 (k). 8–10 has ἀνθ' ὧν προφέρεται ὁ Ἑρμί[ας] ὀφείλεσθαι αὐ[τῷ] ὑπὸ τοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἰσιδώρου . . . δραχμῶν, C. P. R. 9 ἀντὶ τε ὧν ὀφείλω . . . δραχμῶν καὶ ὧν νυνὶ προσλαμβάνω, . . . δραχμῶν τρισχειλίων (ὧν καὶ) αὐτόθι ἀπέσχον: cf. Rabel, *Zeitschr. d. Savigny-Stift.* xxviii. 313.

11. [κατὰ ἀσφάλειαν? γεγонуίαν . . . : cf. 1701. 15–16 κατὰ ἀσφαλείου (l. -είας) δύο γεγонуίας ἐπὶ ὑποθήκῃ τῶν [προκειμένων] οἰκιῶν. Here ἐπὶ κατοχῇ τῶν ὀνομάτων ἡμῶν . . . corresponds to ἐπὶ ὑποθήκῃ in 1701, but the sense is probably not very different. κατοχῇ, which is a wider term than ὑποθήκη, is used with reference to a contract of the nature of a ὑποθήκη in 506. 49 ἐξόντος τῷ δεδανεικῷ ὅπταν αἰρῆται κατοχὴν [αὐτῶν (sc. τῶν ὑπαρχόντων) . . .] χίσα[σθ]αι πρὸ τοῦ τῶν ἐγκτήσεων βιβλιοφυλακίου; cf. Schwartz, *op. cit.* 146–7. There may have been a reference to the registration of the κατοχῇ in the ἐγκτήσεων βιβλιοφυλάκιον in l. 12; cf. l. 25, n.

τῷ προδιελλυ[θότι] τρίτῳ ἔτει:] καὶ τρίτῳ and διελθ[όντι] τρίτῳ are inadmissible; the traces suit *θου*, and *ι* is certain. The custom at Oxyrhynchus was to use the aorist not the perfect participle of διέρχεσθαι with ἔτος. Severus Alexander was not associated as Caesar with Elagabalus (cf. l. 20 and int.) until July 221 (*Prosopogr. Imp. Rom.* i. 215), i. e. near the end of the latter's 4th year, so that 1634, being dated on Mecheir 25 (Feb. 19), cannot belong to that year. The 5th year is also indicated probably by l. 30, where the sign for ἔτος seems to be connected with the following ε, not with the preceding κα.

12. If there was a reference to interest on the loan, it may have occurred here. In 1701. 18–20 the interest is reckoned separately and added to the capital, which was not done here.

13. πίσται: cf. ll. 27 and 29, where this word recurs in obscure contexts. From the much discussed ὡν ἐν πίστει, a kind of fiduciary sale (cf. P. Ryl. 160 (c). int.), 1634 is quite distinct.

14. ἐπερωτηθεῖς . . . ὁμολόγησα may well have occurred before κρατεῖν, as in 1698. 13, 1699. 12, P. Giessen 100. 14–15.

σ]ε: the usual order is κρατεῖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν, but κυριεύει]ν cannot be read, the vestige of a letter suiting only ε or σ. One of the two verbs may have been omitted.

15. For [ἐξ αὐτῶν . . . ἔτους cf. 1698. 15–16, P. Flor. 1. 7, and for ἐξουσίαν . . . αἰρῇ 1699. 15, P. Giessen 100. 17. Line 18 of the last-mentioned papyrus is to be restored ἄσπερ [καὶ ἐπ' ἀναγκῶν παρέξομαι . . .

16. Cf. e. g. 1699. 18, 1700. 13–14. P. Giessen 100. 15–17 should probably be read and restored διὰ ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν κρατεῖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐγγένοις κ]αὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλ[ηψομένοις τῶν πωλουμένων σοι ἀ]ρουνῶν] καὶ . . ., with οἰκονομεῖν for ἐπιτελεῖν.

17–20. Here 1634 diverges from the usual formula of a sale, and evidently deals with the wiping out of the debt. καὶ ἐπερωτηθεῖς ὁμολόγησα may have followed ἄλλον in l. 17, but is more likely to have come in the lacuna in l. 19, especially if περὶ δὲ τοῦ [. . .] [. . .] ([ὁρ]θ[ῶ]ς is possible) corresponds to the usual conclusion περὶ δὲ τοῦ ταῦτα ὁρθῶς καλῶς γενέσθαι

ἐπερ. ὥμολ. (e.g. 1698. 26). The rest of l. 19 may be part of a signature of the vendors or their representative. If ἐπερ. ὥμολ. occurred in l. 20 before the date, the Emperors' names there can hardly have been given in full, since they require 107 letters, and to this hypothesis there is the objection that the abbreviation of the titles of Elagabalus and Severus Alexander neither occurs in papyri of their joint reign, nor would be expected in a contract so elaborate as 1634.

20. συστατικοῦ: cf. B. G. U. 710. 13-16, where the remains indicate that the συστατικόν was a document similar to P. Grenf. ii. 71, SB. 4651, 4653 (all from the Great Oasis and using the third person in place of the second). The συστατικόν mentioned in 505. 2 (cf. l. 3, n.) is not preserved. The other third-century documents of this character, 1274, 1642-3, B. G. U. 1093, are ordinary χειρόγραφα, using the second person. The remains of ll. 21-32 do not contain anything corresponding to the usual formula of a contract with a representative, and the circumstance that this συστατικόν apparently began with a name in the dative followed by παρά and the name of one of the two vendors (cf. μ[ο]ν in l. 22) suggests that the person addressed was a high official (the praefect?), not the representative, who is, moreover, possibly alluded to in the third person in l. 27 (cf. n.). That a contract of representation of the usual character was appended to the application in the lost conclusion of 1634 is improbable. On σύστασις in general see Wenger, *Die Stellvertretung im Rechte der Papyri*.

22-3. βούλομαι is extremely doubtful. The word before Κλαυδία would be expected to be an infinitive meaning 'sell' or 'cede'.]νουν or]ηουν can be read, but suggests no suitable word.

25. βιβλιοφυλακ . . . ἐ]μ[κτ]ήσεων: cf. l. 11, n., and for the registration of a κατοχή at the archives 713 (= M. Chr. 314).

28. κ]αταγράφουσι: cf. P. Flor. 56. 11, where a petitioner for the execution of a mortgage begins καταγέγρα(μμαι) κατὰ τὰ πρ[οσ]τετ[αγμένα]. For καταγραφή see 1636. 42-3, n.

30.]ηκα (ἔτους) ε: probably the 5th year (of Elagabalus and Severus Alexander), not the 21st year (of Caracalla), is meant; cf. l. 11, n. That the Emperors' names followed is unlikely, since the remains of l. 31 do not belong to a date.]ηκα therefore seems to be the termination of a perfect. The doubtful α of κα[] can be λ, but no other letter.

1635. CESSION OF CATOECIC LAND.

14 X 11.3 cm.

44-37 B. C. Plate II.

A fragment of a cession (παράχωρησις) of catoecic land by a cavalry soldier in the reign of Cleopatra VI with Caesarion, i. e. in some year between her 9th and 15th. Near the end of her 8th year she was still associated with Ptolemy XV (1629. 1), and from her 16th year onwards she was associated with, probably, Antony (cf. 1453. 22, n.). The only extant datings of the period of association with Caesarion belong to the 11th year (1629. 1, n.). 26 letters are lost at the beginning of l. 1, which may have projected by 2 or 3 letters beyond ll. 2-15. At the ends of the lines about 50 letters are lost in ll. 1 and 13-14, 4 letters less in ll. 2-12, and 2 letters more in l. 15. No other Ptolemaic cession of catoecic land is extant, but the general construction and sense of 1635 can be restored from three Oxyrhynchus cessions of catoecic land in the earlier Roman

period, P. S. I. 320 (18), Ryl. 159 (31-2), and 504 (early 2nd cent.), which are more complete than 1635 and adhere closely to the Ptolemaic formula. In addition to (or possibly in place of) the usual παραχωρητικόν (504. 18) the acquirer of the land seems to have undertaken to pay the βασιλικά, i. e. taxes of various kinds (ll. 10-11, n.), with regard to which the owner was probably in arrears.

[Βασιλευόντων Κλεοπάτρας θεᾶς] Φιλοπάτορος καὶ Πτολεμαίου τοῦ κ[αὶ
Καίσαρος θεοῦ Φιλοπάτορος Φιλομήτορος ἔτους —, τὰ δ' ἄλλα τῶν
[κοινῶν ὡς ἐν Ἀλεξανδρείᾳ γράφ]εται, μηνὸς Δύστρου καὶ Τῦβι ζ ἐν
[Ὁξυρύγχων πόλει τῆς Θηβαίδος? ὁμολογεῖ —

[18 letters τῶν κατοίκων ἱππέων Σπαρτάκω Πτολεμαίου Μα[κεδόνι —
[20 „ παρακε]χωρηκέναι αὐτῷ ἀκολουθῶς τοῖς ᾠκο[νομημένοις διὰ
τῶν ἐκ τοῦ ἱππικοῦ ἀφ' οὗ ἐπεδέδωκεν ὁ

5 [10 letters ὑπομνήματος Ἀλε]ξάνδρῳ τῶν πρ[ώ]των φίλων καὶ πρὸς τοῖς
καταλοχισμοῖς τὰς ὑπαρχούσας αὐτῷ περὶ — τῆς —

[τοπαρχίας ἐκ τοῦ — κλήρου] κατοικικῆς γῆς σπορίμου ἐξ ὀρθογωνίου
ἀρούρας —, ὧν

[μέτρα? ἀπὸ μὲν ἀπηλιώτου εἰς λί]βα σχοινία δύο ἥ]μισυ, ἀπὸ δὲ νότ[ου
εἰς βορρᾶν σχοινία —, γείτονες? —

[26 letters]ων, καὶ τὸν πρὸς ταύταις ἀνηγμένον —, ἵνα ὑπάρχωσι τῷ
Σπαρτάκῳ καὶ ἐκγόνοις καὶ

[τοῖς παρ' αὐτοῦ μεταλημψομένοις αἱ προκείμεναι πρὸς οἷς ἔχει κλήροις
καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις σημείοις καὶ? — κυρί-

10 [ὡς τὸν πάντα χρόνον ἀκολουθῶς] τοῖς περὶ τούτων προστεταγμένοις [καὶ
ἐπεσταλμένοις, ἀνθ' ὧν ἔλαβε παρὰ τοῦ Σπαρτάκου

[26 letters]του βασιλικῶν, καὶ τὰ κατὰ τὸν βίον ε . [— καὶ μηδὲν παρα-
συγγραφῆσειν μηδὲ κακο-

[τεχνήσειν μηδ' ἐγκαλέσειν περὶ] τῶν προκειμένων παρὲυρέσει μηδεμ[ιαί,
ἀλλὰ καὶ παντελῶς παρέξεσθαι τῷ Σπαρτάκῳ

[αὐτὰς? διὰ παντὸς μὲν βεβαίας,] καθαρὰς δὲ ἀπ[ὸ] βασ[ιλικῶν καὶ] —

[26 letters] αὐτοῦ ἀνηκοντ[.] τουτ[ο] —

15 [27 „]ων κα[.] . [.] . π[—

2. ζ corr. from λ. It is not quite certain that the correction is in a different hand.

1-2. For the restorations cf. P. S. I. 549. 2, 1629. 1-4.

3. Μα[κεδόνι: cf. 1628. 5, n. τῶν κατοίκων ἱππέων may have followed, and then οἱ δύο ἀγνῆς Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης, as in 1628. 8, 1629. 10.

4-5. Cf. P. S. I. 320. 5-7, Ryl. 159. 5-7, 504. 8-10, as restored in P. Ryl. 159. 5-7, n. (in the two last papyri $\phi\kappa\omicron\nu\omicron\mu\eta\mu\epsilon\nu\omicron\iota\varsigma$ is to be restored in the place of $\pi\rho\omicron\sigma\tau\epsilon\tau\alpha\gamma\mu\epsilon\nu\omicron\iota\varsigma$). The name lost is that of the owner of the land. 366 (probably 14-15, not 41-2), a fragment of a similar cession of catoecic land at Païmis, has $\upsilon\pi\omicron\mu\eta\mu\alpha\tau\omicron\varsigma$ [τοῖς] παρὰ Ἡλιοδώρ[ου καὶ Εἰρηναίου τῶν πρὸς τοῖς κατα[λοχισμοῖς] corresponding to l. 5.

5-6. Cf. P. S. I. 320. 9-10, Ryl. 159. 8, 504. 10-11. After the number of the arourae, which was probably small (cf. l. 7, n.), there may have been something corresponding to P. S. I. 320. 11-12 $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ τοῖς ἐπετησίαις ἐκ . . . [. . .] . αὐ[. . .] του γεωργοῦ μισθώσει.

6-7. For $\omega\nu$ μέτρα cf. e. g. P. Tebt. 383. 22. διατεινούσας can also be read on the analogy of e. g. B. G. U. 1037. 29. The other Oxyrhynchus cessions omit the μέτρα, but give the γείτονες, which were probably mentioned here in ll. 7-8; cf. l. 8, n.

7. σχοινία: the σχοινίον was the side of an aroura and 100 cubits in length. This piece of land was apparently oblong, and if the number of σχοινία lost in the lacuna was δύο, the number of arourae was 5.

8.]ων: perhaps γείτονες δὲ δηλοῦνται διὰ τῶν περὶ αὐτῶν προκτήσεων οἰκονομίων; cf. 504. 12-13, where δηλοῦνται comes at the end.

8-9. For ἵνα ὑπάρχωσι . . . μεταληψομένοισι cf. P. Ryl. 159. 14, 504. 13-14. Before ἵνα a word of 5 or 6 letters is sufficient. τὸν πρὸς ταύταις ἀνηγμένον probably refers to land of some kind 'recovered' for cultivation; cf. P. Tebt. 61 (b). 127 ὑπολόγου ἀναχθείσης, and the πρόσθεμα in P. Petrie 20. iii. 12-13. τόπον, suggested by Rostowzew, is perhaps better than κλήρον, though cf. l. 9 πρὸς οἷς ἔχει κλήροις, where the subject of ἔχει seems to be the person ceding the land. That phrase with the datives following corresponds to $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ τοῖς ἄλλοις τε[κμηρίοις] ? . . . | (l. καὶ | σημείοις?) in P. Ryl. 159. 15-16 and to $\sigma\upsilon\nu$ τοῖς ἄλλοις σημείοις καὶ | . . . θ . . . ποῖς (not τεκμηρίοις) in 504. 15-16. The σημεία are more probably 'boundary-marks' than 'title-deeds' (the edd. of P. Ryl. 159 suggest both interpretations).

9-10. For κυρίως . . . ἐπεσταλμένοις cf. P. Ryl. 159. 16-17, where there is a lacuna of about 9 letters between ἐπ[εσταλμένοις and ἀνθ'] ὦν, and 504. 17, where the participles are π[ροαν]αγραφομένοις καὶ ἐπ[ε]σταλμένοις. Cf. the next n.

10-11. Cf. P. Ryl. 159. 18-19 ἀνθ'] ὦν ἔλαβε παρὰ τῆς Τα[χίτου] | (a sum in talents of copper?) τοῖς δέουσι καιροῖς (ἀπέχω τ[ὸ] παραχωρητικόν occurs in the signature in l. 46), and 504. 17-20 [ἀνθ'] οὗ ἀπέσχεν ἡ αὐτὴ Ἀ[φροδίτη] ὡς παρὰ τοῦ Φλαν[γίου] Ἀπίωνος παραχωρητικοῦ ἀργυρίου Σεβασ[τοῦ νομίσματος] χεῖλέων δρ[αχμῶν] ἐκ πλήρους μηθὲν παρασυνγραφῆσαι[σαν π]ερὶ τοῦτο (?) τὴν ὁμολογοῦσαν κτλ. Two participles in l. 10 are quite enough (cf. the preceding n.), and after [καὶ ἐπεσταλμένοις] there remain before]του (Σπαρτάκου is inadmissible) about 55 letters to be accounted for. ἀνθ' ὦν ἔλαβε (or ἀπέσχε) παρὰ is practically certain, and if the end of l. 10 is rightly restored, there is room for e. g. [ταλάντων δύο καὶ τῶν] του βασιλικῶν (possibly ὀφειλομένων ὑπ' αὐ[τοῦ] with ταλάντων in the preceding line). βασιλικά here are clearly, as in l. 13, dues to the king, corresponding to what in Roman times were called δημόσια (cf. 504. 24). For this use of the term cf. P. Tebt. 29. 13-14 τῶν ὑπο[κ]ε[κ]μένων τῆς χρή[σε]ως βασιλικῶν and 140. 1 λόγος βασιλικῶν καὶ δαπάνης, O. G. I. 90. 13 βασιλικά ὀφειλήματα. The payment by Spartacus of the βασιλικά due from the person who makes the cession is, we suppose, supplementary to his payment of a παραχωρητικόν, but in l. 11 ἀνθ' ὦν ἔλαβε παρ' αὐ[τοῦ] βασιλικῶν might be restored, in which case the payment of the βασιλικά would take the place of a παραχωρητικόν, and there was some longer phrase than ἐπεσταλμένοις in l. 10.

καὶ τὰ κατὰ τὸν βίον ε . [: if καὶ μηδὲν . . . ἐγκαλέσειν, which is restored from P. Ryl. 159. 19-20, is right, the word beginning ε . [is probably a verb connecting with the following infinitives, the subject being the person who cedes the land, and a quite short word would suffice, for τῶι Σπαρτάκῳ may have been written after ἐγκαλέσειν (cf. P. Ryl. 159. 20). The

letter following ϵ seems to begin with a vertical stroke, i. e. π , ν , ι , or κ . $\kappa\alpha\tau\grave{\alpha}$ τὸν βίον is more likely to mean 'for his lifetime' than 'for his livelihood', but in the absence of a parallel the context remains obscure. It is difficult to connect $\kappa\alpha\iota$ τὰ κατὰ τὸν βίον with what precedes without altering the text.

12-13. For ἀλλὰ καὶ . . . βεβαίαις] cf. P. Ryl. 159. 21-3, 504. 21-3.

13. [βασ]ιλικῶν: cf. ll. 10-11, n.

14-15. The remains of these two lines do not correspond to the formula of P. Ryl. 159. 24-8, 504. 24-9.

1636. CESSION OF LAND.

35 × 11.2 cm.

A. D. 249.

A contract for the cession (*παραχώρησις*, l. 33) of $\frac{1}{3}$ aroura of corn-land at Seruphis, a village in the Western toparchy (1285. 71), from Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion (cf. 1631. 1, n.), in return for 400 drachmae. This is the first clear example from Oxyrhynchus of a third-century cession as distinct from a sale. In 1200. 16, 1208. 8, and 1475. 13 *πεπρακέναι* and *παρακεχωρηκέναι* are combined. The land is not stated to have been catœcic, but since it formed part of a *κλήρος* it may have belonged to that category, like the lands which are the subjects of contracts of *παραχώρησις* in e.g. C. P. R. 6 (238) and B. G. U. 94 (289). In place of the usual signature of the person ceding the land there is the signature of the other party, acknowledging the cession, which is here called a *καταγραφή*. 1704 (298) is apparently another contract of cession, but with a somewhat different formula, in which there seems to be no mention of a price. 1703 (3rd cent.) is the beginning of a similar contract, but with *καταγεγραμέναι* as the principal verb. 1702 (290) may be a sale or cession or both combined, but the fragmentary P. Giessen 51 (202; also from Oxyrhynchus), where in l. 6 τοῦ καταγραφ[ομένου] refers to the object of the contract, is probably parallel to 1703 rather than a sale. The bearing of the new evidence concerning *καταγραφή* is discussed in ll. 42-3, n.

[Αὐρήλιος] Σερήνος ὁ καὶ Σαραπίων Ἀγαθείνου

[μητρὸς Τ]αποσειριάδος ἀπ' Ὁξύρυγχων πόλεως

[Αὐρηλί]ω Πανενεῖ Πτόλ[λι]δος μητρὸς Ἀν-

[.]ς ἀπὸ κώμης Σερύφειας χαίρειν.

5 [ὁμολογῶ] παρακεχωρηκέναι ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν

[εἰς τὸν αἰὲ] χρόνον ἀπὸ τοῦ ὑπάρξαντός μοι ἀγορα-

[στικῶ] δικ[αί]ω περὶ [τ]ὴν αὐτὴν Σερύφιν ἐκ τοῦ

[.]ς κλήρου διμοίρου μέρους σειτικῆς

[ἀρούρης μ]ῆδος ἐ[ν θ]ρύοις μεθ' ὃ ἀ[πε]δόμην υἱοῖς

- 10 [Αύρηλ(ίου) Σ]ωτίω[νο]ς γυμνασιαρχ(ήσαντος) τ[ῆ]ς αὐτῆς πόλεως
[καὶ] . ἡμὶ Στε[φά]νου γυμνασιαρχ(ήσαντος)] τῆς αὐτῆς πό(λεως)
[τρίτον μέρος τὸ λ[ο]ιπ[ό]ν τρίτον μέρος πρότερον
[Κατιλλιανο]ῦ τοῦ καὶ Οὐάρου, ἧς ὅλης γείτονες νότου
[.], βορρᾶ γύης, ἀπηλιώτου ἐτέρων ιδιωτικῇ,
15 [λι]β[έ]δ[ος] [σοῦ τοῦ] παραχωρουμένου, τὰς δὲ συμπεφω-
[ν]ημένας πρ[ὸ]ς ἀλλήλους ὑπὲρ παρα[χ]ωρητικοῦ
τοῦ αὐτ[οῦ] μ[ε]ρ[ο]ς τρίτου ἀ[ρ]γυρίου Σ[ε]βαστοῦ νομίς-
[μ]ατος δ[ραχ]μὰς τετρακο[σ]ία[s] αὐτ[ό]θι ἀπέσχον
[π]αρὰ σοῦ παραχρῆμα διὰ χ[ειρ]ός, καὶ ἐπά(να)γκες
20 παρέξο[μαί] σοι καὶ ἐκγόνοις [κ]αὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μετα-
[λ]ημψομένοις τ[ὸ] τῆς ἀρούρης τρίτον β[έ]βαιον
[ἀ]πὸ τοῦ ἐμοῦ ὀνό[μα]τος καὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς τοῦ ἐξ ὁ-
[ν]όματός μου ἐπελε[υ]σσομένου σοι, ἀρκουμένου σοι
τῇ εἰς με ἀπὸ τ[οῦ] προτεταγμένο[ν] μου προκτήτο-
25 [ρ]ος {μου} Κατιλλια[νο]ῦ τοῦ καὶ Οὐάρου τ[οῦ] αὐτοῦ ἀρού-
[ρ]ης τρίτον βεβ[αι]ώσει, ὅπερ καὶ παρέξομαί σοι
[ἀ]πὸ τῶν ὑπὲρ αὐτ[οῦ] τελουμένων δημοσίων
καὶ ἐπιμε[ρ]ισμῶν παντοίων τῶν μέχρι τοῦ
διελθόντος 5 (ἔτους) καὶ αὐτ[οῦ] τοῦ διελθόντος 5 (ἔτους) διὰ τὸ
30 τὰ ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐνεστῶ[τ]ος α (ἔτους) τούτου πρόσφορα εἶναι
σοῦ τοῦ παραχω[ρ]ουμένου, πρὸς ὃν καὶ εἰ[ν]α[ι]
τὰ ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτοῦ α (ἔτους) δημόσια παντοῖα. κυρία
[ἡ] π[α]ραχώρησις [δ]ισσὴ γραφεῖσα, ἣν ὀπηνίκα
ἐὰν αἰρῇ δημοσιώσεις δι[ὰ] τοῦ καταλογείου, οὐ
35 προσδεόμενος μεταλήψεως μου διὰ τὸ ἐν-
τεῦθεν εὔδοκεῖν με τῇ ἐσομένῃ ὑπὸ σοῦ
δημοσιώσει, περὶ δὲ τοῦ ταῦτα οὕτως ὀρθῶς
καλῶς γενέσθαι ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὑπὸ σοῦ ὠμολόγησα.
(ἔτους) α Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Γαί[ο]ν Μεσσίου
40 Κύντο[ν] Δεκίου Τραιανοῦ Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς
Σεβαστοῦ Χοῖακ α.
2nd hand [Αύρ]ήλιος Πανσενὺς Πτόλλιδος ἔσχον τὴν κα-
[ταγραφὴ]ν ὥς πρόκειται, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς

[ὁμολόγησ]α. Αὐρήλιος Θέων ὁ καὶ Ἀσκληπιά-
 45 [δης ἐπικαλ]ούμενος Ζωίλος ἔγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ
 [μὴ εἰδότης γ]ράμματα.

23. I. σου for σοι after ἀρκουμενον. 27. δημοσιῶ. 45. ζωίλος.

‘Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion, son of Agathinus and Taposirias, of Oxyrhynchus, to Aur. Panesneus son of Ptollis and An . . ., of the village of Seruphis, greeting. I acknowledge that I have ceded to you from the present time for ever from my property by right of purchase in the area of the said Seruphis in the holding of . . ., consisting of the $\frac{2}{3}$ part of 1 aroura of corn-land overgrown with rushes, after deducting the $\frac{1}{3}$ part which I sold to the sons of Aurelius Sotion, ex-gymnasiarch of the said city, and to . . . son of Stephanus, ex-gymnasiarch of the said city, the remaining $\frac{1}{3}$ part formerly owned by Catillianus also called Varus, of all of which the adjacent areas are on the south . . ., on the north a field, on the east private land of other persons, on the west land of you, to whom the cession is made, and I have received on the spot from you straightway from hand to hand the sum agreed upon between us for the cession of the said $\frac{1}{3}$ part, 400 drachmae of Imperial coin, and I am bound to deliver the $\frac{1}{3}$ aroura to you and your descendants and successors guaranteed from claims made against you in my name or by any other person in my name, you being satisfied with the guarantee of the said $\frac{1}{3}$ aroura which I received from my above-mentioned predecessor, Catillianus also called Varus, which land I am also to deliver to you free from the taxes paid upon it and imports of all kinds up to the past 6th year and including the said 6th year, because the profits of it from the present 1st year onwards, belong to you, to whom the cession is made, who are also responsible for the taxes of all kinds from the said 1st year onwards. This deed of cession, of which there are two copies, is valid; and whenever you choose you are to publish it through the record office without requiring my concurrence, because I hereby agree to the publication to be made by you; and having been asked by you the formal question whether this is done rightly and fairly I gave my consent. The 1st year of the Emperor Caesar Gaius Messius Quintus Decius Trajanus Pius Felix Augustus, Choiak 1. I, Aur. Panesneus, have received the conveyance, as stated above, &c.’

11. γυμνασιαρχ[χ(ήσαντος)]: or γυμνασιαρχ[χ(ήσαντι)].

13. [κατίλλιαν]οῦ τοῦ καὶ Οὐάρου: cf. l. 25. Κατίλλιος Οὐαριανός in 1201. 16, who died in 258, is possibly the same person.

21. β[έ]βαιον: in 1475. 29 βέβαια καὶ καθαρὰ ἀπὸ μόνου τοῦ ἡμετέρου ὀνόματος κτλ.; cf. 1702.

11. There is also an ellipse of καθαρόν, as often, before ἀπό in l. 27.

23-5. ἀρκουμένου . . . προκτήτο[ρ]ος: cf. 1475. 30, 1702. 12-13.

29. ς (ἔτους): sc. of the Philippi.

41. Χοΐακ α: this date (Nov. 28) is the earliest mention of Decius in Egypt. The Philippi entered on a 7th year in Egypt, as is proved by P. Brit. Mus. 950-1 (no month) and coins; but Decius was Augustus on Oct. 16, 249, according to Cod. Justin.

42-3. ἔσχον τὴν κα[ταγραφή]ν: i. e. ‘the conveyance has been made to me’: cf. 1704. 25, and on καταγραφή in general Mitteis, *Grundz.* 177-8. His remarks require modification in the light of the new evidence (cf. int.); for καταγράφειν is now known from 1703 to occur in third-century contracts of cession, and καταγραφή in the signatures of 1636 and 1704 means not the contract by which the land is conveyed, but, as is indicated by ὡς πρόκειται, the actual cession itself, so that it is something more than a ‘relationsweiser Ausdruck für die Auflassung’. But the new evidence supports Mitteis in his rejection of Preisigke’s view

(*Girowesen* 441) that *καταγραφή* refers to registration in the public archives. A better discussion of the term has now been provided by Patsch in his commentary on P. Freiburg 8, a contract for the sale of slaves in 143, which mentions *περὶ καταγραφῆς συγχωρήσεις*. He explains *καταγραφή* not as 'Niederschrift' (so Mitteis), but as 'die rechtsgeschäftliche Anerkennungserklärung die der Veräusserer in der Urkunde abgibt'. For *καταγραφῆς τέλη* see 1697. 33 and n.

(d) *Divisions of Property.*

1637. DIVISION OF LANDED PROPERTY.

27.6 × 11.6 cm.

A. D. 257-9.

On the verso of 1531, a taxing-list of payments in corn, is a much abbreviated copy of a contract for the division of landed property in the Oxyrhynchite and Hermopolite nomes among five persons, including a brother and sister (ll. 1-2) and probably two brothers (ll. 5-6). How the property, which is described in quite general terms as an *οὐσία*, came into the possession of the contracting parties does not appear: it was divided by the contract into two halves, of which one was assigned to the three men in proportions which are not preserved, the details (ll. 19-20) being for the most part omitted, while the other half was assigned to the two women, who receive $\frac{3}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ respectively of the whole, the details (ll. 27-36) presenting some new geographical information. All the parties to the contract were acting with or through some one else, and the technical distinctions of phraseology with regard to various kinds of guardianship are noticeable (l. 3, n.). The division was made in accordance with the decision of a judge appointed by Mussius Aemilianus, who was first vice-praefect and then praefect in 257-9 (l. 9; cf. 1468. 1-2, n., and Lesquier, *L'armée romaine* 517). The title of this judge, a centurion who was *princeps* of the praefect's staff, is of some interest (l. 10, n.). The writing reaches the end of a column, but may have been continued in a second column, for the papyrus is broken vertically on the right-hand side, and the ends of lines are missing throughout. That the length of the lacunae sometimes extended to 15-20 letters is indicated by practically certain restorations in ll. 17-18 and 24; but some lines (e.g. 12, 14, 22) were probably shorter, and abbreviations may have been used more extensively than we have supposed. The writing becomes larger towards the bottom of the column. Other contracts from Oxyrhynchus concerning division of property are P. Ryl. 156 (1st cent.), 503 (118), 1278 (214), 1638 (282); cf. also 1721 (187).

[Ὁμολογοῦσιν ἀλλήλοις Αὐρήλιοι Ἀμμωνιανὸς καὶ ἡ τοῦτο[ν] ὁμοπατρία
καὶ ὁμομητρία)?

[ἀδελφῇ] Ἑρακλειδίανα ἀμφότ(εροι) Αὐρηλίου Ἑρακλείδου γεν(ομένου)

17 letters

[ὁ μὲν Ἀμ]μωνιανὸς μετὰ κουράτορος Αὐρηλίου Πασίωνος [18 letters

[.....] πόλ(εως) καὶ ὡς χρη(ματίζει), ἡ δὲ Ἑρακλειδίανα μετ'

ἐπιτρόπ[ου 16 letters

5 [τῆς Ὁξυρυγ]χιτῶν πόλεως, καὶ Ἀννιανὸς ὁ καὶ Ἑρακλειανὸς καὶ [Πασίων
ὁ καὶ Ἀπολ(λώνιος) ἀμφότ(εροι) ?

[.....] τοῦ καὶ Ἀπολ(λωνίου) δ(ιὰ) Παθερμουθίου τοῦ καὶ Σιλβαν[ο]ῦ

[..... καὶ Ἰσεῖς

[...].[...]φίλου χρημ(ατίζουσα) χωρὶς κυρίου τέκνων δικαίῳ πα[ρόντος] καὶ
εὐδοκ(οῦντος) τοῦ

[ἀ]νδρὸς αὐτῆς Αὐρηλίου Ἐπιμάχου γενο(μένου) εὐθη(νιάρχου) βουλ(ευτοῦ)

τῆς λαμπ(ρᾶς) [16 letters δι-

ηρησθαι πρὸς ἑαυτοὺς ἐξ ἐνκελ(εύσεως) τοῦ λαμπ(ροτάτου) Μουσίου Αἰμι-
λιανοῦ διὰ κριτοῦ τοῦ ?

10 δοθέντος Δημητρίου (ἐκατοντάρχου) τοῦ ἀξιολ(ογωτάτου) πρίγκιπος τῆς
ἡ[γεμονίας] ἐκ συμφώ(νου)

καὶ ἴσου μερισμοῦ τῆς οὐ[σί]ας καὶ λελογχέναι κ[οινῇ] τὰ ὑπογεγραμμένα
ὑπάρχοντα ὄντα περὶ τὸν Ὁξυρυγίτην καὶ Ἑρμοπολείτ[ην] νομὸν,
καὶ λελογχέναι κοινῇ τὸν μὲν Αὐρήλιον Ἀμμωνιανὸν κα[τὰ] μέρος ', τὸν
δὲ Ἀννιανὸν καὶ Πασίωνα τὸν καὶ Ἀπολλώνιον κατ[ὰ] μέρος ',

15 ὡς εἶναι μέρος ἡμισυ τῆς πάσης οὐσίας. ἥς δὲ [συνέλαχον γῆς οἱ προ-
κείμενοι] ?

τὸ καθ' ἐν τῆς τοποθεσίας διὰ τῶν ὑπογεγραμμένων [ὑπαρχόντων] ?

δηλοῦται. ἔστι δὲ ὧν συνέλαχον εἰς τὸ καθ' αὐτοὺς ἡμισυ μέρος οἱ περὶ
τὸν Αὐρήλιον Ἀμμωνιανὸν καὶ Ἀννιανὸν τὸν καὶ Ἑρακλειανὸν καὶ Πασίωνα
τὸν καὶ Ἀπολλώνιον τῶν ὑπαρχ(όντων) τὸ καθ' ἑν' περὶ κώμην

(ἀρούρας) . . ,

20 Ὁξ(υρυγίτου) νομοῦ περὶ κώμην Χῦσιν ὡς ἐκεῖ δεδήλ(ωται), καὶ [περὶ]

17 letters

καὶ τὰ ἐξῆς.

τὴν δ' Ἑρακλειδίαναν κατὰ μέρος δ' ἡ' καὶ τὴν Ἰσεῖν [κατὰ μέρος ἡ',

ὡς εἶναι καὶ τούτων τὸ λοιπὸν ἡμισυ μέρος] τῆς [πάσης οὐσίας, καὶ ?

ὁμοίως λελογχέναι ἐκ συμφώ(νου) ὁμοίως καὶ ἴσου μερισμοῦ τῆς οὐσίας

25 τὰ ὑπογεγραμμένα ὑπάρχ(οντα), ὧν τὸ καθ' ἐν τῆς [18 letters

γῆς τοποθεσίας διὰ τῶν ὑπογεγραμμένων[ν ὑπαρχόν-?

των δηλοῦται. ἔστι δέ · π(ερὶ) Ἰβιδῶνα Χύσ[εως (ἀρούρας) . . , Ὁξ(υρρυγχίτου)
νομοῦ?

[ἐ]ν μὲν τῇ ἄνω τοπ(αρχία) μετ' ἄλλα, καὶ π(ερὶ) Θῶλθιν Ἀρταπ[άτου
ἀμπελικὰ

[κ]τήμ(ατα) β καὶ καλ(αμείας) καὶ ἐποίκ(ια) καὶ χρυσ(τήρια) καλ(άμυνα)
Ἀρταπ[άτου] [δι(ὰ)

30 (ἀρούρας) κζδ' ἢ ἰς' καὶ τὰς συνμισθ(ουμένας) τοῖς κτή(μασι) σι(τικὰς) (ἀρούρας)
[.

[κ]αὶ π(ερὶ) Παεῖμιν δι' Ἀντᾶ Ὡρου (ἀρού.) ι, καὶ δι(ὰ) [.
(ἀρού.) . . ,

[κ]αὶ δι(ὰ) Φαῦλλον (ἀρού.) ια, [[καὶ]] δι(ὰ) δὲ Ζωίλου (ἀρού.) ι, δι(ὰ) [δὲ
. (ἀρού.) . . ,

[κ]αὶ π(ερὶ) Ἀντιπέρα (Πέλα) δι(ὰ). Ἰούστου καὶ μετόχ(ων) (ἀρού.) λα[, καὶ
δι(ὰ) Παθερ-?

μουθί[ο]ν (ἀρού.) ιβγ'[, καὶ δι(ὰ)] Ερ[.] (ἀρού.) βλδ', [.

35 [. . .] π[.] . [. . . μετ' ?] ἄλ[λα πα]ραλειφθ[έντα ?

[. . .] . [24 letters] τι α[.

10. δημητριου ρ. 11. ἴσου. 12. ὑπαρχοντα; so in l. 25. 19. ο of τον corr.
22. ἴσειν. 24. ἴσου. 27, 28, 31, 33. π'. 33. ρ of αντιπερα corr. from (or to?) λ.

1-31. 'The Aurelii Ammonianus and his sister on his father's and mother's side Heraclidiaena, both children of Aurelius Heraclides, late . . . , Ammonianus acting with his *curator*, Aur. Pasion . . . and as he is styled, Heraclidiaena with her *tutor*, . . . of Oxyrhynchus, and Annianus also called Heraclianus and Pasion also called Apollonius, both (?) sons of . . . also called Apollonius, through Pathermuthius also called Silvanus . . . , and Iseis daughter of . . . philus, acting without a guardian by the *ius liberorum*, in the presence and with the consent of her husband Aur. Epimachus, late eutheniarch and senator of the illustrious . . . , acknowledge that they have divided among themselves by the command of his excellency Mussius Aemilianus through the appointed judge, Demetrius the centurion, the most honourable *princeps* of the praefecture, by a harmonious and just division of the estate, and have had assigned to them in common the appended properties, situated in the Oxyrhynchite and Hermopolite nomes . . . , and have had assigned to them in common, Aurelius Ammonianus for his share . . . , Annianus and Pasion also called Apollonius for their share . . . , making a half share of the whole estate. Details of the situations of the land jointly obtained by the aforesaid persons are given in the appended properties. Details of the properties which the party of Aur. Ammonianus and Annianus also called Heraclianus and Pasion also called Apollonius obtained jointly for their half share are as follows: in the area of the village of . . . arourae; in the Oxyrhynchite nome in the area of Chusis what is there stated, and in the area of . . . , and so on. And Heraclidiaena has had assigned to her for her share $\frac{2}{3}$ and Iseis for her share $\frac{1}{3}$, this making the remaining half share of the whole estate, and they have likewise obtained by a likewise harmonious and just division of the

estate the appended properties; of which the details of the situations are given in the appended properties. These are: in the area of Ibion Chuseos . . . arourae; in the Oxyrhynchite nome in the Upper toparchy, &c., and in the area of Tholthis Artapatou 2 vineyards and reed-plantations and farmsteads and appurtenances of the reed-plantations at Artapatou, cultivated by . . ., 27 $\frac{7}{16}$ arourae, and . . . arourae of corn-land which are leased with the vineyards; and in the area of Païmis, cultivated by Antas son of Horus, 10 arourae . . .

3. μετὰ κουράτορος: on the distinction between κουράτορες and ἐπίτροποι as guardians of orphans see 888. 3, n., Mitteis, *Grundz.* 248. *Curatores* were for those under 25 years, *tutores* for those below the age of puberty (14), though the distinction is not always observed so nicely as here. κύριος (l. 7) applies only to a tutor for women. A different relationship is presumably implied in l. 6, where διά, not μετά, is the preposition, and [φροντιστοῦ] may be the word lost after Σαβαν[ο]ῦ; cf. e.g. 1686. 2. φροντιστής (cf. Mitteis l. c., P. M. Meyer, *Griech. Texte*, p. 57) is often used practically in the sense of tutor or curator, but here might correspond, as often, to procurator, for διά indicates a representative or agent of some kind. In 1645. 2 a woman acts δι' ἐπιτρόπου, whereas here μετά is the preposition in l. 4.

6. The lacuna after Σαβαν[ο]ῦ may be filled by [φροντιστοῦ] (cf. l. 3, n.) or a patronymic or an official title.

7. παρόντος καὶ εὐδοκ(οῦντος): the combination of these two participles is common, and cf. P. Gen. 11. 3 (350) συνεστῶτος . . . καὶ συνευδοκοῦντος. παρών is here equivalent to συμπάρων or συνεστῶς, on which terms see Wenger, *Stellvertretung* 179–81, Castelli, S. A. M. i. 50–6. After the general introduction of Roman citizenship a κύριος could be dispensed with, but Egyptian tradition maintained the custom of a woman having a kind of acting κύριος.

9. For διὰ κριτοῦ cf. 1195. 1 κριτῇ δοθέντι ὑπὸ . . . τοῦ κρατίστου ἡγεμόνος, Mitteis, *Ber. d. Sächs. Gesellsch.* 1910. 124, *Grundz.* 43. Where the judge was appointed by agreement between the parties, not by the praefect, κριτῆς καὶ μεσίτης is found.

10. (ἐκατοντάρχου) . . . ἡγεμονίας: cf. 1722. 1 (about the reign of Diocletian) πρίγκιπι τοῦ διασημοτάτου ἡγουμένου Αἰγύπτου, and the *centurio princeps* in 1424 (about 318). No instance of *princeps* is quoted in Lesquier's index of *L' armée romaine*. Rostowzew compares Cagnat, *Inscr. Gr. ad res Rom. pert.* iii. 1230 (Arabia; 185 or 231) ἐκατοντάρχον λεγ(ι)ώνος δ' Σκυθικῆς πρίγκιπα [. . . .] Ἰουλ(ίου) Σατορρεῖνου [πρεσβ(ευτοῦ) Σεβ(αστοῦ)] ἀντιστ(ρα)τήγου, where Domaszewski restores ἡγεμονίας after πρίγκιπα, 1264 (Arabia; 3rd cent.) β(ε)νεφ(ικιάριος) καὶ ἀκομενταρήσιος καὶ κορνικουλάριος καὶ ἐκατοντάρχος γενόμενος τῆς ἡγεμονίας), Domaszewski, *Rangordnung* 97 sqq., who remarks that the πρίγκιψ ἡγεμονίας is to be regarded as chief of the *officium* of the praefect, and the predecessor of the *princeps officii praesidis* of the fourth century. Cf. also Cagnat, *op. cit.* i. 629 πρίγκιψ ὀφηκίου ἡγεμόνος, iv. 131 στρατιώτης ἱππεὺς . . . ἐξ ὀφικίου τοῦ λαμπροτάτου ἡγεμόνος καστρίου Κωνσταντος. An ἀντίρρησις addressed τῇ τάξει τοῦ πρίγκιπος τῆς ἐξουσίας τοῦ κυρίου μου τοῦ λαμπροτάτου ἡγεμόνος ἐπαρχίας Ἀρκαδίας in 426 will be published in Part xv. Parallel to the position of a *centurio princeps* as chief of the praefect's staff was probably, as Rostowzew observes, the position of the π(ριμ)π(ι)λάριος ἐπάρχον Αἰγύπτου in B. G. U. 13. 3 (cf. P. S. I. 461 int.; in 1416. 29, n. l. π(ριμ)π(ι)λάριος) for π(ραι)π(όσιτος)), this officer ranking one degree higher than the *centurio princeps*.

10–11. ἐκ συμφώ(νου) καὶ ἴσου: cf. l. 24 and B. G. U. 444. 8 συμφ]ώνου διαρ[έσε]ως.

11. κ(ων)ῆ: cf. l. 13. The apparent repetitions of the same word or phrase at very short intervals, and the awkward constructions (cf. ll. 21–7, n.), may well be partly due to omissions from the longer original contract.

16. [ὑπαρχόντων]: cf. l. 25 and l. 26, where, however, a word different from ὑπαρχόντων would ease the structure of the sentence.

19-20. περὶ [ὲ] κώμην . . . : according to the restoration and punctuation adopted in the text this village was in the Hermopolite nome (cf. l. 12), as we suppose the first village in the list in ll. 27 sqq. to have been; cf. l. 27, n. If τοῦ is substituted for (ἀρουράς) . . ., and there is no stop before τοῦ] ὅξ., it becomes necessary to suppose the omission of a number of arourae and καί after νομοῦ, which is unsatisfactory. For τοῦ Ἑρμοπολίτου νομ(οῦ) in place of κώμην there is hardly room, and the Hermopolite nome was almost certainly not mentioned in l. 27. The circumstance that in l. 12 the Oxyrhynchite nome is mentioned before the Hermopolite, while in ll. 19-21 and 27-34, as restored by us, a Hermopolite village comes first, is outweighed by the advantage gained by providing actual mentions of the Hermopolite section of the οὐσία in the abbreviated contract. If all the villages mentioned in the two lists are Oxyrhynchite, the Hermopolite section must be included under καὶ τὰ ἐξῆς in l. 21.

20. Χύσις: a village in the Ἄνω τοπαρχία of the Oxyrhynchite nome; cf. 1285. 67, 1659. 12. In 1724. 7 land περὶ Χύσις is stated to be in the κομογρα(μματεία) Πασκῶ, which was a district in the Hermopolite nome known from P. Amh. 88. 8-9 ἐν τῷ Πασκῶ περὶ Μνάχιν, B. G. U. 553 A. iii. 7, 554. 7 Πασκῶ Τοοῦ, P. Ryl. 99. 2 ἐν τῷ Πασκῶ περὶ κωμόγρ(αμματεία) Τοοῦ. The point at which Πασκῶ occurs in B. G. U. 553-4 indicates that this was at the extreme north of the Hermopolite nome (cf. 1659. int.), and evidently Χύσις was close to the boundary between that and the Oxyrhynchite nome, while Ἰβίων Χύσεως (l. 27, n.) seems to have been actually inside the Hermopolite nome. The Ἑρμοφίλου κληῖρος is mentioned in connexion with both villages (1724. 8 and 13).

21-7. The construction does not agree exactly with that of ll. 13-19. καὶ in l. 23 can be omitted. In l. 26 σης or της can be read instead of γης, and e. g. τῆς [τῆς συλληχθεί]σης τοποθεσίας or τῆς [τῆς συλληχθείσης | γῆς τοποθ. is possible; but l. 16 has τῆς τοποθεσίας simply, and these words may have been written twice in ll. 25-6 by mistake. For τοποθεσία cf. P. Giessen 100. 9 and P. S. I. 300. 11, where Rostowzew suggests ἐπὶ ταῖς οὐσαῖς γειννί]αις τε καὶ τοποθεσίαις. ὑπαρχόν]των in ll. 26-7 (cf. ll. 16, 25) is open to the objection that, if the antecedent of ὧν is ὑπάρχ(οντα), something of a tautology is produced. σων or γων could be read in place of των.

27. Ἰβίωνα Χύσεως: cf. 1442. 2, 1724. 13. This village, which presumably was near Χύσις (l. 20, n.), would at first sight be expected to be also in the Ἄνω τοπαρχία of the Oxyrhynchite nome, but we prefer to assign Ἰβίων Χύσεως to the Hermopolite nome and refer Ὁξ(υρρυγχίτου) νομοῦ to what follows, as in l. 20; cf. ll. 19-20, n. If Ἰβίων Χύσεως was in the Oxyrhynchite nome, μέν in l. 28 becomes superfluous. The absence of δέ to answer it creates no difficulty, for in the original contract ἐν δὲ τῇ μέσῃ τοπαρχίᾳ no doubt occurred in the section here indicated only by μετ' ἄλλα before καὶ π(ερί) Θῶλθιν Ἀρταπ[άτου. That village is evidently Θῶλθις in the Middle toparchy (1285. 104), to which Ἀρταπάτου belonged (1285. 110). Since Ἀρταπάτου is always used in the genitive, there is nothing to show whether it is here dependent on Θῶλθιν, as Χύσεως is on Ἰβίων, or two normally distinct villages are here combined, like Bacchias and Hephaestias (P. Fay. 15. 4, n.); but the former alternative is the more probable, especially on account of the mention of Ἀρταπάτου by itself in l. 29 and the existence of two more villages called Θῶλθις in other toparchies (1285. 123, 141), from which this Θῶλθις was distinguished by the addition of Ἀρταπάτου. In 1285. 40, where [. . . .]αυρ . [. corresponds to Ψῶβθεως in l. 133, [Ψῶβθ(εως) .]αυρ . [. is probable, there being two other villages called Ψῶβθις in the list.

28-9. ἀμπελικά κ[αὶ] τήματα β καὶ καλ(αμείας): cf. 1631. 7, n.

31. Παεῖμιν: a village in the Διβός τοπαρχία; cf. 1629. 8, n.

33. Ἀντιπέρα (Πέλα): cf. 1659. 42, where Ἀντιπ(έρα) Πέλα follows Πέλα and Παεῖμις at the end of a list of villages in the Διβός τοπαρχία, this being the only other mention of it. Whether the penultimate letter here was λ corrected to ρ or ρ corrected to λ is not clear;

but if the name of this village, which was evidently facing Πέλα on the other side of a river or canal (the ancient representative of the *Bahr Yusuſ*?), was Ἀντιπέλα, a mistake must be supposed in 1659. 42.

35. μετ'] ἀλλ[λα: cf. l. 28. There would be room for 2 more letters in the lacuna after [λα. κα]ταλειφθε... cannot be read.

1638. DIVISION OF AN INHERITANCE.

A 27.7 × 18.4 cm.; B 14.6 × 16 cm.

A. D. 282.

A contract for the division of the property of Psenamounis, a deceased inhabitant of Senokomis, a village in the Western toparchy, among his two families by different wives. The elder family, consisting of a brother and sister, received a house and adjoining ground, $3\frac{1}{2}$ arourae of corn-land and part (probably $\frac{2}{7}$; cf. l. 11, n.) of 4 slaves, while the rest of the property was assigned to the younger family, which consisted of two brothers of full age and three minors. The formula of the contract is somewhat unusual owing to the circumstance that the elder family consented to take less than the full amount to which they were entitled, in consideration of the payment of the deceased's debts by the younger family. Provision was made for obtaining the consent of the minors to the contract when they reached full age. Owing to the loss of the ends of lines throughout the construction of ll. 6-18 is not quite clear; but most of the document can be restored, and apparently the apodosis to ἐπ(ε)ί in l. 3 does not begin until l. 17. After that point a fragment of a duplicate (B) in a different hand, but with the signatures in the same hands, is of assistance in filling up the lacunae; the supplements derived from it are underlined in our text of A. Practically certain restorations of ll. 22, 24, 26, 28-30 show that in ll. 1-31 about 50 letters (in l. 28 45, in l. 29 61) are missing at the ends. In ll. 32-4 the lacuna is about 12 letters longer, and in ll. 35-9 about 5 letters longer still, but the writing of the second and third hands (ll. 33-9) is more spaced out than that of the first. The other contracts of the same class from Oxyrhynchus are mentioned in 1637. int.: of third and fourth-century contracts from other nomes for division of property, P. Tebt. 319 resembles 1638 in beginning with a long clause headed by ἐπεί; P. Brit. Mus. 978, Strassb. 29, and probably Flor. 50 are of the more usual type, ὁμολογοῦμεν... διηρῆσθαι... καὶ λελογχέναι. P. Gen. 11 (350), a contract concerning the roofing of a court, which is supplementary to a division of property, also begins like 1638, as does 1721.

Αὐρήλιοι Ἀφούς καὶ Τααρπαῖσις ἐκ μητρὸς Σινθώνιος καὶ οἱ ὁμοπάτριοι
ἀδελφοὶ Ἀρετ καὶ Σαρᾶς ἐκ μητρὸς Ταμμωνᾶτος οἱ τέσσαρες
Ψεναμού-

γιος Πανσεΐριος ἀπ(ὸ) κώμης Σενοκώμεως, ἡ δὲ Τααρπαῆσις χωρὶς κυρίου
τέκνων [δικαίῳ παρόντος καὶ εὐδοκοῦντος? 20 letters ἀλλήλοις
χαίρειν. ἐπὶ ὃ κοινὸς ἡμῶν πατὴρ καὶ δηλούμενος Ψεναμοῦνις ἐτελεύτησεν
ἐπὶ τε ἡμῖν τοῖς προκειμένοις? καὶ τοῖς ἀφῆλξιζιν ἡμῶν ἀδελφοῖς —
καὶ —

καὶ Σάμμι ἐκ μη(τρὸς) τῆς προτεταγμένης Ταμμωνᾶτος τοῖς ἐπτά κληρονόμοις,
καὶ τὰ ὑπ' αὐτ[οῦ] καταλειφθέντα πάντα ὄντα? ἐν ψιλῷ τόπῳ καὶ
σιτικαῖς ἀρούραις καὶ ἐνδο-

5 μενικοῖς σκεύεσι καὶ ἄλλοις καὶ τετραπόδοις καὶ δουλικοῖς σώμασι τέσσαρσι
Πανεχώ[τῃ]? ὥς (ἐτῶν) . . καὶ — ὥς (ἐτῶν) . .

καὶ Σινθῶνιν ὥς (ἐτῶν) κε καὶ τὴν ταύτης θυγατέραν Ταπάτριν ὥς (ἐτῶν)
ι, κοινὰ ὄντα [διηρήκαμεν?], ἔδοξεν δὲ τῷ Ἀφούτι καὶ τῇ Τααρπαῆσει
τῶν καταλει-

φθέντων ἐπὶ μόνοις τεισεῖν ἀρκεσθῆναι καὶ λαβεῖν εἰς τὸ κατ' αὐτοὺς
μέρο[υ]ς τῆς κληρονομίας τὸν — ἐν κώμῃ Σενοκώμει

μετὰ τῆς πατρικῆς οἰκίας αὐτῶν ψειλὸν τόπον βίκου ἐνός, οὗ γείτονες
νότου ψιλὸς τόπος? —, βορρά —, ἀπηλιώτου

εἴσοδος καὶ ἔξοδος, λιβὸς Ὀννώφριος καὶ ἄλλων, καὶ περὶ τὴν αὐτὴν
κώμην ἐκ τοῦ [— κλήρου ἀπὸ τῶν προκειμένων? σιτικῶν ἀρουρῶν —?

10 ἀρούρας τρεῖς ἡμισυ, ὧν ὅλων γείτονες νότου ὁδός, βορρά Παταύριος καὶ
ἄλλων, ἀπ[ηλιώτου] —, λιβὸς Σαρα-?

πίωνος ἄρξαντος Ἀλεξανδρίας, καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν προκειμένων δουλικῶν σωμάτων
μέρη δύο ἀπὸ μερῶν ἐπτά? — τῶν ἐπιβαλλόντων αὐτοῖς?

μερῶν ἀπὸ τῶν προκειμένων καταλιφθέντων παντοίων πάντων ὑπὸ τοῦ
πατρὸς — καὶ? μηδεμίαν

ἔφοδον ἢ ἐπέλευσιν αὐτοὺς ἔχειν εἰς τινα ἕτερα τῶν τῆς κληρονομίας παρέξ
τοῦ προκειμένου ψιλῷ τόπου καὶ τῶν σιτικῶν ἀρουρῶν τριῶν ἡμίσιους
καὶ τῶν μερῶν δύο τῶν δουλικῶν σωμάτων, ἐφ' ᾧ τε καὶ τοὺς περὶ τὸν
Ἄρετ [καὶ τὸν Σαρᾶν τελέσαι πάντα τὰ ὑπὸ τοῦ πατρὸς κατα-
λειφθέντα δημό-

15 σιά τε καὶ γεουχεικὰ καὶ ιδιωτικὰ ὀφ(ει)λήματα, κ[αὶ τ]ὴν ἀπόδοσιν τ[ο]ύ[τ]ων
ποιήσασθαι ἅμ[α] τοῖς ἐτέροις ἀδελφοῖς?, καὶ ἀπαρενοχλήτους καὶ ἀζημί-
ους παρ[έξει]ν τὸν τε Ἀφούν καὶ τὴν Τααρπαῆσιν περὶ παντὸς τοῦ
ἐπελευσμένου [ἢ ἐμποιησομένου καθ' ὀνηηποτοῦν τρόπον, παρέξειν
δὲ τὸν Ἄρετ καὶ

- τὸν Σαρᾶν [το]ῦς ἐτέρους καὶ δηλουμένους ἀφήλικας ἀδελφοὺς ἐν ἡλικίᾳ
γενομένου[ς] εὐδοκεῖν τῇδε τῇ ὁμολογίᾳ?, — τῶν ἐπιβαλλόν-
των αὐτοῖς μερῶν τῶν τῆς κληρονομίας ταῖς ἐνγεγραμμέναις αἰρέσεσιν
ἀλ[— περὶ πάντων πεισθέν- ?
τες ὁμολογοῦσιν οἱ μὲν περὶ τὸν Ἀφοῦν καὶ Τααρπα[ῆ]σιν ἐκουσίως καὶ
αὐθ[αιρέτως καὶ ἀμετανοήτως ? — ἰ τῶν
- 20 ἐπιβαλλόντων αὐτοῖς μερῶν ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν εἰς τὸν αἰὲ χρόνον καὶ μηδεμίαν
[ἔφοδον ἢ ἐπέλευσιν ποιήσασθαι περὶ ? ὧν ἔσχαμεν μερῶν, ἐφ' οἷς ?
καὶ ἡ(ρ)κέσθησαν, τοῦ τε προκιμένου ψειλοῦ τόπου καὶ τῶν σιτικῶν
ἀρουρῶν τριῶν ἡμίσεους καὶ τῶν μερῶν δύο τῶν δουλικῶν σωμάτων,
κυριεύειν δὲ ?
ὁμοίως ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν εἰς τὸν αἰὲ χρόνον καὶ χρᾶσθαι ἡμᾶς καὶ διοικῖν καὶ
οἰκονομεῖν περὶ αὐτῶν ὡς ἐὰν αἰρώμεθα ἀνεμποδίστως σὺν ἐκγό-
νοῖς καὶ τοῖς παρ' ὑμῶν μεταληψομένοις, οἱ δὲ περὶ τὸν Ἀρετ καὶ
Σαρᾶν [. τωσ . . . τῶν καταλειφθέντων ὡς πρόκειται ? ὑπὸ
τοῦ πα-
- τρὸς ἅμα τοῖς ἐτέροις ἀδελφοῖς καὶ χρήσασθαι καὶ αὐτοὺς ὡς ἐὰν αἰρῶντε
ἀνεμ[ποδίστως] σὺν ἐκγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρ' αὐτῶν μεταληψομένοις
- 25 καὶ τὴν ἀπόδοσιν ποιήσασθαι τῶν πάντων ὀφيلόμενων ὑπὸ τοῦ πατρός,
καὶ ἀπαρενοχλήτους παρέξειν τὸν Ἀφοῦν καὶ Τααρπαῆσιν περὶ
παντὸς τοῦ ἐπελευσομένου, καὶ παρέξειν τοὺς ἀφήλικας εὐδοκῖν τῇδε τῇ
ὁμολογίᾳ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ γενομένους, καὶ βεβαιώσιν τοῖς περὶ τὸν Ἀφοῦν
τὰ ἐν αὐτοῖς
ἐνγεγραμμένα ἀπὸ πάντων πάσῃ βεβαιώσει καὶ καθαρὰ ἀπὸ τε ὀφιλῆς καὶ
κα[τοχῆς πάσης] καὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς οὐτινοσοῦν ἄλλου, ἔτι δὲ καὶ ἀπὸ τῶν
ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν τελουμένων δημοσίων καὶ τελεσμάτων πάντων καὶ ἐπικλασ-
[μῶν καὶ ἐπιμερισμῶν παντοίων τῶν ἕως τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ζ (ἔτους)
καὶ αὐτοῦ τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ζ (ἔτους) διὰ τὸ τὰπὸ τοῦ εἰσιόντος η (ἔτους)
τούτων πρόσφορα εἶναι τ[ῶν περὶ τὸν Ἀφοῦν, πρὸς οὓς καὶ εἶναι τὰ
τοῦ αὐτοῦ η (ἔτους) δημόσια τελέσματα. κύρι-
- 30 α τὰ τῆς ὁμολογίας γράμματα ὀκτασ(σ)ὰ γραφέντα πρὸς τὸ ἐκάτερον μέρος
ἔχειν δ[ιστόν, ἅπερ ὀπηνίκα] ἐὰν αἰρῶνται ἢ καὶ τις αὐτῶν ἀνοί-
σουσι διὰ δημοσίου,
οὐ προσδεόμενοι τῆς τοῦ ἐτέρου μετα[λήμ]ψεως οὐδὲ ἐτέρ[ας συ]νενδοκ[ήσεως]
διὰ τὸ ἐντεῦθεν εὐδοκεῖν τῇ ἐσομένῃ διὰ τοῦ καταλογείου δημοσιώ-

σει, καὶ ἐπερωτήσαν[τες ἀ]λλήλ[ο]υς [ἐπὶ τούτ]οις ὥ[μ]ολόγησαν. [(ἔτους) ζ
 Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Πρόβου Περσικοῦ
 [Μεγίστου Γοθ?]ικοῦ Με[γί]στου Ε[ὐ]σε[β]ο[ύ]ς) Εὐτ[υχ]οῦς Σεβαστοῦ Φαρ-
 [μοῦθι κδ. (2nd hand) Αὐρήλιοι Ἀπποῦς καὶ Ταερπαῆσις ἐλάβομεν
 — τῶν

μερῶν τῆς πάσης [π]ατρικῆς [κλη]ρονομ[ίας] καὶ ἠρκέσθημεν ἐπὶ πᾶσι τοῖς
 ἐγγεγραμμένοις τοῦ ἐν-?

35 γαί[ο]ν καὶ τῶν μερῶν [δ]ύο τῶν δι[ου]λικῶν σ[ω]μάτων ἐπὶ πᾶσι τοῖς προ-
 κιμένοις, καὶ ἐπερωτηθέντες ὡμολογή-

σα[με]ν. Αὐρήλιος Λεωνίδης Καλλιστράτου [ἔγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν μὴ εἰδόντων
 γράμματα.

(3rd hand) Α[ὐ]ρή[λ]ι[ο]ι Ἀ[ρ]ετ καὶ Σαράς εὐδοκοῦμεν πᾶσει τοῖς προκει[μένοις]
 καὶ πάντα ποιήσομεν καὶ ἀζημίους καὶ ἀπαρε-

νοχλήτους παρ[έ]ξομεν τοὺς περὶ τὸν Ἀφοῦν ὡς πρ[ό]κειται, καὶ ἐπερωτηθέν-
 τες ὡμολογήσαμεν. —

ἔγραψα ὑ[πὲρ αὐ]τῶν μὴ εἰδόντων γράμμα[τα].

6. 1. Σινθώνει . . . καὶ τῇ κτλ.

12. ὑπο; so in l. 25.

14. ἀρετ': so in l. 23.

18. ταις ἐγγεγραμμεναις αἰρεσεσιν corr. from τοις ἐγγεγραμμένοις οἰς.

21. π of προκιμένου

corr. from ψ.

22. α of αει corr. ικ of διοικιν corr. from κι.

23. 1. ἡμῶν for ὑμῶν.

24. 1. αἰρῶνται.

28. ὑπερ.

30. τα τ corr. from της.

33. 1. Ἀφοῦς καὶ Τααρπαῆσις.

37. εἰ of πασει corr. from η.

'The Aurelii Aphous and Taarpaësis, whose mother is Sinthonis, and their brothers on the father's side Aret and Saras, whose mother is Tammonas, all four children of Psenamounis son of Pausiris, from the village of Senokomis, Taarpaësis acting without a guardian by the *ius liberorum*, in the presence and with the consent of . . ., to each other, greeting. Whereas our common father the aforesaid Psenamounis died leaving us the above-mentioned and our brothers who are minors, . . . and . . . and Sammis, whose mother is the aforesaid Tammonas, the seven of us, his heirs, and (we have divided?) all the property left by him, consisting of a vacant space, corn-land, household furniture, &c., four-footed animals, and four slaves, Panechotes aged about . . . Sinthonis aged about 25 and her daughter Tapatris, aged about 10, being held in common, and Aphous and Taarpaësis decided to be content with only certain portions of what was left, and to receive for their share of the inheritance . . . at the village of Senokomis with the paternal house a vacant space to the extent of 1 βίκος, of which the adjacent areas are on the south a vacant space (?) . . ., on the north . . ., on the east an entrance and exit, on the west the land of Onnophris and others, and in the area of the said village in the holding of . . . from the aforesaid corn-land 3½ arourae, of all of which the adjacent areas are on the south a road, on the north the land of Patauris and others, on the east . . ., on the west the land of Sarapion (?), ex-magistrate of Alexandria, and from the aforesaid slaves two shares out of seven (?), (and to renounce any other?) shares due to them from all the aforesaid property

of all kinds left by their father . . . , and (?) to bring no claim or action against any other parts of the inheritance except the aforesaid vacant ground, $3\frac{1}{2}$ arourae of corn-land, and two shares of the slaves, on condition that the party of Aret and Saras discharge all the debts, whether public, or attaching to the land, or private, left by our father, and pay them in conjunction with the other brothers (?), and shall secure Aphous and Taarpaësis against any trouble or injury in respect of any claim or action of any kind whatever, and that Aret and Saras shall obtain the consent of the other previously mentioned brothers, who are minors, to this contract when they come of age, . . . the shares due to them from the inheritance according to (?) the choices written therein . . . , the parties to the contract acknowledge, on the one hand the party of Aphous and Taarpaësis that they have voluntarily and of their own choice and irrevocably (renounced?) the shares due to them from the present time for ever, and will bring no claim or action about the shares (?) which we have received, with which they are also satisfied, namely the aforesaid vacant ground, $3\frac{1}{2}$ arourae of corn-land, and two shares of the slaves, and that they own these likewise from the present time for ever, and we have the use, disposition, and administration of them as we choose without hindrance with our offspring and successors, and on the other hand the party of Aret and Saras that they . . . the property left by the father together with the other brothers, and they too have the use of it as they choose without hindrance with their offspring and successors, and will pay all their father's debts, and secure Aphous and Taarpaësis against any trouble in respect of any claim, and will obtain the consent of the minors to this contract when they come of age, and will guarantee to the party of Aphous all the property described in it against all claims with every guarantee, as free from any debt or liability or any other claim whatsoever, and also from all public dues, taxes, extra levies, and rates of all kinds payable on it up to the present 7th year and including the present 7th year, because the profits of this property from the coming 8th year onwards belong to the party of Aphous, who are responsible for the public taxes of the said 8th year. This deed of contract is valid, there being 8 copies of it in order that each party may have 2, and whenever they or any one of them choose, they may register it publicly without requiring the participation of the other side or any further agreement, because they forthwith agree to the publication to be made through the record-office, and having asked each other the formal question they gave their consent on these terms.' Date and signatures.

2. For *παρόντος καὶ εὐδοκούντος* cf. 1637. 7, n., and for *ἀλλήλοις* in similar contexts P. Amh. 99. 4, Brit. Mus. 978. 4, Ryl. 157. 3.

4. For *ψιλῶ τόπῳ* (including the house mentioned in l. 8) and *σιτικάῖς ἀρούραις* (perhaps followed by a figure; cf. l. 9) cf. l. 21.

4-5. *ἐνδο]μενικοῖς σκεύεσι*: cf. P. Leipz. 28. 20 *ἐνδομενικοῖς διαφόροις σκεύεσει*.

5. *Πανεχώ[τη]*: this is a common masculine name at Oxyrhynchus, the feminine form being *Τανεχώτις* (e. g. 1208. 3); hence *καὶ τῇ ταύτης θυγατρὶ* (cf. l. 6) is unsuitable. *Πανεχά[τη]*, which is also masculine, cannot be read.

6. For *διηρήκαμεν* cf. P. Gen. 11. 5 *ἐπειδὴ . . . [δ]ιαιρήκαμεν πρὸς ἑαυ[τ]ούς*. With e. g. *διαίρεται* or *κατήντησε* (cf. P. Tebt. 319. 4) the accusatives in ll. 5-6 are not accounted for; but in any case these ought to have been datives. For *ἔδοξεν δὲ* cf. P. Tebt. 319. 10.

8. *οἰκίας*: this is apparently ignored in ll. 4 and 21.

βίκου: a land-measure of unknown size; cf. 100. 10, P. Halle, p. 199.

ψ[ιλὸς τοπὸς ?]: or e. g. *Ψ[εναμούνιος]*.

11. For *μέρη δύο* cf. ll. 14 and 35. *ἀπὸ μερῶν ἑπτὰ* is restored on the analogy of 503. 6-7 *μέρη δύο ἀπὸ μερῶν πέντε*. For *ἑπτὰ* cf. l. 4 and *κοινὰ ὄντα* in l. 6, which suggests that before division the property was owned in equal shares by the brothers. *τεσσάρων* is improbable, for since there were four slaves to be divided, these would probably, if the elder

family received two shares out of four, have been assigned as individuals. For fractions of a slave cf. 722. int. and P. Freiburg 8. 13-14.

12. *μερῶν ἀπό*: the second word is not *δύο* or *ἐπτά*. For the preceding restoration *τῶν ἐπιβαλλόντων αὐτοῖς* cf. ll. 17-18 and 19-20, where too the verb which apparently governs *μερῶν* is missing. That lost in l. 19 may well have been the same as here, and if *ἐπιβαλλόντων* refers to the claims of the elder family upon the property prior to the division, *ἀφίστασθαι* would be suitable; but if *ἐπιβαλλόντων* refers to the present contract, a word like *κρατεῖν* or *κυριεύειν* is required; cf. l. 19, n. In place of *καί*, which leaves *ἔχειν* in l. 13 dependent on *ἔδοξεν* in l. 6, *ὥστε* or *ἐφ' ᾧ* (cf. *ἐφ' ᾧ τε* in l. 14) can be read. That the main sentence began in l. 12 and *ἔχειν* is dependent on *ὁμολογοῦσι* to be supplied there is improbable, since *ὁμολογοῦσι* occurs apparently for the first time in l. 19, and the general correspondence between ll. 12-18 and 19-26 is quite intelligible if ll. 12-17 belong to the *ἐπ(ε)ί* clause, but not if they belong to the main sentence.

15. *ὀφ(ε)λήματα*: cf. l. 25 *ὀφίλομένων*.

ἀμ[α τοῖς ἐτέροις ἀδελφοῖς?]: cf. l. 24. An adverb (e. g. *ἀμ[έπτως]*) is possible.

ἀπαρενοχλήτους καὶ ἀζημί[ους]: for the combination cf. P. Brit. Mus. 932. 20. In l. 25 there is hardly room for two words, and in ll. 37-8 *ἀπαρενοχλήτους* apparently occurred second.

17. For *τῇδε τῇ ὁμολογίᾳ* cf. l. 26; but since this clause still belongs to the *ἐπεὶ* sentence (cf. l. 12, n.), another word than *ὁμολογία* (e. g. *διαίρεσις* or *τοῦτοις*) may have been used here.

18. The position of *περιπ[(or περιγ.)]* in B indicates only a short lacuna between it and *τες*, so that *ἀλ[λήλους — περὶ πάντων ἐπερωτήσαν]τες* is unsuitable, and cf. P. Freiburg 8. 8 *κατὰ πᾶν συνπεπεισμένοι*.

19. For *καὶ ἀμετανοήτως*, which can be omitted, cf. P. Strassb. 29. 31. The doubtful *ι* before *τῶν ἐπιβαλλόντων* in B can be *ν*, so that e. g. either *ἀφίστασθαι τῶν* or *κρατεῖν τῶν* could be read, or *εἰληφέναι τὸ πᾶν τῶν* (cf. *λαβεῖν* in l. 7, *ἐλάβομεν* (?) in l. 33, and *ἔσχαμεν* in l. 20); cf. l. 12, n. The verb in l. 23, which balances that in l. 19, is also uncertain.

21. There does not seem to be room for *κρατεῖν δὲ καὶ κυριεύειν*, which are usually found together in this context.

23. [*αὐθαιρέτως* (cf. l. 19) is possible after *Σαρᾶν*. In B there is hardly room for *κρατῖν* between *]τως [* and *τῶν καταλι]φθέ[ντων* (*κεκλη]ρώσ[θαι* is inadmissible).

25. Cf. l. 15, n., and l. 37.

28. The supplement (cf. 1208. 22, 1700. 19) is rather short (44 letters besides the sign for *ἔτους*), compared to that in l. 29 (61 letters, which can hardly be diminished except by omitting *τόν*).

30. *δ[ισσόν]* ought strictly to have been *τετρασσόν*, since there were 8 copies; cf. 1704. 20, 1717. 4. B has *ερωνται η κε τις*. For *ἀνοίσουσι διὰ δημοσίου* cf. 1208. 24 (as corrected in P. Ryl. 163. 13-14, n.) *ἀνοίσις διὰ δημ.* That the *δ* after *ἔσομένη* in B belongs to *διὰ* rather than *δημοσίωσει* is not quite certain; but without *διὰ τοῦ καταλογείου*, for which cf. 1698. 24 (it is omitted in 1208. 25), the supplement is only 42 letters.

32-3. On the titles of Probus see 1631. 34, n. As far as the lacunae in A are concerned, *Περσικοῦ Μεγίστου Γοθικοῦ | Μεγίστου Παρθ]ικοῦ Μεγίστου* might be restored, but the shorter restoration, which omits *Παρθ. Μεγ.*, suits B better, and in A there may have been a space before the date.

33. For *ἐλ]άβομ[εν* in B cf. l. 7. If the genitive *μερῶν* in l. 34 is right, something like *τὸ πᾶν* is expected to account for it (*μετελ]άβομ[εν* cannot be read in B, unless *Ταερπαῖ(σις)* was written, which is unlikely). The body of the contract does not help at this point; cf. l. 19, n.

37-8. That B had more than *ἀπαρενοχλήτους* is certain, for even *ἀ[ζημίους καὶ ἀπαρενόκλη]*

τον (*sic*) παρέξομεν gives only 20 letters in a lacuna corresponding to [δοτων . . . ευδοκου] in the line preceding; cf. l. 15, n. One of the adjectives here may have been ἀνεισπράκτους, which is often coupled with ἀπαρενοχλήτους in papyri.

38. B omits τὸν before Ἀφούν.

(e) *Loans.*

1639. PAYMENT IN ADVANCE FOR WHEAT.

30.5 x 13.6 cm.

B.C. 73 or 44? Plate III.

An acknowledgement from two Persians of the epigone to a κάτοικος ἱππεύς of the receipt of the price of 30 artabae of wheat, which were to be delivered after the harvest. The formula, which closely resembles that of P. Reinach 30 (late 2nd cent. B.C.), is largely that of a loan. The papyrus, which certainly belongs to the first century B.C., is dated in Phaophi of the 9th year of an unnamed sovereign, and the resemblances between the first hand of 1639 and 236 c (reign of Auletes; Part ii, Plate v) and P. Grenf. ii. 39 (2nd year of Auletes?; Plate v) and between the third hand of 1639 and P. Tebt. 103 (21st year of Auletes?; Part i, Plate vii) suggest the 9th year of Auletes (B.C. 73) or of Cleopatra VI (B.C. 44; cf. 1629. I, n.). The payment is, however, made through the private bank of Heraclides at the Serapeum of Oxyrhynchus (ll. 3-5, n.), and though banks other than βασιλικαὶ τράπεζαι existed in Ptolemaic Egypt, the earliest known reference to an ἰδιωτικὴ τράπεζα is in B.C. 6 (P. Brit. Mus. 890. 2, from Hermopolis). Moreover the docket of the bank in ll. 30-1, certifying the payment of the price in question, is identical in form with bank-dockets on first-century receipts from Oxyrhynchus (l. 31, n.). We are therefore not prepared to exclude the attribution of the 9th year to Augustus, though 1639 presents a more strongly marked Ptolemaic appearance than the Oxyrhynchus papyri from the earlier part of his reign, e. g. 277.

The juristic character of that class of documents to which 1639 belongs has been much disputed. Rabel (*Zeitschr. d. Savigny-Stift.* xxviii. 315 and P. Basel 5. int.), Preisigke (P. Strassb. 1. int.), and now P. M. Meyer (*Griech. Texte* 7. int., in opposition to P. Hamb. 21. int.) distinguish those examples, in which, as in 1639, the price is not stated, from those in which it is given, and which are to be regarded as payments in advance (e. g. P. Tebt. 109). The former class they consider to be instances of *datio in solutum*, 'Hingabe an Erfüllungsstatt', i. e. undertakings for the cession of property in payment of a previously existing debt, couched in the form of a fictitious sale of the property in advance. We (P. Hibeh 84 (a). int., Tebt. 379. int.), in common with Wenger (*Gött. gel. Anz.* 1907. 316), Berger (*Strafklauseln* 143), and Mitteis (*Chr.* 139), have regarded both sets of

examples as genuine sales in advance. Wilcken (*Archiv* v. 253) and Bell (P. Brit. Mus. 1656 and 1774. int.) are undecided. The simpler hypothesis that the omission of the price, which is no uncommon feature of sales (cf. e. g. B. G. U. 177, 584, 806; P. Brit. Mus. 282), is really immaterial, and that the money for which a receipt is given actually changed hands, even though its amount is not stated, gains much support from 1639, which, without giving the actual sum, not only mentions the bank making the payment, but has a docket similar to those found in receipts involving an actual payment. Evidently the omission of the price is here to be explained by the circumstance that the amount of it was not an essential element in the contract, which is mainly concerned with the delivery of the produce bought, and the same explanation holds good in the other examples in which the price is not specified. The *datio in solutum* explanation of these instances seems to us over-subtle, like the theory of the 'fictive Mitgift', for which see 266. int. There is indeed an example of a *datio in solutum* in P. Gradenwitz 10 (B. C. 215-214); but there the price of the asses surrendered by a fictitious sale is given, and a clause in the contract, to which there is no parallel in 1639, definitely states that the transaction was made in settlement of a loan, and the formula of P. Gradenwitz 10 develops into that of a sale, not like P. Hibeh 84 a and 1639 into that of a loan, so that it does not provide any support for a *datio in solutum* explanation of 1639. In the absence of a definite indication that such contracts as 1639, in which goods are paid for but not delivered, conceal a prior relationship of creditor and debtor between the parties, making the payment for the goods fictitious, these documents are to be explained simply as acknowledgements of payments in advance, and the converse of such contracts as 914 and B. G. U. 1146, in which goods are delivered but not paid for, i. e. are bought on credit.

Ὁρσενουφίς καὶ Πεκῦ[σι]ς ἀμφ[ό]τεροι Πετοσίριος Πέρσαι τῆς ἐ-
 π[ι]γονῆς Θέω[ν]ι τῶι καὶ [Θ]ωῶγει Θέωνος τῶν κατ[ο]ίκων
 [ί]π[π]έων χαίρειν. ὁμο[λ]ο[γ]οῦμεν ἔχε[ιν] παρὰ σοῦ ἐπὶ τοῦ
 [πρὸ]ς Ὁξύρυγχων πόλει Σ[α]ραπιείου ἃ [καὶ] διαγράφεται
 5 [διὰ] τῆς Ἡρα[κλε]ίδου ιδιωτικῆς τραπέζης τιμὴν
 [πυρ]οῦ σ[τε]ρεοῦ ἀκρίθου ἀρταβῶν τρι[ά]κοντα, ἃς καὶ ἀπο-
 [δώ]σομέ[ν] σοι ἐν τῶι Π[α]ννι μ[η]ν[ι] τ[οῦ] ἐνεστῶτ[ο]ς ἐνάτ[ο]υ
 [ἔ]τους. πυρὸν στερεὸν [νέον] καθαρὸν ἄδ[ο]λον ἄκριθον
 [μέτρω] τοῦ? τῆς π[ό]λεως Σαραπιείου? κατα[στήσαντες]
 10 τοῖς ἰδί[οις] ἀνηλώμα[σιν] οἷς ἂν συντάσ[σ]ῃς ἐπὶ τ[οῦ] αὐτοῦ
 ἱεροῦ. ἐὰν δὲ μὴ ποιῶ[μεν] [κ]αθὰ γέγραπται, ἐκτεί-

σ[ο]μέν σοι δι' ἐγγύων ἀλλήλων τιμὴν ἐκάστης ἀρτάβης
 ἥς ἐ[ὰ]ν [μὴ] ἀ[π]οδώσι χαλκοῦ δραχμὰς τετρακισχιλίας,
 τῆς πράξεως σοι οὔσης ἕκ τε ἀμφοτέρων καὶ ἐξ οὗ ἔαν
 15 αἰρῇ καὶ ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων ἡ[μ]ῖν πάντων καθάπερ
 ἐκ δίκης[ς,] μὴ μενουσῶν ἡμῖν π[ί]στεων [κ]αθ' ὄντιν οὖν
 τρόπ[ον, τ]ῶν δ' ἐπενεχθησομένων ὑφ' ἡμῶν ἀκύρων
 οὐσῶν. ἀ[γ]ωγίμοί σοι δὲ ἐσόμεθα ἐπὶ τε τοῦ προνο-
 μασμ[έν]ου Σαραπιείου καὶ ἐπὶ παντὸς ἀσύλου καὶ
 20 ἄρχοντ[ος] καὶ ὅπου ἂν τῶι καθόλου περιπίπτῃς ἡμῖν.
 κυρία [ἡ χ]εῖρ παντα[χῇ] ἐπιφερομένη καὶ παντὶ τῶι
 ἐπιφέ[ρο]ντι.

(ἔτους) θ Φαῶφι κ.

2nd hand Ὀρσενούφης καὶ Πεκῦσις ἀποδώσομεν
 25 τ[ὰς] τ[ο]ῦ πυροῦ ἀρτάβας τριάκοντα
 κ[αθό]τι πρόκειται.
 Ἀμμώνιος Σ[ω]σιπάτρου γέγραφα ὑπὲρ
 αὐ[τ]ῶν ἀξιω[θ]εῖς διὰ τὸ μὴ ἐπίστασ-
 θα[ι α]ὐτοὺς γρ[ά]μματα. (ἔτους) θ Φαῶφι κ.

3rd hand ἔτους θ Φαῶφι κ, διὰ Ἡρα(κλείδου) τρα(πέζης)
 31 [γέγ]ονεν ἡ διαγραφ(ή).

On the verso

ἔτους θ Φαῶφι, χειρό(γραφον) (πυροῦ) (ἀρταβῶν) λ
 Ὀρσενούφιδος τε καὶ Πεκ(ύσιος) πρ(ὸς) Θέω(να) τὸν καὶ
 Θεῶ[νιν].]

13. 1. ἀ[π]οδώμεν.

18. Final ι of ἀ[γ]ωγίμοι corr. from σ.

‘Orsenouphis and Pekusis, both sons of Petosiris, Persians of the epigone, to Theon also called Thoönis, son of Theon, of the catocic cavalry, greeting. We acknowledge that we have received from you at the Serapeum at Oxyrhynchus the sum paid through the private bank of Heraclides as the price of 30 artabae of hard wheat unmixed with barley, which we are to deliver to you in the month of Pauni of the present 9th year in hard, new, pure, unadulterated wheat, unmixed with barley, by the measure of the Serapeum (?) of the city, transporting it at our own expense to whomever you may appoint at the said temple. If we fail to perform these conditions, we will forfeit, being jointly sureties for each other, to you the price of each artaba which we fail to deliver, 4,000 drachmae of bronze, you having the right of execution upon us both or whichever you choose and upon all our property, as if by a legal decision, no plea of any kind remaining to us, and any that we

may produce being invalid. And we shall be liable to arrest by you at the aforesaid Serapeum and in any place of asylum and before any magistrate and in any place whatsoever where you may encounter us. This bond is valid wherever and by whomever it is produced. 'The 9th year, Phaophi 20.' Signature of Orsenouphis and Pekusis, docket of the bank, and on the verso the title.

3-5. Cf. 1132. 8-12, n., 1411. 4, n., where this papyrus is referred to, and Preisigke's discussion of the evidence for banks at the Serapeum of Oxyrhynchus in *Grirowesen* 20-7. To his seven instances should be added (besides 1639) 305 τῆς Ἀρποκρατίωνος τοῦ Ἀπερώτος ἰδιωτικῆς τρ. (A.D. 20), 319 τῆς Πλου[.]ωνος τρ. (37), 304 τῆς Ἀμμωνίου καὶ Ἐπιμάχου τρ. (55), 1132. 9 τῆς ἐπὶ τοῦ πρὸς Ὁξ. πόλ. Σαρ. Φανίου ἀρχιερατεύσαντος καὶ Πτολεμαίου τῶν σὺν Αὔδασίῳ Παυλείῳ ἐπιτηρητῶν τρ. (162), 1473. 6 τῆς ἐπὶ τοῦ πρ. Ὁξ. πόλ. Σαρ. τρ. (201). Preisigke, who owing to the brevity of our description of 305 did not realize that the ἰδιωτικὴ τράπεζα of Harpocraton was at the Serapeum, considered that there were two kinds of banks there, (1) the δημοσία τράπεζα ('Staatskasse'), and (2) a bank leased by the government ('Staatsbank'), having specially close relations with the State, and distinct from the ἰδιωτικαὶ τράπεζαι, which were purely private companies. It is, however, clear from 305 and 1639 that there was an ἰδιωτικὴ τράπεζα at the Serapeum, and if that was distinct from the bank leased by the government and sometimes administered by ἐπιτηρηταί (91, 513, and 1132), four of Preisigke's six instances of a 'Staatsbank' (267, 264, 269, and 98) together with 319 and 304 are more likely to refer to an ἰδιωτικὴ τράπεζα: for all these instances are concerned with private, not official, transactions, and that banks named after individuals often belonged to the class of ἰδιωτικαὶ τράπεζαι in spite of the omission of the word ἰδιωτικὴ is clear from (1) 305, where ἰδιωτικῆς is omitted in the docket διὰ τῆς Ἀρποχρα(τίωνος) [τρ]ά- (πεξης) γέ[γο]νεν ἢ διαγραφῇ, (2) P. Brit. Mus. 1168, where ἰδιωτικὴ is once inserted (l. 21), and once omitted (l. 54), in connexion with the Σύρου τράπεζα at Hermopolis in A.D. 44, and (3) the probable identity of the Πτολ(εμαίου) τρ. at Hermopolis in P. Brit. Mus. 1168. 49 with the Πτολεμαίου ἰδιωτικὴ τρ. in P. Ryl. 173. 1 (10 years earlier). The question of the relation of private banks to those leased by the government has not yet been definitely decided; cf. Wilcken, *Grundz.* 160. If the view which we put forward in connexion with 513 is correct, and the Ptolemaic bank-monopoly continued in the Roman period, there is no need to suppose the existence of more than one bank besides the δημοσία τράπεζα at the Serapeum of Oxyrhynchus; if Preisigke is right in distinguishing the leased from the private banks, it becomes necessary to suppose the existence of at least two. The use of the term ἰδιωτικὴ, which is evidently contrasted with δημοσία, is not inconsistent with our view, and as far as Oxyrhynchus is concerned the evidence concerning private banks is decidedly unfavourable to Preisigke's distinction between them and 'Staatsbanken'. Of the six instances of private banks at Oxyrhynchus quoted by him (*op. cit.* 37) the first, concerning the bank of Harpocraton at the Serapeum (305; *v. sup.*), refers to a private transaction, but the other five (from 288-9) occur in receipts for payments of taxes to the State; and of four more 312 (37) διὰ Δωρί(ωνος) καὶ Πτολ(εμαίου) τρα(π.), 308 (45) διὰ Δωρί(ωνος) καὶ Διον(υσίου) τρα(π.), and 313 (47) διὰ Κολ(ούθου) (or διὰ Κολ(υβιστικῆς)?), καὶ [. . .] () τρα(π.) also occur in tax-receipts, while only 323 διὰ τῆς [.]θέωνος τραπ. γέγονεν ἢ διαγραφῇ and [διὰ τῆς Π]αμφίλου τοῦ Σαραπίωνος τραπ. περιλέλ(υται) ἢ διαγραφῇ refers to a private transaction. The phenomenon of tax-receipts issued by banks called τοῦ δέινος appears first in Theban ostraca of Augustus' reign (Wilcken, *Ost.* i. 92-3; Preisigke's proposal in *op. cit.* 17¹ to identify ἡ Κεφάλου τράπ. in these with ἡ ἐν Διοσπόλει τῇ μεγάλῃ τράπ., of which Κεφάλος was τραπεζίτης according to *Ost.* 1345, is vitiated by the difference of about 100 years between the dates of *Ost.* 1345 and 1365, &c.). Wilcken with some hesitation regarded these as issued by the δημοσία τράπ., and if it is once admitted, as is done by Preisigke

following Wilcken, that at Thebes in the early Roman period the δημόσιαι τράπ. were called after the names of individuals, the Oxyrhynchus examples of tax-receipts issued by banks may after all refer to the δημοσία τράπ. Their formula is just the same as that found in Wilcken's *Ost.* 361, 1317, 1319-20, in which the substitution of διὰ τῆς τοῦ δέινος τραπ. for ἐπὶ τὴν τοῦ δέινος τράπ. found in his 1365, &c., probably does not affect the meaning materially. The only instance of an official bank with a name in the genitive is P. Tebt. 587 (about A.D. 1) ἐπὶ τῇ(ν) [ἐν Πτολ(εμαίδι)] Εὐεργ(έτιδι) δημο(σίαν) τρά(π.) Δωρίωνο(ς) τρα(πεζίτου), but this variation from the usual description of an official bank as one ἐφ' ἧς ὁ δέινα is hardly parallel to the examples of banks called τοῦ δέινος simply. At Arsinoë Preisigke considers that the bank τοῦ δέινος in the Ταμείων quarter was a 'Staatsbank' because some of its transactions concern official payments; but the banks at Oxyrhynchus which he regards as private were to an even larger extent, so far as is known, concerned with official payments, and the case for separating the bank Ταμείων from the other banks at Arsinoë is not at all strong. At Hermopolis there was a bank known as ἡ μισθωτῶν τράπεζα, all the transactions concerning it being of a private character. This too Preisigke on the evidence of the name regards as a 'Staatsbank'; but he classes the ἐπιτηρουμένη τράπεζα at Hermopolis (P. Flor. 1. 3, &c., Strassb. 52. 8, *Mélanges Nicole* 193, P. Ryl. 176. 2) with the private banks, though the parallelism between it and the bank at the Serapeum of Oxyrhynchus administered by ἐπιτηρηταί (cf. p. 59) suggests that it was a bank which was normally leased, and, if so, it ought on Preisigke's theory of 'Staatsbanken' to be identical with the μισθωτῶν τράπεζα. We are therefore not prepared to accept his account of official and private banks in the Roman period as satisfactory. Our own view may be briefly expressed as follows. In the Ptolemaic period besides the βασιλικαὶ τράπεζαι there were banks called in P. Rev. Laws lxxv-vi τράπεζαι simply, which were all leased by the State and apparently called after the names of the lessees, as illustrated by the Σωτίωνος τράπεζα at Acoris (P. Reinach 7. 9); but whether the Πτολεμαῖος τραπεζίτης at a village of the Arsinoite nome (P. Fay. 12) was, as Preisigke (*op. cit.* 10) supposes, a lessee rather than a βασιλικὸς τραπεζίτης is very doubtful. As soon as the Romans took Egypt, probably even earlier, ιδιωτικαὶ τράπεζαι make their appearance, and banks which were evidently not δημόσιαι τράπεζαι are found in connexion with official payments. Such banks are distinguished from the δημόσιαι τράπεζαι by being called after individuals; but the bank-monopoly of the government still survived, and the persons who gave their names to banks, whether these were called ιδιωτικαί or not, are probably to be regarded as lessees. In the second and third centuries these banks are sometimes found under the administration of official ἐπιτηρηταί, a circumstance which may be due to the difficulty of finding private persons willing to become lessees of banks, just as it became difficult to obtain tax-farmers (cf. 44) and agoranomi (cf. 1642). The existence in each metropolis of a single leased 'Staatsbank', which was specially privileged in regard to official transactions, side by side with a number of purely private banks owned by individuals and not leased to them, seem to us unwarranted by the evidence which is so far available.

5-6. τιμὴν π[υρ]οῦ: cf. int. and l. 13, where the value per artaba in case of failure to deliver the wheat at the proper time is 4,000 drachmae. This sum, which is unusually high, probably represents twice, or at any rate, $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the amount of the price paid by Theon; cf. Berger, *Strafklauseln* 34-5, 111, 143-6; P. Tebt. 105. 46, 109. 15, nn.

8. στερεόν [νέον καθαρὸν ἄδ]ολον: cf. 836, 1629. 11, P. Reinach 9. 20, &c. Reinach translates στερεόν 'compact'. We suppose it to mean 'hard', i. e. 'ripe'.

9. [μέτρῳ τοῦ?] τῆς π[ό]λεως Σαραπείου?: a mention of a temple-measure is in any case rendered probable by τ[ο]ῦ αὐτοῦ ἱεροῦ in ll. 10-11, and for Σαραπείου cf. ll. 18-19 τοῦ προσωνομασμέν[ου] Σαρ. (though the reference there, as in l. 11, can be to the mention of the Serapeum in l. 4) and P. Tebt. 109. 20-1 [μέτρῳ] ἐξαχονίκῳ δρόμου τοῦ ἐν τ[ῇ] προ[γεγραμμένῃ]

κώμη Σουχίου. But only seven letters are expected in the initial lacuna, and ι adscript elsewhere in 1639 is not omitted except in subjunctives (cf. the next n.), so that there is barely room for τοῦ, and though π[ό]λεω[s] suits the traces and s of τῆς is fairly certain, there may be a letter between s and the supposed π.

10. οἷς ἂν συντάσ]σης: cf. P. Reinach 28. 9-10 καταστήσῃ οἷς ἂν συντάσση ἐν τῇ [Ἀκώριος, and for the omission of ι adscript l. 20 περιπίπτῃς. The vestige of a letter joining ης is very slight and indecisive, but ἐξ ἀλληλεγγύ]ης is not expected at this point, especially as δι' ἐγγύων ἀλλήλων occurs in l. 12, and ἄνευ δίκης (cf. e. g. P. Reinach 20. 25-6 τοῖς ἰδίο[ις ἀνηλώμασι ἄνευ] δίκης καὶ κρίσεως καὶ πάσης κακοτεχνί]ας) is not long enough.

13. Cf. ll. 5-6, n.

16. π[ί]στεων: cf. e. g. B. G. U. 1156. 24-5 μὴ ἐξί[ναι] αὐτοῖς ἐπιφέρειν πίστεις μήτε καταφεύγειν ἐπὶ . . .

18. ἀ[γ]ώγιοι: the connexion between the occurrence of this clause and Persians of the epigone (l. 1) is once more illustrated (cf. 1471. int.); but 1639 is noteworthy for not being a συγχώρησις, like the other contracts in which the clause occurs.

27. Σ[ω]σιπάτρου: Ἀ[ν]τιπάτρου is unsuitable, but the first letter might begin with a straight stroke, e. g. Π.

30. τρα(πέζης): or τρα(πεζίτου), since there is no τῆς before Ἡρα(κλείδου).

31. [γέγ]ονεν ἢ διαγρα(φή): cf. int. and 264. 26, 267. 34, 269. i. 22, 305 and 323 (quoted on p. 59), and Preisigke, *Griechenwesen* 232-3.

1640. LOAN OF WHEAT.

15 X 14.5 cm.

A. D. 252.

This conclusion of a contract (χειρόγραφον) for a loan of wheat is chiefly interesting on account of the mention of a new measure called πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα and apparently identical with the μέτρον τετραχολνικόν (ll. 4-5, n.). Other Oxyrhynchus loans of corn in the Roman period are 988 recto (224) and 1040 (225); and like them and 1711 (a late third-century loan of money), &c., 1640 was written in duplicate in parallel columns. We omit Col. i, of which only the ends of lines are preserved.

[ἀποδώσω ἐν μηνὶ Παῦ-]
 νι τοῦ ἐν[ε]στ[ῶτος τρίτου] ἔξου[ς]
 πυροῦ νέου καθαροῦ ἀδόλου ἀβώλου
 ἀκρίθου κεκοσκινευμένου μέτρῳ
 5 πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα ἀννπερ[πε]θέτως.
 εἰ δὲ μή, ἐκτείσω σοι τοῦ ὑπερπεσόντος
 χρόνου διάφορον ἐκ τρίτου, γεινο-
 μένης τῆς πράξεως παρὰ τε ἐμοῦ
 καὶ ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων μοι πάντων.

- 10 κύρια τὰ γράμματα δισσὰ γραφέντα παν-
ταχῇ ἐπιφερόμενα [καὶ π]αντὶ τῷ ὑ-
πὲρ σοῦ ἐπιφέροντι, [καὶ ἐπ]ερωτηθεὶς
ὡμολόγησα. (ἔτους) γ [Αὐ]τοκρατόρων
Καيسάρων Γαίου Οὐί[βί]ου Τρεβωνιανοῦ
15 Γάλλου καὶ Γαίου Οὐίβ[ί]ου Ἀφινίου Γάλλου
Οὐελδουμιανοῦ Οὐολου[σ]ιανοῦ Εὐσεβῶν
Εὐτυχῶν Σεβ[α]στῶν Φαῶφι κ.
2nd hand Αὐρήλιος Καλπούρνιος ἔσχον
καὶ παραμεμέτ[ρημαι] τὰς τοῦ πυροῦ
20 ἀρτάβας δεκάπεντε καὶ ἀποδώσω
τῇ δηλουμένη προθεσμίᾳ, καὶ ἐπε-
ρωτηθεὶς ὡμολόγησα.

16. ευσεβῶ.

'... I will repay in the month Pauni of the present 3rd year in wheat that is new, pure, unadulterated, free from earth and barley, and sifted, by the measure of (?) ten hundredths without delay; or, if I fail, I will forfeit to you for the overtime an extra payment at the rate of one-third, you having the right of execution upon myself and all my property. This deed written in duplicate is valid wherever and by whomever on your behalf it is produced, and in answer to the formal question I gave my consent.' Date and signature of the borrower.

2. τρίτου] ἔτου[ς]: Col. i has apparently τρίτ[ον] ἔτ[ο]ν[ς] at this point, certainly not δ]ευτέρ[ο]ν or] τρίτ[ο]ν.

4-5. μέτρῳ πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα: the clause introduced by πρὸς generally refers to the standard to which the actual measure in use was equated, the accompanying participle, where expressed, being συμβεβλημένῳ; cf. P. Lille 21. 23-5 and Ryl. 166. 15-16, n. Here, however, if a participle is to be supplied at all, συμβεβλημένῳ is hardly appropriate, and the phrase is in any case novel and not parallel to e. g. P. Amh. 43. 9 μέτρῳ δικαίῳ τῷ πρὸς τὸ βασιλικὸν χαλκόν. $\frac{10}{100}$ presumably refers to an artaba, of which the fraction $\frac{1}{10}$ is known (cf. 1446. int.), and the phrase is, we think, merely a variant for μέτρῳ δεκάτῳ, which would be parallel to the instances of μέτρῳ τετάρτῳ, ἕκτῳ, and ὀγδόῳ. On these concrete measures containing $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, and $\frac{1}{8}$ of artaba see Hultsch, *Archiv* ii. 290, and Bell, P. Brit. Mus. v. p. 158. With an artaba of 40 choenices, such as is found in 9 verso and elsewhere, a measure containing $\frac{1}{10}$ of it would be a μέτρον τετραχοίνικον, and though Hultsch wished to identify this with the μέτρον ἕκτον and refer both to the artaba of 24 choenices, the μέτρον τετραχοίνικον can apply just as well to an artaba of 40. Another possible explanation of μέτρον πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα would be to connect it with the μέτρον ἑνδεκάμετρον in a corresponding position in P. Fay. 90. 14, i. e. an artaba of 11 μέτρα or 44 choenices, as contrasted with an artaba of presumably 40 choenices in which the original loan was made (cf. Hultsch, *Archiv* ii. 293). The $\frac{10}{100}$ would on this view represent the difference between the standards used in the payment and repayment of the loan, and ἑκατοσταί as extra charges, probably

sometimes connected with differences of measures, are well known ; but the first explanation seems to suit *πρὸς ἑκατοστάς* better. The phrase recurs in 1743. 8.

7. *διάφορον ἐκ τρίτου* : *ἐξ ἡμιολίας* is more usual ; cf. 1474. 18 and 1628. 16, nn.

13. (*ἔτους*) *γ* : only the bottom of *γ* is preserved, but *α* is excluded by the month in l. 17, since Decius was still reckoned as reigning on March 4, 251 (cf. 1476. int.), and *β* is not a suitable reading.

1641. LOAN WITH RIGHT OF HABITATION.

14.5 × 16 cm.

A. D. 68.

The concluding part of a contract (*χειρόγραφον*) for the loan of 80 drachmae, the lender having in lieu of interest the right to inhabit the borrower's house. An allusion to a document of this description occurs in 1105 ; but 1641 is the first specimen of this class from Oxyrhynchus, and the formula is worded somewhat differently from the parallel contracts B. G. U. 1115 (Alexandria ; B. C. 13) and P. Hamb. 30 (Arsinoite nome ; 89), while P. Brit. Mus. 1168 (Hermopolis ; 44) is phrased as a lease. The juristic character of these contracts, especially in relation to the law of mortgage, has been much discussed, most recently by P. M. Meyer in P. Hamb. 30. int. In 1105 *ὑποθήκη* and *ὑποθέσθαι* are used with regard to the property ($\frac{2}{3}$ of a house) in which the right of habitation was ceded by the borrower in lieu of interest ; but Meyer is not justified in accepting Levy's assumption that the antecedent of *ὧν ὑπέθετο* in 1105. 14 is *οἰκίας . . . συνκυρόντων* rather than the *μερῶν τριῶν ἀπὸ μερῶν πέντε*. Owing to the loss of the beginning of 1641 it is impossible to be certain on the question whether *ὑποθέσθαι* or some kindred term occurred in it ; but no reference to a mortgage is found in the extant portion of the papyrus, and it is likely to have agreed on this point with B. G. U. 1115, P. Hamb. 30, and Brit. Mus. 1168, which have none ; cf. Manigk, *Gläubigerbefriedigung*, 21 sqq., Partsch, *Archiv* v. 511-13.

Vestiges of 2 lines.

- [. . .] . . . α . . . [.] ἀ[πὸ] τῆς ἐ(νε)στῆσης ἡμέρας χρωμένου σοῦ καὶ τῶν
 παρὰ σοῦ τῶν ὑπ[ὸ] σ]οῦ εἰσοικισθησομένων τῷ τε οἴκῳ καὶ πυ-
 5 λῶνι καὶ δώματι καὶ αὐλῇ καὶ εἰσόδῳ καὶ ἐξόδῳ καὶ τοῖς ἄλλοις
 τῆς οἰκίας χρηστηρίοις πᾶσι ἀκολουτῶς, οὐκ οὔσης με οὔτ' ἄλλῳ
 οὐδενὶ ἐξουσίας ἐκβάλλιν σε οὐδὲ τοὺς παρὰ σοῦ ἐκ τοῦ ἐνοικι-
 σμοῦ μέχρι τοῦ τὸν χρόνον πληρωθῆναι, ἐφ' οἷς καὶ βεβεῶσαι.(σοι)
 καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ τὸν ἐνοικισμὸν πάσῃ βεβαιώσει. καὶ τοῦ χρό(νο)υ
 πλη(ρω)-
 10 θέντος ἀποδώσω σοι τὰς τοῦ ἀργυρίου δραχμὰς ὀγδοήκοντα, ἐὰν
 δὲ παρασυνγραφῶ ἢ μὴ ποιῶ καθὰ γέγραπται, ἐκτείσω σοι τοῦ μὴ

- μὲν βεβῶσαι τὸν [ἐν]οικισμὸν ὥ[ς] π[ρ]όκειται ἀργυρίου δραχμὰς
 τεσσαράκοντα καὶ ἰς τὸ δημόσιον τὰς ἴσας, τὸ δ' ἀργύριον παρα-
 χρήμα μεθ' ἡμιολίας σὺν τοῖς καθήκουσι ἀφ' οὗ ἔαν παρασυν-
 15 γραφήσω χρόνου τόκοις, τῆς πράξεως σοι οὔσης ἔκ τε ἑ'μοῦ καὶ
 ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων μοι πάν[τ]ων, καθάπερ ἐκ δίκης. κομι-
 σαμένου δέ σου τὸ ἀργύριον μετὰ τὸν χρόνον ἐκχωρήσις
 ἐκ τοῦ ἐνοικισμοῦ ἐν ἄλλαις ἡμέραις ἐξήκοντα, παραδούς
 ἣν ἂν παραλάβῃς θύραν καὶ κλείδαν. κυρία ἡ χεὶρ πανταχῇ
 20 ἐπιφερομένη καὶ παντὶ τῷ ἐπιφέροντι. (ἔτους) τεσσαρασκαίδε-
 κάτου Νέρωνος Κλαυδίου Καίσαρος Σεβαστοῦ Γερμανικοῦ
 Αὐτοκράτορος μηνὸς Γερμανικείου ις. (2nd hand) Σαραπίων Σαραπίωνος
 τοῦ Σαραπίωνος μητρὸς Σαμπατύμ[ιος? . . .] . . . ὡνίδου
 ἔχωι παρὰ τοῦ Τε . . . ικοσ . . . κου τὰς το[ῦ] ἀργυρίου δρα[χ]μὰς
 25 [ὀγδοήκο]ντα κ[αὶ] αὐτὰς καὶ ἀπ[ο]δώσω?
 [.] . . . [.]ς β[ε]—

6. 1. ἀκωλύτως . . . μοι. 8. 1. βεβαιῶσαι; so in l. 12. 9. a of βεβαιώσει corr.
 from ε. 14. ον corr. from ω. 18. δ of παραδούς corr. from τ. 20. ντι (ἔτους)
 over an expunction. 25. 1. κ[αὶ] αὐτὰς.

' . . . from the present day you and your agents who shall be installed there by you are to use the house, pylon, roof, court, entrance, exit, and all the other appurtenances of the house without hindrance, neither I nor any one else having the right to expel you or your agents from the habitation until the expiration of the period, on condition that I also guarantee the habitation to you and your agents by every guarantee. And when the period has expired, I will repay you the 80 silver drachmae, or, if I violate the contract or fail to perform its conditions, I will forfeit to you on account of failure to guarantee the habitation as aforesaid 40 silver drachmae and to the Treasury an equal amount, and the original sum increased by one half together with due interest from the date of my violation of the contract, you having the right of execution upon both myself and all my property, as if by a legal decision. And when you recover the money at the end of the period you are to surrender the habitation within 60 days more, delivering up the door and key which you receive. This deed is valid wherever it is produced and for any person who produces it.' Date and signature of the borrower.

5. δώματι: 'roof'; cf. Luckhard, *Das Privathaus im ptol. und röm. Aeg.* 74-5.

16-19. κομισαμένου . . . κλείδαν: this clause corresponds to B. G. U. 1115. 45-53, but not to P. Hamb. 30. 27-8, if the remains of those unintelligible lines have been rightly deciphered.

22. Germaniceus (Pachon) 16 is May 11. A still later date in Nero's 14th year, Pauni 4, occurs in 289. i. 9. By Mesore Galba was recognized; cf. 377 (which is wrongly assigned to the year 67 instead of 68) and Wilcken, *Ost.* ii. 21.

25. For ἀπ[ο]δώσω cf. c. g. P. Tebt. 390. 21; but ἀν[τὶ] τῶν τούτων τόκων can be read on the analogy of P. Hamb. 30. 33.

(f) *Appointments of Representatives.*

1642. APPOINTMENT OF A REPRESENTATIVE AND INSTRUCTIONS.

24 X 22.7 cm.

A. D. 289.

A deed whereby Aurelius Demetrianus appoints his 'brother' to represent him at a trial in the Oxyrhynchite nome concerning the nomination by Demetrianus of Aurelius Agathinus also called Origenes (1475. 10, n.) as his successor in the office of agoranomus. Other Oxyrhynchus deeds for the appointment of representatives to appear in court are 261 (55), 376 (77), 365 (late first cent.), 97 (115-16), 726 (135); cf. also 1274, 1643, P. Grenf. ii. 71, SB. 4651, 4653, B. G. U. 286 and 1093, which are all third or early fourth century deeds appointing representatives to go to Alexandria for other purposes. 1642, which is called in l. 8 an ἀποσυστατικόν (cf. 505. 2 συστατικόν), is, as usual, a χειρόγραφον, but has at the end the concluding phrase of a letter, which is abnormal. Below the deed and in the same hand is a much corrected draft of instructions for the representative. This is continued on the verso, and later a somewhat different and shorter version of ll. 12-30 was added in ll. 44-55. The beginnings of lines in the instructions are missing on both sides: on the recto, to judge by fairly certain restorations in ll. 18 and 20, about 17 letters are lost; on the verso, to judge by ll. 48 and 50, about 25 letters seem to be wanting in ll. 44-55, but the writing there is somewhat smaller than in ll. 31-43, where the initial lacunae probably do not exceed 20 letters. These estimates can be reduced in size if abbreviations were more freely employed than we have supposed, and the external appearance of the papyrus, which in ll. 1-5 has an adequate margin on both sides, hardly suggests that the loss is so large; but though in l. 20 καὶ ὡς χρημ(ατίζει) can be omitted, an initial lacuna of only 8 letters seem irreconcilable with l. 18.

The decipherment and restoration of the interesting but very cursively written instructions are difficult, especially in ll. 44-55, where the ink is faint and the surface of the papyrus damaged; but the general sense can as a rule be made out. After apparently a heading (l. 12 corresponding to l. 44), comes a series of arguments to be used by the representative in answer to various pleas which might be put forward by Agathinus; the sections often take the form εἰάν . . . λέγει (or another verb), λέξεις οὕτως, e. g. ll. 13, 29, 33. The first section (ll. 13-28 = 45-54), which is the longest and most intelligible, gives a general statement of Demetrianus' and his opponent's actions with regard to the filling up of the office of agoranomus. That this office in combination with that of eutheniarch had towards the end of the third century fallen into desuetude at Oxyrhynchus owing to lack of candidates, but was revived by a praefect who was probably Valerius Pompeianus shortly before 288, was already known from 1252 verso. ii. In that

papyrus the *τάγμα* of gymnasiarchs and the prytanis of the senate are found taking action in regard to the nomination of eutheniarchs, the responsibility for whose appointment ultimately rested with the praefect. Here, too, there is a reference (l. 14 = 45) to the long-existing vacancy in the office, but the mode of appointment described is slightly different, the holder of the office being called upon by the praefect to nominate his successor (l. 15 = 46), a procedure which is also found in the case of *πράκτορες* and comarchs; cf. 1405. int. Demetrianus, who had himself filled a term of office as agoranomus, was summoned before the praefect to take part in the nominations, and somewhat against his will was induced on March 19 (probably 288) to nominate as his successor Agathinus, who was not only well off himself but had children under his *manus* owning property (ll. 16-20 = 47-50). A month later (apparently) Agathinus appealed to the praefect against this nomination (ll. 20-2 = 50-2). The answer of the praefect to this petition (ll. 27-8) is obscure; but he seems to have referred the matter to the local authorities, i. e. more probably the strategus (l. 42) than the epistrategus (l. 32), for the services of the representative of Demetrianus were required in the Oxyrhynchite nome (l. 2). The sentence in ll. 22-4, which is ignored in the second draft, is hopelessly broken: in ll. 24-6 Demetrianus argues that Agathinus and his sons were, owing to their wealth and the orders of the praefect, the proper persons to be chosen, and (ll. 26-7 = 52-3) claims that they should be made to do their duty.

The second section (ll. 29-30 = 54-5), which provides an answer to the charge that Demetrianus' action was due to private enmity against Agathinus, introduces a mention of Demetrianus' wife, who 'knows her own business' (l. 55), and did not require the assistance of the representative, if the second person in l. 30 refers to him, as usual.

The third section (l. 31 and perhaps l. 32) apparently refers to a possible claim by Agathinus to substitute for himself an ex-scribe of the public bank, the answer being that this individual was not sufficiently wealthy, and that his children were not available for sharing the responsibilities of the office. Another section (ll. 33-4) deals with the possible proposal of Agathinus to give up his property rather than accept office, an extreme measure which in the third century was not uncommonly employed (cf. 1405. int., P. S. I. 292). The answer is only partially preserved, but seems to refer to the fact that Agathinus had already undertaken equally onerous duties. The following section (ll. 35 or 34-43) is of a more general character, somewhat like the first; but it is too incomplete for restoration. That Demetrianus was successful in his efforts to get Agathinus appointed is shown by 1208. 16, where the latter is called agoranomus in 291.

The reference to the property of the *ὑποχέρια τέκνα* affords an interesting

piece of evidence for the introduction into Egypt by the *constitutio Antoniniana* of the Roman conception of *patria potestas*, concerning which the silence of papyri has been sometimes misinterpreted; cf. l. 5, n.

Αὐρήλιος Δημητριανὸς καὶ ὡς χρηματίζω Αὐρηλίῳ Ἀ[. . .]ω Διδύμῳ τῷ
 ἀδελφῷ χαίρειν.
 ἀποσυνίστημί σε κατὰ ταῦτά μου τὰ γράμματα παραστῆναι παρὰ σοὶ ἐν
 τῷ Ὁξυρυγχίτῃ
 τῇ ὀνομασίᾳ τῇ ὑπ' ἐμοῦ γενομένη παρὰ τῷ διασημοτάτῳ ἡγεμόνι
 Οὐαλερίῳ Πομπη-
 ιανῷ εἰς τὴν ἀντ' ἐμοῦ ἀγορανομείαν Αὐρηλίου Ἀγαθεῖνου τοῦ καὶ
 Ὀριγένους Οὐαριανοῦ
 5 καὶ [ὡς] χρηματίζει ἐπὶ πόρῳ ἑαυτοῦ καὶ τῶν ὑποχειρίων τέκνων καὶ
 πάντα πρᾶ-
 [ξαί] ὅσα κάμοι παρόντι ἔξεστιν εἰς τὸ μήτε ἐκποιηθῆναι αὐτοῦ τὴν
 εὐπορίαν ἀκ[ει-
 νήτων? μηδ]ὲ καὶ κεινητῶν, μηδὲ μὴν προχωρεῖν τι αὐτῷ ἐπὶ περιγραφῇ
 [τῆς πολι]τικῆς χορηγίας. κύριον τὸ ἀποσυστατικὸν πανταχῇ ἐπ[ιφ]ερ[όμενον,
 [καὶ ἐπερωτηθεῖς] [ὡμ]ολόγησα. ἐρρωσθαί σε εὖχομαι, ἀδελφέ.
 10 [(ἔτους) ε τοῦ κυρίου] ἡμ[ῶν] Διοκλητιανοῦ καὶ (ἔτους) δ τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν
 Μαξιμιανοῦ Σεβαστῶν
 [.] κς.

[21 letters] του . π() [[αν[. .]] Αὐρήλ(ιον) Ἀγαθ]εῖνον τὸν καὶ Ὀριγένην
 καὶ ὡς χρημ(ατίζει)
 [ἐὰν? 30 l.] κελευσθῶμεν τὴν ἔκδειαν εἰπεῖν, λέξεις οὕτως.
 [20 l.] τὸν τῆς ἀγορα(νομίας) στ]έφανον πλείστῳ χρόνῳ ἐκλειοπότα
 15 [32 „] . . διὰ τὸ ἐξ ἀντονομασίας συνίστασθαι ταύτην
 [τὴν ἀρχὴν] ἐγὼ δὲ ἐν τοῖς χειροτ[ο]ν[ή]μασι ἔ[?]τι τε ἐπὶ τοῦ
 ἡγεμόνος [[ἐτύγχανον]] φῶν
 [17 l.] καὶ ὁμῶς εἶξα [[διὰ τὸν τοῦ ἡγεμόνος φόβον]] καὶ κελεύσαντος τοὺς
 [πληρώσαντας ὀνομάζ]ειν ἀνθ' ἑαυτῶν καὶ αὐτὸς πληρώσας ἐχειροτόνησα
 [εἰ]ς ἀρ[χὰ]ς γ[. .] . .
 [.] τῇ κγ τοῦ Φαμενώθ [[Αὐρ]] τὸν προκείμενον Αὐρήλ(ιον)
 Ἀγαθεῖνον τὸν καὶ [Ὀ]ριγ[έ]νην

- 20 [καὶ ὡς χρημ(ατί)ζει ἐπὶ πόρῳ ἐ]αυτοῦ καὶ τῶν υποχειρίων τέκν[ων] ἐπειδὴ
 ὑπ' αὐτόν ἐστιν, καὶ ὁμῶς
- [15 l. πλ]ηρωθείσης αὐτῷ τῆς ὀνομασίας τ[ῆ] κγ [[τοῦ Φαρμ(οῦ)θι]] ἐκκέκληται
- [17 „]σαντος ἀλλ' ἵνα ἐν τῷ μεταξὺ τὰς ἀρχ[ά]ς μὴ ἐκφορήσῃ. οὗτος δὲ
 τοιουτ[. .
] . . ρίξεσθαι
- [17 „]σ[. .] . ἀζοντες αὐτῷ καὶ τῶν τέκνων [[. . [. υκα]] ἐπὶ
- [17 „]ματων. καὶ γὰρ εἰς τὰς ἄλλας ἀρχὰς μάλιστα δὲ ταύτην δις
 α . . . [.
- 25 [17 „ τῶ]ν ἐν περιουσίᾳ τυγχανόντων αἰροῦνται καὶ μάλιστα κεκελευσμέ-
 νοι? 13 l.]ν καὶ ἀξιούμεν αὐτὸν ἔχεται τῆς ἀγορα(νομίας) [[κατὰ τοὺς
 νόμους]] ὀνομασθέντα
 γ[ε]γάμενον καὶ αὐτὸν πληρώσαντα ἀντονομάσαι
- [16 l.]ν. ὑπέγραψεν γὰρ τῇ ἐκκλητῇ αὐτὸς ἡγ(εμὼν) ὥστε μενουσῶν παρα-
 γραφῶν παρὰ τοῖς
- [14 „ α]ὐτοῖς τὰς παραγραφάς.
- [ἐὰν δὲ λέγῃ με ἐκ . . .] . . . [.]μίας ὀνομακέναι α[ὐ]τὸν ἢ πρὸς ἔχθραν,
 λέξεις οὕτ(ως)· οὐδεμία μοί ἐστι
- 30 ἔχθρα πρὸς αὐτ(όν)?, οὐδὲ γ[ὰρ] κοινωνίαν ἔχει ὑπαρχόντων πρὸς τὴν ἡμετέραν
 σύμ[β]ιο[ν.] οὐδὲν τοῦτο πρὸς σέ ἐστ[ι].

Verso.

- [ἐὰν δὲ λέγῃ? 11 l.] τῶν πρὸ αὐτοῦ γραμματέ[ων] τῆς δη]μοσίας τραπέξης
 ὀνομάσθαι εἰς ἀγορα(νομίαν),
 οὐδὲ γὰρ ἐξουσίαν ἔχων . . [. . .] ὁ ἐπιστρά(τηγος) ἀλλὰ ἵνα ὑπάρχειν ἔξαι
- [19 l. ὁ]νομάζεσθαι [[αξί]]μίαν αὐτῶν [[γ]ραμμ[?]ατ[έ]ων]] δόξαις ὁ Σαραπίων
 ἐκκαλε(ῖ)σθαι ταύτης τῆς πόλ(εως)
 ἀρξ(ας) οὐ
- [15 „ ἐὰν δὲ] λέγῃ περὶ ἐκστάσεω[s,] λέξεις ὅτι ἐξεφόρησεν κληροῦ(χος) αὐτοῖς
 πάντα καὶ τὰ τέκνα
 αὐτοῦ ἀπέρει.
- [20 „]σαι μὴδὲ ἐν δι . . οξ]
- 35 [20 „] ἀλλ' ἐκείνου μὲν ἀξιῶ γὰρ πρὸς ταύτην τὴν ἀρχὴν
- [20 „]εἰ ἐπειδὴ ἐξ ἀντονομασίας σύνκειται καὶ ἀνάγκη
- [τὸν 19 l.]σ[κ]ο[ν]τα κατέχεσθαι. παρενεχθήτωσαν οὖν
] . . . ! . . . γο . . . ο . φ[. .]ωφα . ἐλευθερίας, καὶ γὰρ τὰ ἀρχαῖα καὶ . . αρματεῖαν ἔφερον [. . !]
- [20 l.] . τῇ εὐπορίᾳ κ[αὶ] τῶν ὑπ[ο]χ[ει]ρίων τέκνων [[ἡν]] ἦν αὐτὸς ἀμα τῇ ὀνο-
 μασίᾳ
- [20 „] . η τὴν σχ . . λιαν, ἀλλὰ ἀντέχω πρὸς τὰς ἐπικει-

- 40 [μένας 15 1.] [[καί]] κὰν γὰρ τὰ ἀληθῆ ἐκεῖ μὴ ὁμολογῶσι διὰ τινα
 [20 1.] . [.] οὐδ' ἐὰν καταταξώμεθα ἀναγκαῖον εἶναι τῇ ξε-
 [16 „ τῇ διανοίᾳ τοῦ στρατηγοῦ [[κάκεινο δὲ ἀξιῶ . [.] . . . [.] . αἴτων]]
 [[20 „] . . . δευτέρᾳ φυλῇ καταταγῆναι καὶ δέομα[ι] παρὰ . [.] . . .]]
 [25 „] . . . [.] . . ὑπ . . . ἰσ[.] . [.] .
 45 [25 „] τῆσαυτο τὸν τῇ[ς ἀ]γορα[νομίας] σ[τέφ]ανον πλείστῳ χρόνῳ ἐκλελοιπότα
 [29 „] . διὰ τὸ ἐξ ἀντονο[μας]ίας συνίστασθαι ταύτην τὴν ἀρχὴν
 [29 „] . καὶ τὸ ξέγον . . . [.] . κα [.] . ὅ]μως εἶξα κατὰ τὴν τοῦ
 [ἡγεμόνος πρόσταξιν τοὺς πληρώσαν]τας τὸν χρόνον ἀνθ' ἑαυτῶν [ὀνομ]άζειν,
 καὶ αὐτὸς ἀκόλουθα
 [ποιῶν? 22 1. κα]τακαλῶν τῇ κγ τὸν προκείμενον Ἀγαθεῖνον τὸν καὶ
 Ὀριγ(ένην)
 50 [ἐπὶ πόρῳ ἑαυτοῦ καὶ τῶν ὑποχειρ[ί]ων τέκνων ἐπειδὴ [ὑπ' α]ὐτόν ἐ[στι]ν,
 ἰφ . λ . ροσ . .
 [πληρωθείσης αὐτῷ τῆς ὀνομασίας?] ἐκκέκληται τῇ [κγ] τοῦ Φαρμα[ύθι] .]
 διδὲ ὑπαρχον-
 [20 1. ἀγορα]νομίαν καὶ ἀξιούμεν αὐ[τ]ὸν ὀν[ο]μα[σθέν]τα ἔχεσθαι τῆς ἀρχῆς
 [24 „ λ]όγους πεποιηκε[ν] . [.] . σ [.] . [.] . ας μου εἶναι ἀ[π]οφάντως
 [23 „ ἔχ]θραν πρὸς αὐτόν [.] . [.] . ὑμα[.] . περιουσίαν ὑπαρχόντων . . [.] . καὶ
 55 [25 „] . αματα πρὸς τὴν ἡ[με]τ[έρ]α[ν] γυναῖκα, [[εἰ]] ἐκείνη οἶδεν τὸ ἑαυτῆς.

3. ὑπ. 4. θ of αγαθεινου corr. from γ. 6. οι of εκποιθηναι corr. 13. δ of εκδειαν
 corr. from γ. 22. ἰνα. 26. 1. ἔχεσθαι. τη of της corr. 37. χ of παρενεχθησαν
 corr. from η?

I—I I. 'Aurelius Demetrianus and as I am styled to Aur. A . . . Didymus, his brother, greeting. I appoint you by this my deed to appear at home in the Oxyrhynchite nome as my representative at the nomination made by me to his excellency the praefect Valerius Pompeianus of Aur. Agathinus also called Origenes, son of Varianus and as he is styled, as my successor in the office of agoranomus upon the security of his property and that of the children in his *manus*, and to perform every act lawful for me if I were present, in order that his wealth whether immovable or movable may not be alienated, and he may obtain no advantage to the injury of the city's provision of supplies. This deed of representation is valid wherever it is produced, and in answer to the formal question I gave my consent. I pray for your health, brother.' Date.

3. Οὐαλερίῳ Πομπηϊανῷ: cf. 1416. 29, n.

5. ἐπὶ πόρῳ ἑαυτοῦ καὶ τῶν ὑποχειρίων τέκνων: cf. ll. 20, 53, 1413. 8 ὁ ὀνομασθεὶς ἐπὶ τῷ ἰδίῳ πόρῳ ὠνομάσθη. Mitteis (*Grundz.* 275) considered that the Roman idea of *patria potestas* was of practically no account in Egypt, but evidence for its influence is now coming to light. The present passage shows that the property of children did not escape liabilities attaching

to that of their father. In 1703 a father is found executing the *καταγραφή* of property which his *υποχείριοι νιοί* (by different wives) had bought through him, this procedure being parallel to that found in 1268, where in the case of house-property belonging to a daughter (l. 8) the *καταγραφή* is performed by the father and uncle (l. 5), *τοῦ πατρὸς ἔχοντος αὐτῆ(ν) ὑπὸ τῇ χειρὶ κατὰ τοὺς Ῥωμαίων νόμους* (l. 9). In 1208. 6 a seller of land inherited from his mother acts *μ[ε]τὰ συνβεβαιωτοῦ τοῦ πατρὸς τοῦ καὶ ἔχοντος αὐτὸν ὑπὸ τῇ χειρὶ κατὰ τ. Ῥωμ. νόμ.*; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 977. 13-15 (*ὁμολογῶ πεπρακέναι . . .*) *τὸν ὑπάρχοντά μοι καὶ ὡ[ν]ηθέντα ὑπ[ὸ] (ὅ[ς] ὑπ[ὲρ] τῆς ἐπ' ἐξουσίας μοι θυγατρὸς Εὐτροπίου . . . διεξελεύσεως τὸν βίον ἐπ' ἐμοὶ κατὰ πάντας τοὺς νόμους*? In SB. 5692. 11 *ὁμολογῶ πεπρακέναι σοι . . . τὴν ὑπάρχουσαν τῷ ἀφῆλικι μου νύμφῃ καὶ* [15 letters] *ἰω κα[τὰ τ]οὺς νόμους* it is tempting to restore *ὑποχειρ[ί]ω*. The most recent discussion of *patria potestas* in Egypt is by Taubenschlag, *Zeitschr. d. Savigny-Stift.* xxxvii. 177-230.

6. *ἐκποιηθῆναι*: for this verb in the sense of 'alienate' cf. P. Brit. Mus. 483. 41. The allusion is to *ἔκστασις*; cf. l. 33.

8. *πολιτικῆς χορηγίας*: the agoranomus, besides his duties as notary, was concerned in the bread-supply at this period; cf. 1252 verso. 17, n.

11. The month can hardly be earlier than Pharmouthi, for the events described in the instructions apparently refer to the same year. Since the appeal of Agathinus was made on the 23rd of that month (l. 21 = 51), and the praefect had already given his answer (l. 27), the deed is likely to have been written in the period Pachon-Mesore.

14. *ἐκλελοιπότα*: on this analogy *ἐκλελοιπότων* rather than *ἐπιλελοιπότων* is to be restored in 1252 verso. 17.

15. *ἀντονομασίας*: cf. int. and 1405. 17 *ἀντωνομάσθαι*.

16. *χειροτ[ο]νῆ[μα]σι ἔ[σ]τι*: *χειροτ[ο]νῆ[θε]σί* is less likely. *ἔ[σ]τι* is not satisfactory, but *χειροτ[ο]νῆ[μα]σι* is hardly long enough. At the end of the line *ὧν* was perhaps included in the deletion.

20. *ὅμως*: cf. l. 17. The supposed *μ* is more like *ν* or *π*.

21. *ἐκκέκληται*: cf. 1408. 7, n.

23. *σπ[ο]νδάζοντες*, but not *ὀν[ο]μάζοντες*, can be read.

24. *δὲ α . . .* [; or *δ(ε)ῖ σα . . .*

27. *αὐτὸς ἡγ(εμών)*: or *αὐτὸς(ς) ὁ ἡγ.* or *αὐτο(ῦ) ὁ ἡγ.*

παραγραφῶν: the meaning here is not clear, perhaps 'exceptions', as in P. Leipzig 38. ii. 4 *αἱ ἐκ τῶν νόμων ἀρμόζουσαι δικαιολογίαι καὶ π[α]ραγραφαί*.

30. *ὅτε*: apparently not *με*.

43. *δευτέρα φυλῇ*: cf. 1413. 12, n.

45. *ἀγορα(νομίας)*: the traces are not very suitable, but this word is required by the context; cf. l. 26 and 1252 verso. 16. *τήσατο* is perhaps *ἀποκατεσ[τή]σατο* (sc. *ὁ ἡγεμών*). *ἀνε[δ]ήσατο* (cf. 1252 verso. 20) cannot be read.

51. *Φαρμο[ύ]θι* or *Φαρμ(ού)θι* . . . [. . .] can be read.

1643. APPOINTMENT OF A REPRESENTATIVE.

25.5 × 11.3 cm.

A. D. 298.

A deed whereby an athlete, who bears an interesting list of titles (ll. 1-3, n.), appoints a friend to go to Alexandria in search of a fugitive slave. The document, though called an *ἐπίσταλμα* (l. 13), hardly differs in form from an *ἀποσπ*-

στατικόν (cf. 1642. int.). 1423, a fourth-century ἐντολή for the arrest of a slave, is similar; cf. 1422. int., where the evidence concerning fugitive slaves is collected.

- [*Αὐρήλ(ιος) Σαραπάμμων* ὁ καὶ [*Δίδυμος* Ὁξύρρυγχεί-
[της] καὶ Ἀθηναῖος περὶ οδονίκης κράτιστος
[ξυστάρχης διὰ βίου καὶ ὡς] χρηματίζω)
[*Αὐρηλ(ίω)* . . .] φ καὶ ὡς χρηματίζεις ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς Ὁξύρυγ-
5 [χειτῶν πόλεως] χαίρειν. ἀποσ[υ]νίστημί σε κατὰ τόδε τὸ
[ἐπίσταλμα ὥς] τε σε ἀποδημοῦντα εἰς τὴν λαμπροτά-
[την Ἀλεξάνδρεια] ν ἀναζητῆσαι δοῦλόν μου ὀνόμα-
[τι] ν ὡς (ἐτῶν) λε, δν καὶ σὺ αὐτὸς γνωρίζεις
[.], ὅνπερ ἀνευρὼν παραδώσεις,
10 [ἐξουσίας σοι] οὔσης ὅσα κάμοι παρόντι ἔξεστιν
[.] ασθαι καὶ εἶργιν καὶ μαστιγοῖν καὶ ἐνα-
[γωγὴν ποιεῖν; ἐ] φ' ν δέον ἐστὶν πρὸς τοὺς ὑποδεξα-
[μένους αὐτὸν] καὶ αἰτεῖσθαι ἐκδικεῖαν. τὸ δὲ ἐπί-
[σταλμα τοῦτο] μοναχόν σοι ἐξεδόμην, ὅπερ κύ-
15 [ριον ἔστω] πανταχοῦ ἐπιφερόμενον, καὶ ἐπερωτη-
[θεις ὡμολόγησα. (ἐτους) ιδ καὶ (ἐτους) ιγ τῶν κυρίων
[ἡμῶν Διοκλ]ητιανοῦ καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ Σεβαστῶν καὶ (ἐτους) 5
[τῶν κυρίων ἡμῶν Κωνσταντίου καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ τῶν
[ἐπιφανεστάτων] Καισάρων Παχὼν ις, ὑπατίας Φαύστου
20 [καὶ Γάλλου.]
2nd hand [*Αὐρήλιο*]ς Σαραπάμμων ὁ καὶ Δίδυμος
[κράτιστο]ς ξυστάρχης διὰ βίου ἐπέσται-
[λα πάν]τα τὰ προκείμενα ὡς πρό-
[κειται.]

5. αποσ[υ]νίστημι.

23. a Of προκείμενα corr. from οἷς.

‘Aurelius Sarapammon also called Didymus, a citizen of Oxyrhynchus, . . . and Athens, victor in the whole cycle of games, of the rank of excellency, president for life of the xystus, and as I am styled, to Aurelius . . ., and as you are styled, of the said city of Oxyrhynchus, greeting. I appoint you by this my instruction as my representative to journey to the most illustrious Alexandria and search for my slave called . . ., aged about 35 years, with whom you too are acquainted . . .; and when you find him you are to deliver him up, having the same powers as I should have myself, if present, to . . ., imprison him, chastise him, and to make an accusation before the proper authorities against those who harboured him, and

demand satisfaction. This instruction I have issued to you in a single copy, which is to be valid wherever produced, and in answer to the formal question I gave my consent.' Date and signature of Sarapammon.

1-3. Cf. P. Brit. Mus. 1178. 50-4 (as restored from C. I. G. 5909) ἐπ[ὶ ἀρ]χιε[ρέ]ων τοῦ σύμπαντος ξυστοῦ καὶ ξυσταρχῶν διὰ βίου καὶ [ἐπὶ βαλανεί]ων τοῦ Σεβαστοῦ Μ. Αὐρ. Δημοστράτου Δαμά [Σαρδιανοῦ Ἀλεξανδρέως Ἀν]τινοέως Ἀθηναίου Ἐφεσίου Σμυρναίου Περ[γαμνοῦ Νε]μομηδέως Μειλυσίου Λακεδαιμονίου Τραλλιανοῦ παγκρα[τίας] τοῦ δις περιοδονεῖκου πύκτου ἀλείπτου παραδόξου . . . (A. D. 194), and Kenyon-Bell's notes. κράτιστος (*egregius*) was the customary epithet of epistrategi and other imperial procurators of equestrian rank, but by the end of the third century was applied to persons of less importance, e. g. a *ducenarius* in 1711. 4. Another περιδονίκης occurs in C. P. Herm. 7. ii. 4.

11.]ασθαι: or]εσθαι or]ησθαι. For ἐνα[γωγὴν ποιεῖν cf. ἐνάγειν in P. Leipzig 38. i. 14 and 16.

(g) Settlements of Claims and Receipts.

1644. SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS.

15.3 × 13.5 cm.

B. C. 63-62. Plate II.

A nearly complete contract, written in the reign of Ptolemy Auletes (cf. 1628), whereby three brothers belonging to the catocic cavalry renounce any claims against their nephew Moschion with regard to a loan of an unspecified amount of silver, borrowed by him some years previously from their mother, who had lately died, a renewal of the loan having been arranged (l. 19, n.). A few lines at the end, containing the list of (six) witnesses and signatures, are missing. The formula resembles that of settlements of disputes or repayments of loans, of which the other first century B. C. examples are all Alexandrian συγχωρήσεις of Augustus' reign (B. G. U. 1148, &c.), while of the second century B. C. examples only the illegible P. Amh. 42 (B. C. 179; Arsinoë) was (apparently) a ἐξαμάρτυρος συγγραφή, like 1644, the others being notarial agreements (e. g. P. Grenf. ii. 26, Taur. 4, Reinach 12) or χειρόγραφα (P. Reinach 11).

Βασι[λεύοντο]ς Πτολεμαίου θεοῦ Νέου Διονύσο[ν] Φιλ[οπά]τορος Φιλαδέλφου
 ἔτου[ς ἐν]νεακαιδεκάτου, τὰ δ' ἄλλα τῶν κοινῶ[ν] ὡς ἐν Ἀλ[εξ]ανδρείᾳ
 γράφετ[αι, μ]ηνὸς Περιτίου καὶ Χοίαχ ἐν Ὀξυρύγχων πόλει
 τῇ[ς Θη]βαίδος. ὁμολογοῦσιν Πασίων καὶ Πτολεμαῖος καὶ
 5 Ἀπ[ο]λλ[ώ]μιος, οἱ τρεῖς Διονυσίου Μακεδόνες τῶν ἐν τοῖς κατοίκοις
 ἱππεύ[ουσιν,] τῶι τῆς γ[ε]νομένης αὐτῶ[ν] ἀδελφῆς Βερενίκης
 τετε[λε]μ[ε]τηκυίας υἱῶι Μοσχίῳνι]ος Μακε-
 δόνι τῶν κα[τοίκων] ἱππέων, πάντες ἀγνίᾳς Κλεοπάτρας
 Ἀφροδί[της,] μὴθὲν ἐγκαλεῖν αὐτοὺς μηδ' ἄλλον ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν

himself, Arsinoë daughter of Ptolemaeus, who too has died, which loan has been otherwise specified by a contract drawn up through the record-office in the aforesaid city in former times, or concerning any other provision whatever of the above-mentioned contract of loan, because Moschion for various reasons has effected the renewal of the aforesaid money-agreement with Arsinoë under a pledge (?) on account of the above-stated kinship. If any of us violates the contract or proceeds against Moschion, apart from aggression being invalid, the aggressor or his representative shall in addition forfeit to Moschion, or any representative of Moschion against whom aggression is committed, a fine of 500 drachmae of silver, and to the State an equal amount, and nevertheless (this contract shall be valid). The witnesses of the acknowledging parties join in consenting to all the above-mentioned provisions, they being, for Pasion, Dionysius . . . ' Title.

2. ἐν]εακαιδεκάτου : the vestiges of the letter after the lacuna do not suit ἐπ]τακαιδεκάτου.

3. Choiak in B. C. 63 began on Dec. 7.

8-9. ἀγυῖας Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης : cf. 1628. 8, n.

11. ἔθετο : for this term in reference to the borrower cf. P. Grenf. ii. 22. 5, 31. 8, Leipz. 7. 11.

14. ἀργυρικοῦ qualifies δ[α]ρείου, not κεφαλαίου ; cf. l. 19 ἀργ[υ]ρικῆς συναλλάξεως.

χρηματισθ[έντος] : cf. 99. 11-12 διὰ Ἀνδ[ρομάχου καὶ Διογένους] ἀγορανόμων κεχηρημάτισται, and 1648. 35, n.

19. κεινωχωρισμόν : this word, which seems to correspond to ἀνανέωσις in e. g. 1105. 21, is new. There is hardly any doubt about the reading, καταχωρισμόν being inadmissible.

20. ἐν πίσ[τει] : this might mean merely 'in good faith', but more probably implies a security of some kind given by Moschion.

25-6. ἀργυρίου δραχμὰς πε[ντ]ηκονσί[ας] : the circumstance that the penalty, like the loan itself (ll. 14, 19), was in silver is unusual, private payments in the late Ptolemaic period being generally in bronze. The penalty to the State (also 500 silver drachmae) is higher than the customary 100 silver drachmae for the State in the Pathyris papyri, but in P. Taur. 4. 25-6 (B. C. 126) an ἐπίτιμον of 20 talents of bronze with 400 silver dr. to the State occurs. In the Alexandrian συγχωρήσεις 500 drachmae occurs as an ἐπίτιμον (e. g. B. G. U. 1107. 20-1), but the amount of the customary ὠρισμένον πρόστιμον to the State is nowhere mentioned.

1645. RECEIPT FOR PERSONAL EFFECTS.

21.5 × 30.6 cm.

A. D. 308.

An acknowledgement addressed to a man through his wife by a woman acting through her ἐπίτροπος, who was in this case appointed by the ὑπομνηματογράφου (ll. 2-3, n.), of the receipt of money, furniture, and clothing belonging to her lately deceased mother. B. G. U. 419 (276-7) is a somewhat similar acknowledgement, but as the result of an arbitration.

[Ἵπατείας τῶν δεσποτῶν ἡμῶν Δ][ο]κλητιανοῦ τοῦ πατρὸς [Ἀνγούστων] τὸ
 ι' καὶ Γαλερί[ου] Οὐαλερίου Μαξιμιανοῦ Σεβαστοῦ τὸ ἔβδομον πρὸ
 μιᾶς Καλανδ(ῶν) Σεπτεμβρίων).

- [*Αὐρηλία Διδύμη* θυγάτηρ *Ἀρίου*υ, δι' ἐμοῦ τοῦ κατ[ασ]ταθ[έ]ντος αὐτῆς ἐπιτρόπου κατὰ τοὺς γεγονότας ἐπὶ *Αὐρηλίων Γληγορίου* τοῦ καὶ *Θέωνος* [26 letters] . τοὺς *Ἀρσενίου* [γε]νομένων ἐνάρχων ὑπομνηματογράφων ὑπομνηματισμοὺς τῷ ιδ (ἔτει) καὶ β (ἔτει) *Μεχεῖρ*
- [. . ? *Μάρκου* *Αὐρῆ*[λίου *᾽Ω*]ρίωνος *Μάρκ*[ο]υ *Αὐρῆ*[λίου *Ἀ*]πολλωνίου τοῦ *Ἰσιδώρου* *Σωσικοσμίου* τοῦ καὶ *Ἀλθαιέως*, *Αὐρηλίου* *Μέλανι* *Μαξίμου* *κοσμη-*
- 5 [τεύσαντο]ς τῆς λαμπρ[ᾶς κα]ὶ λαμπροτάτης *Ὁξύρυ*[χι]τῶν πόλεως διὰ τῆς συμβίου *Αὐρηλία*[ς] *Θεοδώρας* *Εὐδαίμονος* ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς χαίρειν. [όμολο]γῶ ἀπεσχη[κ]ένοι καὶ πεπληρῶσθαι παρὰ σοῦ τὰ εὑρεθέντα παρὰ σοὶ τῆς μητρός μου *Ἀρτεμίτος* τὸν βίον ἀναπαυσαμένης
- [*Χρυσοῦ*] ^ω μὲν πρώτου στ[α]θμῷ *Ἀ*[λεξ]ανδρινῷ οὐγκίας δύο γράμματα τέσσαρα παρὰ κ[ε]ρ[α]τίον ἔν, καὶ ἀφ' ὧν εἶχες [[παρ]] αὐτῆς κατὰ χιρόγραφον [.] πραγματίας ἀργυρίου [τ]αλάντων εἴκοσ[ι] τάλαντ[α] δεκατέσσαρα πλήρη ἀριθμοῦ διὰ χιρός, τῶν δὲ ὑπολοίπων ταλάντων
- [ἐξ ἀποδοθέν]των [αὐ]τῇ τῇ μητ[ρί] μου περιούση, κ[ι]λεινίδ[?]ιον ξύλιν[ο]ν, τ[υ]ρία μικρὰ τριβακὰ δύο, στρωμάτια τριβακὰ δύο,
- 10 [.] ἰδιόχρωμον μεσο[τριβ]ακόν, ὑπολύχνιον, τραπέζι[ο]ν, κιθών[ιο]ν πεδικόν τριβακόν, τὰ πάντα ἐκ πλήρους
- [.] [.] να . [. . οὐ]δὲ περὶ ἀ[λ]λου οὐ[δεν]ός ἀπαξαπλ[ῶ]ς τῷ κα[θό]λου ἐνγρ[ά]φου ἢ ἀγράφου πράγματος ὀφειλήματος [45 letters] τὸ σύνολον ἀπὸ τ[ῶν] ἔμ[π]ροσθεν χρόνων μέχρι τῆς ἐνεστώσης [ἡμέρας καθ' ὅντινα οὖν τρόπον ?, καὶ ἀναδεδοκέναι εἰς ἀκὺρῳσιν τὸ πρ[ο]κίμενον [τ]ῶν ταλάντων εἴκοσι γραμμάτιον. τὴν δὲ
- [ἀποχὴν ? ταύτην] σοὶ ἐξεδόμην πρὸς ἀσφάλ[ει]άν [σο]υ διὰ τοῦ ἐπιτρόπου ἀγραμμάτων ὄντων ὑπογράφοντος, ἥτις
- 15 [κυρία] ἔστω πανταχοῦ ἐπιφερομένη, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεῖ[σ]α [ῶ]μολόγησα. (2nd hand) *Αὐρηλεία Διδύμη* *Ἀρίου* δι' ἐμοῦ τοῦ ἐπιτρόπου *Μάρκου* *Αὐρηλείου* *᾽Ωρίωνος* ἔσχον παρὰ *Αὐρηλίου* *Μέ*[λ]ατος διὰ τῆς συμβίου *Αὐρηλίας* *Θεοδώρας* τὰς προκιμένας
- [*Χρυσοῦ* οὐγκίας] δύο γρ[ά]μματα τέσσαρα παρὰ κ[ε]ρ[α]τί[ο]ν ἔν καὶ τὰ τῆς λοιπάδος ἀργυρίου τάλαντα δεκατέσ[σ]ερα πλήρης,
- [καὶ ἔσχον] τὴν προκιμένην κατασκευὴν[?] ἐκ πλήρους, καὶ οὐδένα λόγον ἔχω πρὸς αὐτὸν περὶ οὐδενὸς τοῦ καθόλου

[εἰς τὸ λοιπόν, καὶ ἐπ[ερωτηθεῖσα ὡμολ[ό]γησα ὡς πρόκιτε. *Αὐρήλειος*
 'Ω[ρείων] ἔγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτῆς κελεύσει
 20 [τῆς προγεγραμμένης? *Αὐρηλίας Διδ*]ύμης γράμματα μὴ εἰδυείης.

1. το ἰ. 2. υρ of *αυρηλιων* corr. from ρ. 1. Γρηγορίου. 7. ι of *ειχες* corr. from σ.
 9. περιουσι? Pap. 1. τ[υ]λεία. 10. π of *πεδικον* corr. from κ? 1. παιδικόν. 14. ων of
αγραμμάτων corr. from ου. 16. 1. Με[λ]ανος. 18. θ and υ of *καθολου* corr. 19. 1. πρό-
κειται . . . ἔγραψα. ει of *αυρηλειος* corr. from ις. ὕπερ.

'In the consulship of our masters Diocletianus father of the Augusti for the 10th time and Galerius Valerius Maximianus for the 7th time, the day before the Calends of September. Aurelia Didyme daughter of Arius, through me her guardian appointed by memoranda drawn up before the Aurelii Gregorius also called Theon . . . and . . . son of Arsenius, formerly hypomnematographi in office in the 14th and 2nd year, Mecheir . . ., Marcus Aurelius Horion son of Marcus Aurelius Apollonius son of Isidorus, of the Sosicosmian tribe and Althaeae deme, to Aurelius Melas son of Maximus, ex-cosmetes of the illustrious and most illustrious city of Oxyrhynchus, through his wife Aurelia Theodora daughter of Eudaemon, of the said city, greeting. I acknowledge that I have received and been paid in full by you the property of my deceased mother Artemeis found in your possession, consisting of 2 ounces, 4 grammes less one carat of gold of the first quality on the Alexandrine standard, and out of 20 talents of silver belonging to her, received by you in accordance with a deed of . . . administration, 14 talents, the complete amount, from hand to hand, the remaining 6 talents having been paid to my mother in her lifetime; a wooden bed, 2 small worn cushions, 2 worn mattresses, a partly worn undyed . . ., a lampstand, a small table, a worn child's frock, all complete, and (I make no claim concerning this) or any other matter, debt, or . . . at all of any kind whatever, whether secured in writing or not, from former times up to the present day, and I have given up to you for cancellation the aforesaid bond for 20 talents. And I have issued to you for your security this receipt . . . through my guardian, who signs since I am illiterate, which receipt shall be valid wherever it is produced, and in answer to the formal question I gave my consent.' Signature of Didyme written by Horion.

1 For the dating cf. P. Grenf. ii. 72, 75, as corrected by Mommsen, *Hermes* xxxii. 544.

2-3. The local official who was generally addressed in regard to the guardianship of minors (ἐπιτρόπου implies that Didyme was a minor; cf. 1637. 3, n.) was the exegetes; cf. 888. int. and B. G. U. 1070. The hypomnematographi ranked at the head of the municipal officials; cf. 1412. 1-3, n. ὑπομνηματισμούς probably implies an application in court; cf. 898. 26-7 Φιλόνικον τοῦ στρα(τηγοῦ) καθ' ὑπομνηματισμούς κρείναντος ἑτερόν μου ἐπίτροπον κατασταθῆναι. The 14th year (of Galerius) and 2nd (of Severus) was 305-6.

4. Μέλανι: in l. 16 Με[λ]ανος, probably less correctly.

4-5. κοσμη[τέυσαντο]ς: s is doubtful and]ου could be read; but κοσμη[τέυσαντος βουλευ-τ]οῦ here does not suit ll. 6-7 and 9, where the initial lacuna is of the same size and a much shorter restoration is preferable.

7. The meaning of the interlinear addition is quite obscure. χρυσὸς πρῶτος is a novel expression in papyri, apparently referring to the quality of the gold. This is the earliest reference in a papyrus to the Alexandrine standard of Byzantine gold, which is frequently mentioned later. Cf. 154. 13, n.

7-8. χιρόγραφον [.] πραγματίας: this seems to mean a deed appointing Melas to

be the *πραγματευτής* of Artemeis. The lacuna may have contained an adjective, or *πραγματίας* may be the termination of a compound word.

10. The word before *ιδιόχρωμον* is likely to have been a dress of some kind; cf. B.G.U. 327. *7 σουβρικοπάλλιον ιδιόχ. μεσο[τριβ]ακόν* is a new form. *πεδικόν* (= *παιδικόν*) is very uncertain: the first letter was certainly *ι* or *κ* originally, and there was apparently another letter (*σ* or *λ*?) between it and *ε*, while between *δ* and *ι* there is a lacuna in which a narrow letter like *ρ* might be lost; but, though there is no clear evidence of any correction having taken place, *κεδ[ρ]ικόν* (i. e. 'cedar-coloured') is not a known form, and *ισεδ* is an unsatisfactory combination. There is a space after *κιθών[ιο]ν*, but that does not prove that this is separate from the following word.

11. Something like *καὶ οὐδένα λόγον ἔχω πρὸς σέ περὶ τούτου οὐδὲ* is expected at the beginning of this line; cf. l. 18. The traces of 4 letters near the beginning might be read *ο]ῦδέ[α, or λόγον οὐδέ]να π[ρὸς] σέ περὶ* is possible later.

14. Probably *ἀπλῆν* or *δισσῆν* is to be restored after *ταύτην*. *ἀγραμμάτων ὄντων* (sc. *ἡμῶν*) seems to be a plural *maiēstatis* in order to avoid connecting *ἀγραμμάτων* with *ἐπιτρόπου*.

15. For the restoration cf. e. g. 1643. 14-15.

1646. RECEIPTS FOR RENT.

12.7 x 22.5 cm.

A. D. 268-9.

Part of a series of receipts for rent paid by Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion (cf. 1631. 1, n.) to various agents of the heirs of a veteran, who had been *officialis* on the praefect's staff, in the 15th year of Gallienus (267-8) and following years. The chief interest of the papyrus lies in the date Phaophi 23 of the 3rd year of Claudius II (Il. 32-4), i. e. Oct. 20, 269, which is important for the chronology of that emperor and has been discussed in 1476. int. There were two systems of reckoning the years of Claudius, one assigning him three years by making his first year coincide with the 15th of Gallienus, the other assigning him only two by making his first year coincide with the 16th of Gallienus. 1646 evidently agreed with the coins in ignoring the 16th year of Gallienus, and making 268-9 the 2nd year of Claudius in opposition to e. g. P. Tebt. 581 and Flor. 265, which are dated in the 16th year of Gallienus after his death, and 1698, which apparently makes 268-9 the 1st year of Claudius; cf. 1698. int.

Col. i.

Κληρονόμοι Οὐιβίου Πουπλίου
οὔετρανοῦ τῶν ἐντείμως ἀπο-
λελυμένων ἀπὸ ὀφφικιαλίων
ἐπάρχου Αἰγύπτου γενομένου βου-
λ(ευτοῦ)
5 τῆς λαμπροτάτης πόλεως

Col. ii.

2nd hand οἱ αὐτοὶ κληρονόμοι
Πουπλίου δι' αἰμοῦ Ἀν-
{Αν}δρομάχου ἀποσυ{σ}-
σταθέντες τῷ αὐτῷ
25 Σαραπίωνι χαίριν. ἀπέσ-
χον παρὰ σοῦ ὑπὲρ ἀργυ-

τῶν Ἀλεξανδρέων δι' ἐμοῦ
 Πλουτογένους πραγμα(τευτοῦ) Αὐ-
 ρηλίῳ
 Σερήνῳ τῷ καὶ Σαραπίωνει χαίρει(ν).
 ἀπέσχον παρὰ σοῦ τοὺς ἀργυ(ρι)κοὺς
 10 φόρους τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ιε (ἔτους) ὧν
 γεωργεῖς {ἀρουρῶν} περὶ Παεῖμιν
 ἐν χλωροῖς (ἀρουρῶν) ζ' ἀργυρίου
 δ(ρ)α-
 χμὰς τριακοσίας ὀδομήκον-
 τα πέντε, / (δρ.) τοε, πλήρης.
 15 κυρία ἡ ἀποχὴ οὐδ' αὖ μου εἰδιόγρα-
 φον, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὁμολόγησα.
 ἔτους ιε Γαλλιηνοῦ Σεβαστοῦ
 Μεχεῖρ δ.
 ὁμοίως διὰ τοῦ αὐτοῦ Πλουτογέ-
 20 [ν]ους πραγμα(τευτοῦ) —

ρικῶν φόρων τοῦ αἰνεσ-
 τῶτος τρίτου αἵτους ὧ(ν) γε-
 ωργεῖς περὶ Παεῖμιν ἐδα-
 30 φῶν {περὶ Παεῖμιν} ἐπὶ λόγον
 τραχμὰς ζακοσίας, καὶ ἐπε-
 ρωτηθεὶς ὁμολόγησα. αἵτους
 τρίτου Κλαυδίου Σεβαστοῦ
 Φαῶφ[ι τρί]τη [καὶ εἰ]κάς.

Traces of 2 lines.

Col. iii.

3rd hand. Beginnings of 20 lines.

Verso.

4th hand 57 ἀ[ποχ]ῇ φόρων Οὐβίου
 Πουπλίου [

1. οὐβιον. 13. l. ἐβδομήκοντα. 15. l. ἰδιόγραφος. 22. l. ἐμοῦ. 23. l. ἀποσυ-
 σταθέντος. 27. l. ἐνεστῶτος. 28, 32. l. ἔτους. 31. l. δραχμὰς διακοσίας.

1-18. 'The heirs of Vibius Publius, an honourably discharged veteran, sometime *officialis* of the praefect of Egypt, ex-senator of the most illustrious city of Alexandria, through me, Plutogenes, agent, to Aurelius Serenus also called Sarapion, greeting. I have received from you the rent in money for the present 15th year for the 7½ arourae of land which you cultivate in the area of Paemimis with green-stuffs, 375 drachmae of silver, total 375 dr., in full. This receipt, which is written in my own hand, is valid, and in answer to the formal question I gave my consent. The 15th year of Gallienus Augustus, Mecheir 4.'

23. ἀποσυσταθέντ(ο)s: cf. 1634. 3, n., 1642. 2.

(h) Apprenticeship.

1647. APPRENTICESHIP TO A WEAVER.

18.9 x 6.8 cm.

Late second century.

A contract whereby Platonis also called Ophelia apprenticed her female slave for four years to a weaver to be taught the trade. The conclusion with the date is lost; but Platonis is mentioned again in 1721, which was written in 187,

and 1647 is approximately contemporary with 725 (183), which closely resembles it in formula. Earlier contracts with weavers from Oxyrhynchus are 275 (66) and 322 (36); B. G. U. 1021, which also concerns a slave at Oxyrhynchus, is with a κτενιστής and of the third century, being less complete. Similar contracts with weavers from other nomes are P. Tebt. 385 (117), 442 (113), B. G. U. 855 (147), P. Grenf. ii. 59 (189), P. S. I. 241 (3rd cent.); cf. also B. G. U. 1125 (B. C. 13), 96 (3rd cent.), 724 (155), P. S. I. 287 (377), which concern other trades. In P. Tebt. 384 (10) apprenticeship to a weaver is combined with a loan from him; cf. P. Flor. 44 (158). 1647 mentions a new tax on apprenticeships (ἐκδόσεις: ll. 44-6, n.). On the verso is a much effaced letter of Apia (?).

Ὁμολογοῦ[σιν ἀ]λλ[ήλ]οις [Πλα-
τωνὶς ἢ καὶ Ὡφε[λί]α Ὡρεῖω[νος
ἀπ'] Ὁξυρύγχων πόλεως μετὰ [κυ-
ρίου τοῦ ὁμογνησίου ἀδελφ[οῦ
5 Πλάτωνος καὶ [Δ]ούκι[ς] Ἰσίω[-
νος μητρὸς Τισάσιος ἀπ[ὸ
τοῦ Ἀφροδεισίου τῆς Μεικρά[ς
Ὁάσεως γέρδιος, ἢ μὲν Πλ[α-
τωνὶς ἢ καὶ Ὡφελία ἐκδ[εδό-
10 σθαι τῷ Λουκίῳ ἣν ἔχει ἀφή-
λικά δούλην Θερμούθιον
πρ[ὸ]ς μάθησιν τῆς γερδι[α-
κῆς τέχνης ἐπὶ] χρόνον ἔ-
τη τέσσαρα ἀπὸ νεομηνί[ας
15 τοῦ ἐξῆς μηνὸς Τῦβι τοῦ
ἐνεστῶτος [ἔτου]ς, ἐφ' ᾧ θρέψ[ιν
καὶ ἱματεῖν τὴν παῖδα
καὶ παρέξεσθαι αὐτὴν τῷ
διδασκάλῳ καθ' ἡμέραν
20 ἀπὸ ἀνατολῆς ἡλίου μέ-
χρι δύσεως ἐκτελοῦσαν
πάντα τὰ ἐπιτραπησόμε-
να αὐτῇ ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ἀνήκον-
τα τῇ [π]ροκειμένη τέ-

25 χνη, μισθοῦ ἐπὶ μὲν τὸν
πρῶτον ἐνιαυτὸν κατὰ
μῆνα δραχμῶν ὀκτώ,
ἐπὶ δὲ τὸν δε[ύτ]ε[ρο]ν ὁ-
μοίως κατὰ [μ]ῆν[α] δ[ρα-
30 χμῶν δεκάδυ[ο,] καὶ ἐ-
πὶ τὸν τρίτον ὁμ[οί]ως
κατὰ μῆνα δραχμῶν
δεκάεξ, καὶ ἐπὶ τὸν [τ]έτ[αρ]-
τον ἐνιαυτὸν ὁμοίως
35 κατὰ μῆνα δραχμῶν
εἴκοσι, λήμψεσ[θαι δ]ὲ
τὴν παῖδα κατ' ἔτ[ος] εἰς
ἐορτῶν λόγον ἀργίας ἡμ[έ-
ρας δεκαόκτω, ἐὰν δὲ ἡ-
40 μέρας τιμ[ὰς] ἀργήσῃ ἢ ἀσθ[ε-
νήσῃ, το]ύτων ἐπ[ὶ] τ[ὰς] ἑ-
σας πα[ραμ]ενεῖ τῷ διδ[α-
σκάλῳ] μετὰ τὸν χρόνον,
τ[ῶ]ν τῆς τέχνης χ[ειρ]-
45 ναξίων κα[ὶ] ἐκδόσεων τ[ε]λεσ-
μάτων ὄντων πρὸς
[τὸ]ν διδ[α]σκαλον· ὁ δὲ [

‘Platonis also called Ophelia, daughter of Horion, of Oxyrhynchus, with her guardian who is her full brother, Plato, and Lucius son of Ision and Tisis, of Aphrodisium in the Small Oasis, weaver, mutually acknowledge, Platonis also called Ophelia that she has apprenticed to Lucius her slave Thermuthion, who is under age, to learn the trade of weaving for a period of 4 years dating from the 1st of the coming month Tubi of the present year, for which period she is to feed and clothe the girl and produce her to her instructor daily from sunrise to sunset in the performance of all the duties to be imposed on her by him appertaining to the aforesaid trade, her pay being for the first year at the rate of 8 drachmae a month, for the second year 12 dr. a month, for the third year 16 dr. a month, and for the fourth year 20 dr. a month, and that the girl is to be allowed annually 18 days’ holiday on account of festivals, while, if there are any days on which she does no work or is ill, she shall remain with her instructor for a number equal to these at the end of the period, the taxes upon the trade and imposts upon apprenticeship being chargeable to the instructor; and Lucius on his part . . .’

7. τοῦ Ἀφροδείσιου: this is probably a village in the Small Oasis called after a shrine of Aphrodite (Hathor), rather than a temple itself; cf. e.g. 719. 10 ἀπὸ τοῦ Τρύφωνος [Εἰσείου], referring to an Oxyrhynchite village. The Small Oasis had a metropolis (Psobthis, 485. 18), and therefore presumably included a few villages.

13-14. ἔτη τέσσαρα: in B. G. U. 1021 the term is three years, in 725 five, in 322 and P. Tebt. 385 two, in P. Grenf. ii. 59 20 months, in B. G. U. 855 18 months, in 275, P. S. I. 241, Tebt. 384 one year.

16. [ἔτη]ς: there is not room for [λ ἔτη]ς (sc. of Commodus; cf. int.), much less for two figures.

16-17. In B. G. U. 1021. 14-15 the master of the slave was, as here, responsible for the food and clothing, and similarly in 725. 15 the guardian of the apprentice was responsible for the food. In 275. 14 sqq. an allowance of 5 drachmae a month for food and 12 dr. at the end of the period for clothing was made to the father of the apprentice by the instructor, who was not responsible for the food and clothing in the first instance, and paid no wages. In 322 and P. Tebt. 385 the arrangement was somewhat similar to that in 275, the instructor paying 4 drachmae a month for food and providing the clothing, but no wages.

22. ἐπιτραπησόμενα: so B. G. U. 1021. 16; ἐπιτραπ]ησόμενα rather than ἐπιταχθ]ησόμενα is probably to be restored in 725. 13, though cf. 275. 11 ἐπιτασσόμενα.

25. μισθοῦ: in 725 the apprentice was paid nothing for 2 years and 7 months, then 12 dr. a month for the rest of the 3rd year, and 16 and 24 dr. a month in the 4th and 5th years respectively; in 275, 322, and P. Tebt. 385 no wages were paid; cf. ll. 16-17, n. In P. Tebt. 384 wages are mentioned in l. 20, but not specified.

39. δεκάκτω: in 725. 37 20 holidays in a year were allowed.

44-6. This is the first mention of ἐκδόσεων τελέσματα. Possibly the tax in P. Tebt. 384. 11 doubtfully read as τοῦ ἐπιτρίτου, which was paid by the relatives of the apprentice in contrast to the λαογραφία and χειρωνάξιον paid by the instructor, is really identical. Weavers at Oxyrhynchus were organized in a kind of guild, one of the ἀμφοδα of the city being called the Γερδιακόν, and it is not surprising that the government took the opportunity of levying an impost on the right of entrance. 322 (cf. 275. 17, n.) also mentions the χειρωνάξιον, which was apparently paid, as here, by the instructor, whereas the poll-tax, χωματικόν and ὑκὴ were paid by the mother of the apprentice. In 275 all the δημόσια were paid by the father of the apprentice; but in P. Tebt. 385 they were paid by the instructor. 725 makes no provision for the payment of taxes. The annual χειρωνάξιον on weavers at

Oxyrhynchus was generally 36 drachmae in the first century (288. int.), but somewhat higher rates occur in second-century Fayûm papyri; cf. P. Tebt. 305. int.

47. The papyrus probably continued ὁ δὲ [Λούκιος εὐδοκῶν τοῦτοις πᾶσι καὶ ἐκδιδάξειν τὴν παῖδα τὴν δηλουμένην τέχνην κτλ., as in 725. 47 sqq.

(i) *Abstracts of Contracts.*

1648. ABSTRACTS OF CONTRACTS, ETC.

15 × 44.7 cm.

Late second century.

On the recto are parts of four columns of a list of abstracts of contracts and other documents concerning the property of a family, similar to a Strassburg papyrus edited by Wilcken in *Archiv* iv. 130-42. The papyrus was reduced in height and joined to at least one different document (of which traces survive to the left of Col. i), in order to receive on the verso an account of proceedings before an emperor (33), and only the middle portions of the columns on the recto are preserved, while the beginning and end of the whole list, which may have extended over other columns in each direction, are lost. The Strassburg papyrus, which is complete at the end, has the signature of an official, who was no doubt connected with the record-office where the documents in question were kept, but to whom it was addressed is unknown. Both it and 1648 may have begun Ἐγλημψις ἐκ τῆς δημοσίων λόγων (or δημοσίας) βιβλιοθήκης ἐκ . . ., like 1649, P. S. I. 450 verso, and B. G. U. 861, which contained very similar lists of documents, generally in abstracts. 1724, 1725, and probably 962 verso are also of the same character as 1648. This group of abstracts of miscellaneous documents of different dates relating to a particular family is to be distinguished from (1) the official abstracts of documents concerning real property (διαστρώματα) drawn up in the βιβλιοθήκη ἐγκτήσεων with marginal annotations, exemplified by 274, P. Amh. 98, and B. G. U. 1072, and (2) returns of contracts sent in monthly to the βιβλιοφύλακες ἐγκτήσεων, such as P. Flor. 24 and probably 25, Leipz. 31, Brit. Mus. 1179 + Flor. 51, Cairo Preisigke 31, B. G. U. 540, P. S. I. 190 (?), 221 (?), SB. 5167-73. These two classes of lists, besides the actual documents themselves, probably formed the material on which lists like the present one were based.

The earliest date mentioned in 1648 is A. D. 57 (l. 65), and the latest certain date in it is 169-70 (l. 4); but in l. 70 there is probably a reference to the 25th year of Commodus (A. D. 185); cf. n. The recto of the papyrus is in any case likely to be earlier than the reign of Severus both on account of the handwriting and because the emperor with whom 33 is concerned is probably Marcus Aurelius or Commodus. At least six generations of the family in question can

be distinguished. These are in chronological order: (1) Petosorapis (ll. 39, 59); (2) Sarapion (ll. 38, 46-7, 58); (3) Zoilus I (ll. 26, 37-8, 46-7, 58; living in A. D. 117-18); (4) Saras (ll. 4, 18, 37, 41-2, 46; living in A. D. 154), who married Hermogenis (l. 18) and had a brother Theon (ll. 46-7) and a sister Terathonis (l. 58); (5) Zoilus II (ll. 4, 9, 18, 42; living in 165-9), who married Heraïs (l. 14; living in 168); (6) Taaphochis also called Ta. onutis (l. 17; living in 168). Since the order of the entries in 1648 is not, like those in 1649, chronological, and many of them are quite short, dates being frequently omitted, the relationship of several individuals mentioned to the six generations of the family in question is not clear. Thus Sarapion who was living in A. D. 80-1 (ll. 43-4) must with his father Sarapion be distinct from (2); but possibly (1) Petosorapis was the son of one of them. Saras son of Zoilus surnamed Amois (l. 68) is possibly identical with (4); but he is more likely to have been the son of (5), since the entry concerning him probably refers to A. D. 185, and this Zoilus with a surname may be distinct both from (3) and (5).

The documents described include sales of slaves (ll. 4-12), house-property (ll. 13-31), land (probably ll. 35-6), workshops and materials connected with dyeing (ll. 50-64), receipts for taxes on the inheritance of catocic land (ll. 37-42), divisions of property (ll. 43-7), a loan on mortgage, which had been subjected to δημοσίωσις (ll. 68-71), receipts of an uncertain character (ll. 72-4, 83-90), ὑπομνήματα (ll. 75, 91-3), a μεταδόσιμον (l. 32, n.), perhaps a διαστολικόν (l. 82, n.), προκτητικὰ δικαιώματα (l. 66), contracts of uncertain character (ll. 76-8), and an extract of some kind (ll. 79-81).

Col. i.

Parts of 3 lines.

- ι (ἔτους) Αὐρηλίου Ἀντωνίνου Ζωίλος Σαρᾶτος ὠνή(σατο)
 5 παρὰ Πετεχῶντος Κάστορος τὴν ὑπάρχ(ουσαν)
 αὐτῷ δοῦλ(ην) Θερμούθ(ιον) ἐπικεκλ(ημένην) Ἰσιδώραν
 ὥς (ἔτων) ιη.
 5 (ἔτους) Αὐρηλίων Ἀντωνίνου καὶ Οὐήρου Καισάρων
 τῶν κυρίων Ζωίλ(ος) ὠνήσατο παρὰ Φα-
 10 τρήτος Φατρέ(ους) δοῦλον Ψάιν νυνεὶ
 ἐπικεκλ(ημένον) Ἀγαθὸν Δ(αίμονα) (ἔτων) γ
 καὶ ἕτερον Ψάιν ἐπικεκλ(ημένον) Ἀμμά(νιον) ὥς (ἔτων) δ
 η (ἔτους) Αὐρηλίων Ἀντωνίνου Καίσαρος τοῦ κυρίου
 καὶ θεοῦ Οὐήρου Τῦβι ιη ἐπρ[ί]ατο Ἡραῖς

- 15 *Καυδίωνος* τοῦ *Κανδαίου* μετὰ κυρίου
 τοῦ υἱοῦ Ἀροῦήτου *Σαραπίωνος* τ[οῦ] *Τροφίμου*
 ἐαυτ(ῆς) θυγα(τρὶ) *Τααφώχει* τῇ καὶ *Τα[.]ωνύτ(ει?)*
Ζωίλου τοῦ *Σαῤῥ[το]ς* μητρ(ρὸς) Ἑρμογενίδ(ος)
 παρὰ *Διογένους* Θε ον τοῦ *Διδύμου*
- 20 [τοῦ καὶ? .] τ . . () μ[ητρ(ρὸς)] *Κηδίλλας*
Δουκίου ἀστῆς καὶ *Α[. Π]ανσείριος*
 [τοῦ] *Σαραπίωνος* μητρ(ρὸς) [.]αρίου τῇ
 [ὑπάρχ(ουσιν) αὐτοῖς] οἰκί(αν) [ἐπ' ἀμφόδ(ου) Πα[μ]μέ(νους)
 [Παραδείσου.]

10, 12. ψαῖν. 14. ηραῖς.

Col. ii.

Traces of 1 line.

- 26 β (ἔτους) Ἀδριανοῦ ἐπρίατο *Ζωίλος* *Σαραπίωνος*
 παρὰ Ἡρωνος καὶ Ὀρίωνος τὴν ὑπάρχ(ουσιν) αὐτοῖς
 τῷ μὲν Ἡρωνι κατὰ τὸ *Λδ'* τῷ δὲ Ὀρίωνι
 κατὰ τὸ λοιπὸν δ' οἰκίας καὶ αἰθρῆ[ο]ν καὶ αὐλ(ῆς) καὶ ἕτερα
- 30 χρηστ(ήρια) καὶ παρὰ τούτ(οις) εἴσοδ(ον) καὶ ἐξοδ(ον) καὶ
 τὰ συνκύρον]τ(α) [ἐπ' ἀ]μφόδ(ου) *Παμμέ(νους)* *Παραδ(είσου)*.
μεταδόσιμον *Κλεάρχ(ου)* . . . () *μεταδοθ(έν)* *Σαραπίωνι*
Ἀθηναίου ἐπιτροπ(ῶ) *Δι* . . . κ() *περὶ ἐργαστ(η)ρ(ί)ων*
βαφικῶν.
- 35 *χρηματισμὸς* (ἀρουρῶν) . δ' κατὰ *Παλῶσιν*.
χρηματισμὸς (ἀρουρῶν) δ' *περὶ Τεποῦν* καὶ *Σενῦριν*.
τέλος καταλοχ(ισμῶν) *Σαῤῥατος* *Ζωίλου* *Σαραπίωνος*
 εἰς αὐτὸν ἀπὸ ὀνόμ(ατος) *Ζωίλου* *Σαραπίωνος*
 τοῦ *Πετοσοράπ(ιος)* *περὶ Παλῶσιν* (ἀρουρῶν) ε
- 40 καὶ *περὶ Τεποῦν* καὶ *Τεοῦχ(ιν?)* (ἀρουρῶν) γδ.
τέλος καταλοχ(ισμῶν) *Σαῤῥατος* [καὶ] τῶν ἀδελ(φῶν).
τέλ(ος) *καταλοχισ(μῶν)* *Ζωίλ[ο]ν* *Σαῤῥατος* ἀπὸ τοῦ πατρός.
ἀντίγραφ(ον) *διαίρεσεως* *Σαραπίωνος* καὶ Ἡρωνος ἀμφο(τέρων)
Σαραπίωνος ἐπὶ τοῦ γ (ἔτους) *Τίτου*.

- 45 ἄλ(λο) ὁμοίως ἐπὶ τοῦ ις (ἔτους) Ἀντωνίνου Παῦνι ιγ
 Σαρᾶτος καὶ Θέωνος ἀμφ[ο]τ(έρων) Ζωίλ(ου) τ[ο]ῦ Σαραπ(ίωνος).
 ἄλ(λο) ὁμοίως Σαρᾶτος καὶ Θέω(νος) ἀμφοτ(έρων) Ζωίλ(ου) τοῦ Σαραπ(ίωνος).

Remains of 1 line.

29. 1. οἰκίαν καὶ αἶθρι[ο]ν καὶ αὐλ(ήν).

Col. iii.

Remains of 1 line.

- 50 καὶ τῶν ἐγ λιβδς τοῦ ἐργαστη(ρίου) ἐν διαψ[ε]ίλ(οις) τόπ(οις) ἐκχ(ύσεων),
 τῶν προκ(ειμένων) τῆς ∟ χρήσις Ἐπεῦτι Σαραπίω(νος)
 ἀπελ(ευθέρου) Δημητροῦτ(ος) Πλουτάρχ(ου) ἀπὸ τῆς α(ὐτῆς) πόλ(εως)
 ἐφ' ὅσον ζῇ ἀκολ(ούθως) τῇ σημαينوμ(ένῃ) διαθήκῃ, τῷ δὲ
 ἐργαστηρίῳ ἐργε . () καὶ ἐκχ(ύσει), γί(τονες) νότ(ου)
 55 κληρονόμ(ων) Δαμάτος, βορρά Φιλονείκου, ἀπ(ηλιώτου) ῥύ(μη),
 λιβδς παράδ(εισος).
 Σαραπίας καὶ Ἀνγχις ἀμφότ(εραι) Ἀρθώνιος Παάπιος
 καὶ ἡ τούτων μήτηρ Τεραθώνιος Ζωίλ(ου) Σαραπ(ίωνος)
 τοῦ Πετωουσοράπιος πεπράκ(ασι) τὰ ὑπάρχ(οντα) αὐτῇ
 60 φορτία καὶ δόκωσιν καὶ τὰ συνφοδομημ(ένα)
 βαφικὰ ἐργαστήρια ἐν τῷ ἀποδεδ(ειγμένῳ) βαφείῳ,
 καὶ ὃ ἔχουσιν ἐν τούτῳ χαλκ(εῖον) μολυβοῦν καὶ
 πίθον ὀστράκ(ινον), ἔτι δὲ καὶ οὗς ἔχουσι ἀπὸ λιβδς)
 τοῦ ἐργαστηρίου ψειλ(οὺς) τόπ(ους).
 65 γ (ἔτους) Νέρωνος Κλαυδίου Καίσαρος Φαρμουῦθι α διὰ τοῦ
 ἐν Ὁξύρυγχ(ων) πόλ(ει) ἀγορανομείου προκτητικ(ᾶ) δικαιώμ(ατα)
 τῶν ἀπὸ λιβδς τοῦ ἐργαστηρίου.
 δημοσίωσις Σαρᾶτος Ζωίλου προσωνομασ(μένου) Ἀμόιτος·
 ἐδανείσατ(ο) (δραχμὰς) Ἀ τόκου κατὰ μῆνα (δραχμῶν) 5 ἀπὸ τοῦ
 70 ἐνεστ(ῶτος) μην(ος) Παῦνι κς (ἔτους ?) [ἐφ' ὑπ(οθήκῃ) ? οἰ]κ(ίας) ∟ μέρο(υς)
 κοῖν(ῆς) πρὸς
 Ζώσιμον Παυσείριος κατὰ τὸ λ]ο(ιπὸν) ∟ σὺν τ(οῖς) αὐτῇ(ς)

59. 1. αὐταῖς.

Col. iv.

ἀποχή [.] . [—	85 (πρώτη) ἀποχή τῶν [—
καὶ ἐπιτροπ() α[—	ἑτέρα ἀποχή Ἰσιόνης — (ἔτους)
ἀποχή Σαβεῖνου —	Ἀντωνίνου
75 ὑπόμνημα Π[—	καὶ Οὐήρου Καισάρων τῶν κυ-
συμβόλ(αιον?) περὶ . [—	ρίων —
ὁμολογ(ία) Ἀνε[—	πάντων τῶν [—
ἐτέρου αὐτῶν [—	ἀνδρὸς αὐτῆς) . [—
ἐγλημψ(ις) ἐκ [—	90 Ζωίλου μη(τρὸς) —
80 Πτολλαροῦς ἡ καὶ . [— περὶ	ἀντίγρα(φον) ὑπομνήμα(τος) —
Τεποῦν καὶ Σενῦριν —	ἀντίγρα(φον) ὑπομνήμα(τος) . [—
ἀντίγρα(φον) διαστολῆ(κοῦ)? —	ἐπὶ τοῦ ζ (ἔτους). [
ἀποχή Ἰσιόνης [— (ἔτους)	Traces of 1 line.
Ἀ(ὕρηλίου) καὶ Οὐήρου Καισάρων	
τῶν κυρίων —	

84. α' και.

85. α αποχη.

88. ων of παντων κογγ.

10th year of Aurelius Antoninus, Zoilus son of Saras bought from Petechon son of Castor the female slave belonging to him, Thermuthion surnamed Isidora, aged about 18 years.

6th year of the Aurelii Antoninus and Verus Caesars the lords, Zoilus bought from Phatres son of Phatres his slave Psais now surnamed Agathodaemon, aged 3, and another Psais surnamed Ammonius, aged about 4.

8th year of the Aurelii Antoninus Caesar the lord and the deified Verus, Tubi 18, Hera's daughter of Candion son of Candaeus with her guardian, her son Harouetes son of Sarapion son of Trophimus, bought for her daughter Taaphochis also called Ta . onutis daughter of Zoilus son of Saras, his mother being Hermogenis, from Diogenes son of The . . . son of Didymus also called . . ., his mother being Cedilla daughter of Lucius, an Alexandrian, and A . . . son of Pausiris son of Sarapion, his mother being . . . arion, the house belonging to them in the quarter of Pammenes' Garden.

2nd year of Hadrian, Zoilus son of Sarapion bought from Heron and Horion their property, owned as regards $\frac{3}{4}$ by Heron and as regards the remaining $\frac{1}{4}$ by Horion, consisting of a house, yard, and court and other fixtures, and an entrance and exit by the side of these, and appurtenances, in the quarter of Pammenes' Garden.

A memorandum served by Clearchus son of . . . upon Sarapion son of Athenaeus, guardian of Di . . ., concerning dyeing-workshops.

A contract concerning $\frac{1}{4}$ arourae at Palosis.

A contract concerning 4 arourae in the areas of Tepouis and Senuris.

Tax on land-distribution paid by Saras son of Zoilus upon 6 arourae in the area of Palosis inherited by him from Zoilus son of Sarapion son of Petosorapis, and $3\frac{1}{4}$ arourae in the areas of Tepouis and Teouchis (?).

Tax on land-distribution paid by Saras and his brothers.

Tax on land-distribution paid by Zoilus son of Saras on land inherited from his father.

Copy of a division of property between Sarapion and Heron, both sons of Sarapion, in the 3rd year of Titus.

Ditto in the 17th year of Antoninus, Pauni 13, between Saras and Theon, both sons of Zoilus son of Sarapion.

Ditto between Saras and Theon, both sons of Zoilus son of Sarapion.

. . . and the drains in vacant spaces on the west of the workshop, the use of $\frac{1}{2}$ the above-mentioned being reserved for Epeus son of Sarapion, freedman of Demetrous daughter of Plutarchus, of the said city, for his lifetime in accordance with the aforesaid will, and . . . at the workshop and drains. The adjacent areas are on the south land of the heirs of Damas, on the north land of Philonicus, on the east a street, on the west a garden.

Sarapias and Aunchis, both daughters of Harthonis son of Paapis, and their mother Terathonis daughter of Zoilus son of Sarapion son of Petosorapis have sold the produce and roof and dyeing-workshops constructed jointly, which belong to them in the aforesaid dyeing-place, and the leaden pot and earthenware cask which they possess there, and further the vacant spaces which they possess on the west of the workshop.

3rd year of Nero Claudius Caesar, Pharmouthi 1, through the office of the agoranomi at Oxyrhynchus, deeds concerning previous ownership of the ground on the west of the workshop.

Publication effected by Saras son of Zoilus surnamed Amoïs. He borrowed 1,000 drachmae at 6 drachmae a month interest from the present month Pauni of the 25th year on the security of a half share of a house owned jointly in respect of the remaining half by Zosimus son of Pausiris with its fixtures . . .

14-18. Heraïs was married twice, having a son by Sarapion (l. 16) and a daughter by Zoilus (l. 18). The dative in l. 17, apparently in the sense of *ὑπέρ* with the genitive, is unusual, but it seems impossible to read *τροφι(μον)* and connect the dative with that word.

20. *μ[ητ(ρός)] Κηδῖλλας*: there would be room for 2 or 3 more letters in the lacuna, but *μητρός* is regularly abbreviated in 1648, and there seems to have been a blank space before *Κηδῖλλας*, though that is not a known name.

32. *μεταδόσιμον*: cf. P. Tebt. 316. 12. Here, however, a document concerning *δημοσιώσις* seems to be meant; cf. l. 68 and 1472. int.

33. *ἐργάστρων* is not a known form (though cf. *ἄλεστρον*, *ἥπητρον*, *ὑφαντρον*, &c.) and seems to be only a misspelling; cf. *βαφικὰ ἐργαστήρια* in l. 61.

35. *χρηματισμός*: cf. 1649 *passim* and P. Strassb. (*Archiv* iv. 134-5), where in iii. 41 *χρημ.* refers to a *διαίρεσις*, and in iv. 9 to a *πῶσις*, probably, as Wilcken remarks, implying a notarial contract in contrast to a *χειρόγραφον*. Here and in l. 36 a sale is probably meant. Palosis was in the Thmoisepho toparchy; cf. 1659. 88.

36. Tepouis and Senuris were in the *Ἄνω τοπαρχία*; cf. 721. 9, 1285. 63.

37. *τέλος καταλοχ(ισμῶν)*: this tax was payable on the grant or transfer of catocic land, whether by cession or inheritance; cf. P. Tebt. 357. 3, n.

40. *Τεοῦχ(ιν?)*: this village, which was no doubt in the *Ἄνω τοπαρχία* like Tepouis (l. 36, n.), is unknown, and the reading of the first four letters is very doubtful; but *Ἀθῦχ(ιν)*, a village in that toparchy known from 1659. 14, is not suitable here.

50. *ἐκχ(ύσεω)*: cf. *ἐκχύσ(εσι)* in l. 54, P. Brit. Mus. 1177 (an account of water-works). 91 *τιμῆς ἐκχύσεω(ν) καὶ κάδων ὀστρακ(ίνων)*, 111 *τιμῆς ἐκχύσεων ὀστρακ(ίνων) εἰς προβ(ολήν)*, 186 *τιμῆς ξύλ(ων) συκαμινί(ων)* *εἰς ἐκχύσεις καὶ ἀμπροτ() (= ἀναποτισμὸν?) μνηχ(ανῶν) καστέλλου*

* Ἀλσους, 218 ξύλ(ων) συκαμεινίνω(ν) β εἰς ἐπισκ(ευήν) ἐκχύσεω(ν), 237 εἰς κήλωνα ἐκχύσεω(ν) καινῶ(ν) β μνώ(ν) γ, 247] εἰς ἐπ[ισκ(ευήν)] ἐκχύσεω(ν) μηχ(ανών) μνώ(ν) η, 1220. 16 ἐκχυστιαίους ἤλους. Reil (*Gewerb.* 65, 83, 85) in those instances explains ἐκχύσεις as baskets for receiving and emitting water in a *shadûf* or *sakiyeh*; cf. *Etymol. Magnum* ὀχετόκρανα· τὰ κηλώνεια ἢ ἐκχύσεις αἱ λεγόμεναι τῶν μηχανημάτων, to which Photius and Suidas add εἰσὶ δὲ αὐταὶ ξύλιναι ἢ κεράτιναι. But here at any rate they seem to mean pipes for introducing and letting off water of a βαφεῖον, for ll. 50–6 apparently refer to the same property as ll. 57–67; cf. especially l. 50 with ll. 63–4, 67. A stop should perhaps be placed after the symbol for ἡμισείας in l. 51 instead of after ἐκχ(ύσεω(ν)).

53–4. The construction of τῷ δὲ κτλ. is not clear. ἐργε . () is possibly ἐργ(άσ)ετ(αι). The letter following γ could be ω, but not α. The ε of δε is raised slightly above the line; but δε(δηλωμένω) is a more extensive abbreviation than is usual in 1648 (though cf. Α(ὕρηλιον) in l. 84 and ἀπελ(ευθέρου) in l. 52), and a dative does not connect well with the preceding sentence, while τῷ(ν) . . . ἐργαστηρίω(ν) is not suitable.

59. Πετωνουσοράπιος: he is obviously identical with Πετοσαράπ(ιος) in l. 39.

60. δόκωσιν: cf. LXX Eccles. x. 18 ταπεινωθήσεται ἡ δόκωσις, and Hesych. δόκωσις· στέγη.

66. προκτητικὰ δικαίωματα: cf. 1636. 23–5.

68. δημοσίωσις: cf. 1472. int.

69. 6 drachmae per 1,000 a month is less than the usual rate of interest, which is 10 per 1,000; but τριωβολεῖος τόκος (5 per 1,000) is not uncommon.

70. κε (ἔτους?): the tip of a stroke coming high above the line suits the symbol for ἔτους very well, but κα is possible. The 25th year is not likely to refer to Augustus, so that Commodus is presumably the emperor in question, but the 21st year might refer to Hadrian or Antoninus, besides Augustus and Tiberius. ἐνεστ(ῶτος) μηνός is merely a quotation from the original document, and has no bearing on the date of 1648. For [ἐφ' ὑποθ(ήκη) οἰκ(ίας)], for which cf. e. g. 270. 16, there is not room, and either [ἐφ' ὑποθ(ήκη) οἰκ(ίας)] was written (cf. ll. 53–4, n.), or [ἐφ' ὑποθ(ήκη) οἰκ(ίας)] should be read. The vestige of a stroke joining the symbol for $\frac{1}{2}$ is inconclusive.

71. χρηστηρίους or συγκύρουσι is to be supplied after τ(οῖς) αὐτῇ(ς).

75. ὑπόμνημα: cf. 1649, where contracts are regularly accompanied by an ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνημα.

76. συμβόλ(αιον) or συμβολ(ικόν) is more probable than σύμβολ(ον), since περί follows. Cf. P. Strassb. iii. 55 (*Archiv* iv. 134) συμ[βο]λ[ικ]όν γράμμα.

82. διαστολι[κοῦ]: the reading of all the letters after δια is very uncertain, but διαιρέσεως (cf. l. 43) is inadmissible. διαστολι[κοῦ] (or διαστολῆ[s]) can mean either a ὑπόμνημα to an official concerning a claim (e. g. about a pledge; 68. 33) or an order for payment (cf. 516. int.).

84. This line probably connects with l. 83, though it is not indented. Α' may have been an afterthought, especially as the names of emperors are not elsewhere abbreviated in 1648; cf. ll. 53–4, n.

1649. ABSTRACTS OF CONTRACTS.

22.2 x 13.6 cm.

After A. D. 280.

A series of extracts from the records of the βιβλιοθήκη δημοσίων λόγων at Oxyrhynchus, containing brief abstracts of documents concerning the property of a family, similar to 1648, but about a century later; cf. 1648. int. The ends

of lines are lost, and fairly certain restorations of ll. 3, 6, 10, 14, and 21 combine to suggest that about 25 letters are missing in ll. 1-17 and 10 more after that point; cf. l. 2, n. The heading of the list, showing the source of it, is partly preserved (l. 1, n.). The items are arranged chronologically, beginning in A. D. 257 (l. 3), the latest referring to a year which is not earlier than 279-80 (l. 29; cf. l. 27). The lower margin of the column is partly extant, and that the list was continued in one or more columns now lost (cf. 1648) is not very likely, for the handwriting suits the concluding portion of the reign of Probus better than the fourth century. The first two entries (ll. 2-8) mention a woman called Sarapias, and a different Sarapias found in l. 12 may be her daughter; but most of the other names are lost. With three exceptions (ll. 2-8 and 18-19) each entry mentions (1) a *ὑπόμνημα* (i. e. memorandum or application to some official; cf. 1648. 75) which had been officially examined, (2) one or more contracts accompanying the *ὑπόμνημα*, the verb *παρέθετο*, i. e. 'deposited' in the archives, being apparently supplied in each case (cf. l. 6). Most of these contracts were simply called *χρηματισμοί* (i. e. notarial documents; cf. 1648. 35, n.), their character not being specified; others were apparently *χειρόγραφα* of the nature of *ἀσφάλειαι* (ll. 14-17, 25-7), and both classes had in some cases been subjected to *ἐκμαρτύρησις* (cf. 1562). A will, also accompanied by a *ὑπόμνημα*, is the subject of ll. 5-8: the nature of the documents mentioned in ll. 2-4 and 18-19 is obscured by the lacunae.

"Εγλημψις ἐκ τῆ[s δημοσ]ι[ων λό]γ[ων] βιβλιοθήκης ἐκ 18 letters?

Σαραπίαν Γεμελλείνου μη(τρὸς) Ἑρμιταρίου με[25 letters

καὶ τῶν ἀδελφῶν ὡς περιέχει ἐπὶ τοῦ ε (ἔτους) [Οὐαλεριανοῦ καὶ Γαλλιανοῦ καὶ Κορνηλίου Οὐαλεριανοῦ Σεβαστῶν Χ[ο]ί[ακ] . .

5 ια (ἔτους) ὁμοίως τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Γαλλιανοῦ Σεβασ[τοῦ] 14 letters μεθ' ὑπομνήμα(τος) παρέθετο ἀντίγρα(φον) Ῥωμαϊκῆς [διαθήκης τῆς] ἑαυτοῦ μὲν γυναι-

κὸς τῆς δὲ Σαραπιάδος καὶ τῶν ἀδελφῶν ἀ[δελφῆς] 19 letters

ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ὡς περιέχει. [

ἐπισκ(εφθὲν?) ὑπόμνη(μα) ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) Αὐρηλίου Ἀτμήτου 17 letters ἀπὸ τῆς

10 αὐτῆς πόλεως καὶ τὸν συνπαρατεθέν[τα] μοναχὸν χρημα(τισμὸν) ὡς περιέχει ἐπὶ τοῦ ἐξῆς ιβ (ἔτους) Χοίακ λ.

ἐπισκ(εφθὲν) ὑπόμνη(μα) καὶ τὸν ἐπενεχθ(έντα) χρημα(τισμὸν) [ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος)?

14 letters Σαρα-

πιάδος Ἀπολλωνίου ἐπὶ τοῦ ιε (ἔτους) ὁμοίως. [

- ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνη(μα) ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) αὐτ(ῆς) καὶ τὰ συνπ[αρατεθ(έντα)
 χειρόγρα(φα)? ἐκμαρτυρηθ(έντα) διὰ τοῦ
- 15 ἐνθάδε μνημονίου, ὧν (μία) ἀσφάλεια 19 letters, ἑτέρα
 δι' ἧς ἐξεχωρήθη ὑ[π]άρχοντα ὑπὸ Π[] 27 letters ὡς περιέχει
 ἐπὶ τοῦ 5 (ἔτους) τοῦ κυρίου [ἡμῶν] Αὐτ[ο]κ[ράτορος Αὐρηλιανοῦ
 α (ἔτους) τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Τακί[του Σεβαστοῦ 20 letters 'Ισι-
 δώρας Σεπτιμίου Εὐδ[αίμονος ὡς περιέχει?]
- 20 ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνη(μα) ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) τοῦ 25 letters καὶ τὸν συν-
 παρατεθ(έντα) μοναχῶν χρηματισμὸν ἐκμαρτυρηθ(έντα) διὰ τοῦ ἐνθάδε
 μνημο-
 νείου ὡς περιέχει ἐπ[ὶ] τοῦ . (ἔτους) —
- ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνη(μα) ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) [αὐτ(οῦ)]? καὶ τὸν συνπαρατεθ(έντα)
 μοναχὸν χρηματισμὸν
 ἐκμαρτυρηθ(έντα) διὰ τοῦ ἐνθάδε μνημονείου ὡς περιέχει ἐπὶ τοῦ . (ἔτους).
- 25 ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνη(μα) ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) [33 letters καὶ ἀντίγραφα?
 ἑτέρων ἀσφαλειῶν δ γενομ[ένων 26 letters
 ὡς περιέχουσι] ἐπὶ τοῦ 6 (ἔτους) Πρόβ[ου Σεβαστοῦ —
 ἐπισκ(εφθέν) ὑπόμνη(μα)] ἐξ ὀνόμα(τος) [αὐτ()]? καὶ τὸν συνπαρατεθ(έντα)
 μοναχὸν χρηματισμὸν ἐκμαρτυρηθ(έντα) διὰ
 τοῦ [ἐνθάδε μ]νημον[είου ὡς περιέχει ἐπὶ τοῦ . (ἔτους) —

6. ρωμαϊκῆς. 9. ὑπομνη(μα); so in ll. 12, &c. 1. Ἀδμήτ[ου]. 15. ὦν α. 16. ὑπο.

1. Cf. B. G. U. 274. 1 ἐκ βιβλιοθήκης δημοσίων λόγων κολ(λήματος) οἷ τ(όμου) ις, followed by an extract from a taxing-list, 861. 1 ἐκ βιβλιοθήκης [δημοσίων λόγων ἐξ] ἐπισκέψεως μ[εθ'] ἑτέρα, followed by an abstract of a lease, 870. 1 ἐκ βιβλ. δημ(οσίων) λόγων ἐξ ἐπισκέψεως ἡμερησίας οἰκο(πέδου)? . . . (a year?) κώμης Σοκνοπαίου Νήσου μεθ' (1. μεθ') ἑτέρα, followed by a description of house-property, P. S. I. 450 verso. 48 ἔγλ(ημψις) ἐκ τῆς τῶν ἐνκτήσεων ἐκ δαστρώματος κωμητῶν Σεφῶ, followed by an abstract of a παραχώρησις of land, 69 ἔγλ(ημψις) ἐκ δημο(σίας) βιβλ(ιοθήκης) ἐκ παιδιακ(ῆς) (1. πεδ.) ἐπικρίσεως θ (ἔτους) θεοῦ Ἀλεξάνδρου κολ(λήματος) ξ5 ἀμφόδου Ἑρμαίου, followed by entries about the ownership of house-property, 1287. 1 ἔγλ. ἐκ δημ. βιβλ. ἐκ παιδιακ(ῆς) ἐπικρίσεως (so Vitelli from P. S. I. 450) ιδ (ἔτους) κολ(λήματος) ν Σενέπ(τα).

2. μετὰ κυρίου followed by a proper name is unlikely, for in ll. 6-7, 12-13, and 19 the women concerned seem to act without κύριοι, and a verb like παρέθετο (cf. l. 6), an accusative (e. g. διαίρειν), and a proper name have to be supplied in this line, while a lacuna of e. g. 50 letters here does not suit ll. 6, 10, 14, and 21.

4. Cornelius Valerianus is the elder, not the younger, son of Gallienus, though Saloninus too is apparently called Augustus in an Alexandrian coin of the 4th year (*Prosopogr. imp. Rom.* ii. 273).

5-6. μεθ' ὑπομνήματος . . . [διαθήκης: cf. 1725. 20-1.

9. ἐπισκ(εφθέν?) ὑπόμνη(μα): one at least of the two words has to be in the accusative, and the aorist participle here is in accordance with συνπαρεθέντα (ll. 10, &c.), ἐπενεχθέντα (l. 12), and ἐκμαρτυρηθέντα (ll. 24, &c.), while ἐπίσκ(εψιν) ὑπομνή(ματος) is unsatisfactory. ἐπισκ(εφθέν) corresponds to ἐξ ἐπισκέψεως in the headings of B. G. U. 861 and 870 quoted in l. 1, n.

14. For χειρόγρα(φα) cf. 1724. 21-32. γράμματα is also possible; cf. γράμμα in P. Strassb. iii. 29 (*Archiv* iv. 134).

22. Since Tacitus did not have a 2nd year, and Probus is mentioned in l. 27 for apparently the first time, the figure of the year here and in l. 24 is likely to have been α (or τοῦ αὐτοῦ; cf. l. 18).

25. For ἀντίγραφα cf. 1648. 43, 82, 91-2.

II. PRIVATE ACCOUNTS

(a) *Accounts of Transport.*

1650 and 1650 (a). ACCOUNTS OF FREIGHT TO MEMPHIS.

1650 18.7 × 16.4 cm.; 1650 (a) 18.4 × 8.6 cm. Late first or early second century.

These two papyri, which were found together and were written probably about the end of the first century, contain accounts relating to the transport of wheat and beans(?) to Memphis by water (cf. Wilcken, *Grundz.* p. 378), and emanating presumably from a ναύκληρος or κυβερνήτης. 1650 is in two columns, each concerned with a different boat, carrying respectively 550 and 540 artabae of wheat, the various charges connected with which are nearly identical in the two accounts and are put in the same order. 1650 (a), referring to another commodity, is in a different hand and shows some other differences of detail, though many of the items mentioned in 1650 recur. 1651, though a century at least later in date, is closely similar. Other more or less cognate accounts are P. Paris 60 bis (= W. *Chr.* 30) and Hibeh 110 recto. 21 sqq. of the third century B. C., and of the later Roman period P. Fay. 104, Ryl. 224 (a), Flor. 335.

1650.

Col. i.

Λόγος Μέμφεω(ς) καθ·
 λόγος πάκτωνος [(ἀρταβῶν ?)]
 (πυροῦ) (ἀρταβῶν) φν (δραχμαὶ) μδ,
 νέων (δρ.) 5,
 5 γένους (δρ.) δ,

Col. ii.

Λόγος Μέμφεως καθ·
 20 ἄλλ(ου) πλ(οίου) θαλαμηγοῦ (πυρῶν)
 (ἀρταβῶν) φμ [(δρ.) μγ]
 ὥς τῶν (ἀρτ.) ρ (δρ.) η (δρ.) μγ,
 νέων (δρ.) 5,

ἐραυνητικ(οῦ)	(δρ.) δ,	γένους	(δρ.) δ,
τραπεζεῖτη	(δρ.) α,	ἐραυνητ(ικοῦ)	(δρ.) δ,
χειριστικοῦ	(δρ.) ε,	25 τραπεζεῖτ(η)	(δρ.) α,
ἀλλαγῆ(ς)	(δρ.) α,	χειριστικοῦ	(δρ.) ε,
10 ἐρμηνεῖ{ς}	(δρ.) β,	ἀλλαγῆς	(δρ.) α,
πηδαλίου	(δρ.) ιδ(τετρώ-	ἐρμηνεῖ	(δρ.) β,
	βολον),	πηδαλίου	(δρ.) ιδ(πεν-
φύλαξ ἀπὸ γ(ῆς?) καὶ κυδ(άρω?) (τε-			τῶβ.),
τρώβ.),		30 γραμματεῦσι	(δρ.) δ,
γραμματεῦσι	(δρ.) δ,	Ἀρτεμεῖτι	(δρ.) α,
Ἀρτεμεῖτι	(δρ.) α,	χειρογρα(φίας)	(δρ.) α,
15 χειρογρα(φίας)	(δρ.) α,	πιττακίου	(τετρώβ.),
πιττακίου	(τετρώβ.),	/ (δρ.) πξ(τριώβ.).	
ἐραυνητικ(οῦ) εἰς λ(όγον) σπονδ(ῆς)			
(δρ.) β,			
/ (δρ.) γα.			

22. νεων Over an expunction.

‘Memphis account, the 29th. Account of a wherry: 550 artabae of wheat 44 drachmae, repairs 6 dr., tax 4 dr., examination-dues 4 dr., to the banker 1 dr., commission 5 dr., exchange 1 dr., to an interpreter 2 dr., rudder 14 dr. 4 ob., a guard from the land (?) and for a boat (?) 4 ob., to clerks 4 dr., to Artemeis 1 dr., affidavit 1 dr., receipt 4 ob., examination-dues for a libation 2 dr., total 91 dr.’

‘Memphis account, the 29th. Another boat with a hold, for 540 artabae of wheat at 8 dr. per 100 art., 43 dr., &c.

2. At the end of the line a faint dot with a stroke above it appears to represent an expunged artaba-sign.

3. Cf. l. 21, where the payment is at the same rate, 8 dr. per 100 artabae. This sum probably represents cost of transport.

4. Cf. l. 22 and 1650 (a). 2, where 5 dr. 5 ob. are paid νεον, but the meaning is obscure. Possibly the reference is to tackle of some kind for the boat; cf. πηδαλίου in ll. 11, 29, 1650 (a). 2, 1651. 5, and ξυλικού in 1651. 12.

5. Cf. P. Hamb. 17. iii. 6, where [γ]ένο(υς), as suggested by the editor, is probably the right restoration and δια(φόρου) may well precede. In 1651. 4 τ[έ]λους apparently corresponds to γένους here and in 1650 (a). 3; cf. P. Flor. 335. 6 τέλους αὐτῶν, and the τέλη Μέμφεως advanced to a κυβερνήτης in 919, with which must be associated the charge λιμένος Μέμφεως found in Fayûm customs-receipts. The item γένους or τέλους in this group of accounts is thus probably to be explained as a form of octroi-duty. γένη in connexion with the rent of δημοσία γῆ occur in P. Flor. 18. 19 sqq. ἐκφορίων καὶ προσμετρομένων καὶ γενῶν καὶ μονοδεσμίας χόρτου. Cf. the common use of εἶδος in reference to taxation, e. g. P. Fay. 55. 6.

6. ἐραυνητικ(οῦ): cf. l. 24 and 1651. 2, where the charge is at the same rate, P. Fay. 104, where several payments are entered ἐραυνηταῖς (evidently customs officials), and P. Paris 60 bis. 15 ἐρευνῆται πλοίου. Regulations concerning ἐρευνα are given in P. Tebt. 5. 22-7.

8. χειριστικοῦ: cf. P. Tebt. 121. 49, where χειριστικὸν σκ has been explained as a payment for the services of a χειριστής, as in P. Tebt. 188 δαπά(νης) χεῖ[ρ]ιστή, a meaning which would be suitable enough in the present passage. χειριστικὸν is also used in the sense of a current-account book, e. g. 1257. 10, P. Goodsp. 30. iv. 5 ἐν πιττακίῳ Σωτηρίχῳ ἐτάγη καὶ ἐν χιριστικοῖς οὐκ εὔρ(ίσκεται). But χειριστικός is found as an epithet of πυρός in 1444. 4 and 1526. 4, and it is perhaps rather with that use and the χειρισμὸς Νέας πόλεως especially concerned with the transport of corn to Rome (cf. Wilcken, *Grundz.* 369, P. Giessen 11. 11, n.) that χειριστικὸν here should be brought into connexion. An analogous form διαχειριστικὸν, which is coupled with φόρετρον and paid to ναύκληροι, occurs in an unpublished British Museum papyrus of the third century B.C.

9. Cf. P. Flor. 335. 18 ἀλλαγῆς.

10. The dative singular was doubtless intended, as in l. 28.

12. This entry does not recur in Col. ii nor in 1650 (a), and the abbreviations are obscure. κυδ(άρῳ) is restored on the analogy of 1651. 15, but καί is doubtful and κικυδ() could be read; ἀπὸ γ(ῆς) was proposed by Rostowzew. The charge for a φύλαξ may be taken to correspond to those for a στρατιώτης in 1650 (a). 7, and a βενεφικάριος and στατιωνάριος in 1651. 13, 19. Cf. e. g. the φυλακτικὰ in P. Hibeh 110 recto. 22.

13. γραμματεῦσι: cf. the γραμματικὸν in P. Hibeh 110 recto. 23 sqq., and P. Fay. 104. 15 ταβου[λαρί]φ.

16. πιττάκιον is a word applied to documents of various kinds—letters, accounts, memoranda, receipts, &c. The meaning of receipt or ticket seems most likely here; cf. e. g. πιττάκιον καμήλων, πιττάκιον σφραγισμοῦ, &c., in the Coptos tariff (O. G. I. 674. 21 sqq.).

17. This extra charge σπονδῆς, for other examples of which cf. 1744. 3 and P. Tebt. 347. 2, n., is not repeated in Col. ii or in 1650 (a). In 1651. 18, however, 1 dr. 1 ob. are entered ἐραυνητῇ in addition to 4 dr. ἐραυνητικ(οῦ).

1650 (a).

] . , λόγος Μέμφεως· κεάμου (δραχμαὶ) ριθ, [
 νέου (δρ.) ε (πεντώβολον), πηδαλίου (δρ.) ιδ (πεντώβ.), [
 τραπεζ(ίτη) (δρ.) α, γένους (δρ.) η, ἐραυνητικ(οῦ) (δρ.) . ,
 ταμίου (δρ.) ι, χιριστικοῦ (δρ.) ιδ[,
 5 ἀλλαγή (δρ.) β, συνβολικὰ (δρ.) β,
 γραμματέων (δρ.) δ, χιρογραφία[s (δρ.) . ,
 στρατιώτη (δρ.) δ, π{τε}ιττακίου (δυόβολοι).]

1. l. Μέμφεως κυάμου (οἱ κεράμου). 7. δ corr.

'The . . th, Memphis account. For beans (?) 119 drachmae, repairs 5 dr. 5 ob., rudder 14 dr. 5 ob., to the banker 1 dr., tax 8 dr., examination-dues . . dr., storage 10 dr., commission 14 dr., exchange 2 dr., receipt-charges 2 dr., clerks 4 dr., affidavit . dr., to a soldier 4 dr., receipt 2 ob.'

1. A stroke above the vestige before λόγος shows that the day of the month stood at the beginning of the line. The initial sum 119 dr. is much larger than the corresponding figures in 1650, so that, unless something other than cost of freight was included, the cargo must have been proportionately greater.

4. ταμίον here is more likely to mean 'storehouse' than 'treasury', as e.g. in P. Fay. 300 λοιπ(αὶ) ἐν ταμίῳ (ἀρτ.) νβ. Cf. P. Brit. Mus. 928. 3-6 (iii, p. 190), where the entry ταμείου (ἀρτ.) α is placed between λαχανο]σπέρμου τῆς (ἀρτ.) (δρ.) α (ὀβ.) (ἡμιωβ.) and ἀν]αλώματος πλοίου (δρ.) θ.

7. στρατιώτη: cf. 1651. 13, 19, n. These soldiers may well have been the ἐπίπλοοι who commonly accompanied cargoes of grain; cf. 276. 8-10, P. Brit. Mus. 256 recto. (a) 2 (ii. 99 = W. Chr. 443), and 1749.

1651. ACCOUNT OF FREIGHT.

15.1 x 11 cm.

Third century.

An account of expenses connected with a freight of jars of wine, closely resembling 1650 and 1650 (a); cf. int. to those papyri. The writing is across the fibres, but whether on the recto or verso is not clear.

Τῶν υ κερα(μίων) ἐκ (τετρωβόλου) (ἡμιωβελίου) (δραχμαὶ) τ,	
ἐραυνητικ(οῦ)	(δρ.) δ,
ἀναλώματος οἰνηγ(ίας)	(δρ.) λς (τριώβολον),
τ[έ]λους	(δρ.) κδ,
5 πηδαλίον	(δρ.) ιβ (τετρώβ.) (ἡμιώβ.),
γραμματέων	(δρ.) η,
γ(ίνονται) (δρ.) τπε (δυόβολοι).	
└ προσδιαγρα(φομένων)	(δρ.) λ,
ἀλλαγῆς	(δρ.) β (ὀβολός),
10 χειρογρα(φίας)	(τριώβ.),
γ(ίνονται) ἐπ(ὶ τὸ αὐτὸ) (δρ.) υιη.	
ξύλικου	(δρ.) ιδ (δυοβ.),
β(ενεφικιαρίῳ)	(δρ.) δ,
γ(ίνονται) ἐπ(ὶ τὸ αὐτὸ) (δρ.) υλς (δυόβ.).	
15 κνδάρφ	(τετρώβ.),
. [.]τει	(τετρώβ.),
πιττακίου	(δρ.) α (ὀβολ.),
ἐραυνητῇ	(δρ.) α (ὀβολ.),
[σ]τατιωναρίῳ	(δρ.) β (δυόβ.).

For 400 jars at $4\frac{1}{2}$ obols, 300 dr., examination dues 4 dr., expense of carriage of wine 36 dr. 3 ob., tax 24 dr., rudder 12 dr. $4\frac{1}{2}$ ob., clerks 8 dr., total 385 dr. 2 ob. Extra payments on this, 30 dr., exchange 2 dr. 1 ob., affidavit 3 ob., total amount 418 dr. Timber 14 dr. 2 ob., to a *beneficiarius* 4 dr., total amount 436 dr. 2 ob. To a boat 4 ob., . . . 4 ob., receipt 1 dr. 1 ob., to an examiner 1 dr. 1 ob., to a soldier on guard 2 dr. 2 ob.

4. The first letter may be equally well read as γ , but the third seems to be plainly λ , not ν , and $\chi\epsilon\lambda\upsilon\sigma\upsilon\varsigma$ (cf. 1650. 5, 23, 1650 (a). 3) is thus unsuitable. The sense, however, is much the same; cf. 1650. 5, n.

7. ($\delta\upsilon\acute{o}\beta\omicron\lambda\omicron\iota$): this is $\frac{1}{2}$ obol in excess.

8. The symbol at the beginning of this line is commonly used in accounts to indicate deduction, which is here obviously excluded, the following items being added in l. 11 to the preceding total. If, however, the sign is interpreted as equivalent to $\delta\upsilon$, like the Ptolemaic δ , it can include other meanings than those of division and subtraction, and becomes easily intelligible in the present passage.

12. $\xi\upsilon\lambda\iota\kappa\omicron\upsilon$: cf. P. Fay. 104. 20, where the next entry is $\sigma\chi\epsilon\delta\iota\alpha\varsigma \delta\omicron\mu\omicron\iota\omega\varsigma$ ($\Sigma\chi\epsilon\delta\iota\alpha\varsigma$ as proposed in P. Hibeh 110. 25, n., is wrong; cf. P. Flor. 335. 11).

16. A vestige of the first letter is consistent with e. g. π , τ , χ .

18. This second charge (cf. l. 2) is comparable to $\epsilon\iota\varsigma \lambda(\acute{o}\gamma\omicron\nu) \sigma\pi\omicron\nu\delta(\eta\varsigma)$ in 1650. 17.

19. Cf. 1650 (a). 7, n., and 62. 13, where a $\sigma\tau\alpha\tau\iota\omega\nu\acute{\alpha}\rho\iota\omicron\varsigma$ is mentioned in connexion with the embarkation of corn. On the *stationarii*, including centurions, decurions, and *beneficarii* (l. 13), introduced by the Romans for police purposes see Wilcken, *Grundz.* 413-14.

1652. ACCOUNTS OF TRANSPORT.

(a) 5.2×14.2 cm.; (b) 5×19.6 cm.

Third century.

These two short accounts, written by the same hand and following the same formula, relate to two villages in the Lower toparchy of the nome. The names of the villages precede as headings, and below are entered various sums for $\pi\lambda\alpha\tau\upsilon\pi\eta\gamma\iota\omega\nu$ Κρονίωνος , $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\alpha\nu\omega\tau\iota\kappa\acute{\omega}\nu$, $\delta\rho\omicron\mu\alpha\delta\alpha\rho\iota\omega\nu$, and $\nu\acute{\alpha}\upsilon\lambda\omicron\nu \kappa\rho\iota\theta\eta\varsigma$, each of these being followed by a kind of $\pi\rho\omicron\sigma\delta\iota\alpha\gamma\rho\alpha\phi\acute{o}\mu\epsilon\nu\alpha$ called $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\omega\nu$, the amount of which is always approximately 10 per cent. of the preceding sum. Since three out of the four main items are evidently concerned with transport either by land or water, it seems natural to connect $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\omega\nu$ with the well-known $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\omicron\phi\upsilon\lambda\alpha\kappa\iota\acute{\alpha}$ (cf. e. g. P. Fay. p. 196). The fourth main item, however, $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\alpha\nu\omega\tau\iota\kappa\acute{\alpha}$, for which large sums are entered in both accounts, is obscure. If this is an unusual variant for $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\alpha\nu\iota\kappa\acute{\alpha}$, the addition of a percentage for $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\omicron\phi\upsilon\lambda\alpha\kappa\iota\acute{\alpha}$ is surprising; but $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\alpha\nu\omega\tau\iota\kappa\acute{\alpha}$ can, as Rostowzew suggests, be regarded as an epithet of $\pi\lambda\omicron\iota\acute{\alpha}$ understood.

(a)

Col. i.

Col. ii.

$\Psi\acute{\omega}\beta\theta\epsilon\omega\varsigma \text{ Κάτω.}$

$\pi\lambda\alpha\tau\upsilon\pi\eta\gamma\iota\omega\nu \text{ Κρονίωνος (δρ.) } \sigma\zeta\theta, \quad \gamma \acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu(\omega\nu) \quad (\delta\rho.) \text{ κα,}$
 $\acute{\epsilon}\rho\eta\mu\omega\nu \quad (\delta\rho.) \text{ κζ,} \quad \nu\acute{\alpha}\upsilon\lambda(\omicron\nu) \kappa\rho\iota\theta(\eta\varsigma) \text{ Άλ[ε]ξ(ανδρείας)}$

στεφανωτικ(ῶν) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) ωζ,			(δρ.) φη,
5 ἐρήμων	(δρ.) χπβ,	ἐρήμ(ων)	(δρ.) νβ,
ὀψωνίου δρομαδαρ(ίων) (δρ.) σις,			10 / (τάλ.) α (δρ.) Βψιβ.
(b) Τακόνα·			
ὀψων(ίου) ναυ(τῶν) πλατυπ(ηγίων) δι(ὰ)			ἐρήμ(ων) (δρ.) ξς,
Κρονίω(νος) ἐπιμ(ελητοῦ) (δρ.) γμ,			ναύλ(ου) κριθ(ῆς) (δρ.) Ἀχλα,
ἐρήμ(ων)	(δρ.) ρδ,	ἐρήμ(ων)	(δρ.) ρξδ,
στεφανωτικ(ῶν) (τάλ.) γ (δρ.) Γψκε,			10 [/ (τάλ.) δ (δρ.) Γ[υμ]η]
5 ἐρήμ(ων)	(δρ.) Βρμη,	/ (τάλ.) δ (δρ.) Γυμη.	
δρομαδαρ(ίων)			(δρ.) χπ,

(a) 'Psobthis in the Lower toparchy: for the barges (?) of Cronion 299 drachmae, desert dues (?) 27 dr., crown-tax (?) 1 talent 897 dr., desert dues 672 dr., wages of camelmen 216 dr., desert dues 21 dr., freightage of barley for Alexandria 518 dr., desert dues 52 dr., total 1 tal. 2712 dr.'

(a) 1. Κάτω: sc. *τοπαρχίας*, in which Takona ((b) 1) was also situated; cf. 1285. 130. There were two other villages called Psobthis; cf. 1637. 27, n.

2. *πλατυπηγίων*: the word is apparently novel, but is now to be recognized in P. Thead. 59. 3, where the editor read *πλαγνηγια* in an obscure account referring to Pelusium and Alexandria. A boat of some kind is indicated by (b) 2. Cf. the analogous form *διαπήγιον* in B. G. U. 781. iii. 8.

6. *δρομαδαρ(ίων)*: cf. B. G. U. 696. 14, 30, 827. 31, and the Dakkeh ostraca Nos. 12-13 published by Evelyn White in *Class. Rev.* xxxiii. 49 sqq.

(b) 2. *ναυ(τῶν)*: above the *υ* is a slightly curved stroke made in much the same way as that representing the *μ* of *ἐρήμ(ων)*, &c., but *ναυ(τῶν)* seems to be the word intended; cf. (a) 6.

10. This line, which is damaged by the scaling of the surface, seems to have been crossed through.

(b) *Miscellaneous Accounts.*

1653. ACCOUNT OF A STEWARD.

20.6 x 9 cm.

A. D. 306.

This account of a steward, dealing with payments on behalf of his employer (a woman land-owner) for taxation and other purposes in the 14th year (of Constantius and Galerius) which = the 2nd (of Severus and Maximinus), is written on the verso of a piece of papyrus cut off from a roll of which the recto had already been used for accounts, traces of two columns being visible. The steward's account is continued on the recto, which seems to belong to the next

year. The payments were chiefly made in silver reckoned by weight, not by coinage, but an interesting reference to gold reckoned on both systems occurs in ll. 17-18; cf. n. Partly owing to the loss of a corner of the document, but still more to alterations in the plan and to the inexactitude of the writer, the meaning of some of the entries is not very clear. Lines 2-14 and 17-18 apparently give receipts, ll. 15-16 and 19-21 expenditure.

Verso

[Ιδ (ἔτους) β (ἔτους)] Μεχέρ ιβ.
 [λόγ(ος) ?] ἀσήμεν παραδοθ(έντος)
 [ὑπὸ τῆς γεούχου ἀποφερομένον)
 εἰ[ς] 'Ερμούπολιν) παραδοθησομένον)
 5 εἰς λόγον τῆς γενομένης ἐπιβολῆς
 ἀσήμεν ἐπιμερισθ(είσης) πρ(ὸς) φορολογίαν)
 σί(του) δημ(οσίῳ) μέτρ(ῳ) ὥς τῶν (ἀρταβῶν) ρ
 ἐξ ο(ὐ)γκίας) αλ. ἔστι δέ.
 δι' ἄλλου λί(τραι) β ο(ὐ)γκ.) α γράμματα) η,
 10 Βαυλλίου ἀπὸ λί(τρας) α μετὰ τὰς
 ὑπολειφθ(είσας) παρὰ τῆς
 γεούχου ο(ὐ)γκ.) δλ γράμ.) β τὰ λοιπ(ὰ)
 ο(ὐ)γκ.) ζ γράμ.) ι,
 Φ[α]μενῶθ ὁμοῦ λί(τρ.) β ο(ὐ)γκ.) ηλ γράμ.) ς.
 β 15 Σαραπίωνι ἀργυροκόπ(ῳ) λί(τρ.) β ο(ὐ)γκ.) γ γράμ.) ιζ,
 καθάρσεως τούτων ο(ὐ)γκ.) α γράμ.) ιβ.
 χρυσοῦ ὁμοίως ο(ὐ)γκ.) β γράμ.) ι
 ἐν ὀλοκοττίνοις ιβ.
 λοιπ(αι)] ἐξ ὧν παρεδόθη τῷ γεούχῳ
 20 ιδ (ἔτους) β (ἔτους) Φαμενῶθ ιζ
 ο(ὐ)γκ.) γ γράμ.) θ.

Recto

] ιε γ (ἔτους ?), [ἀσ]ήμεν λί(τρ.) β [ο(ὐ)γκ.) η γράμ.) ιβ.
 [. . . Σ]αραπίωνι [ἀργυροκόπ(ῳ)
 λί(τρ.) β ο(ὐ)γκ.) γ γράμ.) ιζ, [καθά]ρ[σεως τούτων)
 25 ο(ὐ)γκ.) αλ, ὁμοῦ λί(τρ.) β ο(ὐ)γκ.) ε γράμ.) ε,
 λοιπ(αι) ο(ὐ)γκ.) γ γράμ.) ζ.

6. ρ¹ φορ. 10. βαυλλίου. 11. ὑπολ. 15. λι(τρ.) over an expunction.
 18. ολοκοτ' τινους. 19. 1. τῇ γεούχῳ. 21. θ corr. 25. ο of ομου corr. from γ.

Verso. 'The 14th and 2nd year, Mecheir 12. Account (?) of uncoined silver delivered by the land-owner and transported to Hermopolis to be delivered on account of the extra levy of uncoined silver imposed for purpose of taxation at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. upon 100 artabae of corn by the public measure, as follows. By another, 2 lb. 1 oz. 8 gr.; (by ?) Bayllius, out of 1 lb., after reckoning the $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 2 gr. left by the land-owner, the remainder, 7 oz. 10 gr. Total 2 lb. $8\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 6 gr. (Phamenoth 2, to Sarapion, silversmith, 2 lb. 3 oz. 17 gr., for refining these 1 oz. 12 gr.) Likewise 2 oz. 10 gr. of gold in 12 solidi. (Remainder) From which there were delivered to the land-owner on Phamenoth 17 of the 14th and 2nd year 3 oz. 9 gr.'

1. Traces of two strokes following β (ἔτους)], as in l. 20, are visible.

2. Part of a stroke before ἀσίμου indicates an abbreviation.

ἀσίμου: cf. e. g. 1524. P. Thead. 33, and P. S. I. 310, where 1 oz. was equivalent to 2,776 drachmae in A. D. 307.

παραδοθ(έντος): it is not clear whether μοι is to be supplied. In l. 4 παραδοθησομ(ένου) is used in connexion with a payment to the State, which is unusual; but in l. 19 παρεδόθη seems to refer to the repayment of the balance of the account, or part of it, to the γεούχος by the writer.

5. τῆς γενομ(ένης) ἐπιβολῆς: this can mean either the ἐπιβάλλον μέρος of an ordinary tax (cf. P. Tebt. 391. 19 τὸ λοιπὸν τῆς ἐπιβ. τῆς λαογραφίας), or an extra charge (cf. ἐπιβολή referring to the forced cultivation of State land, discussed in P. Ryl. 202. 1, n., and ἐπιβολαί in e. g. B. G. U. 519. 16). In P. Thead. 32 (307) two receipts ὑπ(έρ) τῆς ἐπιβληθείσης νέας ἐπιβολῆς follow one ὑπ. τ. ἐπιβλ. ἀννώνης, and P. Thead. 33 (312) has a series of receipts ὑπέρ τῆς γενομένης ἐπιβολῆς (κατὰ θείαν πρόσταξιν is added in one case) ὑπέρ κτήσεως Θεαδελφίας, but those instances too are ambiguous. Here, however, ἐπιβολή is probably an extra charge, not at any rate ordinary land-tax, for $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of silver (= about 4,000 drachmae; cf. l. 2, n.) seems too small a sum to be the equivalent of 100 artabae of corn at this period.

6. πρ(ὸς) φορολογ(ίαν): or possibly πρ(ὸς) φορολογ(ία). φορολογία, a term used in the Ptolemaic period (e. g. O. G. I. 90. 12), recurs in P. Flor. 36. 13 and Thead. 16. 13, which are approximately contemporary with 1653, in connexion with a village, and seems in 1653 at any rate to be a general term for taxation rather than to have a special reference to φόρος in the sense of 'rent'.

9. δι' ἄλλον: the δ is joined to the supposed ι so as to form a loop, and Δράλλον, i. e. a proper name corresponding to Βαυλλίου in the next line, can equally well be read, but is not a known form. λόγον might be supplied with δι' ἄλλον, but another person is more likely to be meant. Whichever reading be adopted, the precise relation of ll. 9-14 to the preceding heading is not clear. If ll. 19-21 imply that the sums mentioned in ll. 15-16 were deducted from the total in l. 14 (cf. l. 19, n.), ll. 9-14 refer to the writer's receipts, in which case παραδοθεῖσαι would be the word most naturally supplied in ll. 9-10 (from l. 2).

10. Βαυλλίου: cf. μοναστήριον Βαύλλον in P. Grenf. ii. 95. 2.

14. The total of the sums in ll. 9 and 13 is correctly given.

15-16. Cf. the similar entry in ll. 23-5. Φαμ(ενώθ) is not a suitable reading at the beginning of l. 22, and that entry seems to refer to a second payment to Sarapion, not to the same payment as that recorded here by an afterthought. In the margin κ can be read in place of β, but the day would be expected to be earlier, not later, than that in l. 20. The charge for refining was approximately $9\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

17-18. 2 oz. 10 gr. as the equivalent of 12 ὀλοκόττινα gives $4\frac{5}{6}$ gr. (i. e. scripula) as the

average weight of each. This is quite in accordance with the numismatic evidence concerning the later aurei of Diocletian, which range from about $5\frac{1}{8}$ to $4\frac{1}{8}$ gr.; cf. Hill, *Handbook of Greek and Roman Coins* 54-5. Constantine fixed the solidus at 4 gr.; cf. 1430. int. This entry, which was written before ll. 15-16 were inserted, is parallel to l. 2.

19. If the sums in ll. 15-16 were deducted by the writer from that in l. 14, the remainder is 4 oz. 1 gr., and since the sum in l. 21, 3 oz. 9 gr., is smaller than that, after $\lambda\omicron\iota[\pi(\alpha\iota)]$, which was probably added at the same time as the insertion of ll. 15-16, $\langle\omicron(\acute{\upsilon})\gamma(\kappa.)\rangle$ δ $\gamma\rho(\acute{\alpha}\mu.)$ $\alpha\rangle$ can be supplied. Otherwise the addition of $\lambda\omicron\iota[\pi(\alpha\iota)]$ before $\epsilon\acute{\xi}$ $\delta\omega$ becomes unintelligible. Moreover in the entry on the recto the sum paid to Sarapion is deducted from a previously mentioned sum, leaving a remainder, though there the process of calculation is clear. If the account is considered without reference to the addition of ll. 15-16 and $\lambda\omicron\iota[\pi(\alpha\iota)]$ in l. 19, $\epsilon\acute{\xi}$ $\delta\omega$ presents no difficulty, ll. 2-18 giving the writer's receipts, 19-21 his expenditure. For $\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\delta\acute{o}\theta\eta$ cf. l. 2, n.

22.] $\epsilon\gamma$ ($\epsilon\tau\omicron\upsilon\varsigma$?) is very uncertain; cf. 1750. int. The first letter can be ν , the second is more like ϵ than α , but the vestiges of the third rather suggest β or κ , and the following stroke may well be a mark of abbreviation. $\lambda\acute{o}\gamma(\omicron\varsigma)$, which we have restored in l. 2, is inadmissible here; but if the reading of the supposed date in l. 22 is wrong, the word before $\acute{\alpha}\sigma\eta\mu\omicron\nu$ may have been the same in both lines.

1854. ACCOUNT OF NOTARIAL EXPENSES.

11.9 x 17.5 cm.

About A. D. 150.

On the recto are eight incomplete lines and beginnings of seven more in a second column from a late first or early second century land-survey list similar to P. Brit. Mus. 267. On the verso in a different hand is the beginning of an interesting account of payments to various persons, including $\nu\omicron\mu\omicron\gamma\rho\acute{\alpha}\phi\omicron\iota$ (ll. 3, 8, nn.) and a $\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\epsilon}\tau\eta\varsigma$ $\eta\gamma\epsilon\mu\omicron\nu\iota\kappa\eta\varsigma$ $\beta\iota\beta\lambda\iota\omicron\theta\eta\kappa\eta\varsigma$ (l. 7, n.), for drawing up or investigating official documents, besides purchases of writing-materials. An approximate date is provided by the mention in l. 11 of Munatius Felix, praefect in 150-1 (cf. Lesquier, *L'armée romaine* 513). The writer of the account was perhaps himself an official, and the payments seem to have been made at Alexandria rather than at Oxyrhynchus; cf. ll. 7-8, nn.

$\Lambda\acute{o}\gamma\omicron\varsigma$ $\delta\alpha\pi\acute{\alpha}\nu\eta\varsigma$.

γ Μεσορή,

$\nu\omicron\mu\omicron\gamma\rho\acute{\alpha}(\phi\omicron\iota\varsigma)$ $\gamma\rho\acute{\alpha}\psi\alpha\iota$ $\upsilon\pi\omicron\mu\eta\mu\alpha\tau\iota\sigma\mu(\omicron\upsilon\varsigma)$ β ($\acute{o}\beta\omicron\lambda\omicron\iota$) $\iota\varsigma$,
 $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\alpha\acute{\upsilon}\tau\omicron\upsilon\varsigma$ ($\tau\epsilon\tau\rho\acute{\omega}\beta\omicron\lambda\omicron\nu$).

5 δ , $\acute{\epsilon}\tau\acute{\epsilon}\rho\omicron\upsilon$ $\chi\acute{\alpha}\rho\tau\omicron\upsilon$ $\acute{\alpha}\gamma\omicron\rho\alpha\sigma\theta\acute{\epsilon}\nu\tau\omicron\varsigma$

$\epsilon\iota\varsigma$ $\sigma\upsilon\kappa\kappa\omicron\pi\eta\eta$ ($\delta\rho\alpha\chi\mu\acute{\alpha}\iota$) δ ,

$\alpha\iota\rho\acute{\epsilon}\tau\eta$ $\eta\gamma\epsilon\mu\omicron\nu\iota\kappa\eta\varsigma$ $\beta\iota\beta\lambda\iota\omicron\theta\eta\kappa(\eta\varsigma)$ ($\acute{o}\beta$.) ι .

ϵ , $\nu\omicron\mu\omicron\gamma\rho\acute{\alpha}(\phi\omicron\iota\varsigma)$ [$\acute{\alpha}\gamma\omicron$] $\rho\acute{\alpha}[\varsigma]$ $\mu\alpha\lambda\lambda\omicron\iota\varsigma$ ' $\lambda\epsilon\gamma\omicron\mu\acute{\epsilon}\nu\omicron\iota\varsigma$ ' $\zeta\eta\tau\eta\sigma\alpha\iota$

ὑπομν[η]μ[α]τισμ(οὺς) β[ε] τοῦ ἀρχιδικαστοῦ (τετρώβ.).
 10 5, νομογρά(φου) ἐνδὸς τῶ . [. . .] ἰφ ὑπὲρ ὑπομν[η]μ(ατισμῶν) [. . .]
 Μουνατίου Φή[λ]ικος —
 εἰς δὲ ἔγλημ[ψ]ιν —
 Ἀλεξάνδρῳ πολ[—]

‘Account of expenditure. Mesore 3, to notaries for writing 2 memoranda 16 obols, papyrus for these 4 ob. The 4th, for another papyrus bought for cutting up 4 drachmae, to a selector (?) of the praefect’s library 10 ob. The 5th, to notaries of the agora, called . . ., for investigating 2 memoranda of the archidicastes 4 ob. The 6th, one notary . . . for . memoranda of Munatius Felix . . ., and for an extract . . .’

3. νομογρά(φους): the view of Koschaker (*Zeilschr. d. Savigny-St.* xxix. 17²) that these were officials is disputed by Preisigke (*Girouesen* 277⁵) and P. M. Meyer (*P. Hamb.* 4. 15, n.), who regard them as private notaries. Mitteis (*Grundz.* 56⁷) is doubtful. 1654, in which they are concerned with ὑπομνηματισμοί of high officials such as the archidicastes (ll. 8–9) and praefect (ll. 10–11), rather supports Koschaker; cf. l. 8, n.

7. αἰρέτη ἡγεμονικῆς βιβλιοθήκ(ης): this library, which was not known previously, must have been at Alexandria. αἰρέτης, for which Crönert, *Wörterbuch*, quotes only an instance from Vettius Valens ii. 1 in the sense of ‘favourer’, = προαιρέτης; cf. P. Leipz. 123. 17–19, where a βιβλιοφύλαξ at Alexandria states παρελήφθησαν διὰ τῶν προαιρετῶν οἱ προκίμ[ενο]ι τόμοι τέσσαρες, sc. ὑπομνηματισμοί from the Mendesian nome, and B. G. U. 362. Fr. 1. 19, &c., where 30 drachmae Ξάνθῳ προαιρέτῃ βιβλιοθήκης occur in the accounts of the temple of Jupiter Capitolinus at Arsinoë. The προαιρέτης is generally explained as an official who ‘produced’ documents as the result of a search; cf. Preisigke, *Fachwörter* 146. That the βιβλιοθήκη in B. G. U. 362 was also at Alexandria, and even identical with our ἡγεμονικὴ βιβλ., is quite possible, for the next entry but one in B. G. U. 362 is uniformly ἐπιτηρητῇ ὑπ(ὲρ) καταπομπῆς μηνιαίου, and P. Leipz. 123 shows that the προαιρέται went about the country collecting documents for the central archives at Alexandria; but the local βιβλιοθήκαι at the nome-capitals may also have had προαιρέται or αἰρέται. In the present case the payment to a αἰρέτης is likely to be connected with a search for a particular document (cf. ll. 8–9), and if so the account was presumably written at Alexandria; cf. the next n.

8. νομογρά(φους) [ἀγο]ρά[s]: cf. B. G. U. 888. 4, where a νομογράφος ἀγορᾶς writes a letter in the name of the archidicastes, and is apparently an official of the καταλογεῖον at Alexandria, as is now admitted by Preisigke (*Fachwörter* 130; cf. l. 3, n.). If [ἀγο]ρά[s] is rightly restored, the probability that Alexandria, not Oxyrhynchus, was the scene of these payments (cf. l. 7, n.) is increased; but the next word remains a difficulty, for though the addition of λεγομένοις indicates that it is something unusual, perhaps a proper name, neither μαλλοῖς nor Μαλλοῖς seems at all suitable (Μαλλοί are only known as a people in NW. India and Μαλλός as the name of towns in Cilicia and Aethiopia). Two letters instead of one may be lost after ρα, and α of μαλλοῖς can be ε, but μ and the first λ are nearly certain. λιβελλοῖς and μεγάλοις are excluded.

10. τῶ ὁ[ψων]ίφ could be read, but the order of words would not be satisfactory.

11. Μουνατίου Φή[λ]ικος: cf. int.

1655. BAKER'S ACCOUNT.

8.2 x 10 cm.

Third century.

An account, covering three successive days, of bread and cakes of various kinds. The hand, which is of an uncultivated type, appears to belong to the third century. Except on the verso, all figures have a horizontal line over them. Cf. 1731. I-II.

Λόγος ἀρτοκόπου Καλασί[ριος].
 ε, ἄρτων μεγάλων ε (δηνάρια) ε,
 καπυρίων ζευγῶν κ (δην.) γ,
 σεμιδάλεως μέτρον α ἰς τὴν τ . [. . . . ,
 5 πλακούντων (δην.) γ.
 τ, σαιμιδάλεως μέτρον α καλεωτιδεσ[. .
 ζ, μερικῶν μ (δην.) ια (δραχμαὶ) β,
 σελιγνίων μεγάλων [(δην.)] μ (δην.) ε (δρ.) γ,
 σελιγνίων μικῶν ζεύγη κ (δην.) γ,
 10 σεμιδάλεως μέτρα β (δην.) τ,
 γίνονται ὁμοῦ (δην.) μτ τέ(ταρτον) α.

On the verso

ρ εὐδοήκοντα δ τέ(ταρτον) α.

6. 1. σεμιδάλεως. 12. 1. ἐβδομήκοντα or ὀγδοήκοντα.

'Account of the baker Kalasiris. The 5th, 5 large loaves 5 denarii, 20 pairs of dried loaves 3 den., 1 measure of fine flour for . . ., cakes 3 den. The 6th, 1 measure of fine flour . . . The 7th, 40 divisible loaves (?) 11 den. 2 dr., 40 large cakes 5 den. 3 dr., 20 pairs of small cakes 3 den., 2 measures of fine flour 6 den., total 46 den. 1 quarter.'

1. Καλασί[ριος]: cf. e. g. P. Leipz. 97. iii. 7, vii. 5, xvii. 9.

3. καπύριον is apparently a diminutive of καπυρός, a word applied to various articles of food. A thin dry cake or biscuit of some kind may be meant.

4. σεμιδάλεως: cf. e. g. 736. 82. The punctuation of ll. 4-5 is uncertain; cf. l. 11, n.

6. μέτρον α was perhaps followed by a proper name. The doubtful λ may be ρ, or possibly ε with another letter between it and ε.

7. μερικῶν may be interpreted as bread or cake marked off into segments; but no such use seems to be known, and the reading is uncertain. Between ζ and μ there is a dot which may possibly be meant for an ο, i. e. ομερικῶν for ὀμερικῶν, but this again would apparently be a novel use, and there is no ο in the papyrus at all similar. On the other hand a dot after a date is unusual, and does not occur in ll. 2 and 6.

8. *σελίγων* = *silignum*; cf. e. g. a Rainer papyrus cited by Wessely, *Latein. Elemente in d. Gräzität der Papyrusurkunden* 51 τέσσαρας ἀρτάβας σελίγων καθαρῶν, P. Brit. Mus. 1806. 2 σιλιγνί(ου) χαραγμ(ήν) μίαν. Hence σελιγνιάριος, e. g. P. Brit. Mus. 387. 19.

9. The dialectical μικκός and μικός are both found in papyri; for the latter cf. P. Fay. 127. 12-13.

11. The items preserved add up to 36 den. 5 dr., the difference between this and the total 46 den. τέ(τ.) α being accounted for by the figures lost at the ends of ll. 4 and 6. It is, however, not quite certain that ll. 4-5 should not be combined as a single item by reading e. g. *is tήν π[οίησιν] πλακούντων*, the price of 3 den. for a *σεμδάλεως μέτρον* corresponding to that in l. 10. In this case the only figure lost (9 den.?) would be at the end of l. 6. τέ(ταρτον) apparently means 1 dr., the other 4 being treated as equivalent to 1 denarius in accordance with the usual ratio of Egyptian drachmae to denarii; cf. 1431. 3, n. The letters τε are written with no sign of abbreviation both here and in l. 12. For a similar combination of denarii and drachmae cf. e. g. Dakkeh ostracon No. 8 in *Class. Rev.* xxxiii. 49 sqq., the drachmae being presumably χαλκίνοι. The papyrus is broken below l. 11, and the figures on the verso may be explained by supposing that the account was continued after a short interval.

1656. ACCOUNT OF FOOD.

30.4 × 11.3 cm.

Late fourth or fifth century.

An account of expenses for food of various kinds, written in an uncultivated hand with many mistakes in spelling. The monetary unit is abbreviated μο(), standing for μοιριάς, i. e. μυριάς δηναρίων, which became common in the latter part of the fourth century (e. g. 1729-30); cf. the spelling τοιρῶν in l. 15.

Λόγον ὀλοποιοῦ. ἐδεξάμην	καυλίων μο(ιρ.) ι,
παρ' ἐσοῦ μο(ιριάδας) ςε,	φ(ο)ινικίων μο(ιρ.) ι,
2	ἀρκάδια μο(ιρ.) τ,
γάρου αὐστησίων μο(ιρ.) οε,	εἰ(ς) δῖπνον καιμία μο(ιρ.) ι,
5 τουλῶν . [. . . .] μ[ο(ιρ.)] ιβ,	15 τοιρῶν μο(ιρ.) λ,
. . υμ[. .] . [. . . .] . . μ[ο(ιρ.)] ιβ,	κρήας λι(τρῶν) γ μο(ιρ.) οε,
[.] ριῶν μο(ιρ.) ι,	ὀψαριδίων μο(ιρ.) ιβ,
φασιλίων καὶ λε{σ}πτολάχανα	ἄκρ{ν}ον μο(ιρ.) ιβ,
μο(ιρ.) ι,	χαθαρῶν μο(ιρ.) μ,
εἰ(ς) δῖπνον κρέας λι(τρῶν) γ μο(ιρ.)	20 ψομίων μο(ιρ.) ρπ,
οε,	ἀρίστων μο(ιρ.) οε,
10 ὁ{σ} ψαρ(ί)ων [[μ]] μο(ιρ.) ιβ,	καιφαλιδίων κα[ι] μέλιτος μο(ιρ.) η.

1. l. λόγος. 8. l. φασηλίων. 9. First ν of δειπνον corr. from ο. 15. l. τρῶν.
16. l. κρέας. 19. l. καθαρῶν. 22. l. κεφαλιδίων.

'Account of a repairer (?)'. I received from you 5,000 myriads, from which, for dried fish (?) sauce 75 myr., . . . beans and small vegetables 10 myr., meat for dinner, 3 lb., 75 myr., relishes 12 myr., cabbages 10 myr., dates 10 myr., Arcadian . . . 300 myr., . . . for dinner 10 myr., cheeses 30 myr., meat, 3 lb., 75 myr., relishes 12 myr., trotter 12 myr., pure loaves 40 myr., dainties 180 myr., breakfasts 75 myr., heads and honey 8 myr.'

1. *δλοποιού*: the only instance cited of this word is Damascius, *De princip.* 33 (p. 87 Kopp) οὐχ ὡς ἐνοποιὸν ληπτέον ἀλλ' ὡς παντοποιόν· καὶ πληθοποιὸν γὰρ καὶ ἀγαθοποιὸν καὶ δλοποιὸν καὶ οὐδὲ ἐν ὅτι οὐ ποιοῦν, and its meaning in the present place is doubtful. The sense of 'factotum' or 'handy man' on the analogy of *παντοπώλης* is hardly natural, and 'repairer' is more in accordance with use and the passage of Damascius, in which *παντοποιός* and *δλοποιός* are distinguished.

4. *αὐστησίων* is perhaps for *αὐστηρίων*, *αὐστηρός* being used as an epithet of *χυλός*, *λάχανα*, *σιτία*, &c.

5. *τουλον*. [: the fourth letter may be δ, and the seventh may be also δ or λ.

13. *ἀρκάδια* remains unexplained. Cf. e.g. *σαῖτια* in 1658. 1.

14. *καιμία* is unknown. According to Photius *κημός* was ὁσπρίον τι παρὰ Θραξίν, but a misspelling of *κημίον* in this sense does not seem very probable.

18. For *ἄκρον* (?) cf. e.g. 108. 3.

19. *χαθαῶν* is for *καθαῶν*, sc. *ἄρων*; cf. e.g. 736. 78, and for the absolute use P. Tebt. 120. int. *καθαῶν* ζεύγη ιε.

20. *ψομίων*: the remains of the second letter suggest *a* rather than *o*, but in any case *ψωμίων* was no doubt intended.

(c) Lists.

1657. LIST OF UTENSILS.

21.6 × 12.5 cm.

Late third century.

A list of utensils, which were contained in two *στρατιωτάρια* (military haversacks? Cf. l. 1, n.), followed by a short letter announcing their dispatch. As often happens (cf. e.g. 521, 1290), the list includes some new words. It is written on the verso of 1411, which belongs to the year 260.

Χαλκοκρότων στρατιωτάρ[ριο]ν	λιτρῶν ις, ἔχον
α λιτρῶν κδ,	τὰ αὐτὰ εἶδη
ἔχον σκουτλίον α,	καὶ θύσκην καὶ πᾶσκα[λο?]ν. [
βωλήτι[ο]ν α,	Θέωνι φίλω. α[.] . . .
5 βατέλλιον,	15 τὰ διαπεμφθέντα χαλκο[κρό]των
φαβατάρ[ι]ον,	στρατιωτάρια β' ἔχο[ν]τα
ὀξυβάφια β,	τὰ προκείμενα ἀγγεῖα κο[μισ]ά-
ἔτερα ἀγ[γεῖ]α β,	μενος
κυβιά[ρ]ιον, / ἀρ[ιθ]μῶ θ.	μετὰ τῶν ἄλλων δηλώσεις μοι,
10 ἔτερον στρατιωτάριον	Λουκία.

'A military case of bronze utensils weighing 24 pounds, containing 1 dish, 1 saucepan, a plate, a bean-tureen, 2 saucers, 2 other vessels, a salt-fish-pot (?), making 9 in number.

Another military case weighing 16 pounds, containing the same objects and a censer and wallet?

To my friend Theon. . . on receipt of the 2 military cases of bronze utensils containing the aforesaid vessels, which I have dispatched, with the rest, send word to me, Lucia.'

1. στρατιωτάριον (cf. l. 10) is apparently novel, but clearly means some sort of receptacle used by soldiers, perhaps a haversack.

3. σκουτλίον, for which cf. 741. 19, P. Brit. Mus. 191. 10, = *scutula*, *scutella*.

4. βωλήτι[ο]ν: cf. the πινάκια βωλητάρια in B.G.U. 781. i. 1, iii. 7. βωλητάρ[ι]ν for βωλητάριον is a possible reading here, but suits the papyrus less well than βωλήτι[ο]ν, which, though not occurring elsewhere, is a natural form (from βώλητος = *boletus*).

5. βατέλλιον: cf. Wilcken, *Ost.* ii. 1218. 3 συνθέσ(ε)ις βατελλίων, 741. 18 βάτελλαι.

6. φαβατάρ[ι]ον = *fabatarium*.

9. κυβιά[ρ]ιον is a derivative of κύβιον.

13. πάσκα[λο]ν, if right, is for φάσκαλον, φάσκωλον; cf. the Latin *pasceolus*. πῆσκ might be read for πασκ, but a word connected with πέσκος (πέκος) seems less probable.

14. σ[. . .] . . . would naturally be taken for the name of the writer, which, however, would leave Λουκία in l. 19 (the last letter is doubtful, but ω is less suitable) unexplained. It is not possible to read [χ]σ[ί]ρ[ε]ιν or δ[πρὸ] Λουκ[ίας]. The word may therefore be connected with what follows.

1658. LIST OF ARTICLES.

17.8 × 12.1 cm.

Fourth century.

A list of various articles, similar to 1657, 1290, &c., and including, like those papyri, some rare or novel forms. The writing is across the fibres of the verso, the recto being blank except that at one edge there is a vestige which may belong to the final letter of a line.

Σαῖτια β, φυνίκ(ινα) [	μαχαίρια β με[ι](κρά),
ξύλα ε τοῦ πάκτ[ωνος],	κοκκούμιον α,
χαλ[άδ]ρια β,	10 πυξίδιον ἔν,
βάδιον καινόν, [	[[ηλᾶ]] ἡλάρια
5 κατακην καινόν, [	μεικρά τοῦ πάκτωνος,
μεικρὸν σφυρίον [	ὥτίον χαλκίου.
ἔχων κάτω [	

1. σαῖτια. 1. φοινίκ(ινα). 5. 1. καινόν. 7. 1. ἔχων.

'2 Saite jars, 5 palm-wood boards of the boat, 2 couches, a new flagon, a new . . ., a small basket containing at the bottom 2 small knives, 1 pot, 1 casket, some small nails of the boat, a handle of a kettle.'

1. *σαῖτρα*: cf. *Archiv* iii. 448 and a Rainer papyrus of the fourth or fifth century cited by Wessely, *Altersindiz. im Philogelos*, p. 32. An analogous measure is *μεμφίτιον* (P. Flor. 213. 6).

3. *χαλ[άδ]ρια*: cf. 646, 1142. 13, P. Tebt. 414. 13.

4. *βάδιον* is apparently a diminutive of *βάδος* or *βάτος*, which according to Hesychius contained 50 *ξέσται*. Epiphanius, *De pond.* p. 178, derives the measure from the Hebrew *βίθ* and associates it with the oil-making industry.

5. *κατακην* remains unexplained. A connexion with *κάδδιχος* or *κάδδιχον*, which Hesychius gives as equivalent to *ἡμίεκτον*, is hardly likely.

9. For *κοκκούμιον* cf. e. g. 1160. 23, n., 1290. 3.

10. *πυξίδιον*: cf. e. g. P. Ryl. 124. 14, 127. 30.

III. TAXING-ACCOUNTS

1659. ACCOUNT OF CROWN-TAX.

35 × (approximately) 42.5 cm.

A. D. 218-221.

This long and fairly well preserved papyrus contains an account of sums collected in the Oxyrhynchite nome for Crown-tax (ll. 1, 130) during a period of five days from Hathur 10-14 in the reign of Elagabalus, who is known from numerous papyri (e. g. 1522) to have paid special attention to this source of revenue; cf. 1441. int., where the evidence concerning the mode of its assessment is collected. Of the three columns the second and third are nearly complete, but in the first the middles of lines are for the most part missing. The position assigned to four fragments which do not actually join the beginnings or ends of lines of Col. i (Fr. 1 to ll. 1-6, Fr. 2 to ll. 7-13, Fr. 3 to ll. 33-43, Fr. 4 to ll. 43-5) is practically certain; a few very small unplaced pieces are ignored. After the heading in ll. 1-3 (or 4), which is imperfect and probably contained a mention of the year in either l. 1 or l. 4, comes in ll. 5 (or 4)-8 a list of sums paid through the public bank of Oxyrhynchus apparently by individual taxpayers (ll. 5-6, n.), followed in l. 9 by another payment at Oxyrhynchus, distinguished from the preceding section (l. 9, n.). Then follows in ll. 10-119 a list of payments through *πράκτορες*, whose names are in the nominative (ll. 12, 86-7, 100, 118), or their agents, who are introduced by *διά* (cf. *δι(ᾶ) Διον(υσίου) ὑπ(ηρέτου)* in l. 125), at various villages of all six toparchies of the Oxyrhynchite nome, each section concerning a toparchy being subdivided into two parts, respectively headed *μητροπολιτικῶν* and *κωμητικῶν*, according to the place in which the taxpayers were registered. In l. 120 comes an entry of 80 drachmae credited

to the nome in general, this having perhaps been explained in detail in a note added, but subsequently cancelled, after l. 102 (cf. l. 103, n.), and there follows in l. 121 the total of sums actually received for the nome together with the total due according to the fraction (5 days make $\frac{1}{6}$) of the *μηνιαῖον*, or official assessment of the amount due in each month. Since the actual receipts were 206 drachmae in excess of the assessment, arrangements were made for abatements (ll. 122-4, a section which has been cancelled, like l. 103) in the case of three villages, effected by *ὁ πρὸς παραδοχ(ῇ)*, which is a new official title. Since payments for Crown-tax were made at intervals throughout the year (cf. 1522 and B. G. U. 518), there is some reason to infer that 12 tal. 5890 dr. $4\frac{1}{8}$ obols, the amount of the assessment for Hathur 10-14, represent $\frac{1}{7\frac{1}{3}}$ of the whole annual amount due from the Oxyrhynchite nome for that impost, i. e. nearly 950 talents. In conclusion (ll. 125-9) there is a list of sums credited to the Hermopolite nome, partly collected at a Hermopolite village which probably adjoined the Upper toparchy of the Oxyrhynchite nome (l. 125, n.), partly paid by inhabitants of a village in that toparchy who had gone over into the Hermopolite nome (l. 128). The sum of the Hermopolite items is in l. 130 finally added to the (scheduled, not the actually received) total of the Oxyrhynchite nome. The following table summarizes the main items of the account:—

Line	District	μητροπολιτικά	κωμητικά	Total
8.	μητροπ. (bank)			[1373 dr. 2] $\frac{1}{2}$ ob.
9.	μητροπ. (miscellaneous)			305 dr.
23, 32.	Ἄνω τοπ.	[2 tal.] 2900 dr.	[4113 dr. 4 ob.]	3 tal. 1013 dr. 4 ob.
43, 45.	Λιβὸς τοπ.	[2 tal. 5] 560 dr.	250 dr.	[2 tal.] 5[810 dr.
56, 60.	Ἀπηλ. τοπ.	1 tal. 5907 dr.	471 dr. 4 ob.	2 tal. 378 dr. 4 ob.
77, 85.	Μέση τοπ.	1 tal. [4] 328 dr. $\frac{5}{8}$ ob.	570 dr. 4 ob.	1 tal. 4898 dr. $4\frac{5}{8}$ ob.
92, 99.	Θμοισ. τοπ.	4845 dr. $3\frac{1}{2}$ ob.	1767 dr. [3] $\frac{1}{2}$ ob.	[1 tal.] 613 dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ ob.
111, 119.	Κάτω τοπ.	1 tal. 1356 dr.	2268 dr.	1 tal. 3624 dr.
120.	nome (miscellaneous)			80 dr.
121.	Oxy. nome (actual receipts)			13 tal. 96 dr. $3\frac{7}{8}$ ob.
121.	Oxy. nome (proportion of <i>μηνιαῖον</i>)			12 tal. 5890 dr. $4\frac{1}{8}$ ob.
129.	Hermop. nome			4290 dr.
130.	Grand total			13 tal. 4180 dr. $4\frac{5}{8}$ ob.

Some doubt attaches to the totals of the Ἄνω and Λιβὸς τοπ. (ll. 23, 43, nn.), and the total of the bank-receipts at Oxyrhynchus is obtained only by subtraction; but the margin of error is small. The arithmetic of the writer is good; the only mistakes which can be detected concern the obols in two cases (ll. 122 and 130, nn.).

For determining his official rank there is no direct evidence, and it is not made clear who is meant by the second person used in l. 103; but accounts of payments by individuals for Crown-tax were sent by *πράκτορες* to the strategus, as the head of the revenue-administration of the nome; cf. P. Brit. Mus. 474.

The geographical information provided by 1659 is of considerable interest. The order of the six toparchies is the same as that in 1285, which is also a taxing-list, and 1747, a list of persons serving in some official capacity (guards?), and was evidently customary, proceeding in general from south to north. The enumeration of the toparchies in the Hermopolite nome found in the taxing-lists B. G. U. 552-7, which observes the following order (1) *Κουσσίτης ἄνω*, (2) *Κουσσίτης κάτω*, (3) *Λευκοπυργίτης ἄνω*, (4) *Λευκοπυργίτης κάτω*, (5) *Περὶ πόλιν ἄνω*, (6) *Περὶ πόλιν κάτω*, (7) *Πατρή ἄνω*, (8) *Πατρή κάτω*, (9) *Πατεμίτης ἄνω*, (10) *Πατεμίτης κάτω* with the district called *Πασκώ* (cf. 1637. 20, n.), also probably proceeds in general from south to north, so that the *Λευκοπυργίτης* district is to be placed between *Κούσσαι* (*El-Kusiye*) and Hermopolis (*Ashmunein*), the *Πατρή* and *Πατεμίτης* districts between Hermopolis and the boundary of the Oxyrhynchite nome. These toparchies were all mainly or exclusively on the west bank. The district on the east bank, in which *Ἀκῶρις-Τήνις* (*Tehneh*) was situated, was called *Μωχίτης*. Most of the villages in 1659 were already known, principally from the fuller list in 1285; but new names occur in ll. 27, 42, 55, 63, 74, and some which were imperfectly preserved in 1285 can now be fixed; cf. ll. 14, 15, 70, nn. The order of the villages in the two sections concerning *μητροπολιτικά* and *κωμητικά* does not correspond, even where, as in the case of the Thmoisepho toparchy (ll. 86-99), the same villages are found in both. Usually the *μητροπολιτικά* section is much the longer and the sums are uniformly much larger, a circumstance which serves to account for the comparative smallness of the receipts recorded at the metropolis itself. In 1285 also, which is concerned with a tax called *τιμὴ* . . ., there are two lists; but the order of the villages is the same in both, and the relative amounts of the payments correspond to a large extent, so that there is no reason to suppose that the two lists in 1285 refer to *μητροπολιτικά* and *κωμητικά*.

Col. i.

Σ[τεφαν ?][κῶν | [.] . . [.]ά[τ]ων τοῦ κυρ[ί]ου
 ἡ[μῶν] | Αὔ[τ]οκ[ρά]τορ[ος Καίσα]ρος Μάρκου Αύρηλί[ου]
 Ἀντ[ων]ῆ[ι] νοῦ Εὐ[σεβοῦς Εὐτ]υχοῦς Σεβαστοῦ
 [] | [.]]ς
 5 διὰ δη[μο]σίας τραπέζης Ἀθ[ύρ]ι παρὰ ? Κλα[υ]δίας Ἰσιδώρας τῆς κ(αὶ)
 Ἀπίας (δραχμὰς) σλς.

- ια [παρ' ?] | Αὐρηλίου Ἀπολλωνίου (δρ. ?) | [. . . , παρὰ ? . . .] . ικου δι(ὰ)
 Ὀριγένους (δρ.) υἱ (δυοβ.) (ἡμιωβ.).
 ιβ . [. . .] | . . . ἄλ(λας) (δρ. ?) . | [. κ]αὶ τῶν τέκ(νων ?) (δρ.) ρξδ,
 [. . .] | . . . | / (δρ.) Ἀτογ ? (δυόβ.) (ἡμιωβ.).
 μητ[ροπ(όλεως ?)] | | [.] . . . , ιγ (δρ.) . . / (δρ.) τε.
 10 Ἄνω [τοπ(αρχίας)] | μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) λη[μ(μάτων) . | [.] . , ἄλ(λας)
 (δρ.) ρξ, [ι . (δρ.)] ωμ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) τια (δυοβ. ?), / (δρ.) Ἀ[.]
 Νεσμείμ(εως) Ἀθὺρ ι[.] δι(ὰ) δ.
 Χύσεω[ς] | Ἀθὺρ ια, Κ[.] πρά(κτωρ) ? (δρ.) σξ, ιδ (δρ.) . . , / [(δρ.)] χ . .
 Σιγκέ[φα] | Ἀθὺρ ι . | [.] . . . [. . . (δρ.)] ρνς, / (δρ.) φξ.
 Ἀθύχ[εως] Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) , ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) κα, [ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.)] ξ,
 / (δρ.) Ἀλξ.
 15 Ἐντε[ίεως ?] Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) , ιβ δι(ὰ) Θέωνος (δρ.) τκς,
 ιγ [(δρ.) . . . ,] / [(δρ.)] Ἀρπθ.
 Θώσβ(εως) [Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 12 1.] η, ιδ (δρ.) μβ, / (δρ.) φδ (τετρώβ.).
 Μερμ[έρθων] Ἀθὺρ ι δι(ὰ) 10 1.] ια (δρ.) τιβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρξ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ι . ,
 ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) [18 1.] γβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) Βφιβ.
 20 Σκῶ Ἀ[θὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 12 1.] (δρ. ?) ν, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) λβ, [/ (δρ.)] νλβ.
 Μονίμ(ου) Ἀ[θὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 12 1.] (δρ.) ιβ, [. . .]
 Κ[ε]ρ[κεμ(ούνεως)] Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 12 1.] . , ιγ (δρ.) π[.] , ιδ ἄλ(λ.) (δρ. ?) [.] . ,
 / (δρ. ?) . . .
 / [μητροπολιτικῶν] (τάλαντα) β (δρ.) Βτ.
 κωμητ(ικῶν) [λημμά(των) . 13 1.] (δρ. ?) ι, ιδ (δρ.) ρμ, / (δρ.) [. . .]
 25 Χύσεως [Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ)] . ους (δρ.) [. . .]
 Σιγκέφα [Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 11 1.] (δρ. ?) κ . , ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) νς, / (δρ.) π[.]
 Βασιλ() [Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 11 1.] , ἄλ(λ.) [(δρ.)] . δ, / (δρ.) [. . .]
 Νεσμείμ(εως) [Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 11 1.] μη, ιβ (δρ.) μη, / (δρ.) [. . .]
 Μονίμ(ου) Ἀ[θὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) 12 1.] . , ιδ (δρ.) κδ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρμ, / (δρ.) τ . [.
 30 Μερμέρ[θων] Ἀθὺρ ι] ης πρά(κτωρ) (δρ.) ω[. .
 Ἐπισήμο[ν] Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) Πτολεμαίου (δρ.) ς[.]
 / κωμ(ητικῶν) (δρ.) Ἀριγ (τετρώβ.). / Ἄνω τοπ(αρχίας) (τάλ.) γ (δρ.) Ἀιγ
 (τετρώβ.).
 Λιβ(ος) τοπ(αρχίας) μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) λημ(μάτων) . | [. Ἀθὺρ ι]α (δρ.)
 Ἀσ, ιγ (δρ.) φ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) [. . . ,
 ιδ (δρ. ?) φ[.] | . , ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) | [12 1.] / (δρ.) Γω[. .]

- 35 *Κερκε*[θύ(ρως) 'Αθ]ύρ ι . | [δι(ὰ) 11 1.] λζ, / (δρ.) 'Βμ.
 [Σε]νεκελεν [Αθύρ] | ι . | [δι(ὰ)] . . δ, ιδ (δρ.) φ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ. ?)
 ρκ, / (δρ.) 'Βσξβ.
Σενοκώμ[ω[s 'Α]θ]ύρ ι κ, / (δρ.) υμα.
Σύρω[ν] 'Α[θ]ύρ ιβ | [δι(ὰ)] . δ() (δρ.) [. .] .
Σεναώ 'Α[θ]ύρ ιγ δι(ὰ) | [.] (δρ. ?) 'Αψ, ιδ (δρ.) ξ, / (δρ.) 'Αψξ.
 40 *Πέλα* 'Αθύρ ι . δι(ὰ) | *Διον*(υσίου) [(δρ.)] (δρ. ?) μη, ιδ (δρ.) μ,
 / (δρ.) 'Ασπη.
*Παείμ*εω[s 'Αθ]ύρ | [ι . δι(ὰ)]ς (δρ.) ση.
Ἀντιπ(έρα) *Πέλα* [Αθ]ύρ ιβ δι(ὰ) Θ . [.] / (δρ.) 'Αφνβ.
 [] / | [μη]τροπο[λ(ιτικῶν) (τάλ.) β (δρ.) 'Ε]φξ.
κωμητ(ικῶν) λημμ[ά(των) 'Αθ]ύρ ιβ δι(ὰ) | [. . .] . () (δρ.) σι, ιδ (δρ.)
 μ, / (δρ.) σν.
 45 / [Λιβ(ὸς) τοπ(αρχίας) (τάλ.) β] | (δρ. ?) 'Ε[ωι].
Ἀπηλ(ιώτου) τοπ(αρχίας) μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) [λημ(μάτων) 'Αθ]ύρ ι
 δι(ὰ) *Σαρ*απ(ίωνος) (δρ.) 'Αρ, ια δι(ὰ) *Διον*υσίου
 (δρ.) τ[20 1.,] / (δρ.) 'Αυο.
*Ψώβ*θ(εως) 'Αθύρ 18 1.] κδ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) πη, / (δρ.) 'Αμη.
*Τααμ*π[έμου 'Αθ]ύρ 14 1.] (δρ.) νος, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) [. .] ιγ
 50 (δρ.) τ, ἄλ(λ.) [(δρ.) 21 1.] (δρ. ?) κ, / (δρ.) 'Βτξί.
 28. ιβ corr.(?).

Col. ii.

- Φθώχ*[ω]ς 'Αθύρ ια δι(ὰ) *Ζω*[ί]λ(ου) [(δρ.)] 'Αψ, ιβ (δρ.) ρ, ιγ (δρ.) 'Αξβ,
 / (δρ.) 'Β[ω]ξβ.
*᾽Ωφ*εως 'Αθύρ ιβ δι(ὰ) *Σαραπ*(ίωνος) (δρ.) ωις, ιγ (δρ.) μ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) κδ, ιδ
 (δρ.) ρμ, / (δρ.) 'Ακ.
*Φοβ*ών 'Αθύρ ιβ δι(ὰ) 'Απολ(ωνίου) (δρ.) ψ, ιγ (δρ.) τ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρλβ, ιδ
 (δρ.) κ, / (δρ.) 'Αρνβ.
*Τυχιν*νεκ(ώτεως) 'Αθύρ ια δι(ὰ) *Σαραπ*(ίωνος) (δρ.) σ[κ, ἄ]λ(λ.) [(δρ.)] φ, ιβ
 (δρ.) μ, ιγ (δρ.) ιβ, ιδ] (δρ.) κη, / (δρ.) ω.
 55 *Θμοιν*εψώβθ(εως) 'Αθύρ ιδ δι(ὰ) *Διογ*ένους (δρ.) 'Αργε.
 / μητροπ[ο]λ(ιτικῶν) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) 'Ετξ.
κω[μη]τ(ικῶν) λημ(μάτων) *Σατύ*ρου 'Αθύρ ιδ δι(ὰ) *Σαραπ*άμμ[ω]νο[s] (δρ. ?)
 λβ (τετρώβ.).

- Τυ[χι]ννεκώτεως Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Φιλίσκ(ου) (δρ.) οβ, ιδ (δρ.) μζ, [/] (δρ.) ριθ.
 Θ[μοι]νεψώβθ(εως) Ἀθὺρ ιδ δι(ὰ) Διογένους (δρ.) τκ.
 60 / κωμ(ητικῶν) (δρ.) νοα (τετρώβ.). / Ἀπ(ηλιώτου) τοπ(αρχίας) (τάλ.) β (δρ.)
 τοη (τετρώβ.).
 [Μέ]ση(ς) [τοπ(αρχίας) μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) λη]μ(μάτων)· Σ̣ε̣ν̣τ̣ὸ̣ Ἀθὺρ[ρ] ια
 [(δρ.) . . .] ιβ (δρ.) νβ, ιδ (δρ.) κ., / (δρ.) 'B[.].
 Θώλ(θεως) Ἀθὺρ ι . δι(ὰ) Σαραπ(ίωνος) (δρ.) υπ, ἄλ(λ.) [(δρ.) . . , ι . (δρ.) . .]ε,
 ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) δ, / (δρ.) [. . . .
 Πακ . . . [· Ἀθ]ὺρ[ρ] ι[.] δ[ι(ὰ)] Διον(υσίου) (δρ. ?) λ[· .] . [· .] . . , ι . (δρ.) ρβ
 (τριώβ. ?), [/ (δρ.)
 Τανάεφ[ς] Ἀθὺρ ιβ δι(ὰ) [. . . .] . . , ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρ[· .] . / [(δρ.)
 65 'Ιέμη Ἀθὺρ ιβ δι(ὰ) Ἀμμωνίου (δρ.) τ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, ιγ (δρ.) λδ, ιδ (δρ.) κ,
 / (δρ.) τγδ.
 'Ιστρ[ο]ν ἐπ(οικίου) Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Χαιρήμ(ονος) (δρ.) ργη (τριώβ.) (ἡμιωβ.)
 χ(αλκοῦς) α, ιδ (δρ.) λζ, / (δρ.) σλε (τριώβ.) (ἡμιωβ.) χ(αλ.) α.
 Σενέπ(τα) Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) Πτολ(εμαίου) (δρ.) ρπη, ιβ (δρ.) υ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ψκ,
 ιγ (δρ.) τ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, ιδ [(δρ.)] κ, / (δρ.) Ἀχξή.
 Νομ(οῦ) ἐπ(οικίου) Ἀθὺρ ιβ διὰ Ἡρακλείδου (δρ.) φνβ.
 Κερκεύρων Ἀθὺρ ιβ δι(ὰ) Ὀριγένους (δρ.) φπδ.
 70 [Ταα]μπίτει ιδ δι(ὰ) Δι . . . [·] . . . (δρ. ?) σ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) τβ, / (δρ.) φ[β.]
 [·] . . [·]ω Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) [· .] . . . [· .]
 Περιννὸ Ἀθὺρ ια [δι(ὰ)] . ν . . . [· .] . . . [· . , ἄ]λ(λ.) (δρ. ?) φιζ,
 ιγ [(δρ.)] σ, ιδ (δρ. ?) . . . , / (δρ.) . . .
 Τόβα Ἀθὺρ ιβ διὰ ['H]ρακλ[ί]δ[ου] (δρ.) . ξ.
 75 τὸ Ἡρακλεῖον Ἀθὺρ ιβ δι(ὰ) Ἡρ[ακλ]ίδου (δρ.) ρη, ιδ (δρ.) κ, / (δρ.) [ρ]κη.
 Τακολκείλεως Ἀθὺρ ιδ δι(ὰ) Ἀ[πολ]λωνίου (δρ.) νβ.
 / μητροπολιτικῶν) (τάλ.) α [(δρ.) Ἀ]τκη (ἡμιωβ.) χ(αλ.) α.
 κωμητ(ικῶν) λημμά(των)· Τανά(εως) Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) Σαρ(α)πάμ(ωνος) (δρ.) ρ, ιδ
 (δρ.) οβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) σιβ.
 Τόβα Ἀθὺρ ιδ δι(ὰ) < > (δρ.) ρκ.
 80 Τακολκείλεως Ἀθὺρ ιδ δι(ὰ) Ἀπολλων[ίου] (δρ.) ξ.
 Σενέπτα Ἀθὺρ ιδ δι(ὰ) Πτολεμ[αίου] (δρ.) ξη.
 Πε[ε]ριννὸ Ἀθὺρ ιδ διὰ Διοσκο[υ]ρίδου (δρ.) λβ.
 [·] Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) Διογένους (δρ.) δ, ιβ (δρ.) δ, / (δρ.) η.
 [Ἰέ]μ[η] Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Πτολεμαίου[ν] (δρ.) ο (τετρώβ.).

- 85 / κωμ(ητικῶν) (δρ.) φο (τετρώβ.) / Μέση(ς) τοπ(αρχίας) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) 'Δωζη
(τετρώβ.) (ήμιωβ.) χ(αλ.) α.
Θμοι(σεφῶ) τοπ(αρχίας) μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) λη(μμάτων)· Τήεως 'Αθὺρ ια 'Ισίδ(ωρος)
πρά(κτωρ) (δρ.) χ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) γβ (τριώβ.) χ(αλ.) β, / (δρ.) χγβ (τριώβ.)
χ(αλ.) β.
Παώμεως 'Α[θ]ὺρ ιγ 'Απολ(λώνιος) πρά(κτωρ) (δρ.) σξ, < > (δρ.) ιβ, / (δρ.) σοβ.
Παλώσεως 'Αθὺρ ιγ δι(ἄ) 'Απίωνος (δρ.) υκη.
Θώλθεω[ς] 'Αθὺρ ιβ δι(ἄ) Θέωνος (δρ.) υ, ιγ (δρ.) σ, / (δρ.) χ.
90 Κεσμούχεως 'Αθὺρ ιβ δι(ἄ) Κλ(έωνος?) (δρ.) φξ, ιγ (δρ.) σ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) σκ, / (δρ.) τπ.
Σεφῶ ι δι(ἄ) Πλουτίω(νος) [(δρ.)] ωπ, ιβ (δρ.) ψ, ιγ (δρ.) κδ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρ,
ιδ (δρ.) π, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) κ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ξθ, / (δρ.) 'Αωογ.
/ μητροπολιτικῶν) (δρ.) 'Δωμε (τριώβ.) χ(αλ.) β.
κωμητ(ικῶν) λη(μμάτων)· Τήεως 'Αθὺρ ιγ (δρ.) α (τριώβ.) (ήμιωβ.), ιδ (δρ.) σ,
ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) σμα (τριώβ.) (ήμιωβ.).
[Παλώσεω]ς 'Αθὺρ ιγ (δρ.) δ, ιδ (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) μδ.
95 Π[αώμεω]ς 'Αθὺρ ια (δρ.) ρμς, ιδ (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) ρπς.
Κεσμούχεως 'Αθὺρ ιδ δι(ἄ) Διδύμου (δρ.) λβ.
Σεφ[ῶ] 'Α[θ]ὺρ[ρ] ι (δρ.) ρ, ι[.] (δρ.) δ, / [(δρ.)] ρδ.
Θώλ(θεως) 'Αθὺρ ια (δρ.) τ, ιβ (δρ.) φ, ιγ (δρ.) τ, [ι]δ (δρ.) ξ, / (δρ.) 'Αρξ.
[/ κωμ(ητικῶν)] (δρ.) 'Αψξξ [(τριώβ.)] (ήμιωβ.) / Θμοι(σεφῶ) τοπ(αρχίας)
[(τάλ.) α (δρ.)] χιγ (ήμιωβ.) [χ(αλ.) β.

55. 'A corr. 65. ἱεμη.

Col. iii.

- 100 Κάτω τοπ(αρχίας) μητ(ροπολιτικῶν) λη(μμάτων)· 'Ισίου Τρύφ(ωνος) 'Αθὺρ ιβ
Δούκιος) πρά(κτωρ) (δρ.) η, ιδ (δρ.) φξε,
ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) β, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) σ, / (δρ.) ωλε.
Συναρὸν 'Αθὺρ ια δι(ἄ) 'Απίωνος) (δρ.) 'Αω, ιβ (δρ.) χ, ιγ (δρ.) ξδ, / (δρ.) 'Βυξδ.
[[[. .] . . [ἀπ]ὸ Μουχ(ιναρυῶ?) πολ(ιτικῶν) ἀφ' (ῶν) ὀφείλ(ουσιν) ἀπὸ
ἐπ(οικίου) Καλπ(ουρνίου?) (δρ.) μ, ἄλ(λ.) σοῦ λιπόντ[ος] (δρ.)] μ, / (δρ.) π.]]
[Σούε]ως 'Αθὺρ ι δι(ἄ) Σαραπ(ίωνος) (δρ.) σις, ιβ (δρ.) ξδ, ιγ (δρ.) α, / (δρ.) σπα.
105 [Τα]λᾶν 'Αθὺρ ια δι(ἄ) Δείον (δρ.) υνγ, ιβ (δρ.) ρξ, ιγ (δρ.) 'Α, ιδ (δρ.)
λε, / (δρ.) 'Αχμη.
Ψώβθεως 'Αθὺρ ια δι(ἄ) Δείον (δρ.) σμ, ιγ (δρ.) λβ, / (δρ.) σοβ.

- Θώλθεως Ἀθὺρ ιβ δι(ὰ) Ἑρα(κλείδου) (δρ.) σι, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) τ, ιγ (δρ.) ρ,
/ (δρ.) χι.
Σέσφθα Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Πτολ(εμαίου) [(δρ.)] ρ, ιγ (δρ.) β, ιδ (δρ.) κ, / (δρ.) ρκβ.
[Τ]ᾱκίνα Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Σερή(νου) (δρ.) ω, ιδ (δρ.) ρξη, / (δρ.) ῥξη.
110 [Τ]υχινφάγων Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) Θέωνο(ς) (δρ.) ρ, ιβ (δρ.) νς, / (δρ.) ρνς.
/ μητροπολ(ιτικῶν) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) Ἀτνς.
κ[ωμη]τ(ικῶν) λημμά(των) Ἰσίου [Τ]ρύφ(ωνος) Ἀθὺρ ιβ (δρ.) ρ, ιδ (δρ.) μ,
/ (δρ.) ρμ.
Ψῶ[β]θῆως Ἀθὺρ ι (δρ.) πη, ιδ (δρ.) ιβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρξη, / (δρ.) σξη.
Τακίνα Ἀθὺρ ια (δρ.) η, ιγ (δρ.) τλς, ιδ (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) τπδ.
115 Τυχινφάγων Ἀθὺρ ιγ δι(ὰ) Μάρωνος (δρ.) σ, ιδ (δρ.) σνς,
ἄλ(λ.) [(δρ.)] ρνβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) κδ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ιβ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) κη, / (δρ.) χοβ.
Σέσφθα Ἀθὺρ ια (δρ.) κς, ιγ (δρ.) ιη, ιδ (δρ.) μ, / (δρ.) πδ.
Τᾱ[λ]αῶ Ἀθὺρ ι Ἀπολινάριος πρά(κτωρ) (δρ.) ψκ.
/ [κω](μητικῶν) (δρ.) Βσξη. / Κάτω τοπ(αρχίας) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) Γχκδ.
120 νομοῦ Ἀθὺρ ιδ (δρ.) π.
/ νομ[ο]ῦ Ὁξ(υρυγχίτου) (τάλ.) ιγ (δρ.) γς (τριώβ.) (ἡμιωβ.) χ(αλκοῖ) γ, ἀνά
(λογον) μηνια(ίου) (τάλ.) ιβ (δρ.) Ἐως (τετρώβ.) χ(αλ.) α.
[[ῶστ' (εἶναι) πλ(εῖον) [(δρ.)] σς, αἱ κουφ[ι]σθ(εῖσαι) δι(ὰ) τοῦ πρὸς παραδοχ(ῇ)
ἀπὸ μὲν]]
[[Ἐντεῖως πολ(ιτικῶν) (δρ.) ξς, [[καὶ]] ἀπὸ δὲ Σενέπ(τα) πολ(ιτ.) (δρ.) ρ,
καὶ ἀπὸ Σινα(ρὺ) πολ(ιτ.)]]
[[λι(φθεῖσαι) ?] (δρ.) μ, / (?) [(δρ.) σ]ς.]]
125 Ἑρμ[ο]π[ο]λ(ίτου) Ἰβιῶ(νος) . . λ() μητροπ(ολιτικῶν) Ἀθὺρ ια δι(ὰ) Διον(υσίου)
ύπ(ηρέτου) (δρ.) σ, ιβ (δρ.) Ἀυλη,
ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) χ, ιγ (δρ.) ωη, ιδ (δρ.) ν, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) ρλβ, / (δρ.) Βχλη.
κωμητ(ικῶν) Ἀ[θ]ύρ ια δι(ὰ) Σερή(νου) (δρ.) χβ (τριώβ.), ιβ (δρ.) ρξ, ιγ
(δρ.) σξ, ἄλ(λ.) (δρ.) μ, ιδ (δρ.) ια (τριώβ.), / (δρ.) Ἀοδ.
καὶ δι(ὰ) τ(ῶν) ἀπὸ Σιγ[κ]έφα Ἀθὺρ ιβ (δρ.) τκ, ιγ (δρ.) σ, ιδ (δρ.) νη,
/ (δρ.) φοη.
/ Ἑρμ[ο]π[ο]λ(ίτου) (δρ.) Δσγ.
130 / ἐπὶ τὸ α(ὕτὸ) [σ]τεφ(ανικῶν) (τάλ.) ιγ (δρ.) Δρπ(τετρώβ.) (ἡμιωβ.) χ(αλ.) α.

100. ἴσιον : so in l. 112. 121. χ(αλ.) α corr.

1. The word before τοῦ is possibly τελ[ε]σ[μ]ᾱ[τ]ων, but not λ[η]μ[μ]ᾱ[τ]ων.

4. Possibly $\mu[\eta\tau\rho\omicron\lambda\epsilon\omega]\varsigma$ (cf. l. 9, n.); but that word would hardly be expected to have a line to itself, and $\xi\tau\omicron\upsilon\varsigma$ is more likely, unless this occurred in l. 1.

5-6. $\kappa\lambda\alpha[\nu(\delta\iota\alpha\varsigma)]$ $\text{'Ισιδώρας τῆς κ(αὶ) 'Απίας}$: cf. 1630. 3, n. $\delta\iota\acute{\alpha}$ can be substituted for $\pi\alpha\rho\acute{\alpha}$ in ll. 5-6; cf. l. 128 $\delta\iota(\acute{\alpha}) \tau(\acute{\omega}\nu) \acute{\alpha}\pi\omicron \Sigma\iota\gamma[\kappa]\acute{\epsilon}\phi\alpha$, where tax-payers, not tax-collectors, are meant. But $\delta\iota(\acute{\alpha}) \text{'Ωριγένους}$ in l. 6 either refers to a tax-collector, like $\delta\iota\acute{\alpha}$ with the other names in ll. 10-115, or indicates an agent of a tax-payer, so that a different preposition is in any case more suitable with persons who, as the mention of a woman shows, were evidently tax-payers. $\kappa\lambda\eta(\rho\omicron\nu\acute{\omicron}\mu\omicron\iota)$ in place of $\pi\alpha\rho\acute{\alpha}$ in l. 5 is unsatisfactory, for Claudia Isidora was apparently still living when 1659 was written. $].\iota\kappa\omicron\upsilon$ is in our opinion a proper name, not $\sigma\tau\epsilon\phi\alpha[\nu\kappa\omicron\upsilon]$, which is the subject of the whole account.

7. The letter following $\iota\beta$ is not $\delta\iota(\acute{\alpha})$, but might be $\pi[\alpha\rho\acute{\alpha}]$: cf. the previous n. $\acute{\alpha}\lambda(\lambda\alpha\varsigma)$ is very doubtful; there may be an abbreviation of a proper name, as in l. 6.

8. Another proper name or $\acute{\alpha}\lambda(\lambda\alpha\varsigma)$ followed by a sum probably occurred at the beginning. The total is obtained by subtraction; cf. int. and l. 23, n.

9. $\mu\eta\tau[\rho\omicron\pi(\acute{\omicron}\lambda\epsilon\omega\varsigma)]$ | : the word was perhaps written out, the faint vestiges being compatible with $-\pi[\acute{\omicron}\lambda\epsilon\omega\varsigma]$. The distinction between this entry and ll. 5-7 is probably due to the circumstance that the items in l. 9 were collected not by the $\delta\eta\mu\omicron\sigma\iota\acute{\alpha} \tau\rho\acute{\alpha}\pi\epsilon\zeta\alpha$, but by $\pi\rho\acute{\alpha}\kappa\tau\omicron\rho\epsilon\varsigma$ or their agents; but the entry may be supplementary to ll. 5-8 in the same kind of way as l. 120 $\nu\omicron\mu\omicron\upsilon (\delta\rho.) \pi$ is to ll. 10-119.

10. After $\lambda\eta[\mu(\acute{\alpha}\tau\omega\upsilon\upsilon)]$ a village-name is lost; cf. l. 15, n.

14. $\text{'Αθύχ[ε]ω\varsigma}$: cf. 1285. 58, where l. $\text{'Αθ[ύ]χ[ε]ω\varsigma}$, the fourth letter being clear. The traces of the third letter here suit ν very well, and not any other vowel.

15. $\text{'Εντε[ί]εω\varsigma?$ a village 'Εντελέυ in an unspecified toparchy is known from 1510; but $\text{'Εντεί\varsigma}$ (l. 123) has to be introduced somewhere into the list of payments of $\mu\eta\tau\rho\omicron\pi\omicron\lambda\iota\tau\iota\kappa\acute{\alpha}$ in 1659, presumably before $\Sigma\epsilon\acute{\nu}\epsilon\pi\tau\alpha$ (l. 67); cf. l. 123, n. Other suitable places would be l. 10 or l. 24 or l. 44; but in 1285. 68 $\text{'Εντείεω\varsigma}$ can be read in place of $\text{'Αντείεω\varsigma}$ in the list of villages of the Upper toparchy, so that l. 15 is much the most likely place for $\text{'Εντεί\varsigma}$. In l. 10 either 'Επισήμου (cf. l. 31 and 1285. 55) or Βασίλ() (cf. l. 27) is more probable than one of the other villages in 1285. 51-68 which do not occur in 1659. 11-31.

22. $\text{Κ[ε]ρ[κεμ(ούνεω\varsigma)]}$: cf. 1285. 66. The vestiges suit κ very well, but ρ is quite uncertain.

23. The reading 'B is doubtful here, and in l. 32 the total of the $\kappa\omega\mu\eta\tau\iota\kappa\acute{\alpha}$ is only obtained by subtraction from the total for the toparchy, in which 'A, though not clear, is a much more suitable reading than any other figure; cf. int.

27. Βασίλ() was previously unknown.

32. Cf. l. 23, n., and int.

33. The village was perhaps $\Pi[\alpha\nu\epsilon\upsilon\acute{\iota}]$ or $\Pi[\epsilon\tau\epsilon\mu\acute{\omicron}(\nu\iota\omicron\varsigma)]$ or $\Sigma[\epsilon\rho\acute{\upsilon}\phi\epsilon\omega\varsigma]$, which were all in the Western toparchy; cf. 1285. 70-83.

42. 'Αντιπ(έρα) Πέλα : this village, facing Πέλα (l. 40), is known only from the present passage and 1637. 33, where it seems to be called 'Αντιπ(έρα) simply; cf. n.

43. 'Ε]φξ : ρ could be read in place of ϕ . 'E] depends on 'E in l. 45, where the reading is very uncertain.

46. The village lost may well be $\Sigma\alpha\tau\acute{\upsilon}\rho\omicron\upsilon$: cf. l. 57. $\Sigma\alpha\rho[\alpha\pi(\acute{\alpha}\mu\mu\omega\upsilon\varsigma)]$ could be read here and in ll. 52 and 54 and identified with $\Sigma\alpha\rho\alpha\pi\acute{\alpha}\mu\mu[\omega]\nu\omicron[s]$ in l. 57.

54. The toparchy to which Τυχινεκ(ῶτις) (cf. 280. 8 and 290. 6, where l. Τυχ(υ)νε-κῶ(τις)) belonged was not known previously.

55. $\text{Θ\mu\omicron\upsilon\epsilon\psi\acute{\omega}\beta\theta\epsilon\omega\varsigma}$: this village is known only from this passage and 1747. 37. In 1285. 96 $\text{Θ[μ\omicron]\nu\epsilon[\psi\acute{\omega}\beta\theta(εω\varsigma)]}$ is not very suitable. The first letter there may well be $\omicron$.

63. $\text{Π\alpha\kappa . . .}$ [seems to be different from $\text{Π\acute{\omicron}\upsilon[χ?]ε\omega}$ in 1285. 105, where, though

α can be substituted for o , v is clear, while here the third letter is much more probably κ than v . Πακέρκη is unsuitable, being in the Eastern toparchy (1285. 89).

66. Ἰστρ[ο]ν ἐπ(οικίου): elsewhere, e. g. in 1285. 108, Ἰστρου is treated as a κώμη.

68. Νομ(οῦ) ἐπ(οικίου): cf. 1285. 101. Νομογρά(φου) ἐποίκιον (1747. 69) is probably different.

70. [Ταα]μπίτει: cf. 1747. 40, where the reading is clear, and 1285. 117, where l. Τααμπίτει for Ταλφπίτει. This village must be distinguished from Ταμπετί or Ταμπιτεί, which was in the Eastern toparchy (612).

71. [.] . . [.] . ω: the penultimate letter can be ρ, but the other vestiges do not well suit [N]εμ[ε]ρω(ν) (cf. 1285. 112), and the final ω is not appreciably above the line.

72. Πεεννώ: cf. l. 82 and 1283. 6.

74. Τόβα: cf. l. 79. This village is new. In both places the third letter seems to be β, not κ, and we conjecture that Τόβα, not Τόκα, is also to be read in P. S. I. 219. 4.

87. Ἀπολ(λώμιος): Ἀπολ(ινάριος) (cf. l. 118) is possible, but not very likely, since the toparchies are different.

86-98. The six villages in the Thmoisepho toparchy here mentioned are identical with those in 1285. 122-7.

103. This line, which is written somewhat smaller than usual, perhaps refers to the 80 dr. νομοῦ in l. 120. Like ll. 122-3, it is enclosed in brackets, and the 80 dr. are ignored in the total in l. 111. [δε]ὰ τ(ῶν) [ἀπ]ὸ Μουχ. is suggested by l. 128; but though τ(ῶν) is possible, the preceding letter is not [δε]ὰ or δε[ὰ], and in ll. 122-3 there is no διὰ τῶν before ἀπὸ with village-names. Villages in the Lower toparchy called Μουχιναρνώ (1285. 137, n.) and Μουχινάλη (1529. 10, 1747. 55) are known, and presumably one of these is meant. Μούχ(εως) is possible, but somewhat less appropriate; cf. 1674. 18, n. Κε]σμούχ(εως) could also be read here, but is in a different toparchy (l. 90). ἐπ(οικίου) is rendered probable by ll. 66 and 68; but ἐποίκιον Καλπ(ουρνίου?) was not known previously. With σοῦ λιπόντ[ος] cf. ll. 123-4 ἀπὸ Σιν(α)ρὺ πολ(ιτικῶν) λι(φθείσαι?), where too the sum seems to be 40 drachmae, though in both places the reading μ depends mainly upon the arithmetic. σοῦ is likely to be the strategus; cf. int.

104. [Σούε]ως, which is just the right length, is restored from 1285. 140.

118. Τα[λ]αώ: the vestiges are very slight and uncertain, but cf. l. 105 and 1285. 131.

120. νομοῦ: cf. ll. 9, 103, nn.

121. ἀνά(λογον): cf. 370 τὸ ἀνάλογον τῆς ὑποσχέσεως, P. Brit. Mus. 131 recto. 69 πρὸς ἀνάλ. τοῦ μηνός, Amh. 85. 18, 86. 14, Flor. 383. 8, Ryl. 99. 7. For the omission of $\frac{1}{2}$ obol in the second total cf. l. 130, n.

122. [(δρ.)] σς: the writer in subtracting 4 ob. 1 chal. from 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ob. 3 chal. ignores strict arithmetic, and has 206 dr. instead of 205 dr. 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ob. 2 chal.; cf. l. 130, n. and int.

παράδοχ(ῃ): 'abatement', not 'receipt'; cf. παραδοχὴν γενέσθαι τῶν δαπανῶν in B. G. U. 136. 19, and 571. 11 παραδοχ(ῆς) ἀβρόχου. πρὸς παραδοχὴν in P. Brit. Mus. 1157 has the other sense.

123. Ἐντείως: cf. l. 15, n. πολ(ιτικῶν) = μητροπολ(ιτικῶν); cf. 1419. 2, n. For Σενέπ(τα) cf. l. 67, and for Σιν(α)ρὺ l. 102.

124. λι(φθείσαι?): cf. l. 103, n.

125. Ἰβιώ(νος) . . λ(): in the second word the letter above the line has a loop at the top, suggesting λ, so that Χύσ(εως) (cf. 1637. 27, n.), Γεω(πεπλ . . .) (P. Flor. 344. 2), Πετ(εαφθεί) (Brit. Mus. 1880), Σεσ(υμβώθεως) (Brit. Mus. 1765. 8), Παν(εκτύρεως) (Flor. 17. 8), Ταν(ουπεως) (Flor. 50. 55), Τατ(κέλμεως) (Flor. 50. 30), Τεῶ(τος) (Leipz. 99. i. 28) are all unsuitable. This Ibion is likely to have been in the most northern toparchy of the

Hermopolite nome, i. e. Πατεμίδης κάτω or Πασκώ (cf. int.), near the boundary of the Oxyrhynchite Upper toparchy, in which Sinkepha (l. 128; cf. l. 13) was situated. Διον(ύσιος) ὑπ(ηρέτης) may have been mentioned in ll. 10-31, but is probably different from Διονύσιος in ll. 40 and 63; cf. l. 87, n.

130. The total of the μηνιαίων in l. 121 added to the sum in l. 129 is $\frac{1}{2}$ obol less than the total given here. Probably this $\frac{1}{2}$ obol was written originally at the end of l. 121, but obliterated when the writer added χ(αλ.) a there; cf. l. 121, crit. n.

1660. ACCOUNT OF TAXES IN KIND.

15 × 12.4 cm.

Fourth century.

This fragment of a fourth-century taxing-account, containing 12 nearly complete lines from the top of a column with the ends of 3 lines of the preceding column, gives totals of corn, wine, and meat supplied, probably by a village or district in the Oxyrhynchite nome, to Alexandria (which here has an unusual alternative name; cf. l. 2, n.) in accordance with the 'second *delegatio*'. This technical term is well known in connexion with the schedules of taxation issued annually by the praefects (cf. Gelzer, *Byz. Verwaltung* 39-41): the 'second *delegatio*', which is novel, was evidently an extraordinary levy, supplementary to the first, the corn being stated to be 'on account of the surplus (*exuberantia*) of the land-owners'. The distinction between κανών and πρόσθ(εμα) (= *superindictum*) in P. Brit. Mus. 99 (i. 158), which is approximately contemporary with 1660, is similar. Another example of a Latin technical term in Greek letters occurs in l. 8.

The papyrus was subsequently used as material for various trials of penmanship. In the margin of the two columns on the recto is in a large hand ¹ —] καὶ Εὐλόγιος καὶ Παῦλος ² — τ]ῷ γράψαντι καὶ τῷ Παυλίνῳ. On the verso, besides ὑπατείας τῆς προκ(ειμένης), &c., in cursive, are scrawled a few letters from the ends of 10 lines of a Christian prayer of some kind, the contractions κς and θς occurring.

Col. ii.

διὰ τε τῆς β' δηληγατίονος ἐκελ[ύσθησαν πεμφθῆναι
 εἰς τὴν Ἀλεξάνδρειαν ἥτοι Α[εοντόπολιν
 σίτου ἀπὸ λόγου ἐξουβερ(αντίας) κτητόρ(ων) (ἀρτάβαι) [. . . ,
 αὶ ἀποσταλεῖσαι μηνὶ Θῶ[θ . . διὰ Αὐρηλίου ?
 5 Ἡρακλήου ἐπιμελητοῦ. [
 οἴνου ξ(έσται) [. . . ,
 οὕτως.

κτητόρων) ξ(έσται) Ὁρπθ, ὃ οὐένδ(ιτον?) ξ(έσται) [. . . ,
οἱ ἀποσταλέντες μη(νὶ) Μεσ[ορῇ] . . διὰ Αὐρηλίου?
10 Ἀρποκρατίωνος ἐπιμελ(ητοῦ).
κρέως [λί(τραι) . . . ,
αἱ ἀ[π]οσταλείσαι μη(νὶ) Με[σορῇ] . . διὰ Αὐρηλίου?
.

2. ἦτοι Α[λεοντόπολις]: cf. Steph. Byz. s. v. Ἀλεξάνδρεια, ἐκλήθη δὲ Ῥακῶτις καὶ Φάρος καὶ Λεοντόπολις διὰ τὸ τὴν τῆς Ὀλυμπιάδος γαστέρα ἐσφραγίσθαι λέοντος εἰκόνι. This alternative name of Alexandria does not seem to have occurred previously in papyri.

3. ἐξουβερ(αντίας): the lexica give only Aulus Gellius as the authority for this word.

8. ὃ οὐένδ(ιτον?): how οὐένδ() is to be resolved is not clear, but some form of the passive of *vendo* is meant. ὅ is unsatisfactory: ὅς or οἱ would be expected. This wine seems to be parallel to σῖτος ἀγοραστός or συναγοραστικός, i. e. corn bought by the government by forced sales; cf. *frumentum venalicium* in Cod. Theod. vi. 26. 14, Wilcken, *Chr.* 359 sqq., Rostowzew in Pauly-Wissowa, *Realenc.* vii. 166-9.

IV. OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE

1661. LETTER TO A DIOECETES.

11.3 x 9.6 cm.

A. D. 74.

A short letter to Heraclides, a dioecetes, stating that a certain Harpaësis was a ὑπογέωργος and appointed as such by the writer for the current year, the 7th of Vespasian. The term ὑπογέωργος is new, and seems to have in regard to State land (which is probably meant) much the same sense as ὑπομισθωτής 'sub-lessee' (cf. e. g. B. G. U. 1047. iv. 5, 17), Themistocles (l. 5) being apparently the original lessee. Heraclides was evidently not the high finance-official at Alexandria, and that he was the administrator of a private estate is unlikely. Probably he was a subordinate local dioecetes similar to the dioecetae who are known in the reign of Augustus from 291 and P. Tebt. 408-9, and were no doubt a survival from Ptolemaic times (cf. Druffel, *Archiv* vi. 30). The continuance of these local dioecetae as late as the reign of Vespasian is interesting. The writer of the letter was probably a minor official, e. g. a comogrammateus (cf. l. 6, n.) or toparch, rather than a βασιλικὸς γεωργός.

Ἀρθοῶνις Ἡρακλείδῃ τῷ διοι-
κη[τῇ] χαίρειν. Ἀρπαῆσις
[Παπ]οντῶτος ὃ κομίζων σοι

- τὴν ἐπιστολὴν ἐστὶν ὑπο-
 5 γέωργος Θεμιστοκλέους,
 κα(ὶ) διὰ σπόρου ξ (ἐτους) ποιῶ αὐτὸν
 ὑπογέωργον. ἔρρωσο.
 (ἐτους) ξ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος
 Οὐεσπασιανοῦ Σεβαστοῦ μηνὸς
 10 Νέου Σεβαστοῦ ις.
 On the verso *Ηρακλείδῃ διοικη(τῇ).

'Harthoönis to Heraclides the dioecetes, greeting. Harpaësis son of Papontos, the bearer of this letter, is the sub-lessee of Themistocles, and by the list of crops of the 7th year I make him a sub-lessee. Good-bye. The 7th year of the Emperor Caesar Vespasianus Augustus, 16th of the month Neus Sebastus. (Addressed) To Heraclides, dioecetes.'

4-5. ὑπογέωργος Θεμιστοκλέους: Rostowzew suggests that κλήρου is to be supplied, the reign of Vespasian being a period of large confiscations by the government. But Θεμιστοκλῆς was a fairly common name at this period at Oxyrhynchus (cf. 373, 375, 377), and the name of the γεωργός is rather expected to occur. That Harthoönis was himself the γεωργός is unlikely; the general style of the letter suggests that he was the equal or superior of Heraclides (cf. int.), and if ll. 6-7 meant that Harthoönis appointed Harpaësis as his own ὑπογέωργος, εἰς σπόρον, not διὰ σπόρου, would be expected.

6. σπόρον: for the meaning 'report on crops' cf. P. Tebt. 24. 42 τὸν ἐπιτεδομένον ὑπ' αὐτῶν σπόρον, 52 τὸν ἐπικεφαλαίου σπόρον ἐπιδόντες. A document like P. Tebt. 61-72 (2nd cent. B. C.) or P. Brit. Mus. 604 (47), which were drawn up by comogrammateis, is probably meant; cf. int.

1662. APPOINTMENT OF A DEPUTY-PRYTANIS.

24 x 9 cm.

A. D. 246.

A letter from the prytanis of the senate at Oxyrhynchus to the strategus, requesting him to appoint officially a deputy for the writer during his absence on a deputation, which was proceeding (probably to Alexandria) in order to appeal to the praefect with regard to the taxation of the nome. The person proposed as deputy, who had no doubt been nominated by the writer or the senate, was an irenarch, i. e. the chief of the police of either Oxyrhynchus or the nome rather than of a village; cf. 80. 7, 118. 14. Similar letters to a strategus concerning the appointment to liturgical offices are 59 (from the senate through the prytanis) and P. Ryl. 77. 47-52 (from ἄρχοντες).

Αὐρήλιος Βίων ὁ καὶ Ἀμώ-
 νιος γυμνασίαρχος βουλευτῆς
 ἑναρχος πρύτανις τῆς Ὁξύρυγ-

15 ἐπιστέλλω σοι, φίλτατε,
 ὅπως φανερόν ποιή-
 σης Αὐρηλίῳ Ἰσιδώρῳ

- χιτῶν πόλεως Αὐρηλίου
 5 Δίῳ τῷ καὶ Περτίνακι στρα-
 τηγῷ τοῦ αὐτοῦ νομοῦ
 τῷ φιλτάτῳ χαίρειν.
 ἐξιῶν ἅμα ἄλλοις ἐπὶ τὸν
 λαμπρότατον ἡμῶν
 10 ἡγεμόνα Οὐαλέριον
 Φίρμον ἔνεκεν πρεσβεΐ[[ς]]-
 ας περὶ τῆς ἐπιβληθείσης
 ἐπιβολῆς τῷ ἡμετέρῳ
 νομῷ τοῦ ἱεροῦ ἀποτάκτου,
- ἀρχιερατεύσαντι βουλευ-
 τῇ εἰρηνάρχῳ διαδέξα-
 20 σθαί με τὰ τῇ πρυτανίᾳ δια-
 φέροντα, ἔστ' ἂν ἐπανεέλ-
 θω. (2nd h.) ἐρρῶσθαί σε εὐχομαι,
 φίλ(τατε).
 1st h. (ἔτους) γ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος
 Μάρκου Ἰουλίου Φιλίππου
 25 Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς καὶ Μάρκου
 Ἰουλίου Φιλίππου γενναιοτάτ[ο]υ
 καὶ ἐπιφανεστάτου Καίσαρος
 Σεβαστῶν Ἐπεὶφ κγ.

3. οξυρυγχιτων. 8. ἐξιων. 14. ἱερου. 17. ἰσιδωρω. 24. ἰουλιου: SO in l. 26.

'Aurelius Bion also called Ammonius, gymnasiarch, senator, and prytanis in office of Oxyrhynchus, to his dearest Aurelius Dius also called Pertinax, strategus of the said nome, greeting. Since I am leaving with others to meet our most illustrious praefect, Valerius Firmus, on a deputation concerning the quota of the Imperial assessment imposed upon our nome, I beg you, dearest friend, to inform Aur. Isidorus, ex-chief-priest, senator, and irenarch, that he is to act as my deputy in the office of prytanis, until I return. I pray for your health, dearest friend.' Date.

4-5. Aur. Dius is known as strategus in the year preceding that of 1662 from 81. 2 and 1119. 25.

10. (Claudius) Valerius Firmus is known to have been praefect from May 21, 245, to August-September 247; cf. Lesquier, *L'armée romaine* 517.

14. ἱεροῦ ἀποτάκτου: ἀπότακτος or τὸ ἀπότακτον is common in regard to rent (e.g. 1630. 17; cf. 1187. 13-15, n.), but here it seems to be a general expression for Imperial revenues.

18-19. In C. P. R. 20. 4 (250) a deputy-prytanis is γυμνασιαρχήσας βουλευτής.

V. PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE

1663. LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION.

14.5 × 12.4 cm.

Second or third century.

An incomplete letter from an assistant in the secretariate of the dioecetes (cf. n. on l. 15) to a secretary of the strategus of the Oxyrhynchite nome, commending to his care one Soter, presumably a kinsman. Other letters of this kind are e.g. 32 (Latin), 292, 746, 787, P. Giessen 71; cf. 1767.

Τούρβων Κλέωνι τῷ

τιμιωτάτῳ χαῖ[ρε]ιν.

πάνυ ἥσθην ἀ[κού]ων σε ἐν τῷ Θεινίτῃ

διάγειν καὶ συνήδομαί γε [τ]ῷ φίλῳ

5 σο[υ] κηδεμόνι ἀγαθῷ καὶ ἐπι[ει]κε-

στάτῳ εἰς τὰ πραγμάτια ἐα[υ]τοῦ ἄ . . . μενω. Σωτῆ-

ρα δέ, ἐξ οὗ τ[ῆ]ν ἀφορμὴν ἔσχον

ἐπιστεῖλαι σ[ο]ι, παρατίθεμαί σοι, ἀδελ-

φέ, ἵνα ὁρᾷς αὐτὸν ὡς Σερῆνον τ[ὸ]ν

10 μεικρὸν ἡμῶν ἀδελφόν, οὐ μόνον

διὰ τὸ ἦθος τὸ χρηστὸν ἄξιον τοῦ

τυχεῖν ἀλλὰ καὶ —

On the verso

Κλέωνι γραμματεῖ στρα(τηγοῦ) Ὁ[ξ]υρυγχίτου

π(αρά) Τούρβωνος βοηθ(οῦ)

15 Φιλοξέ(νου) καθολ(ικοῦ) γρα(μματέως) διοικ(ητοῦ).

6. *a* and *v* of *a . . . μενω* corr. ? 9. *ἵνα*.

‘Turbo to the most esteemed Cleon, greeting. I was very glad to hear that you are staying in the Thinite nome, and I congratulate you on your dear protector who is good and capable in his affairs . . . Since I have an opportunity to send to you, I am putting Soter in your charge, brother, in order that you may regard him in the same way as our small brother Serenus, for he deserves to gain this not only on account of his excellent character but also . . . (Addressed) To Cleon, secretary of the strategus of the Oxyrhynchite nome, from Turbo, assistant of Philoxenus, secretary general of the dioecetes.’

5. ἐπι[ει]κεστάτῳ: cf. e.g. 1218. 5, where there is a similar misspelling.

6. *a . . . μενω*: the vestiges do not seem to accord with ἀνειμένῳ. γενομένῳ, which would rather be expected, is also unsuitable.

15. καθολ(ικοῦ) γρα(μματέως): this title seems to be new, and the application of the term καθολικός to a subordinate official apparently lacks analogy, but it is in itself unobjectionable.

1864. LETTER TO A GYMNASIARCH.

27.4 × 20.8 cm.

Third century.

A friendly letter from Philsarapis, sacrificial magistrate (ἱεροποιός) at Antacopolis, to Apion, gymnasiarch and formerly strategus of the Antacopolite nome, offering to execute any commissions. To judge from his correspondent's

eulogy, Apion was a popular figure. The handwriting is a good specimen of the large upright cursive not seldom found in the official documents of the period.

Χαίρει, κύριέ μου Ἀπίων, Φιλοσάραπ'ίς
σε προσαγορεύω εὐχόμενός σε σώζεσθαι
πανοικησίᾳ καὶ εὖ διάγειν.
ὅτι οὐ μόνοι ἡμεῖς μεμνήμεθά σου ἀλλὰ
5 καὶ αὐτοὶ ἡμῶν οἱ πάτριοι θεοί, τοῦτο
δῆλον ἅπασιν, [[ᾶ]]πᾶσα γὰρ ἡμῶν ἡ ἡλι-
κία ἐν τοῖς στέρνοις σε περιφέρει, με-
μνημένη τῆς ἀγαθῆς σου προαιρέ-
σεως. περὶ τῶν ἀπὸ πατρίδος σοι χρειω-
10 δῶν, κύριέ μου, ἐπίστελλέ μοι ἡδέ-
ως ἔχοντι, τὰς γὰρ ἐντολὰς σου ἡδιστα
ἔχων ὡς χάριτας λήμψομαι. - προσαγο-
ρεύω τὸν ἀξιολογώτατον γυμνασίαρ-
χον Ὀρίωνα. (2nd h.) ἐρρῶσθαί σε εὐχομαι,
15 κύριέ μου χρηστὲ καὶ εὐγενέστατε
Ἀπίων, διὰ βίου εὖ διάγοντα
μεθ' ὧν ἡδέως διάγεις.

On the verso

(1st h.) Ἀπίωνι γυμνασιάρχῳ στρατηγήσαντι Ἀνταιοπολείτου
(2nd h.?) π(αρά)] Φιλοσάραπίδος ἐνάρχου
20 ἱερ]οποιού Ἀνταίουπόλ(εως).

'Greeting, my lord Apion, I, Philosarapis, salute you, praying that you may be preserved and prosper with all your household. That not only we but also our ancestral gods themselves hold you in memory is clear to all; for our whole youth carries you in their hearts, remembering your goodwill. Send to me about anything that you need from home, my lord, and it will be a pleasure; for I shall be most pleased to accept your commands as favours. I salute the most estimable gymnasiarch Horion. I pray for your health, my kind and noblest lord Apion, and your lifelong prosperity with those with whom it pleases you to live. (Addressed) To Apion, gymnasiarch and ex-strategus of the Antaeopolite nome, from Philosarapis, sacrificial magistrate in office of Antaeopolis.'

20. ἱερ]οποιού: cf. P. Giessen 66. 13 ἐναρχος ἱεροποιός, Otto, *Priester und Tempel* i. 163, Plaumann, *Ptolemais* 96, Oertel, *Liturgie* 339.

1665. LETTER OF A GYMNASIARCH.

28.6 x 9.2 cm.

Third century.

In this letter Aurelius Sarapion, a gymnasiarch, reminds his 'father' Claudius of a promise to let him have 40 metretae of oil when his turn came to supply oil for the gymnasium (cf. l. 5, n.), and asks that this promise should now be made good in order that oil borrowed for the occasion from friends might be repaid to them.

<i>A[ύρηλ(ιος) Σ]αραπίων [Aύρηλ(ίω) 15 οὔν, ἐὰν ἔτι παρὰ σεαυτῷ</i> <i>Κλαυ[δίω] τῷ πατ[ρί] πολλὰ 16 χρ[ί]ον ἔχῃς, δῆλωσον ἢ τῷ</i> <i>χαίρειν. 17 υἱῷ σου ἢ ᾧ ἐὰν σὺ βού-</i> <i>καθὼς καὶ παρόν[τ]ι σοι κατ' ὄψιν 18 λῇ τούτους μοι ἐν τάχει</i> <i>5 ἡτησάμην εἰς ἃς μέλλω χρί- 19 παρα[σ]χεῖν, πρὸς τὸ κάμῃ</i> <i>ιν ἡμέρας ἐλαίου μετρητὰς 20 ἀπ[ο]καταστήσαι τοῖς εὐχρη-</i> <i>τεσσαράκοντα, οὓς καὶ καθ' ἡν 21 στήσασί μοι φίλοις, τῆς τι-</i> <i>ἔχεις πρὸς ἐμὲ ἀγαθὴν προαί- 22 μῆς ἐξαυτῆς μεταβαλλο-</i> <i>ρῆσιν ὑπέσχ[ο]ν, νῦν οὔν τῆς 23 μένης ὑπ' ἐμοῦ ᾧ ἐὰν δο-</i> <i>10 χρείας με κατεπειξάσης 24 κιμάσης. ἀλ[λ'] ὅρα μὴ ἀμελή-</i> <i>σοὶ θαρρῶν ἔσχον παρὰ φίλων 25 σῃς, μὴ δόξω διαβάλλειν</i> <i>ἐν χρήσει τοὺς μετρητὰς 26 τοὺς ἀνθρώπους. (2nd h.) ἐρρῶσθαί</i> <i>τεσσαράκοντα ἐπὶ τῷ αὐτοῦς 27 σε εὐχομαι κατὰ νοῦ(ν) διάγοντά'.</i> <i>ἀποκαταστήσαι. ἀναγκαίως</i>	
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On the verso

(1st h.) *Aύρηλ(ίω) Κλαυδίω π(α)ρὰ Aύρηλ(ίου) Σαραπίωνος γυμ(νασιάρχου).*

4. l. παρόντα σε.

11. φίλῳ.

22. μεταβαλλόμενης.

25. μ ὀφ μὴ κοίτ.

'Aurelius Sarapion to his father Aurelius Claudius, many greetings. As when I saw you I requested from you for the days when I have to provide it 40 metretae of oil, which in accordance with your goodwill towards me you promised, so now, when the need has come upon me, in reliance upon you I have borrowed from friends the 40 metretae on the condition that I restore them. Perforce therefore, if you still have with you any unguent, instruct your son or any one else you wish to supply me with them speedily, so that I may make restitution to the friends who lent to me, the value to be handed over by me at once to any one approved by you. See that you do not neglect this, lest I should appear to be deceiving these persons. I pray for your health and success. (Addressed) To Aurelius Claudius from Aurelius Sarapion, gymnasiarch.'

2. πα[ρί: it may be questioned whether this is to be taken literally, on account partly of the rather formal tone of the letter, partly too of the reference to τῇ υἱῷ σου in l. 17. The loose complimentary use of terms of relationship has constantly to be reckoned with in letters of this period; cf. 1678. 19, n.

4. If παρόν[τ] σοι is rightly read, the writer changed his construction, σοι for σε is possible instead of σοι, and the preceding vestige would be consistent with ν or σ, but παρών is plainly excluded.

5. χράν: cf. 1413. 19-20 and n., and *Gnomon des Idios Logos* 102.

16. χρ[ί]ον for χρίσμα is unexpected, and it is not at all certain that there was any letter between ρ and ο; but a word meaning oil is needed, and a misspelling of χρυσόν is neither probable nor appropriate.

18. τοὺτους refers back to μετρητάς in ll. 6 and 12.

28. Ἀῤρη]λ(ίφ): the doubtful λ might be read as α, but ἀ(πόδος) is less likely.

1666. LETTER OF PAUSANIAS CONCERNING A RECRUIT.

17.1 × 19.7 cm.

Third century.

The following letter is of more than usual interest, affording a noteworthy sidelight on Roman recruiting methods. The son of the writer, after being enrolled in a legion, had decided that he would prefer service in the cavalry. His father therefore made a journey to Alexandria to bring the matter before the authorities, and after much trouble succeeded in obtaining the praefect's sanction for the transfer, and carried his son off in triumph to join an *ala* at Coptos. Prior to the third century such a transfer would involve a question of status, since a legionary acquired *ipso facto* Roman citizenship, a right not obtained by a recruit in an auxiliary corps. But as the papyrus is likely to be later than the *Constitutio Antoniniana*, this complication need not be supposed to have arisen. In l. 20 there is a reference to a reported outbreak of plague in the Oxyrhynchite nome.

Παυσ[σ]ανίας Ἡρακλείδῃ τῷ ἀδελφῷ χαίρειν.

οἶομαι τὸν ἀδελφὸν Σαραπάμμωνα μεταδεδοκέναι ὑμῖν

δι' ἣν αἰτίαν κατήλθον εἰς Ἀλεξάνδρειαν, φθάνω δὲ ὑμῖν

πρότερον γεγραφεκῶς περὶ τοῦ μικροῦ Πausανίου

5 ὥς εἰς λεγιῶνα στρατευσάμενον. ὥς οὖν ἐβουλήθη μη-

κέτι εἰς λεγιῶνάν ἀλλὰ εἰς εἴλαν, μαθὼν ἀναγκαίως ἔσχον

πρὸς αὐτὸν καταντῆσαι, καίτοι μὴ βουλόμενος. δεηθεῖς

οὖν πολλὰ ὑπὸ τῆς μητρὸς αὐτοῦ καὶ τῆς ἀδελφῆς εἰς Κό-

πτον αὐτὸν μετενεγκεῖν, κατελθὼν εἰς Ἀλεξάνδρειαν

10 πολλαῖς ἀφορμαῖς ἐχρησάμην ἄχρι οὗ [[υ]]μετενέχθη

εἰς τὴν ἐν Κόπτῳ εἶλαν. ἐπιθυμῶν οὖν πρὸς ὑμᾶς
 τῷ ἀναπλόῳ καταντῆσαι περιεκλείσθημεν ἀπὸ τοῦ
 δοθέντος [τῷ παι]δὶ ὑπὸ τοῦ λαμπροτάτου ἡγεμόνος
 κομεάτου,] καὶ δ[ὲ] αὐτὴν τὴν αἰτίαν οὐκ εἴσχυσα πρὸς
 15 ὑ[μ]ᾶς [κ]αταντῆσαι. θεῶν οὖν βουλομένων πρὸς τὴν
 [έορ]τῇν [τῷ]ν Ἀμεσυσίων πειράσομαι πρὸς ὑμᾶς γενέ-
 [σθ]αι. μ[ε]λη[σ]άτ[ω] σοι οὖν, ἀδελφέ, περὶ τοῦ γράμματος τῆς
 [ὑ]ποθήκ[ης] ὥστε αὐτὸ ἀπαρτισθῆναι καθὼς ἔθος ἐστίν.
 παρακαλῶ οὖν,] ἀδελφέ, γράψαι μοι περὶ τῆς ὑμῶν σω-
 20 [τ]ηρίας, ἐπεὶ ἤκουσα ἐν τῇ Ἀντινόου ὅτι παρ' ὑμῖν λοιμὸς
 [έγ]ένετο. μὴ οὖν ἀμελήσης, ἵνα καὶ γὰρ περὶ ὑμῶν εὐθυ-
 μότερον διάξω.

In the left margin

ἀσπάζου πολλὰ τὴν κυρίαν μου μητέρα καὶ [τὴν ἀδελ-
 φὴν μου καὶ τὰ ἀβάσκαντα ἡμῶν παιδία. ἀσπάζε-
 25 ται ὑμᾶς Πανσανίας. ἐρρῶσθαί [σ]ε [εὐχ(ομαι)] πανο[ικ]εῖ.

On the verso

εἰς Ὁξύρυγχείτην Ἡρακλ[ε]ῖ[δ]η . . . δ . μν[ι] .
 π(αρά) Πανσανίου ἀδελφοῦ.

2. ὑμῖν: so in ll. 3, 20. 5. l. στρατευσαμένου. 11. ὑμᾶς: so in ll. 15, 16, 25.
 21. ἵνα . . . ὑμῶν.

'Pausanias to his brother Heraclides, greeting. I think that my brother Sarapammon has told you the reason why I went down to Alexandria, and I have previously written to you about the little Pausanias becoming a soldier of a legion. Since, however, he no longer wished to join a legion but a squadron, on learning this I was obliged to go down to him, although I did not want to. So after many entreaties from his mother and sister to transfer him to Coptos I went down to Alexandria, and employed many methods until he was transferred to the squadron at Coptos. I desired then to pay you a visit on the upward voyage, but we were limited by the furlough granted to the boy by the most illustrious praefect, and for this reason I was not able to visit you. If the gods will, I will therefore try to come to you for the feast of Amesysia. Do you then, brother, see to the deed of mortgage, so that it be prepared in the customary way. I urge you, brother, to write to me about your safety, since I heard at Antinoöpolis that there has been plague in your neighbourhood. Do not therefore neglect this, that I may rest more assured about you. Many salutations to my lady mother and my sister and our children, whom the evil eye shall not harm. Pausanias salutes you. I pray for the health of you and all your household. (Addressed) To the Oxyrhynchite nome, for Heraclides son of . . . from his brother Pausanias.'

1666. LETTER OF PAUSANIAS CONCERNING A RECRUIT 123

11. τὴν ἐν Κόπτῳ εἰλαν: on the military importance and the garrison of Coptos see Lesquier, *L'armée romaine* 408-9. The *ala Vocontiorum* was stationed there in 165, the *ala Herculiana* in 185. εἰλαν (cf. l. 6) is probably due to Latin influence; εἴλη or ἴλη is the usual form.

14. κομιάτ[ου] = *commeatus*; cf. 1477. γ κομιάτον. The meaning is that the date fixed for the recruit to report at Coptos did not allow the breaking of the voyage for the visit.

16. Ἀμεσυσίων: cf. P. Flor. 131. 5 τὴν τῶν Ἀμεσυσίων ἐορτήν and Amh. 93. 12 (W. Chr. 314) Ἀμεσσειοῖς (?), Fay. 95. 16 Ἀμεσ[...], Brit. Mus. 1171. 68 (iii, p. 179) Ἀμεσσειοῖς, SB. 3462 Ἀμεσυσίοις. Comparetti in the note on P. Flor. cit. connects the word with the god Amsi or Khem, whose festival in Ramesside times was celebrated on Pachon 26.

1667. LETTER OF DORION TO APION.

12.6 × 13.7 cm.

Third century.

This letter is addressed to a man involved in some suit which was due to come before the praefect's assize, but had been postponed owing to the non-appearance of the other party. The writer states the details as reported by a friend, but the object of the letter is left obscure by the loss of the conclusion.

Χαίρε, Ἀπίων τιμιώτατε,

Δωρίων σε προσαγορεύω.

ἀκρειβῶς πυνθαν(όμεν)ος περὶ τῆς ὀλ[ο-]

κλ[ηρ]ίας σου καὶ τίνα ἐστὶν τὰ πρὸς σέ

5 πραχθέντα τοῦ ἡγεμόνος ἐπὶ τῶν

τόπων γενομένου, μετέδωκεν

ὁ [Θε]όχρηστος ὅσα ἔπραξας ἐν τῷ

Κυνόπολείτῃ καὶ ὅτι μὴ ὑπήκουσεν

ὁ πρὸς ὃν εἶχες ὕστερον δὲ προσ-

10 εληλυθέναι αὐτὸν ἐν τοῖς ἐνθάδε [τ]ό-

ποις καὶ ἔφη αὐτῷ ὑπακούσειν ἐν

τῇ καθόδῳ, καὶ μετὰ ταῦτα μηδέ-

[τ]ε[ρο]ν ὑμῶν [π]ροσεληλυθαίνει

.

5. μ of ἡγεμόνος corr. from ν.

13. ὕμων. l. προσεληλυθέναι.

' Greeting, most esteemed Apion, I, Dorion, salute you. Having exactly learnt about your safety and what was done regarding you when the praefect was in the district, Theochrestus informed me of your doings in the Cynopolite nome and that the person whom you accused did not attend; but that he came forward later in this district and said

to him (Theochrestus) that he would attend on the return journey, and after this neither of you came . . .

9. A word may have dropped out between *ὁ* and *πρός*, the writer being prone to omission; or he may be supposed after writing *ὁ*, to have varied the intended expression. The alternative of reading *ὁ προσόν* and making Theochrestus or the praefect the subject of *ὑπήκουσεν* involves greater difficulties. For *ὑπήκουσεν* cf. e. g. 237. viii. 19 *κληθείσης Φλαβίας Μηβίας πρὸς Φλαυίαν Ἑλένην καὶ ὑπακουσάσης*.

11. *ἔφη* is a careless return to the *oratio recta*.

12. *καθόδω*: SC. *τοῦ ἡγεμόνος*.

1668. LETTER OF CHARMUS TO SOPATRUS.

30 x 11.3 cm.

Third century.

On the recto of this papyrus is a taxing-list (1745). The verso contains a letter sent according to the opening formula by Charmus to his 'brothers', but in what follows a single person is primarily addressed, whose name, as shown by the endorsement on the recto, was Sopatrus. After describing some negotiations concerning certain workshops, the workmen in which seem to have been demanding higher wages, the writer urges Sopatrus to come, since the praefect had granted an amnesty and there was no longer any danger. To what this refers is obscure, but evidently Sopatrus had been involved in some recent disturbance, and he may have been *ανακεχωρηκώς* (cf. Wilcken, *Grundz.* 196).

Χάρμος τοῖς ἀδελφοῖς πλ[εῖστα χαίρειν. πρὸ μὲν πάντων εὐχομαι ὑμᾶς ὀλοκληρεῖν. συνέβαλον τῷ Σκωρὺ χάριν 5 τῶν ἐργαστηρίων, καὶ πρότε- ρον μὲν ἔλεγεν ὅτι ἡ δὸς μοι (ἀρτάβας) ἰβ, ἡ λαβὲ (ἀρτ.) ἰβ, καὶ περὶ τούτου διὰ προτέρας ἐπιστολῆς ἔδηλωσά σοι, νῦν δέ μοι ἔλε- 10 γεν ὅτι τὸ ἐφήμισιν. ἐδώ- καμεν τοῖς ἐργαζομένοις. οὐπω οὖν ἐγὼ αὐτῷ συνε- θέμην περὶ τούτου, ἄχρι οὗ σοι δηλώσω· εἶπεν γὰρ ἡμοί' ὅτι οὐ-	μὼν ἀμνησίαν ἔπεμψεν ἐνθάδ' ἐξέ, καὶ οὐκέτι φόβος οὐ- 20 δὲ εἰς ἔνει· ἐὰν οὖν θέλεις, ἴσθι καταφρονῶν, [[ἐπὶ]] ἡμεῖς γὰρ οὐκέτι δυνόμεθα ἔσω μεῖναι. πολλὰ γὰρ Ἀνγὴ παρατρεῖβεται ἀναβάσει, 25 καὶ τὴν ὑμῶν παρουσί- αν ἐγδεχόμεθα, ἵνα μὴ ἀλόγως ἀποστῶμεν· νομίζει γὰρ ὅτι αὐτὴ μόνη οἰκίαν ἔχει ἐν- 30 θάδε. ἀσπάζεται ὑμᾶς Ἡρακλέα καὶ ἡ μήτηρ αὐ- τῆς. ἀσπάζομεθα τὰ
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15 δ' οὕτως συνέθεντο οἱ ἐρ- παιδία, μεθ' ὧ(ν) ἐρρω[σθ]αι
 γαζόμ[ε]νοι, ἐπὶ ἡ τειμὴ τοῦ ὑμᾶς εὐχομ(αι) εἶ[ν] διάγ[ον]-
 σείτου ὀλίγη ἐστίν. ὁ ἡγε- 35 τας.

On the recto

ἀ(πόδος) Σωπάτρῳ π(αρά) τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ.

21. ἴσελθε καταφρονῶ.

26. ἴνα.

'Charmus to his brothers, very many greetings. First of all I pray for your security. I had a meeting with Skorū respecting the workshops, and formerly he said "Either give me 12 artabae or take 12 art.", as I told you in a previous letter; but now he said to me "We have given the workmen one and a half as much". I accordingly would not make an agreement with him about this before telling you. For he said to me that the workmen had not agreed even on these terms, since the value of the corn is small. The praefect has sent an amnesty here, and there is no longer any fear at all; so if you will, come boldly; for we are no longer able to stay indoors. For Annoë is much worn out with her journey, and we await your presence, that we may not withdraw without reason; for she considers herself to be keeping house here alone. Heraclea and her mother salute you. We salute the children. I pray for your and their health and prosperity. (Addressed) Deliver to Sopatrus from his brother.'

18. ἀμνησίαν: this form in place of the usual ἀμνηστία is found e.g. in the LXX Wisdom xiv. 26, Eccclus. xi. 25.

20. ἔνει = ἔνι, a form occurring e.g. in B. G. U. 1024. v. 20.

36. ἀ(πόδος): or Α(ὕρηλιφ).

1669. LETTER OF HORION TO SERENUS.

15.1 × 15 cm.

Third century.

In this letter Horion sends instructions on various matters of business to Serenus, who seems to have occupied some subordinate position, perhaps that of bailiff or agent. The writing is across the fibres of the verso, the recto having been used for an account of ὀνηλάται (1748).

Ὀρείων Σερήνῳ χαίρειν.
 τοὺς ἐγδοχεῖς οὐκ ἐπεμψας ὥς
 ἐνετειλάμην σοι, ἀλλ' οὐδὲ ἔγραψας
 εἰ ἀπετάξαντο, ἵν' οὕτως ἀρτίσωμαι,
 5 [ο]ὐδὲ εἰ ἦλθεν Διογᾶς ὁ ἐρεσπώλης,
 ἵνα καὶ αὐτοῦ τὴν βουλὴν γνῶμεν.
 ἐνετειλάμην σοι ἐξετάσαι περὶ τοῦ συν-
 αγοραστικοῦ εἰ πληροῦται, καὶ συμβα-

λείν Πτολεμαίῳ τῷ σειτολόγῳ καὶ τὸν
 10 λόγον πέμψαι αὐτοῦ λαβόντα σε παρὰ
 Ἀπολλωνίου καὶ Ἡράτος, ἵνα μὴ ἐνο-
 χλῇται ἡμῶν ἡ οἰκία. ὥστε καὶ
 νῦν ταῦτα ποιήσον, [καὶ σ]κύληθι
 καὶ αὐτὸς ἐνθάδε, ἵνα τοῦ]ς λόγους
 15 τῶν φόρων συνα[ιρώμεθ]α. εἰ οἱ
 ἐπισκέπται ἤλθ[ον, δῆλωσον?] Ν[ι-
 κηφόρῳ, ἵν[α . . .] . [.
 [. .]ρεθ[

4. l. ἵν: so in ll. 6, 11, 14, 17.

‘Horion to Serenus, greeting. You have not sent the middlemen as I bade you, and you have not even written whether they departed, so that I might thus make preparation, nor whether Diogas the wool-dealer came, so that we might know his advice. I bade you to inquire about the purchased corn, whether the amount is being completed, and to meet Ptolemaeus the sitologus and send his account, taking it from Apollonius and Heras, in order that our household may not be troubled. So do this even now, and do you yourself be at the pains of coming here, in order that we may make up the accounts of the rents. If the inspectors came, tell Nicephorus . . .’

2. ἐγδοχεῖς: cf. e.g. O. G. I. 140. 6 ἡ σύνοδος τῶν ἐν Ἀλεξανδρείᾳ πρεσβυτέρων ἐγδοχέων, San Nicolò, *Vereinswesen* i. 129. These were middlemen who received goods from ναύκληροι or others and passed them on to ἔμποροι; cf. Edgar, *Annales du serv. des antiq.* xviii. p. 170 οἱ τε ξένοι οἱ εἰσπλέοντες καὶ οἱ ἔμποροι καὶ οἱ ἐγδοχεῖς[ς] καὶ ἄλλοι, where ἐγδοχεῖς is wrongly explained as ‘inn-keepers’. The ἐγδοχεῖς of the present passage and 1673. 7 were evidently not Alexandrian merchants, but may have been minor agents with analogous functions.

7. συναγοραστικῶν: sc. πυροῦ or σίτου, corn bought by the government for military or other public purposes. Cf. e.g. P. Tebt. 369. 6, n., and 1541.

10. λόγον, if right, seems to mean the amount of the account rather than the document itself. λυπὸν, i.e. λοιπὸν (σίτον), though appropriate in the context, is a less suitable reading.

13. σ]κύληθι: cf. 941. 3, n.

15. συνα[ιρώμεθ]α: cf. P. Fay. 109. 6 συνῆρμαι λόγον τῷ πατρί, Rylands 229. 15 συναυράμενος πρὸς σὲ λογάριον.

1670. LETTER OF PALEX TO CHINTHONIS.

24.7 × 10.4 cm.

Third century.

This letter, which is in vulgar Greek, tells of the writer's safe arrival at Alexandria, but says that some money in a wallet which had been sent to him was found to be deficient. The writing is across the fibres of the recto.

Πάλεξ Χινθώνι τῇ ἀδελ-
 φῇ χαίρειν. πρὸ μὲν πάντων
 εὐχομαί σοι ὀλοκληρεῖν καὶ τὸ
 προσκύνημά σου ποιῶ καθ' ἐκά-
 5 στην ἡμαίραν παρὰ τῷ κυρίῳ θε-
 ῷ Σαράπιδι. πᾶν ποιήσον σὲν
 ἀπελτῖν παρὰ Θῶνιν καὶ πέμ-
 ψον μοι αὐτὸν εἰς Ἀλεξάνδρειαν.
 αἰπὶ δὲ εἰς τὴν τάξειν τοῦ
 10 καθολικοῦ παρεδόθημεν,
 τὸ μαρσίππιν τῶν χαλκί-
 νων ὃ αἵπεμψά(ς) μοι οὐχ ἐ[ῦ]-
 ρον τὸ πλήρος τῶν χαλκί-
 νων ἐν αὐτῷ τάλαντον
 15 ἐν ρ[. .] κ[α]λὶ (δραχμάς?) Ὁσ.
 εἰδέναι σε θέλω ὅτι

εἰσῆλθαμεν εἰς Ἀλε-
 ξάνδρειαν ὀλοκλη-
 ροῦντες τῇ εἰκάδι
 20 Ἐπίφ. ἀσπάζω Φιλου-
 μένην σὺν τοῖς τέκνοις
 καὶ Πτολεμῖνον καὶ
 τὴν σύμβιον αὐτοῦ.
 ἀσπάδι ὑμᾶς πάντας
 25 ἡ μήτηρ ὑμῶν Σαραπᾶς,
 Φιλουμένην σὺν τοῖς τέκνοις
 καὶ Ὀριγένην καὶ Χινθῶνιν
 καὶ Μασκουλῖνον καὶ τὴν σύμ-
 βιον αὐτοῦ καὶ Ἡράκλειαν
 30 καὶ Αἴαν καὶ Πτολεμῖν[ο]ν
 καὶ τὴν σύμβιον αὐτοῦ.

On the verso

παρὰ
 Πάλεξ

ἀπόδος
 35 Χινθώνι.

3. l. σε. 5. l. ἡμέραν. 7. l. ἀπελθεῖν. 8. -δρεῖα. 9. l. ἐπεὶ. 12. l. ἔπεμψας.
 24. l. ἀσπάζει. 27. χινθωνί.

'Palex to his sister Chinthonis, greeting. Before all else I pray for your security and I make your supplication every day to the lord god Sarapis. Make every effort to go to Thonis and send him to me at Alexandria. When we were handed over to the staff of the catholicus, I did not find the full amount of billon drachmae in the purse of drachmae which you sent me, one talent and 2,200 dr. I wish you to know that we arrived at Alexandria in safety on the 20th Epeiph. I greet Philumene with her children and Ptoleminus and his wife. Your mother Sarapas salutes you all, Philumene with her children and Origenes and Chinthonis and Masculinus and his wife and Heraclia and Aia and Ptoleminus and his wife. (Addressed) Deliver to Chinthonis from Palex.'

6. σέν: so e. g. 1089. 6, 18 πρὸ σέν.

13. πλήρος is for πλήρες. For the interchange of ε and ο cf. Mayser, *Grammatik* 94 sqq., and e. g. 1682. 10 εὐθυμέτεροι, 1757. 14, 18 ἀβάρως.

20. ἀσπάζω: cf. l. 24 and e. g. 1158. 20 ἀσπασον, 1218. 9 ἄσπαζε.

24. ἀσπάδι: cf. the preceding note, and for δ in place of ζ e. g. 1089. 10 σπονδάδεις, 32 χρηδεις.

1671. LETTER OF DIONYSIUS TO ZOÏLUS.

22.5 x 8 cm.

Third century.

A letter referring to the importunity of a decemprimus about the lading of some corn, and asking for assistance and for information.

Κυρίῳ μου Ζωίλῳ Διονύσιος χαίρειν. ὁ δεκάπρωτος πολλὰ ἡμεῖν ἐνοχλεῖ περὶ τῆς 5 ἐμβολῆς τοῦ σίτου. πέμψον οὖν ἡμεῖν Διονύσιον, αὐτὸς γὰρ οἶδεν τὸν λό- γον τῆς μετρήσεως, καὶ ἐν τῇ ἀναβάσει ἐνεβαλό- 10 μεθα. καὶ νῦν ἐνοχλεῖ ἡμεῖν καὶ τοῖς γεωργοῖς κτήνη οὐκ ἔχουσι, καὶ περὶ	χόρτου καὶ περὶ τῆς δαπά- νης ἐνοχλεῖ. πέμψον 15 αὐτόν, αὐτὸς οἶδεν τὸν λόγον, ἵνα καὶ κτήνη παρα- λάβομεν. περὶ τῆς Φοι- νίκης οὐδέν μοι ἔγραψας· γράψον οὖν ἵνα τὴν διαταγὴν 20 μάθω. καὶ περὶ τῶν ποτα- μειῶν εἰς τὰς καλαμείας γράψον μοι ὅτι ποῦ εὕρισκο- μεν. ἐρρώσθαί σε εὐχομαι πολλοῖς χρόνοις, κύριε.
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On the verso

25 κυρίῳ μου Ζωίλῳ π(αρά) Διον[υσίου.]

1. ζῶιλῳ. 5. πεμψῶ. 12. 1. ἔχουσι. 15. s of αὐτος corr. from ν. 16. ἵνα :
 so in l. 19. 17. o of -λάβομεν corr. from ω ; l. παραλάβομεν. 19. διαταγῇ. 21. ων
 of -μειτῶν corr. from ου?

‘To my lord Zoilus from Dionysius, greeting. The decemprimus is worrying us much about the lading of the corn. Send us then Dionysius, for he knows the account of the measuring, and we did the lading on the journey up. And now he worries us and the cultivators who have no animals, he worries both about fodder and about expenses. Send him, for he knows the account, so that we may also get animals. You have written nothing to me about Phoenice; write therefore, that I may learn the order. Write to me also about the river-labourers for the reed-plantations, where we can find them. I pray, sir, for your lasting health. (Addressed) To my lord Zoilus from Dionysius.’

20. ποταμειῶν: cf. 1427. 1, 1674. 14, and 1263. int., where some further references are collected.

21. καλαμείας: cf. 1631. 7, n.

1672. LETTER TO PAUSANIAS FROM HIS TWO SONS.

16.4 x 11 cm.

A. D. 37-41.

In this letter Demetrius and Pausanias inform their father that they had effected a very profitable sale of wine, and discuss further operations. The lines are written across the fibres, with a considerable amount of correction.

Δημήτριος καὶ Πανσανίας Πανσαν[ί]αι
 τῷ πατρὶ πλείστα χαίρειν καὶ ὑγι(αίνειν).
 ἡ ἡμέρα ἐξέστης ἡμῶν πεπράκα-
 μεν χό(ας) λβ ξένοις προσώποις ἐν οἷς
 5 ἦν καὶ πολλὰ λέα οἰνάρια [[ᾧστε]] ἑκ (δραχμῶν) ε μετὰ
 ἁρίτος, ᾧστε αἱ πράξεις ἡμῶν καλλιότεραι γε-
 γ[ό]νασι ἁίαν', καὶ ἐλπίζομεν ὅτι
 καλλιότεραι τούτων γενήσονται.
 [δ]ι[ὸ] γ[ρά]φομέν σοι ἵν' εἰδῇς πό-
 10 τερόν σε δεῖ ἀνενέγκαι τὸ ὅλον
 [ἡ] μέρος εἰς τὴν πόλιν. καλῶς
 δὲ ποιήσεις ἐάσεις ἐν Πέλα
 [[. . .] . ρ . . .], ἵνα πραθῇ [[. . .] τὰ τῆς
 [τ]ετάρτης ληνοῦ μόνης. ἐπιγνοῦς
 15 [οὔ]ν τὸν παρὰ σοὶ ἀέρα ἱκανὸς ἔσῃ
 περὶ πάντων. Μουνάτιος δὲ
 ὁ φίλος συντυχὼν ἔλεγεν συμ-
 [πε]φωνηκέναι τοῖς ἐκ τῆς κώ-
 [μ]ης αὐτοῦ μετὰ ἁρίτος τοῖς ο-
 20 [. . .] ἐκ (δραχμῶν) λβ. ἔρρω(σο).
 2nd h. [(ἔτους) . Γ]αίου [[Τ]ιβερίου] Καίσαρος Αὐτοκράτορος Σεβα[σ]τοῦ
 [Παῦ]νι κ[.]

3. η corr.
μουνάτιος corr.

6. αι corr.

7. και ε corr.

13. αθ of πραθη corr.

16. μ of

Demetrius and Pausanias to their father Pausanias very many greetings and wishes for good health. On the day you left us we sold 32 choes to some strangers, including a quantity of quite thin wine, at the rate of 5 drachmae, thankfully, so that our sales have become much more favourable and we hope that they will become more favourable than this. We therefore write to you that you may know whether to carry up the whole or a part to the city. You will do well to leave at Pela to be sold the wine of the fourth press only. When then you have learnt how the wind is with you, you will be able to judge of every-

thing. Our friend Munatius said that he had agreed with the people of his village thankfully . . . at the rate of 32 drachmae. Good-bye. The . . . year of Gaius Caesar Imperator Augustus, Pauni 2[.]'

5. λέα: this seems to be for λεία in the sense of τέλεια as e. g. Herond. 2. 70. The adverb λέως occurs ibid. 78 θαρσέων λέως and is cited in Photius, *Etym. Magn.*, and Apollonius; cf. λεώλης, which Hesych. explains as τελέως ἐξώλης. λείος 'smooth' is hardly applicable to οἰνάρια in this passage.

6. καλλιότεραι: καλλιότερον for κάλλιον is given by the British Museum MS. (M) in Thucyd. iv. 118, and καλλιώτερος is found in Phryn. p. 136 (Lobeck), Hesych., &c.

12. For the parataxis cf. e. g. 297. 3 καλῶς ποιήσεις γράψεις.

15. It is rather tempting to take αέρα here in a metaphorical sense, like the Latin *ventus* in e. g. Cic. *Clu.* 28. 77 *rumorem et contionum ventos colligere*; but the writer may merely be referring to the suitability of the wind for river-transport, as in 1682. 4.

19. τοῖς ο-: or τὸ ἰσο-, but though a unit to which ἐκ (δραχμῶν) λβ in the next line may refer is wanted, τὸ ἰσο- suggests nothing. A comparison of the figures here and in l. 5 makes it likely that a κεράμιον, which would contain several χόες, is meant.

21. For the order of the titles cf. B. G. U. 787. The date is very cursively written.

1673. LETTER OF HERMES TO SARAPIACUS.

22 X 11.4 cm.

Second century.

A letter to Sarapiacus, an ἐπίτροπος, from Hermes, who seems to have occupied a similar but subordinate position, informing him of the condition of various quantities of wine, and of other details.

Ἑρμῆς Σαραπιακῶι τῶ[ι]

τιμιωτάτωι χαίρειν.

τὰ τῆς πρώτης ληνοῦ οἰνάρια[α] ἐνέ-
κλισα μὴ χωρίσας τὰ εὐώδη, τ[ὰ] δὲ

5 τῆς δευτέρας διεχώρισα πρότερ[ο]ν
εὐρὼν εὐώδη τριάκοντα, τὰς δ' ἄλ-
λας ληνοὺς οὐκ ἐνέκλισα, τῶν ἐγδο-
χέων λεγόντων ἐκδέξεσθαι ἕως

ε Τῦβι μέχρι ἂν τὸ εὐῶδες ἀ[π]ο-

10 κατασταθῇ καὶ γνωσθῇ ἀκριβῶς.

ἐκ δὲ τῶν ἐνκλισθέντων εὔρον ἐκ

τ[ῆς] α ληνοῦ ποτῆ(ν) α, [δ]ξο(υς) . . . ο() ἐξ ὅλ(ου?) σ,

κ[αὶ] τῆς β ποτὰς ε, ὅξο(υς) . . . , καὶ τῆς

. . . . φ πωμαρίωι τῆς γ ληνοῦ ὁμοί(ως)

15 ποτ[ῆς] β, δ ληνοῦ α, ἄπερ εὔρον ἐν θή-
καις ἐκτὸς μέρους τοῦ . . [ο]ν. ἵνα οὖν

μὴ ἀπόληται, δῆλωσόν μοι εἰ θέλεις
 πραθῆναι. οὐ γὰρ δύναται ἀνενεχθῆ-
 ναι, εἰ μὴ διαπραθῇ. τοῖς τὸν ὄνον λα-
 20 βοῦσι συνεζήτησα πολλὰ καὶ κατέ-
 πλεξα αὐτῶν αἰτού(ν)των τὸν ἀρ(ρ)αβῶνα,
 τὸ δὲ πέρασ ἦτησα τὴν μνᾶν, ὥς ἔδοξέν
 σοι. ἀνέπεμψα τυροὺς ις, ἀφ' ὧν
 εἰσι τοῦ προόντος βουκόλ(ου) δ. ἀπέλυσα
 25 γὰρ αὐτὸν δι' αὐτὰ ταῦτα καὶ . . . [.
 τὰ τῶν κτηνῶν. ταλάρους εἰς οἶκον θέλησον?
 [πεμ]φθῆναί μοι. [. . .] ἀποξ[.
 [. . T]ῦβι α.

In the left margin

τῶν ἀμπελουργῶν τὰς μισθώσεις πέμψον, [ἵ]να τῆς ξυλοτομίας ἀρξῶνται.

On the verso

30 Σαραπιακῶι ἐπιτρόπῳ ἀπὸ Ἑρμοῦ . . ρηπ()

16. ἵνα : so probably in 29. 23. σοί'.

'Hermes to the most esteemed Sarapiacus, greeting. I stored away the wine of the first vat without separating the fragrant, of the second I previously found and put aside 30 fragrant jars, and the other vats I did not store away, since the middlemen said that they would wait till Tubi 5 until the fragrant should be established and accurately known. Of what was stored I found of the first vat 1 drinkable, . . acid, 1 entirely . . ; of the second 5 drinkable, . . acid; and of the third vat in the . . orchard likewise 2 drinkable; of the fourth vat 1; these I found in receptacles outside part of the In order then that they may not be lost, tell me if you wish them to be sold; for they cannot be carried up without being sold off. I had much discussion and complication with the men who took the donkey, as they asked for an earnest, and eventually I asked for the mina, as you thought right. I have sent you 16 cheeses, 4 of which are from the former herdsman. I let him go for this very reason and . . the animals. Please send some baskets to my house. . . . Tubi 1. Send the leases of the vine-dressers, in order that they may begin the pruning. (Addressed) To Sarapiacus, overseer, from Hermes, . . '

7. ἐγδοχέων: cf. 1669. 2, n.

12. ποτή(ν): why the feminine is used is not clear. For ὄξο(ν) cf. e.g. P. Flor. 229. 7-8 οἶνον μο(νόχωρα) πενήκοντα ἔξ, ὧν εὐρέθη ὄξους μο(νόχωρον) ἐν. The broken letters preceding ο() might be read as νμ, but there would hardly be room for a ζ as well as a figure between this and ὄξο(ν), even if ζνμ(ω)(θέν) were otherwise satisfactory.

13. The letter preceding καὶ has a stroke above it, indicating a numeral.

14. . . . φ: the first two letters may perhaps be ἐν, but ἐν ἐμῶ is unsuitable and ἐν ἄλ(λ)φ, which might be read, is unattractive.

15. δ λη(νοῦ) α: sc. ποτήν. The δ is very doubtful, but there is a clear stroke above the line which is too far from β to be connected satisfactorily with that figure, and a number before λη(νοῦ) is wanted.

27. ἀποξ[: ἀπ' Ὁξ[υρρυγγίτου?

29. ξυλοτομίας: cf. 1631. 9, n. The μισθώσεις were contracts similar to 1631 and 1692.

30. . . ροπ(): ἐπιτρόπ(ου) cannot be read. The vestiges before ρ suggest υ, and θυροπ(οιοῦ) is possible, though not very satisfactory.

1674. LETTER OF THEON TO HIS SON APOLLONIUS.

13.7 × 13.1 cm.

Third century.

The upper part of a letter giving various directions about cutting down an acacia on an embankment and other agricultural operations on the writer's property.

Θέων Ἀπολλωνίῳ νίῳ χαίρειν.

ἐπειδὴ οὐχ εὖρ[ο]ν κρέας σοι πέμψαι, ἔπεμψα

ῥᾶ κ καὶ λάχανα. ποίησον τὴν ἄκανθαν κα-

ταβληθῆναι καὶ τὴν ὕλην αὐτῆς βάλε εἰς τὸν

5 τρυσινον. ἀλλὰ σὺ κατάβαλε καὶ καῦσον τὴν ῥί-

ζαν αὐτῆς, καὶ ἔαν συντελεσθῇ τὸ ἔργον μέχρι

τοῦ χρώματος, καταβληθήτω ἡ κ . . νις καὶ ἴσω-

θήτω τὸ πᾶν τοῦ κεχωσμένου. καὶ θές τὴν ὀπτὴν

πλίνθον π[α]ρὰ τὴν πλάτην, καὶ ἔρχεται ὁ οἰκοδό-

10 μος καὶ οἰκοδομεῖ τὴν νοτινὴν πλάτην. [καὶ]

εἶπον τῷ φροντιστῇ Ἀπολλωνίου περὶ τῆς μη-

[χανῆς] ἣν ἔλεγέν μοι ὅτι ἔαν γένωμαι ἐκεῖ

[15 l. τοῖς] τέκτοσι καὶ . . .

[18 l.]τέτωσαν οἱ ποταμεῖ-

15 [ται 16 l.]ν παύσῃται καὶ μὴ

[27 l.] . . . α `χωρίον`

.

In the left margin

2nd h. ποί]ησον ἀπὸ τῆς ἁλωνείας γενέσθαι τοῖς πο[ταμίταις

ἐκ Σ]τρατονίκου εἰς Μοῦχ[ι]ν (ἀρτάβας) ηΛ σέ]ϊτου . [.

. . .]δω γενοῦ μετ' α[ύ]τοῦ ἐκε[ῖ] —

1. νῖω.

5. τρυσινον', υσ CORR.

7. ἴσω.

'Theon to his son Apollonius, greeting. Since I did not find any meat to send you, I send 20 eggs and some vegetables. Have the acacia tree cut down and throw the wood into the . . . Do you cut it down yourself and burn the roots, and if the work is finished up to the embankment, let the . . . be cut down(?) and the whole of the bank levelled. Put the baked bricks alongside the wall(?) and the builder will come to build the south wall. Tell(?) the steward of Apollonius about the machine which he said to me, if I went there, . . . Have $8\frac{1}{2}$ artabae of corn brought from the threshing-floor from Stratonice to Mouchis for the river-labourers . . .'

3. ἄκανθαν: cf. 1421. 4, n., and, for the use of acacias on embankments, 1112.

5. τρυσινον: the third and fourth letters have been corrected, and the result looks like τρυσινον or τραπινον, but neither of these is a known word. The preceding article may be τό, not τόν.

7. κ . . νις: κόν{ν}ις would give a sense, but the traces after κ are not sufficiently suggestive of ον to make that misspelling probable; καλάμη is unsuitable.

9. πλάτην: cf. l. 10 and 707. 26 πωμαρίου πλάτας, 32 τὰς πλάτας περιβεβλημένοι. The meaning seems to be much the same as that of πλαστή, for which cf. 1631. 10, n.

14. ποταμίται: cf. 1671. 20, n.

18. Μοῦχίς occurs in 1342 together with three villages in the Thmoisepho toparchy and one in the Upper toparchy. Στρατονίκου was unknown previously; but perhaps ἐκ Στρατονίκου should be connected with τοῖς ποταμίταις, and this village was outside the Oxyrhynchite nome.

1675. LETTER TO ISCHYRION.

15.4 × 10.5 cm.

Third century.

An incomplete letter, from a person whose name does not appear, to Ischyryon, who is given various directions connected with agriculture.

X[αί]ρε, 'I[σ]χυρίων.	ἐγ γειτόνων τῆς αὐλῆς. πει-
κ[ό]μ[ι] [σα]ι διὰ τῶν σχισθωντων	10 ράθητι δὲ παραλαβεῖν
περὶ Ἡρακλέωνα μεταβόλων	ζεῦγος βοῶν εἰς ἐπαντ(λ)εῖν
(δραχμας?) μ ἵνα τὸ ἀγρικὸν πῆγα-	τὸ κτῆμα ἢ δύο γεύη, ἐπεὶ
5 νον διαζεύξης τοῖς φοί-	καὺτός σε καταλαμβάν-
νιξι, ἐξαιρέτως δὲ τῷ φοί-	νω τῇ ιγ. ἵνα οὖν καὶ
νικι Μεικράτ[ο]ς καὶ τῷ ἐξ ἀ-	15 σὺ ἐπιμελῶς χρήσῃ
πηλιώτου τῆς καλύβης τῆς	Traces of 1 line.

On the verso illegible remains of an address.

1. Ἰ[σ]χυρίων. 4. γ of ἀγρικὸν corr.

'Greeting, Ischyryon. Receive through the . . . traders with Heracleon 40 drachmae (?), in order that you may separate the field-rue by means of the palms, especially the palm

of Micras and that east of the hut adjoining the court. Try to obtain a pair of oxen for irrigating the vineyard or two pairs (?), since I myself am coming to you on the 13th. Do you therefore make careful use . . .

2. *σχισθωντων* is puzzling. *σχιστής* does not occur, and *σχιστός* seems unintelligible here. Possibly *ω* was a mistake for *ε* and *σχισθέντων* should be read, though who could be meant by *σχισθέντες μεταβόλοι* remains quite obscure.

4. (*δραχμὰς*) *μ*: the reading is very doubtful. The rare adjective *ἀγρικός* is read only in Moschus Fr. 2. 13, but is found in one or two other places as a variant for *ἀγροικός*.

11. *εἰς ἐπαντ(λ)εῖν*: for this common omission of the article cf. e.g. 736. 6, P. Tebt. 120. 13, 57.

12. *ἡ δύο γεύη*: if these are an alternative to *ζεῦγος βοῶν*, *γεῦος* should refer to an animal, but the word is unknown. There is no doubt about the reading. Possibly *ζεύγη* was meant. If *δύο γεύη* is an alternative to *τὸ κτῆμα*, *γύας* in the sense of measures of land might be intended, but this is a less likely explanation.

1676. LETTER OF FLAVIUS HERCULANUS TO APLONARION.

30.5 × 12 cm.

Third century.

A letter couched in very affectionate terms from a man bearing the Roman name Flavius Herculanus to a woman called Aplonarion (cf. l. 1, n.). In the address on the verso the writer is styled *patronus*, and Aplonarion may have been his emancipated slave, notwithstanding the mention of her 'father' in l. 33. She was married (l. 12), as was Herculanus, whose wife and son send their remembrances (ll. 34-5). The intimacy was therefore not unrecognized; the writer's tone, however, is hardly that of ordinary friendship, and the letter is in fact the most sentimental that has yet appeared among published papyri.

Φλαούιος Ἑρκουλανὸς Ἀπλωναρίῳ	ἐκτός μου ἐ[ῖ.] ἐὰν δὲ ἐκ-
τῇ γλυκυτάτῃ καὶ τειμιωτάτῃ	τός μου οὐκ ἀκάλως ἔχῃς,
πλείστα χαίρειν.	χαίρω ὅτι καλῶ[ς] ἔχεις μέν,
ἐχάρην μεγάλως κομισάμε-	κάγῳ δὲ πάλι καταξύομαι
5 νός σου ἐπιστολήν, δόντος	25 μὴ ὀρῶν σε. τὸ σύνφορόν
μοι αὐτὴν τοῦ μαχαίρᾶ ἦν	σου ποίει· ὅταν γὰρ θέλῃς
δὲ γράφεις δι[ε]ὰ Πλάτωνος	ἡμᾶς πάντοτε ἰδεῖν, ἥδισ-
τοῦ τοῦ ὀρχηστοῦ πεπομ-	τά σε παραδεξόμεθα.
φέναι μοι οὐκ ἐκομισάμην.	καλῶς οὖν ποιήσεις ἐλ-
10 ἀλλὰ λείαν ἐλυπήθην ὅτι	30 [θοῦσ]α τῷ Μεσορῇ πρὸς
οὐ παρεγένου ἰς τὰ γενέσια	[ἡμᾶ]ς ἵνα ὅλως ἴδωμέν σε,
τοῦ παιδίου μου καὶ σὺ καὶ ὁ ἀ-	[ἄσπα]σαι τὴν μητέρα σου

νὴρ σ[ο]ν, εἶχες ᾗ γὰρ ἐπὶ πολλὰς [καὶ τὸν πατέρα σου καὶ Καλ-
 ἡμέρας εὐφ[ρ]ανθῆναι σὺν [λίαν.] ἀσπάζεται σε ὁ υἱός
 15 αὐτῷ. ἀλλὰ πάντως κρείττο- 35 [μου] καὶ ἡ μήτηρ αὐτοῦ
 να εἶχες διὰ τοῦτο ὑπερη- [καὶ Δι]ονύσιος ὁ συναγωνισ-
 φάνηκας ἡμᾶς. ἐγὼ θέ- [τῆς μο]υ, ὃς ὑπηρετεῖ με ἐν
 λω σε πάντοτε καλῶς [τῷ στ]αβλαρίῳ. ἄσπασαι τοὺς
 ἔχειν ὡς ἐμαυτόν, ἀλλὰ [φιλοῦ]ντάς σε πάντας.
 20 καὶ λυποῦμαι πάλιν ὅτι 2nd h. 40 ἐρρῶσθαί σε εὐχομαι.

On the verso

1st h. ἀπόδος Ἀπλωναρίῳ παρὰ Φλαουίου Ἑρκουλανοῦ
 παρὰ Ἑρκουλανοῦ [πάτρωνος.]

8. First ο of ορχηστου corr. 14. ναι of -θηναι corr. from σ. 16. ὑπερη.
 27. ἰδεῖν.

‘Flavius Herculanus to the sweetest and most honoured Aplonarion, very many greetings. I rejoiced greatly at receiving your letter, which was given me by the cutler; I have not, however, received the one which you say you sent me by Plato the dancer’s son. But I was very much grieved that you did not come for my boy’s birthday, both you and your husband, for you would have been able to have many days’ enjoyment with him. But you doubtless had better things to do; that was why you neglected us. I wish you to be happy always, as I wish it for myself, but yet I am grieved that you are away from me. If you are not unhappy away from me, I rejoice for your happiness, but still I am vexed at not seeing you. Do what suits you; for when you wish to see us always, we shall receive you with the greatest pleasure. You will therefore do well to come to us in Mesore, in order that we may really see you. Salute your mother and father and Callias. My son salutes you and his mother and Dionysius my fellow worker, who serves me at the stable. Salute all your friends. I pray for you health. (Addressed) Deliver to Aplonarion from her patron Herculanus. From Flavius Herculanus.’

1. Ἀπλωναρίῳ no doubt = Ἀπολλωναρίῳ, but since the spelling Ἀπλων. is repeated on the verso, it is to be accepted, and the name regarded as an intentionally shortened form rather than as an inadvertence; cf. B. G. U. 213. 5 Ἀπλωνοῦς.

8. The second τοῦ may be a dittography. For ὀρχηστοῦ cf. 519. 6, 526. 9, and P. Grenf. ii. 67, a contract of engagement of two ὀρχήστριαι.

22. ἀκάλως: the only instance of ἄκαλος cited is *Elym. Magn.* 11. 38 ἀγλευκῆς, ἀηδῆς, ἄκαλος.

24. καταξύομαι: cf. 525. 4.

33. Καλ[λίαν]: perhaps the ἀνὴρ of l. 12.

38. στ]αβλαρίῳ: cf. στάβλον in e. g. 43 verso. i. 12, 138. 10, 140. 14.

42. παρὰ Φλαουίου Ἑρκουλανοῦ is more cursively written than the rest of the address, but may be by the same hand.

1677. LETTER OF AGATHUS TO APHRODITE.

14.6 x 14.6 cm.

Third century.

A letter accompanying a sealed order (ἐντολικόν: cf. e. g. 1142, 1742. 10), which was to be handed on to a third person, and asking for an immediate acknowledgement. The papyrus is broken at the bottom, but the loss is evidently slight.

Χαῖρε, Ἀφροδείτη, Ἀγαθός σε ἀσπάζομαι.
 πρὸ μὲν πάντων εὐχομέ σε υἱαῖνιν καὶ τὸ
 προσκύνημά σου ποιῶ παρὰ τῷ κυρίῳ Σαράπιδι.
 λήμψῃ παρὰ Δόξης τῆς ἀναδιδοῦσης σοι τὸ ἐπιστο-
 5 λίδιον τὸ ἐντολικόν Πτολεμαῖτος ὃ ἔλαβον παρὰ
 Χαιρή(μο)νος τοῦ ποικιλτοῦ πέμψαι αὐτῇ ὡς ἔδ[ω]κέν
 μοι ἐσφραγισμένον. ταχέως δῆλωσον ἡμῖν διὰ
 φάσεως ἀπέσχεσ', ἵνα μὴ βαρῆσεις ἀνθρώποις γράψαι σοι
 ἐπιστολὴν δίδον, ἵνα μὴ ὀχληρὰ γένη παρ' ἀνθρώποις.
 10 καὶ περὶ τῶν πρώτων ἐντολικῶν δῆλωσόν μοι.
 ἀσπασαί τὴν μητέρα σου καὶ τὸν πατέρα σου καὶ Ἀγαθὸν
 καὶ Ἡρακλάμμωνα καὶ Διδύμην καὶ Ἀλεξάνδραν
 καὶ Σί. τρία σὺν τῷ ἀνδρί· μαθέτω ὅτι ἀσπά-
 [ς]ομαι αὐτήν. ἀσπασε τοὺς σοὺς πάντας κατ' ὄνομα
 15 [ἐξ] ὀνόματός μου. ἔχει πάλιν ἡ Δόξα ἄλλα ἄτινα ἃ ἔσχεν

On the verso

Ἀφροδείτη] π(αρὰ) Ἀγάθου.

2. 1. εὐχομαι. υἱαῖνιν. 5. πτολεμαῖτος: 1. Πτολεμαῖδος. 8. ἵνα: so in 1. 9. 14. 1. ἄσπασαι.

' Greeting, Aphrodite, I, Agathus, salute you. First of all I pray for your health and I make your supplication to the lord Sarapis. You will receive from Doxa, the bearer of this note, the order for Ptolemais which I received from Chaeremon the embroiderer to send to her sealed as he gave it me. Send me word at once that you have received it, in order that you may not give people the trouble of writing to you, so that you may not become wearisome to them. Tell me too about the first orders. Salute your mother and father and Agathus and Heraclammon and Didyme and Alexandra and Si. tria with her husband; let her know that I salute her. Salute all your friends severally in my name. Doxa

has also some other things which she had . . . (Addressed) To Aphrodite from Agathus.'

2. *ὑαίνων* : for this common vulgarism cf. e. g. 729. 3, 1110. 21, 1493. 4, 1678. 3.

8. *ἀνθρώποις* : *ἀνθρώπους* would be the normal construction.

13. *Σι . τρία* : the second letter may be η, but *Δη(μη)τρίαν* is unsuitable.

1678. LETTER OF THEON TO HIS MOTHER.

26 × 15.6 cm.

Third century.

This is a very illiterate letter, written in a rather large uncultivated hand, and full of mistakes of spelling and grammar. After explaining that he had been kept on business, the writer asks if he shall come now, or go to Alexandria, and in the latter event what commissions he can do. An unusually detailed address on the verso is noticeable; cf. l. 28, n.

Κυρία μου μητρὲι Θεῶν χαίρειν.
 πρὸ μὲν πάντων εὐχομέ σε ὁλοκληρεῖν
 καὶ υἱένειν παρὰ τῷ κυρείῳ θεῷ. μὴ νο-
 μείσης, κυρεία μου μήτρη, ὅτει ἡμέλη(σα) μὴ ἀ-
 5 ναβ᾽ ἡ[νε(?) ἐν τῷ] Ὁξυρειχείτ[η· ὕ]δας ὅτει, ἡ [ύστ]ε-
 ρείσι τῆς πρωτοκερείας, μετὰ {υ} ταῦτα εἶδη
 ἄλλην ἐλπίδα· οὐκ ἔχομεν. πᾶν οὖν πυή-
 σης, κυρεία μου μήτρη, μὴ ἀμελήσῃς τῆς θυ-
 γατρός σου. ὁ γὰρ ἀδελφός μου προσέειπε
 10 [[ψε]] τὸν πῶλον. δεῖ σε αὐτὸν προσέ[σ]χειν,
 κὲ οὐ[[κε]] ἐδυνήθην ἀνελθεῖν.
 ἡὰν δὲ δοκεῖ σὺ με ἀνελθεῖν, γράψον μὲν
 κὲ ἔρχομε· ἡ δὲ δοκεῖ σὺ ἀπελθεῖς εἰς τὴν
 λα(μ)προτάτην Ἀλεξάνδρειαν, γράψον
 15 μὲν, κὲ τὸ δοκεῖ σὺ τεῖ ἐνήκε, ἥτε πορφύρειν
 γράψον μὲν, ποταπὸν θέλεις ἐνήκω γράψον
 μὲν, ἥτε ἐλάδειν, πόσον ἐνήκω γράψον
 μὲν, ἥ[τε] τι ἄλλο βούλ[η]ς, [γρά]ψον μὲν. ἀσπ[ά]ρ-
 [μ]ε τὰ[ς] ἀδελφ[ά]ς μου καὶ τὸν [π]ατέρα μου Βαρβα-
 20 ρείωνα [καὶ] τὴν μητέρα μου Ἡράκλειαν
 καὶ Εὐτέ[πε]ρπειν κὲ τὰ τέκνα αὐτῆς καὶ Ἀν-
 νειν κὲ τὰ τέκνα αὐτῆς καὶ Εἰσιν καὶ Εὐτυ-

χρῖν καὶ τὴν μητέρα μου Σωφρόνειν
καὶ Νεῖλον καὶ Πυμένειν καὶ τὸν πατέρα
25 ἡμῶν Χοοῦν καὶ τὴν μητέρα ἡμῶν καὶ
Ἀφοῦν καὶ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ κὲ τὰς ἀδελ[φ]λ-
φὰς αὐτοῦ. ἐρῶστέ σε εὖχομε ὀλοκληρεῖν.

On the verso

ἀπ[ρ]ό(δος) παρὰ Θέω[νος.] σημασ{σ}ία ἐν Τευ-
μενοῦτει ἐν τῷ
30 ῥυμείῳ
ἀντεὶ τοῦ φλητρος.

2. l. εὖχομαι: so in l. 27. 3. l. υἱαίνειν. 4. l. μῆτερ: so in l. 8. 5. l. οἰ]δας . . .
εἰ (so in l. 13). 5-6. l. [ύστ]ερήσει. 7. l. ποιήσεις. 8. l. ἀμελήσαι. 10. ω ο
πῶλον corr. l. αὐτῷ? 11. l. καί: so in ll. 13, 15, 21, 22, 26. 12. l. ἐὰν . . . σοι (so
in ll. 13, 15) . . . μοι (so in ll. 15, 16, 17, 18). 13. l. ἔρχομαι . . . ἀπελθεῖν. 15. τό = ὅ.
η of ενεκε corr. from ε. l. ἐνέγκαι, εἴτε (so in ll. 17-18) πορφύριον. 16. l. ἐνέγκω: so in l. 17.
17. l. ἐλάδιον. κ of ενεκω corr. 18. l. ἀσπ[ά]ζ[ο]μαι. 21. l. Ἄννην. 22. l. Εὐτυχίον or
Εὐτύχι(ο)ν. 23. l. Σωφρόνην. 24. l. Ποιμένιον. 25. l. Χοοῦν. 26. ν of αφουν corr.
27. l. ἐρῶσθαι . . . ὀλοκληροῦσαν. 31. l. φρέατος.

'To my lady mother greeting from Theon. First of all I pray to the lord god for your safety and health. Do not think, my lady mother, that I have neglected to come up to the Oxyrhynchite nome; you know that if it misses the early season we have no other hope after this produce. Be sure, my lady mother, not to neglect your daughter; for my brother turned the colt loose (?); you ought to beware of him, and I could not come. If you think that I should come, write to me and I will come; or if you think that I should go to the most illustrious Alexandria, write to me, and write what you would like me to bring, whether purple, write to me what sort you wish me to bring, or oil, write to me how much to bring, or if there is anything else you desire, write to me. I salute my sisters and my father Barbarion and my mother Heraclea and Euterpe and her children and Anna and her children and Isis and Eutychis and my mother Sophrone and Nilus and Poemenius and our father Choous and our mother and Aphous and his brother and sisters. I pray for your health and safety. (Addressed) Deliver from Theon; address, at the Teumenous quarter in the lane opposite the well.'

3. τῷ κυρεῖω θεῷ: it would be unsafe to infer from this phrase, as from ὁ θεός alone (cf. Wilcken, *Archiv* i. 436), that the writer was a Christian. Other instances of ὁ θεός or ὁ κύριος (or δεσπότης) θεός occur in this volume in 1680. 3, 1682. 6, 1683. 5, 14, 1773. 4, 1775. 4. Very possibly the writers were in some of these cases Christians, though in none of them are the specifically Christian contractions used, as in 1774. The suggestion of Christianity is strongest in the phraseology of 1682 (ἡ τοῦ θεοῦ πρόνοια παρέξει, l. 6; cf. e. g. 1492. 8).

9. προσέειψε: the word occurs in what seems to be a similar sense in an unpublished Ptolemaic Tebtunis papyrus ὥστε τὰ μοσχάρια προσερρίφθαι τῷ κνάμῳ.

19 sqq. This passage affords another good example of the loose use of πατήρ, μήτηρ, &c.; cf. 1296. 15, n., and 1665. 2, n.

28. *σημασία*: this word introduces the address of the person to whom the letter was sent; cf. 1773. 39, where there is another instance of this apparently novel use.

Τευμενούτει (or *Τευμενούτει*?): the same spelling *Τευμενούτι* is found in 43 verso. ii. 21.

1679. LETTER OF APIA TO SERAPIAS.

25.5 × 12.5 cm.

Third century.

A woman's letter announcing the dispatch of some clothes, with other domestic news.

- [*Ἀπία . . .*] *Σεραπιάδι τῇ κυρίᾳ*
μ[η]τρὶ χαίρειν.
πολλά σε ἀσπάζομαι, κυρία, εὐχο-
μένη σοι τὰ κάλλιστα. κόμισαι,
5 *κυρία, παρὰ τῆς ἡπητρίας' τὰ κρόκινα ὀθονεΐδια τῆς*
θυγατρὸς σου, χιτῶνα καὶ ἡρα-
χιανον, καὶ Ἑρακλάμμωνι
χ[ι]τῶνα. νομίζω δὲ ὅτι ἐπιγ' ν' ὥσει
πρὸς ἐστὶν τὰ τῆς θυγατρὸς σου
10 *αὐτὰ γὰρ εἰς ἀμφοτέρω ἐῖλιξα.*
ἡ ἡπήτρια μεταδώσει σοι διὰ λόγων
ὅσα αὐτῇ εἶπον· λείαν γὰρ ὀψαί σοι
ταῦτα ἔγραψα. Ἀγαθος δὲ τῇ ἐνά-
τη τάχα πρὸς σὲ γέινεται ἐνέγ-
15 *και σοὶ τινα πρὸς τὴν ἐορτήν. ὥσ-*
τε, κυρία, μὴ μετεωρίζου, κα-
λῶς διάγομεν. Σερῆνως ὁ υἱός
σου πολλά σε ἀσπάζεται, καὶ
Λούκις καὶ Τεχῶσις καὶ τὰ παιδία
20 *καὶ Τααμίσις καὶ οἱ ἡμῶν πάντες.*
τοῦ δ' ἡμῶν] ἀσπάζομαι. Λουκάμ-
μωνα τὸν ἀδελφὸν πολλά ἀσ-
πάζομαι, οὗ δέομαι γράψαι
ἡμεῖν ἢ ἐκομίσατο τὸν χιτῶ-
25 *να αὐτοῦ παρὰ τοῦ Λεύκου, ἐπεὶ*
Βηρύλλος ἐπελάθετο αὐτὸν ἄρα.

Ἀλέξανδρον καὶ Κυριλλοῦν πολ-
λὰ ἀσπάζομαι.
ἐρρωσθαί σε εὐχομαι.

On the verso

30 Σεραπ]ιάδι μητρ[ι]

(παρὰ) Ἀπίας.

8. ν of νομιζω corr. 10. εἰ of εἰλιξα corr. 12. ἰ. ὁψέ. 16. η of μη corr.
17. ἰ. Σερήνος. υἱος. 18. τ of ασπάζεται corr. from ι. 20. οἰς of ταμοῖς corr. 24. ἰ. εἰ.
27. Final ν of αλεξανδρον corr. from σ.

‘Apia daughter of . . . to her mother Serapias, greeting. I send you many salutations, my lady, and best wishes. Receive, lady, from the seamstress the saffron clothes of your daughter, a tunic and . . ., and a tunic for Heraclammon. I think that you will recognize which are your daughter’s, for I wrapped them up together. The seamstress will inform you verbally what I told her, for I am writing this to you very late. Agathus will perhaps come to you on the ninth to bring you some things for the festival. So, lady, do not be anxious; we are well. Your son Serenus gives you many salutations, as do Lucius and Techosis and the children and Taamois and all of us. I salute our friends. I send many salutations to my brother Lucammon, whom I beg to write to us whether he received his tunic from Leucus, since Beryllus forgot to take it. I send many salutations to Alexander and Cyrillous. I pray for your health. (Addressed) To my mother Serapias from Apia.’

6. ηραχιανον: the letters might be divided Ἡρά χιανον, parallel to Ἡρακλάμωνι χιτῶνα, but χιανον would be an equally unknown word, and χιτῶνα καὶ ηραχιανον are more naturally taken in apposition to ὁθονεῖδια. That ἥρακλιανόν was intended does not seem likely. Possibly there may be some connexion with ῥάχη of P. Gen. 80. 7.

1680. LETTER TO APOLLO FROM HIS SON.

14 × 11.6 cm.

Late third or early
fourth century.

In this interesting letter, of which a line or two at the beginning and the conclusion are unfortunately missing, a son expresses his anxiety for the safety of his absent father, who he feared might meet with some disaster and not be found again. He makes the remarkable suggestion that his father should be provided with a mark of identity.

.
[. . .] . .
. [20 l. φίλ]τατε
πάτερ, καὶ ἐ[ὑ]χομ]αι τῷ θεῷ ὁλοκλη-
ρεῖν σε καὶ εὐδο[ῦ]σθαι καὶ ὑγιαίνον-
5 τί σε ἀπολαβεῖν ἐν τοῖς ἰδίοις. καὶ
γὰρ πρὸ τούτου σοι ἐδήλωσα λυπού-

μενος ἐπὶ τῇ ἐν ἡμῖν σου ἀπουσίᾳ,
 μήπως δὲ μὴ εἶσι σοι γένοιτο καὶ μὴ
 εὖρωμέν σου τὸ σῶμα. κα[ὶ] γὰρ
 10 πολλάκις σοι δηλῶσαι {σοι} βου[λόμαι] ὅτι
 βλέπων εἰς τὸ ἀσύστατον σῆ[μα] ἡ-
 θέλησα ἐνχαράξαι σοι. καὶ νῦν γὰρ ἀκού-
 ω ὅτι σφόδρα Ἑράκλειος ὁ νῦν ἐπίτρο-
 πος ζητεῖ σε, καὶ ὑπονοῶμαι ὅτι πάν-
 15 τως πάλιν τί ποτε ἔχει πρὸς σέ.
 [εἴ] τ[ί] ποτε αὐτῷ χρεωστεῖς, καὶ τοῦτό
 [γε βο]ύλομαί σοι γνῶναι ὅτι ἐκόμισα
 [πρ]ὸς Γάειν σίτου ἀρτάβας δύο καὶ

On the verso

τῷ κυρίῳ] καὶ ἀγαπητῷ πατρὶ Ἀπόλλωνι [

4. υγιαίνω|τι. 1. υγιαίνοντα. 5. ἰδιοις. 8. 1. εἴη. 12. σοι. α of ακουω rewritten.
 14. πᾶν, the ν being only partially formed owing to lack of space. 17. 1. σε. 18. 1.
 Γάιον.

. . . dearest father, and I pray to the god for your prosperity and success and that we may receive you home in good health. I have indeed told you before of my grief at your absence from among us, and my fear that something dreadful might happen to you and that we may not find your body. Indeed I often wish to tell you that having regard to the insecurity I wanted to stamp a mark on you. And now I hear that Heraclius the present overseer is vigorously searching for you, and I suspect that he must have some further claim against you. If you owe him anything, I wish you to know this, that I have taken to Gaius (?) two artabae of corn and . . . (Addressed) To my lord and beloved father Apollo . . .

1. Possibly this was the first line of the letter, but in any case it is clear from l. 2 sqq. that the loss is small.

3. τῷ θεῷ: cf. 1678. 6, n.

5. ἀπολαβεῖν: cf. 1217. 6, where the translation in spite of 1683. 7-8 (cf. n.) is probably incorrect, 1682. 7, Ryl. 244. 5, Leipzig 110. 8.

1681. LETTER OF AMMONIUS TO JULIUS AND HILARUS.

17.2 × 8.8 cm.

Third century.

The following letter is addressed to some persons who were living beyond the borders of Egypt, but they need not be supposed to have been farther away than Alexandria; cf. ll. 18-19, n. The writer, their 'brother', had been residing

in the country for some time and now sends word of his imminent departure hoping that his friends will not think him 'a barbarian or an inhuman Egyptian'.

The writing is across the fibres of the verso, the recto, apart from the address, being blank.

Ἀμμώνιος Ἰουλίῳ
καὶ Ἰλάρῳ το[ί]ς ἀδελ-
φοῖς πλεῖστα χαίρειν.
ἴσως με νομίζετε,
5 ἀδελφ[ο]ί, βάρβαρόν τι-
να ἢ Αἰγύπτιον ἀνάν-
θρωπον εἶναι. ἀλλὰ ἀ-
ξιώ μὴ οὕτως [ἐ]χειν,
πρῶτον μὲν ἀπὸ μέ-
10 ρους πείραν λαβόν-
τας τῆς ἡμετέρας
γνώμης, πολλὰ δέ
με ἤπειξε πρὸς τοὺς
ἐμοὺς γενέσθαι, πρῶ-
15 τον μὲν τὸ 'δί' ἐνιαυ-

τ[ο]ῦ αὐτοῦς θεάσασθαι, εἰ-
τα τὸ βούλεσθαι πρὸ
χειμῶνος καταλι-
ψαι τὴν Αἴγυπτον.
20 ἐλπίζω οὖν μετὰ
τρεῖς καὶ ἐγὼ πρὸς
ὑμᾶς ἐλθεῖν καὶ
τὰ περὶ ἐμοῦ ὑμῖν
ἐξηγήσασθαι. ἀσπά-
25 σ(ασ)θαι τὴν ἀδελφὴν
'Ιερων[ί]δα μετὰ Ἰου-
λίου το[ῦ] συ]μβίου καὶ
'Ισιδώ[ραν] ?] μετὰ τῶν
[. .] . . [—

On the verso

30 ἀπ(όδος) Ἰουλίῳ καὶ Ἰλάρῳ ἀδελφοῖς
π(αρά) Ἀμμωνίου.

1. ἰουλιῳ: so in l. 30. 2. ἰλαρω: so in l. 30. 3. χαίρει. 4. ἴσως. 24. l. ἀσπάσασθε. 26. ἰουλιου. 28. ἰσιδώ[ραν] . . . τῶ.

'Ammonius to Julius and Hilarus, very many greetings. You are, my brothers, perhaps thinking me a barbarian or an inhuman Egyptian; but I claim that it is not so, first because you have had a partial proof of my sentiments, moreover many reasons have urged me to go to my friends, in the first place my wish to see them after a year's interval, and secondly my desire to leave Egypt before winter. I hope then that after three days I too shall come to you, and tell you my news. Greet my sister Hieronis with Julius her husband and Isidora (?) with her . . . (Addressed) Deliver to my brothers Julius and Hilarus from Ammonius.'

6. ἀνάνθρωπος seems to be unattested, ἀπάνθρωπος being the usual form. For the latter term in connexion with Egyptians cf. 237. vii. 34 τῇ τοῦ νόμου (sc. τῶν Αἰγυπτίων) ἀπανθρωπία.

8. οὕτως [ἐ]χειν: οὕτω δ[ο]κεῖν is improbable.

18-19. Since Alexandria was distinguished from Egypt, the phrase καταλιψαι τὴν

1681. *LETTER OF AMMONIUS TO JULIUS AND HILARUS* 143

Αἴγυπτον is quite consistent with the supposition that Ammonius was intending to go to the capital from the χώρα. Presumably ἡμέρας is to be supplied with τρεῖς in l. 21, and the mention of this short interval suggests a not very protracted journey. Cf. 727. 11 τὸν ἐς Αἴγυπτον πλοῦν ποιήσασθ[α]ι, which, as Wilcken has noted (*Archiv* iv. 392), probably means a voyage from Alexandria, and e. g. 35 recto. 9 ἐν Ἀλεξ[ανδρείᾳ] τῇ πρὸς Αἰγύπτῳ.

29. The word at the beginning of the line was probably τέκνων, but the vestiges are too slight for identification. The conclusion of the letter was evidently not far off.

1682. *LETTER OF HERACLIDES TO ANTIOCHIA.*

16.7 x 11.7 cm.

Fourth century.

A letter from a man to his 'sister', who had lately departed, asking for news of her and recommending that her son should stick to his work. The writer was perhaps a Christian; cf. l. 6 and 1678. 6, n.

Κυρία μου ἀδελφῇ Ἀντιοχείῃ
 Ἑρακλείδης χαίρειν.
 ἀπέστειλα [[τινα]] Μέλανα διὰ γραμμάτων, ἐπειδὴ
 ὁ ἀὴρ ἐναντίος ἡμῖν ἦν ἀφ' οὗ ἐπλευσας,
 5 ἵνα ἡμεῖν περὶ τῆς ἀνόδου καὶ ὁλοκληρίας
 γνῶς, καὶ ἡ μὲν τοῦ θεοῦ πρόνοια παρέξει
 τὸ μετὰ ὁλοκληρίας σε τὰ οἰκεία ἀπο-
 λαβεῖν. ἀναγκαίως δὲ καὶ ἡμεῖν ἐ-
 πίστελλον ὅτι εἰ ἡς ἐπιδημήσασα,
 10 ἵνα εὐθυμέτεροι γινώμεθα τὰ περὶ
 σοῦ ἀκούσαντες. τὸ τέκνον σου τοῖς
 ἔργοις ἑαυτοῦ προσεχέτω· τὰ μὲν εἰ-
 κότα αὐτῷ ἐπέσταλκα κήδεσθαι
 τῶν ἔργων ἀφορῶντι τῇ τοῦ
 15 ἐνιαυτοῦ διαφορᾷ. ἐρρώσθαί σε
 εὐχομαι, κυρία μου
 ἀδελφή, πολλοῖς
 χρόνοις.

On the verso

κ[υρ]ία μου ἀδελφῇ Ἀντιοχείῃ.

5. ἵνα: so in l. 10. 8. αναγκαιως. 10. 1. εὐθυμότεροι.

'To the lady my sister Antiochia from Heraclides, greeting. I am sending Melas with a letter, because the wind was contrary to us since you sailed, in order that you might

let us know of your journey and security, and may the divine providence grant that you may be restored in security to your home: and do you by all means send word to us whether you have arrived, in order that we may be more reassured after hearing about you. Let your son give heed to his work; I have sent to tell him to take proper care of the work, having regard to the difference of the year. I pray for your lasting health, my lady sister. (Addressed) To the lady my sister Antiochia.'

3. If *Μέλαινα* is right, the sentence is illogical, but the loose construction is assisted by the commonness of the phrase *διὰ γραμμάτων* (cf. e. g. 963, 1160. 7, 1217. 2), and it is hardly necessary to supply a word like *γράφων* or *πενσόμενος*. The doubtful λ may be γ or τ, and the preceding letter may be α.

6. *γνῶς*: the doubtful *ς* is very small, and *γνῶ* simply might be read, but this would have to be emended to *γνωσθῇ*, or to *γνώμεν* with *ἡμεῖς* for *ἡμεῖν* in the previous line. The sense 'make known' is unusual, but not unparalleled.

7. Either *σε* or *τὰ οἰκεία* might here be taken as the subject of *ἀπολαβεῖν*, but analogy favours the latter alternative; cf. 1680. 5, n.

9. For the redundant *ἔτι* cf. e. g. 1668. 6, 1671. 22. To read *εἴης* would not suit the required sense, even if the optative were passed. *ῆς* for *ῆσθα* is common in the *Κοινή*.

10. *εὐθυμέτεροι*: the false form was perhaps assisted by association with *ὑμέτερος*, but interchange of *ε* and *ο* is not infrequent; cf. 1670. 13, n.

11 sqq. Cf. e. g. 1493. 11-13, 1581. 5-7.

1683. LETTER OF PROBUS TO MANATINE.

28.5 × 12 cm.

Late fourth century.

In this very illiterate letter Probus requests his 'sister' to collect some money which was due to him and pay it over to his wife. He proceeds to recall a recent occasion when the sister had refused to let him have some of his money, but the bearing of this is somewhat obscure. The last few lines are rubbed and illegible, and the writer's eccentricities in grammar and orthography make restoration difficult. ω for ο is so common that we generally neglect it in the critical notes below.

Τῇ κυρίᾳ μου ἀδ[ελ]φῇ
Μανατίνῃ Πρώβ[ο]ς ἀδελ-
φῶ χαίριν.
πρῶ [μ]έν πάντων εὐχῶμαι
5 τῇ κυρίῳ θεῶ περὶ τῇ[ς] σῆς
ὠλοκληρίας ὅπως ὑ[ι]έ[ν]οντα σοὶ
καὶ εὐθυμοῦντι ἀπωλάβῃς
τὰ παρ' ἐμοῦ γράμματα. [γ]ιγνώσκιν
σε θέλω, κυρία μου ἀδ[ελ]φή, ἀπελθε
10 πρὸς Πετρῶνιν τῶν ἐγγυησά-

τῇ γυναικί[ν] μου. μὴ λυπήσις οὖν
ἐμέναν· δὸς οὖν αὐτά, ἐπιδὲ χρίαν
αὐτὰ ὁ υἱός μου (ἔχει). σημίον δὲ
χάριν,
ὥπου ἡπάντηκά σου ἰ[ς] τὸ Κησάρι-
20 ον καὶ εἰρηκά σου ὥτι δὸς ἐμοὶ κέρ-
μα ἀπὸ τῶν ἔχεις με ἵνα ἀγωράσω
ἐματῶ ἕναν λεβιτῶν . . ., καὶ εἰπὲς
με ὥτι α . [.] ἄρῶν τὰ ἀπ' ἐσοῦ καὶ
ἄρτι δέ σε δ[ιδ]ῶ, καὶ ἀγ ἐματῆς ἀπε-

μενών μου· δέξε α[π' α]ύτου ἐκ τοῦ 25 δῆμησα ἐπὶ δὲ καὶ δημωσίων [ἐ-
μισθοῦ μου ἕναν ὕμισυ, (τάλαντον ?) ἂν δὲ υἱένω . . . ε . . . ε . . . ιδια
αΛ, ἡμῶν. κύριέ μ[ο]ν ἀδελφέ, βο-
οἶδες γ[ὰ]ρ καὶ σὺ ὅτι [ο]ὕδεν ἔχωμεν ἡθησων, δὸς τὰ . . . ε . . .
μάρτυρων ἐ[ῖ] μὴ ὁ θε[ὸ]ς καὶ σὺ καὶ ἡ κ[.]αυτα . . . ε . . . [.
15 γυνή μου. ἀπώδως οὖν αὐτὰ 30 [ἐρρ]ῶσθ[α]ί σ[ε] εὐχομαι.

On the verso

ἀπώ(δος) [τῇ κυρία μου ἀδελφῇ Μανατίνῃ παρὰ Πρό-
β[ο]ν ἀδελφ[ο]υ.

2. l. ἀδελφός. 6. l. ὑ[γ]αί[ρ]οντα σύ. 7. l. εὐθυμοῦσα. 8. [γ]γ'νωσκιν. 10. l.
τὸν ἐγγησάμενον. 11. l. με. δέξαι. 12. ὕμισυ : l. ἡμισυ. 14. l. μάρτυρον (for -υρα) ?
. . . τὸν θε[ὸ]ν κτλ. 16. l. λυπῆσης. 17. δ of dos corr. l. ἐπειδὴ. 18. l. αὐτῶν. υ of
ὑιος rewritten. 19. l. σοι (so in l. 20). 15]. l. Καισάρειον. 21. l. μου. ἵνα (a corr. ?).
22. l. λέβητα, or ἐν λεβήτιον ? 23. l. μοι. 24. l. σοι. 26. ὕενω : l. ὑγαίνω.
27. l. βοήθησον.

'To the lady my sister Manatine from Probus her brother, greeting. First of all I pray to the lord god for your security that you may in health and happiness receive my letter. I wish you to know, my lady sister, that you should go to Petronius my surety; get from him out of my pay one talent (?) and a half, $1\frac{1}{2}$ tal. For you too know that we have no witnesses at all besides god and you and my wife. Give them then to my wife. Don't vex me; give them to her, since my son needs them. And in proof, when I met you at the Caesareum and said to you "Give me some money out of what you have of mine in order that I may buy myself a kettle", you said "... use your own, and presently I will give it you" . . . I pray for your health. (Addressed) Deliver to the lady my sister Manatine from her brother Probus.'

6. ὑ[γ]αί[ρ]οντα : cf. l. 26. The initial vestige is perhaps consistent with υ, if the letter be supposed to have been placed very low in the line, which sometimes happens with this writer, e. g. in l. 10 the cross-bar of τ of των is below the base of the preceding ν. For the phraseology cf. P. Leipz. 111. 4-5 ἵνα ὑγιένοντά σε καὶ εὐθυμοῦντα ἀπολάβῃ τὰ παρ' ἐμοῦ γράμματα, on the analogy of which one might feel tempted to read ἀπολάβῃ{s} here. ἀπολάβῃς is, however, confirmed by P. Gen. 53. 7-8 ὅπως ὑγιένοντός σου καὶ εὐθ[υ]μούντος προσδέξῃ τὰ ἐμὰ γράμματα, and ἀπολάβῃ{s} is accordingly to be restored in P. Leipz. 111, the preceding accusatives being perhaps due to confusion with the common formula exemplified in 1680. 4-5.

12. (τάλαντον ?) : the symbol consists of two oblique strokes joining at an acute angle, being practically identical with that used for ἡμισυ immediately afterwards. This writer's grammar is so erratic that (τάλαντον) is hardly excluded by ἕναν, and it is not easy to see what else can be meant, though the symbol is unusual. Possibly the two strokes were unintentionally joined and correspond to those following αΛ, the unit then remaining unexpressed; that they represent γίνεται seems unlikely.

17. ἐμέναν : this form of ἐμέ became common in later Greek.

19. For the Καισάρειον at Oxyrhynchus cf. 43 verso. i. 22.

21. τῶν : cf. e. g. 1678. 15, 1765. 10, P. Gen. 56. 19 ἕως τοῦ ἀποδῶ, Leipz. 110. 9 παρὰ τοῖς ἐπιξενούμε θεοῖς.

24. αη possibly = αεί, but the passage remains obscure.

1684. LETTER OF HORION TO TIMOTHEUS.

26.1 x 7.4 cm.

Late fourth century.

A letter announcing the receipt and dispatch of various articles, chiefly of dress, and offering to send anything else that might be wanted.

Κυρίῳ μου νιῶ Τιμοθέῳ Ὀρίων. ἀπεδεξάμην τὰ δύο στιχάρια εἰσοφόρια 5 καὶ βαρβαρίκια δύο κα(ὶ) φακίριον καὶ οὐη- ράρια δύο. ἀπέστει(ι)λά σοι στιχάριον ἰσοφό- ριον ἐν καὶ βαρβαρίκι- 10 ον ἐν καὶ φακίριον καὶ οὐράριον ἐν καὶ ὕμισον με- κάλου δελφακίου. ἐγραψές μοι περὶ	15 ἄμματος Δωροθέῳ. εἶπερ ἀληθές ἐστιν καὶ καλῆς τιμῆς, δήλωσόν μοι, καὶ περὶ τοῦ σίτου 20 καὶ τῶν κριθῶν. ἀπαντᾷ πρὸς σὲ Φίβις ἐν τῇ αὐ- ριον· εἴ τι θέλεις, μετάδωκε αὐτῷ 25 καὶ ἀποστέλλω σοι. ἐρρωσθαί σε εὖχ(ομαι).
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On the verso remains of an address and a postscript mentioning *τυρία δέκα*.

6. l. οὐηάρια: so in l. 11. 8. ἰσοφοριον. 12. ὕμισον: l. ἥμισυ μεγάλου. 15. l. ἄμιος? 16. ἐστίν, the ν being incompletely formed. 24. l. μετάδος.

'To my lord my son Timotheus from Horion. I received the two equivalent tunics, two foreign cloaks (?), a veil, and two coverings. I have sent you one equivalent tunic, one foreign cloak, a veil, one covering, and half a large pig. You wrote to me about cummin (?) for Dorotheus. If it is genuine and of a good price, let me know, and also about the corn and barley. Phibis is going to you to-morrow. If you want anything, let him know and I will send it to you. I pray for your health.'

4. εἰσοφόρια: cf. l. 8. The significance of the epithet is not very clear. Does it mean 'reversible'?

5. βαρβαρίκια: this word, evidently denoting some foreign article of dress, presumably a variety of the βαρβαρικὸν παλλίον cited from a gloss by Stephanus, appears to be novel.

6. οὐηάρια: cf. e. g. P. Grenf. ii. 111. 16 οὐηάρ(ιον) κρεμ(αστόν).

15. ἄμματος: the second μ has a dot above it and was perhaps intended to be cancelled. Since the writer goes on to speak of σίτος and κριθή (ll. 19-20), it seems not unlikely that ἄμιος or ἄμεως should be read; cf. e. g. P. Tebt. 55. 5. This would accord with the neuter ἀληθές.

L 2

[δεκάπεν?]τε ¹⁵[καὶ ἀργυρίου]ν δραχμῶ[ν]κο[ν]τα ὅκ[τ]ω ἀκίνδυν[α] ¹⁶[πάντα παντ]ὸς κιν[δύνου, τῶν τ]ῆς γῆς [δημοσίων —. Verso ¹⁷μί[σ]θωσις) (ἀρουρῶν) ι ἐκ τ(οῦ) Καλλίου and traces of another line.

1687. 14.3 × 8.5 cm. A.D. 184. Beginning of a similar lease of private land (5½ arourae in all) near two villages in the Ἄνω τοπαρχία for 1 year, 1 aroura to be sown with barley, the remainder, of which the rent was fixed at 180 drachmae, with (probably) χόρτος or ἄρακος (l. 24; cf. 1686. 10). ¹Ἐμίσθωσεν Δημητροῦς ἡ καὶ Θαῆσις ²Τερεντίου ἀπ' Ὀξυρύγχων πόλεως ³μετὰ κυρίου τοῦ ἀνεψιοῦ Ὠρίωνος ⁴Ἀμόιτος τοῦ Τερεντίου ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς ⁵πόλεως Σαραπίωνι χρηματίζοντι ⁶μητρὸς Ταχόιτος ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πό- ⁷λεως πρὸς μόνον τὸ ἐνεστὸς κε (ἔτος) ⁸τὰς ὑπαρχούσας αὐτῇ περὶ Νέσλα ⁹ἐν μὲν τόπῳ λεγομένῳ Σαμβούτος ¹⁰ἄρουραν μίαν, ἐν δὲ τόπῳ λεγομένῳ ¹¹νψ Ἐλεὶ λιβὸς δὲ βασιλικῆς καλου- ¹²μένης Τροφῆς Αἰγῶν ἄρουραν μί- ¹³αν ἡμισυ, καὶ περὶ τὸ Ἰσίον Παγγᾶ ἐκ ¹⁴τοῦ Νικάνορος καὶ Δριμάκου κλήρου (cf. 250. 8) ¹⁵ἀρούρας τρεῖς, ἐπὶ δὲ πασῶν μηδεμι- ¹⁶[ἀς γ]εωμετρίας γεινομένης, ὥστε ¹⁷τὴν μὲν ἐν τόπῳ Σαμβούτος ἄρου- ¹⁸ραν μίαν σπεῖραι ἢ ξυλαμῆσαι κριθῇ ¹⁹[ἐκφορ]ί[ο]ν ἀποτάκτου κριθῆς ἄρα- ²⁰[βῶν] τὴν δὲ ἐν τόπῳ Ἐλεὶ ἄρου- ²¹[ραν μίαν ἡμ]ισυ καὶ τὰς περὶ τὸ Ἰσίον ²²[Παγγᾶ ἀρούρας] τρεῖς, ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτὸ ἀ- ²³[ρούρας τέσσα]ρες ἡμισυ, ξυλαμῆσαι ²⁴[χόρτῳ? φ]όρου ἀποτάκτου ἀργυρίου ²⁵[δραχμῶν ἐκ]ατὸν ὀγδοήκοντα ²⁶[ἀκίνδυνα πάντα παντὸς] κινδύν[ο]ν | —.

1688. 8.3 × 6.7 cm. Third century. Beginning of a lease of 5½ arourae of private land for 4 years, being an extension of an existing lease. The lessees belonged to Phobou, a village in the Eastern toparchy (1659. 53), and the village Ποσομβοῦς Ἀριστομάχου (l. 10) is probably identical with Ποσομποῖς, a village in that toparchy known from 1285. 85. ¹Ἐμίσθωσεν Αὐρήλιος Θέων ²ὁ καὶ Ἐπίμαχος Διογένους ³ἀπ' Ὀξυρύγχων (-γ'χ-) πόλεως Αὐ- ⁴ρηλίοις Θῶνι καὶ Ἐπιμάχῳ ⁵καὶ Πλούτῳ τοῖς τρισὶ Ἀνε- ⁶σοῦριος μητρὸς Ἀμμωνοῦ- ⁷τος ἀπὸ κώμης Φοβῶν εἰς ⁸ἔτη τέσσαρα{s} ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐνεστῶ- ⁹τος γ (ἔτους) τὰς ὑπαρχούσας αὐτῷ ¹⁰περὶ Ποσομβοῦς Ἀριστομά- ¹¹χου προ]γεωργουμένης ¹²[ὑπὸ τῶν ἀ]ὐτῶν μεμισθω- ¹³[μένων ἀρούρας] πέντε δέ- ¹⁴[μοιρον φόρου?] κατ' ἔτος ¹⁵[15 l.]λοῖς ¹⁶[16 l.]τε | —.

1689. 35 × 7.1 cm. A.D. 266. Lease of 5 arourae of land at Mermertha (cf. 1659. 30) for 2 years at the rent of 10 artabae of wheat and 10 of lentils. ¹Ἐμίσθωσαν Αὐρήλιοι [Σε]ρήνος ²ὁ καὶ Σαραπίων (cf. 1631. 1, n.) [καὶ Ἀπί?]ων ³ἀμφ[ό]τ[ε]ροι Ἀγαθεί[νου] ἀπ' Ὀξ[υ]ρ[ύ]γ[χ]ων πόλεως Αὐρηλ[ί]οις Ἀντω- ⁵νίῳ Π[λ]άτωνος μητρὸς Τα- ⁶π[.]άλλιος καὶ Πανεχώτῃ Πανε- ⁷χώτου μητρὸς Ταύριος Ἱερέω[s?] ⁸ἀμφοτέρου{s} ἀπὸ [κώμ]ης Μερ- ⁹μ[έ]ρθων ἐπὶ χροῖ[ον] ἔτ]η δύο ¹⁰ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος id (ἔτους)] τὰς ὑπαρ- ¹¹χούσας αὐτοῖς περ[ὶ] Μερ[μ]έρθα ¹²ἐν δυσὶ κλήροις ἀρ[ούρας] πέντε, ¹³ὥ[σ]τε τοὺς μεμισ[θω]μένους ¹⁴σπεῖραι καὶ ξυλαμῆσ[αι] οἷς ἐὰν

¹⁵ αἰρῶνται χωρὶς εἰσάτ[ε]ως καὶ ἐ- ¹⁶ χομενίου (l. ὄχομ.), ἐκφορίου [κα]τ' ἔτος ¹⁷ ἀπο-
τάκτου πυροῦ [ἀρτά]βας (l. -βῶν) δέκα ¹⁸ καὶ φακῆς ἀρταβ[ῶν] δέκα ¹⁹ ἀκινδύνων παν[τὸς]
κινδύ- ²⁰ νου, τῶν τῆ[ς] γῆς κα[τ'] ἔτος δη- ²¹ μουσίῳ ὄντων [πρὸς] τοὺς ²² γεούχου[ς]
κυριεύου[σ] τῶν ²³ καρπῶν ἕως τὰ ὀφε[ιλόμ]ενα ²⁴ ἀπολάβωσι. ἐὰν δέ τις, [ὁ] μὴ εἴη,
²⁵ ἄβροχος γένηται, π[αρ]αδεχθήσε- ²⁶ ται τοῖς μεμισθωμ[έ]νοις. βεβαι- ²⁷ ουμένης δὲ
τῆς μισθώσεως ²⁸ ἀποδότωσαν οἱ μεμ[ισ]θωμέ- ²⁹ νοι τὸν πυρὸν καὶ τὴν φακὴν ³⁰ νέα
καθαρὰ ἄδολα ἄβ[ω]λ[α] ³¹ κεκοσκιευμένα, τὸν μὲν ³² πυρὸν ὡς εἰς δημό[σι]ον με- ³³ τρού-
μενον, τὴν δὲ φακὴν χω- ³⁴ ρὶς βοτανῶν ἐφ' [ἄ]λῳ τῆς ³⁵ Μερμέρθων κοινο[υ]με[τρ]οῦν-
³⁶ τος (l. -τες) δικαίᾳ μετρήσει, τῆς πράξε- ³⁷ ως οὔσης παρὰ τε τῶν [με]μισθω-
³⁸ μένων ἀλληλενγ[ύ]ων ὅντων ³⁹ καθότι πρόκειται, π[ερὶ] ἧς ἐ- ⁴⁰ περωτήσαντες ἀ[λλ]ή-
λους ⁴¹ ἑαυτοῖς ὁμολόγησ[α]ν. ⁴² (ἔτους) ἰδ' Αὐτοκράτο[ρος] Καίσαρος ⁴³ Πουπλίου Λικιν-
νίου Γαλ[λ]ιανοῦ ⁴⁴ Γερμανικοῦ Μεγίστ[ου] Περσικ[οῦ] ⁴⁵ Μεγίστου Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐ[τ]ρχοῦς
⁴⁶ Σεβαστοῦ Ὡθ κζ. ⁴⁷ (2nd h.) Αὐρήλιοι Ἀντώνι[ος] καὶ Πα- ⁴⁸ νεχάτης μεμισθώ-
μεθα ⁴⁹ τὴν γῆν καὶ ἀποδ[ώ]σο- ⁵⁰ μεν τὰ ἐκφόρια ἐ[ξ] ἀλλ[η]λ[ε]γ[γ]- ⁵¹ γύης (-λ[ε]γ[γ]-) ὡς
πρόκ(ε)ται, καὶ ἐπερ[ω]τήθ[εν]- ⁵² τες ὁμολογήσαμεν. Αὐρήλι[ο]ς ⁵³ Χαιρή[μ]ων ἔγρα(ψα)
ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν (-τῶ) ⁵⁴ μὴ εἰ[δ]ό[τω]ν γράμματα. Verso ⁵⁵ μίσθωσι[ς] Μερμέρθων]
ἀρουρῶν [πέν]τε.

1690. 18.8 × 15.2 cm. A. D. 287. Found with 1365, 1386, and 1392; cf. 1365. int. Lower part of a lease of 5 arourae to a strategus from a woman (called τὴν γεούχον in l. 11) at the rent of 3,000 drachmae per aroura, concluding (ἔτους) δ' ¹⁷ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Γαίου (γαῖου) Αὐρηλίου Οὐαλερίου [Δ]ιοκλη-
τιανοῦ ¹⁸ καὶ (ἔτ.) γ' Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Οὐαλερίου Μαξιμια-
νοῦ ¹⁹ Εὐσεβῶν Εὐτυχῶν Σεβαστῶν Ὡθ κα. (2nd hand) ²⁰ Αὐρηλία Πτολεμαῖς καὶ
ὡς χρηματ[ίζ]ω ἔσχον τούτου ²¹ τὸ ἴσον. Verso ²²]. [. μίσ]θωσις ἑδαφῶν Ἀπολλωνίου
στρατηγοῦ. This strategus is to be placed between Aur. Philarchus (1456. 1, n.) and Aur. Heraclides (1252 recto. 2, 20).

1691. 10.1 × 9.1 cm. A. D. 291. The first part of a lease of 3 arourae at Seno-
komis (cf. 1659. 37) by a woman to two men for 1 year, the land to be sown
with flax (cf. 102-3, P. S. I. 469) at a rent of 2,500 drachmae per aroura.
One of the lessees belonged to the ἱερὰ σύνδοδος, which is apparently identical
with ἡ ἱερὰ μουσικὴ περιπολιστικὴ Αὐρηλιανὴ οἰκουμενικὴ μεγάλη σύνδοδος τῶν περὶ
τὸν Διόνυσον τεχνιτῶν, ἱερονικῶν, στεφανιτῶν, καὶ τῶν τούτων συναγωνιστῶν in
B. G. U. 1074, from Oxyrhynchus; cf. 908. 8 τῶν ἀπὸ τοῦ Διονυσίου καὶ τῆς
ἱερᾶς συνόδου ἱερονικῶν ἀτελῶν, P. S. I. 450 verso. i. 56, and 1703. int. ¹ Εμί-
σθωσεν Αἰλία Ἡρωδία (l. -ία) καὶ ὡς χρημα(τίζει) ² Αὐρηλίοις Διογένηι Διογέ-
νους ἀπὸ τῆς ἱερᾶς (ἱερ.) ³ συνόδου καὶ Φιλονίκῳ Θέωνος (Θέωνος added later),
⁴ ἀμφοτέροισι ἀπὸ τῆς λα(μπρᾶς) καὶ λα(μπροτάτης) Ὀξυρυγγειτῶν ⁵ πόλεως, πρὸς
μόνον τὸ ἐνεστος ἡ (ἔτος) καὶ ζ' (ἔτος) ⁶ ἀπὸ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων (l. -χουσῶν) αὐτῇ περὶ
κώμην (-μῇ) ⁷ Σενοκώμειν (ειν corr.) ἀρουρῶν ἐξ ἐκ γεωμετρείας ⁸ ἀρούρας τρεῖς

κοινωνικῶν πρὸς πρὸς τὴν ὁ- ⁹ μογνησίαν αὐτῆς ἀδελφὴν, ὥστε ξυλα- ¹⁰ μῆσαι λινοκαλάμη, ἐκφορίων καὶ φόρων ¹¹ κατ' ἄρουραν δραχμ(ῶ)ν δισχειλίων πεν- ¹² τακοσίων, / (δρ.) Βφ, ἀκινδύνων παντὸς ¹³ κινδύνου, τῶν τῆς γῆς δημοσίων ὄν- ¹⁴ των πρὸς τὴν γεοῦχον κυριεύουσιν τῶν (τῶ) ¹⁵ [καρπῶν ἕως ἂν τὰ] ὀφειλόμενα ἀπολάβῃ. ¹⁶ [βεβαιουμένης δ]ὲ τῆς μισθώσεως ¹⁷ [ἀποδότωσαν οἱ μεμισθωμένοι τὰ ὀφειλόμε- ¹⁸ να ἐν μηνὶ —.

1692. 19 × 12.6 cm. A.D. 188. The first part of a lease of ἀμπελουργικὰ ἔργα in a vineyard and adjoining reed-plantation at Talao (cf. 1659. 105), similar to 1631, but about a century earlier. The technical terms are discussed in the commentary on that papyrus. ¹ Ἐμίσθωσεν Ἀπίων Ὀρείωνος γυμνα- (σιαρχήσας) ² τῆς Ὀξυρύνχ(ων) πόλεως Ἀμόιτι Ἀμόιτος μητρὸς ³ Σαμβοῦτος καταγι(νομένη) ἐν Ταλαῶ ἐπὶ ἐνιαυτὸν ⁴ ἕνα ἀπὸ νεομηνίας Ἀθὺρ τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ⁵ καθ' (ἔτους) τὰ ἀμπελουργικὰ χερικὰ ἔργα πάντα χω- ⁶ ρὶς ξυλοτομίας ἀπὸ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων ⁷ αὐτῷ περὶ Ταλαῶ ἐκ τοῦ Πτολεμαίου τοῦ Τρύ- ⁸ φωνος κλήρου ἀμπελικοῦ κτήματος ⁹ καὶ καλαμείας ὅσων ἐστὶν ἀρουρῶν παλαι- ¹⁰ ᾶς ὥς καὶ νέας, ἅπερ ἐστὶν ἔργα τιλμὸς καλάμου, ¹¹ μεταφορὰ τούτου εἰς τὸν συνήθη τόπον, σάρω- ¹² σις φύλλων, συντομὴ καὶ μεταφορὰ τούτων ¹³ ἐκτὸς πλαστής εἰς ἐπιτηδείους τόπους, [σ]κα- ¹⁴ φητός, παραγραφὴ, ἀπωρυγισμὸς τῶν δεομέ- ¹⁵ νων τόπων, συντομὴ τοῦ εἰς καλαμουργίαν ¹⁶ καινοῦ καλάμου, καλαμουργία, τοῦ γεοῦχου παρε- ¹⁷ χομένου κάλαμον καὶ φλοῦ[ν] τὸν αὐτάρκη, ¹⁸ ἐπάρδευσις καὶ βοτανισμὸς διηνεκῆς, σκα- ¹⁹ λισμός, βλαστολογία, διάστασις φύλλων [καὶ ²⁰ ἀνάληψις βλαστῶν, φυλλολογία, καὶ π[αρέσται] ²¹ τῇ τρύγῃ, καὶ φυράσι τὸν Πηλουσι[ακὸν οἶνον], ²² καὶ ἔτι φυλάξι ἐν ἀγρῷ τὸ σύννη[θες] ²³ [πρ]ὸς κώμην, καὶ μετερε[γκεῖ] ²⁴ [. . . γέ?]νῃμα μέχρι . [14 l. ²⁵ [. ἐν]εχθέντ[—. Verso ²⁶ μίσθωσις ἀμπελουργικ(ῶν) ἔργων καθ' (ἔτους) Ἀπίωνος (or λι) —.

1693. 6.8 × 9.2 cm. Late third century. Beginning of a lease of a courtyard at Oxyrhynchus for 4 years, similar to 911-12, 1036, 1694. ¹ Ἐμίσθωσεν Αὐρήλιος Ἀπίων Ἀπολλω- ² νίου τοῦ καὶ Ἡρακλᾶ γενομένου γυμνα- ³ σιάρχου βουλευτοῦ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμ- ⁴ προτάτης Ὀξυρυγχεῖτων πόλεως Αὐρηλίου ⁵ Ἀπολλοθέωνι Διογένους ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς ⁶ πόλεως ἐπὶ χρόνον ἔτη δ' ἀπὸ α Φα- ⁷ μενῶθ τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος δ' (ἔτους) ἥν' ἔχει[ν] ἐν ⁸ τῇ αὐτῇ πόλει ἐπ' ἀμφόδου Παμμένους ⁹ Πα[ρ]αδίσου αὐ[λῆ]ν ἐν ¹⁰ . The reign is not earlier than that of Valerian and Gallienus or later than that of Probus. On the verso is 1570, an order for payment.

1694. 24.4 × 7.3 cm. A.D. 280. A similar lease of a house and appurtenances at Oxyrhynchus for six years at a rent of 1,000 drachmae per annum. ¹ Ἐμίσθωσεν Αὐρήλιος ² Ἡρακλᾶς Ζωίλου (ζωῖλ.) μητρὸς ³ Θερμουθίου ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς ⁴ καὶ λαμπροτάτης Ὀξυρυγχεῖτων (-τῶ) ⁵ πόλεως Αὐρηλία Χαιρήμονι ⁶ Ἡρακλάμμωνος τοῦ καὶ Ἀγαθοῦ ⁷ Δαίμονος ἀρχιερατεύσαντος τῆς ⁸ Μεικρᾶς Ὀάσεως

ἐπὶ χρόνον ἔτη ⁹ ἕξ ἀπὸ τοῦ ὄντος μηνὸς Φαμε- ¹⁰ νῶθ τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ε (ἔτους) τὴν ¹¹ ὑπάρχουσαν αὐτῷ ἐπ' ἀμφοδίου ¹² Ἰππέων (ἱππ.) Παρεμβολῆς (π corr.) οἰκίαν ¹³ καὶ αἶθριον καὶ αὐλὴν ἐν ἧ ¹⁴ φρ[έα]ρ καὶ τὰ ταύτης χρηστήρια ¹⁵ πάντα ἐνοικίου κατ' ἔτος ἀργυ- ¹⁶ ρίου δραχμῶν χειλίων. ¹⁷ βεβαιουμένης δὲ τῆς μισθώ- ¹⁸ σεως χράσθω ὁ μεμισθωμέ- ¹⁹ νος τοῖς μισθουμένοις πᾶσι ²⁰ ἐπὶ τὸν χρόνον ἀκωλύτως, ²¹ καὶ ἀποδοτῶ τὸ κατ' ἔτος ἐνοί- ²² κιον ἐν δόσεσι δυσὶ δι' ἑξαμή- ²³ νου τὸ ἡμισυ, καὶ ἐπὶ τέλει τοῦ ²⁴ χρόνου παραδότη τὴν οἰ- ²⁵ κίαν καθαρὰν ἀπὸ κοπρίων (-ιῶ) ²⁶ καὶ δέισης πάσης καὶ ἂς ἐὰν ²⁷ παραλάβῃ θύρας καὶ κλεῖδας ²⁸ ἢ ἀποτεισάτω οὐ ἐὰν μὴ (μ corr.) παρα- ²⁹ δῶ τὴν ἀξίαν τιμὴν, τῆς ³⁰ πράξε(ως) οὐσης παρὰ τε τοῦ μ[ε- ³¹ μισθωμένου ὡς καθήκει. ³² κυρία ἢ μίσθωσις, περὶ ἧς ἐπε- ³³ ρωτηθεῖς ὁ μεμισθωμένος ³⁴ [ὦ]μο- λόγησεν. ἔτ[ο]ς ε ³⁵ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου ³⁶ Αὐρηλίου Πρόβου Γοθητικοῦ Μεγίστου ³⁷ Περσικοῦ Μεγίστου Γερμανικοῦ [Μεγίστου ³⁸ Ε[ὑ]σε[β]οῦς Εὐτυχοῦς Σ[ε]βαστοῦ ³⁹ Φαμενῶθ ια. (2nd h.) Αὐρήλιος ⁴⁰ Ἐπίμαχος] ἀρχι(ε)ρατεύσαντος ⁴¹ μεμίσθωμαι τὰ προκείμενα ⁴² καὶ ἀποδώσω τὸ ἐνοίκιον ⁴³ ὡς πρόκειται καὶ ἐπερω- ⁴⁴ τηθ[ις] ὡμολόγησα. The name and sex of the lessee are given differently in ll. 5-6 and 39-40; Αὐρηλίῳ in l. 5 seems to be a mistake for Αὐρηλίῳ. Possibly a few more lines followed l. 44. On the titles of Probus see 1631. 34, n.

- 1695.** 25.7 × 10.4 cm. A.D. 360. Lease of part of a house at Oxyrhynchus for 1 year at the rent of 6,000 talents; cf. P.S.I. 175, 467, 1037, 1129. The lessors, 3 brothers, had recently acquired the property as the result of a division by lot with their mother. A reference to the regnal years of Constantius and Julian, which became the two customary eras of Oxyrhynchus, occurs in l. 13; cf. 1056, which is two months earlier, and 1632. 9, n. ¹ Ὑπατίας (ὑπ.) τῶν δεσποτῶν ἡμῶν ² Κωνσταντίου Αὐγούστου τὸ ε' καὶ Ἰουλιανοῦ (ἰουλ.) ³ τοῦ ἐπιφανεστάτου Καίσαρος τὸ γ' ⁴ Χοῖακ κυ. ⁵ Αὐρηλίου Σύρφω καὶ Τεχώσι καὶ ⁶ Ἀσύρη τοῖς τρισὶ ἐκ πατρὸς Διονυσίου ⁷ ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμπροτάτης ⁸ Ὁξυρυχ(ιῶν) πόλεως ⁹ παρὰ Αὐρηλίου Κοπρέως Σύρου ¹⁰ μη(τρὸς) Σαραπιάδος ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως. ¹¹ ἐκουσίως ἐπιδέχομαι μισθώσα- ¹² σθαι ἐφ' ἐνιαυτὸν ἕνα ἀπὸ α ¹³ τοῦ ἑξῆς μηνὸς Τῦβι τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ¹⁴ ἔτους λζ (ἔτ.) καὶ ζ (ἔτ.) ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ πόλει ¹⁵ ἐπ' ἀμφοδίου Ἀπολλωνίου (previously unknown) τοὺς ¹⁶ κλήρω- θέντας ὑφ' (ὑφ') ἡμῶν τόπους ¹⁷ τῆς οἰκίας εἰς τὸ κ λιβυ ¹⁸ .[.] .[.] .[.] τόπους ἀκολουθῶς τῇ ¹⁹ γενομένη ἐγγράφῳ (εγ'γ.) διαιρέσει ²⁰ ἐφ' οἷς περιέχει δικ[α]ρί[ο]ις δι[α] τὸ μεταξὺ ²¹ ἡμῶν καὶ τῆς μητρὸς . ι .[.] .[.] .[.] ., ²² καὶ τελέσω ἡμῖν ἐν[ο]ικίου ²³ τῶν αὐτῶν τόπων ἡμῶν καὶ ἐτέρου μέρους αὐ- ²⁴ τῆς ἐκτὸς τοῦ οἴκου τοῦ ἐνιαυσίου χρόνου ἀργ[υ]ρίου Σεβαστῶν (-τω) ²⁵ νομίματος τάλαντα ἑξακισχίλια, γ(ίν.) (τάλ.) 'ς. ²⁶ βε[β]αιουμένης δὲ ἐμοὶ τῆς ἐπιδοχῆς ²⁷ ἐπάναγκες ἀποδώσω τὸ ἐν[ο]ικιον δι' ἑξα- ²⁸ μηνου τὸ ἡμισυ, καὶ χρῆσθαι τοῖς τό- ²⁹ ποις ἐπὶ τὸν χρόνον ἀκωλύτως, μεθ' ὃν ³⁰ παραδώσω ὡς παρείληφα, γινομένης ³¹ σοι τῆς πράξε(ως) παρὰ [ἐμο]ῦ ὡς καθή- κ(ει). ³² κυρία ἢ ἐπιδοχῇ β (=δισσὴ) γρα(φείσα), καὶ ἐ[πε]ρω(τηθεῖς) ὡ[μ]ολόγησα.

(2) Sales and Cessions.

1696. 26.7 × 11.5 cm. A. D. 197. Sale of the courtyard of a house at Oxyrhynchus for 200 drachmae, similar to 505. ¹[Σαραπάμμων 25 letters]ωνος και ὁ τούτου υἱὸς Δαμάς ²[ὁ καὶ Σαραπάμμων]ν μνη[τρὸς Ἀπο]λλωνοῦτος ἀμφότ[εροι] ἀπ' Ὁξυ- ³[ρύγχων πόλεως Κατ. . .]νυει Δ[.] τοῦ κ[α]ὶ Διονυσίου[ν] μ[ητρ]ὸς Ἀρσι- ⁴[νύης] ἀπὸ τ[ῆς] αὐτ[ῆς] πόλεως χαίρειν. ὁμολ[ογοῦ]μεν ⁵[πεπρακέναι σοι ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν] [εἰς] τ[ὸ]ν αἰὲ χρόν[ο]ν τὴν ὑπάρχουσαν ⁶[ἡμῖν ἀμφοτέρους? ἦς] ἔχομεν ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρων Χηνοβοσκ[ῶν οἰκίας] ⁷[. αὐλήν ἐκ βορρᾶ] τῆς σῆς οἰκίας, ἣς αὐτῆς γείτονες νότου ⁸[οἰκία? γένους, βορρᾶ ἢ ἡμῶν οἰκία, ἀπηλιώτου ψει- ⁹[λὸς τόπος, λιβὸς ῥύμη?, καὶ τὰς] συνπεφωημένας ὑπὲρ τιμῆς τῆς αὐτῆς ¹⁰[αὐτῆς ἀργυρίου Σεβα]στοῦ νομίσ[μ]α[τ]ο[ς] δραχμὰς διακοσίας α[ὐ]τό- ¹¹[θι ἀπεσχηκέναι παρὰ] σοῦ διὰ χειρὸς ἐκ πλήρους. διὸ ἀπὸ τοῦ ¹²[νῦν κρατῖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐκγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ] ¹³[μεταλημψομένοις] τῆς πωλουμένης σοι ὡς πρόκειται αὐτῆς, ¹⁴[καὶ χρᾶσθαι καὶ οἰ]κοιομεῖν περὶ αὐτῆς ὡς ἐὰν αἰρή, ἢ[ν] περ (η corr. from α?) καὶ ¹⁵[παρεξόμεθά σοι βε]βαίαν δι(ὰ) παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων πά[σ]ῃ βεβαι- ¹⁶[ώσει, καὶ καθαρὰν] ἀπὸ ἀπογραφῆς ἀνδρῶν καὶ γεωργίας (α corr.) βασιλι- ¹⁷[κῆς γῆς καὶ οὐσία]κῆς κα[ὶ] παντὸς εἶδους καὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς οὐτινοσ- ¹⁸[οῦν ἄλλου. κυρία] ἢ πρᾶσις τρι[σ]σὴ γραφεῖσα. (ἔτους) ε[ἰς] τοκράτο[ρ]ος] ¹⁹[Καίσαρος Λουκίου] Σεπτιμίου Σεουήρου (first ου corr. from πτ) Εὐσεβοῦς Περτίνακος ²⁰[Σεβαστοῦ Ἀραβικοῦ] Ἀδιαβηνικοῦ Παχῶν ιδ. (2nd h.) Σαραπάμμων ²¹[. καὶ Δαμάς] (corr. from Σαραπάμμων?) [ὁ καὶ] [Σα]ραπάμμων πεπρακάμεν τῷ Κατ. . . νι ²²[τὴν προκειμένην αὐλήν, καὶ ἀπέσχαμεν τ[ὰς] τῆς τιμῆς δραχμὰς] ²³[διακοσίας, καὶ βε]βεώσωμεν (l. βεβαιώ.) ὡς [π]ρόκειται. Βειθαρίων· ὁ καὶ Δημητρίαν[ος] ²⁴[ἔγραψα ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν μὴ εἰδόντων γράμ]ματα.

1697. 28.2 × 27 cm. A. D. 242. Sale in duplicate of the courtyard of a house at Oxyrhynchus for 200 drachmae; cf. 1276-7, 1634, 1696, 1698-1702. ¹Αὐρηλῖος Διογένης Στεφάνου ἀρχιερατεύσ[α]ς ²βουλευτῆς Ὁξυρυνχιδῶν πόλεως Αὐρηλίω ³Τιμαγένη τῷ καὶ Ἑρακλεῖδῃ τῶν ἐξ ἐφηβίας ⁴[εἰ]ς ἐροικῶν (cf. 1703. int.) διὰ τοῦ πατρὸς Ἑρακλεῖδου τοῦ ⁵καὶ Δημητρίου βουλευτοῦ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ⁶χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ πεπρακέναι σοι ἀπὸ τοῦ ⁷νῦν εἰς τὸν αἰὲ χρόνον τὴν (ν corr. from σ) ὑπάρχουσαν ⁸μοι αὐλήν ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ πόλει ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρων ⁹Κρητικοῦ συννηωμένην πατρικῇ μου ¹⁰οἰκίᾳ, ἣς γίτονες νότου ἐμοῦ τοῦ Αὐρηλίου ¹¹Διογένους, βορρᾶ (ο corr. from α) δημοσία ῥύμη, ἀπηλιώτου ¹²Αὐρηλίας Χαιρομονίδος (l. Χαιρημ.) ἀδελφιδῆς μου, ¹³λιβὸς δημοσία ῥύμη. τὰς δὲ συνπεφωη- ¹⁴μένας ὑπὲρ τιμῆς καὶ παραχωρητικῆς τῆς ¹⁵αὐτῆς αὐτῆς (2nd h.) ἀργυρίου Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος ¹⁶δραχμὰς διακοσίας αὐτόθι ἀπέσχον πα- ¹⁷ρὰ (π corr. from δι) σοῦ διὰ τοῦ πατρὸς σου διὰ χιρὸς ἐκ πλήρους. ¹⁸διὸ ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν κρατῖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν ¹⁹σὺν ἐκγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλημ- ²⁰ψομένοις τῆς προκειμένης αὐτῆς ὡς ²¹πρόκειται, καὶ χρᾶσθαι

καὶ οἰκονομῶν ²² περὶ αὐτῆς ὥ[ς] ἐὰν ἐρῇ (l. αἰρῇ), ὅπερ (l. ἤνπερ) καὶ παρέξο- ²³ μέ (l. -μαί) σοι βεβαίαν διὰ παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων ²⁴ πάσῃ βαιβεώσι (l. βεβαιώσει), καὶ καθαρὰν ἀπὸ ἀπο- ²⁵ γραφῆς (s corr. from ν) ἀνδρῶν καὶ γεωργίας βασι- ²⁶ λικῆς γῆς [κ]αὶ (αι corr.) οὐσιακῆς καὶ ἀπὸ παν- ²⁷ τὸς εἰδους καὶ ἀπὸ πά[σ]ης ὀφιλῆς ²⁸ παντοίας κ[α]ὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς οὐτινοσοῦν ²⁹ ἄλλου. κυρ[ί]α ἢ πρᾶσις διςσὴ γραφῖσα ³⁰ [ὑπ'] ἐμοῦ Ἀ[ν]ρηλίου Δι[ο]γένους, ἤνπερ ³¹ [ὀ]πηνίκα ἐὰν ἐρῇ (l. αἰρῇ) ποιή[σο]μαί σοι διὰ δη- ³² μο[σί]ου μηδὲν ἕτερον λαμβάνων παρὰ ³³ [σ]οῦ, τῶ[ν] τῇ[ς] καταγραφῆς τελῶν καὶ ³⁴ [γρ]αμ[μα]τικῶν οὐτῶν πρὸς ἐμέ. περὶ ³⁵ δὲ [τ]οῦ [ταῦτα] ὀρθῶς καὶ καλ[ῶς] γενέ[σθαι] ³⁶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὑπὸ σοῦ ὡμολόγησα. ³⁷ (ἔτους) 5 Αὐτοκ[ράτο]ρος Καί[σα]ρος Μάρκου ³⁸ Ἀντων[ίου] Γορδιανοῦ Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς ³⁹ Σεβ[αστοῦ] Φαῶφι κς.] Ἀνρήλιος Διογένης ⁴⁰ Σ[τ]εφάν[ου] πέπρακα Ἀνρηλίω (ω corr. from ου) [Τι]μαγένη ⁴¹ τῷ καὶ Ἡ[ρα]κλείδῃ διὰ τοῦ πατρ[ὸς] Ἡρα[κλ]ίδου ⁴² τὴν προ[κειμένην] αὐλήν, καὶ ἀπέσχο[ν] ⁴³ τὰς τῆς τιμῆς δραχμὰς διακοσίας ⁴⁴ πλήρη, καὶ [βεβαιώσω] πάσῃ βεβαιώσει, ⁴⁵ καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὡμολόγησα ὡς πρό- ⁴⁶ κειται. Verso ⁴⁷ πρᾶ(σις) αὐλῆς Διογένους υἱοῦ Στεφάνου ἐκ βορρᾶ) οἰκίας αὐτοῦ. The restorations in ll. 30-4, 38-9, 41, 43-5 are obtained from the second copy, which is by the 2nd hand and in l. 6 has πεπρακαίνε εἰς ἀ(εὶ ἀπὸ) τοῦ νῦν, 12 Χαιρεμονίδος, 16 αὐτόθει, 21 χρῆσθαι καὶ οἰκονομεῖν, 24 βεβαιώσει. By the καταγραφῆς τέλη in l. 33 are meant the customary 12 drachmae for Alexandria and the τιμήματος τέλη: cf. 1473. 17-18, n., where the γραμματικά are also discussed. ποιή[σο]μαί σοι διὰ δη[μο]σί[ου] in ll. 31-2 corresponds to ἀνοίσις διὰ δημ. in 1208. 24; cf. 1638. 30, n.

- 1698.** 17 × 13.6 cm. A.D. 268? Sale of house-property and building-land at a village. A few lines are lost at the beginning, and the first halves of lines are missing throughout. The date is Thoth 13 (Sept. 10) of the 1st year of a third-century emperor whose name is lost (l. 28). Most probably he was Claudius II, who came to the throne shortly before the end of an Egyptian year, with the result that the year beginning Thoth 1 (Aug. 29), 268, was sometimes (unofficially) treated as the 16th of Gallienus and 1st of Claudius, sometimes (officially) as the 2nd of Claudius; cf. 1476. int., where the chronology of that period is discussed in detail. 1698, if our restoration of l. 28 is correct, is on the first system of dating, being parallel to P. Strassb. 6 and 10-11 (1646 is on the second system), and provides the earliest mention of Claudius in a papyrus, being 5 weeks earlier than P. Strassb. 10. 25 (Hermopolis; 1st year, Phaophi 19 = Oct. 16, 268). In the case of any other emperor than Claudius the restoration of his name in l. 28 gives rise to great difficulties. Claudius is not the only third-century emperor whose accession took place near the end of an Egyptian year; but there is evidence from coins and papyri concerning the date of the recognition in Egypt of Macrinus, Elagabalus, Severus Alexander (cf. 1522), Maximin, Gordian,

Aemilianus, Probus, and Diocletian, which is inconsistent with the attribution of Sept. 10 to the 1st year of any of these. Emperors who at their accession reigned jointly (Balbinus and Pupienus, Gallus and Volusian, Valerian and Gallienus, Macrianus and Quietus, Vaballathus and Aurelian, Carus and Carinus and Numerian) are excluded by the use of the singular. Decius is now known to have been recognized at Oxyrhynchus by Choïak 1 (Nov. 28) of his 1st year, and there is evidence for his accession before Oct. 16 (cf. 1636. 41, n.); but his name is too long for the lacuna, and on Sept. 10, 249, in Egypt the Philippi were probably still regarded as reigning. Tacitus is generally considered to have come to the throne in September, but his accession can hardly have been known at Oxyrhynchus by Sept. 10, 275, and 1455, written on Oct. 19 of that year, is still dated by Aurelian. Quintillus (1476. int.) is equally improbable, for on Oct. 20, 269 (1646. int.), the dating at Oxyrhynchus was still by Claudius. Hence in the absence of testimony concerning other emperors that more than one system of reckoning their 1st year was employed, there is a strong presumption in favour of Claudius as the emperor in 1698. After traces of 1 line

² [32 letters] οὐ ἀπ[ὸ τῆς αὐτῆς] π[ό]λεως χαί- ³ [ρειν. ὁμολογῶ πεπρακέναι σοι ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν] εἰς τὸν [ἀεὶ χρόνον τῇ] ὑπάρ- ⁴ [χουσάν μοι ἐν κώμῃ] ἐν τοῖς ἀπὸ ἀπηλιώτου μέρεσι ταύ- ⁵ [της τῆς κώμης ? 17 l. οἰκίαν, ἧς γείτονες νότου δημοσί- ⁶ [α ῥύμη, βορρᾶ, ἀπηλιώτου] Αἰνέως καὶ ἄλλων, λιβὸς ἐτέ- ⁷ [ρων, καὶ ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ κώμῃ ? ἐν τοῖς ἀπὸ ἀπηλιώτου μέρεσι ψειλὸν τό- ⁸ [πον 21 l., οὗ γείτο] οὐξ νότου καὶ ἀπηλιώτου ἐτέρων ⁹ [30 l.] . ις [κ]αὶ ἄλλων, λιβὸς δημοσία ῥύ- ¹⁰ [μη, τὰς δὲ συμπεφωνημένας π]ρὸς ἀ[λ]λήλους ὑπὲρ τιμῆς τῆς αὐ- ¹¹ [τῆς οἰκίας καὶ ψειλοῦ τόπου] ἀ[ρ]γυρίου Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος ¹² [δραχμὰς 15 l. αὐτόθι ἀπέσχον παρὰ σοῦ διὰ χειρὸς ἐκ πλήρους, [¹³ καὶ περὶ τούτων ? ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὧ] μολόγησα. κρατεῖν οὖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν ¹⁴ [σὺν ἐκγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σ]οῦ μεταληψόμενοις τῶν πωλουμένων ¹⁵ [σοι ὑπ' ἐμοῦ ὡς πρόκειται οἰκίῳ]ν καὶ ψειλοῦ τόπου, καὶ ἀποφύεσθαι ¹⁶ [πάντα τὰ ἀπ' αὐτῶν περιεσόμενα ἀπ]ὸ τοῦ [ἐ]ν[ε]στῶτος ἔτους, καὶ χρᾶσθαι ¹⁷ [καὶ οἰκονομεῖν περὶ αὐτῶν] ὡς ἐὰν αἰρῇ, ἅπερ καὶ ἐπάναγκον (-ναγκον) παρ- ¹⁸ [έξομαί σοι βέβαια διὰ παντὸς] ἀπὸ πάντων πάσῃ βεβαιώσει, καὶ ¹⁹ [καθαρὰ ἀπό τε ἀπογραφῆς ἀνδρῶ]ν καὶ γεωργίας βασιλικῆς καὶ οὐσια- ²⁰ [κῆς γῆς καὶ παντὸς εἶδους καὶ ὀφειλῆς] πάσης καὶ κατοχῆς παντοί- ²¹ [ας καὶ ἀπὸ παντὸς οὐτινοσοῦν] ἄλλου, κ[α]ὶ πάντα τὸν καθ' ὀνδηποτοῦν ²² [τρόπον ἐπελευσόμενον ἢ ἐμ]ποιησόμεν[ο]ν ἀφιστάνιν παραχρῆμα τοῖς ²³ [ιδίοις ἀνηλώμασι καθάπερ ἐκ δ]ίκης. κυρία ἢ πρᾶσις τ[ρ]ισσῇ γραφεῖσα, ²⁴ [ἥνπερ ὀπηνίκα ἐὰν αἰρῇ δημοσιώσ]εις διὰ τοῦ καταλογείου, οὐ προσδεόμενος ²⁵ [μεταλήψεως μου οὐδὲ ἐτέρας εὐδοκήσε]ως διὰ τὸ ἐντεῦθεν εἶ[ν]δοκεῖν ²⁶ [με τῇ ἐσομένῃ δημοσιώσει. περὶ δὲ τοῦ τ]αῖτα [δ]οθῶς κ[α]λῶς [γε]νέ- ²⁷ [σθαι ὑπὸ σοῦ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὧμολόγησα.] (ἔτους) α Αὐτοκράτο[ρ]ος] Καίσαρος [²⁸ [Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου

Κλαυδίου? Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτ[υχοῦς Σεβαστοῦ Θῶθ ιγ. ²⁹ (2nd h.) [40 l. οἰ]κίῳν καὶ τοῦ ³⁰ [ψιλοῦ τόπου —. In l. 11 the word after τόπου may be ἀχανοῦς: cf. 1702. 3.

1699. 17.5 × 19.1 cm. A.D. 240–280. A similar contract, incomplete at the end, for the sale of a house and building-land at Païmis (cf. 1629. 8, n.) to Aur. Serenus son of Agathinus (cf. 1631. 1, n.) for 4,500 drachmae.

¹ Αὐρήλιοι [. κα]ὶ Σαραπίων καὶ Ὡρος καὶ Κόλλουθος Τ[.

² λου μητ[ρὸς ἀπὸ κ]ώμης Παείμεως τοῦ Ὁξυρυγχείτου (-υγ'χ.) ε[ο]μ[οῦ Αὐρη-
λίῳ ³ Σερήνῳ τ[ῷ καὶ Σαραπίων]ι Ἀγαθέινου καὶ ὡς χρηματίζεις χαίρειν. ὁ[μολογοῦμεν

⁴ πεπρακέναι [σοι ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν] εἰς τὸν ἅπαντα χρόνον τὰ ὑπάρχοντα ἢ μὲν ἐν τῇ αὐτῇ

⁵ κώμῃ Παείμει ἐν τοῖς ἀνὰ μέσον μέρεσι τῆς κώμης οἰκίαν μονόσ[τεγον καὶ ⁶ ἀθῦρωτον
καὶ [. . . .]τον καὶ τοὺς περὶ αὐτὴν ψειλοὺς τόπους σὺν χρηστῇ(ρίοις) καὶ ἀνήκου-

⁷ σι καὶ συνκύρουσι πᾶσι, ὧν [γ]είτονες νότου Φουλλίου καὶ Πασαλύμιος καὶ ἄλλων,
βορρᾶ [᾽Ω]ρ[ου]? ⁸ Πεττίριος (πετ'τ.), ἀπηλιώτου δημοσία ρύμη, λιβδὸς ἱερόν, τιμῆς τῆς

συμπεφωνημένης ⁹ πρὸς ἀλλήλους τῆς προκειμένης οἰκίας καὶ ψειλῶν τόπων καὶ
χρηστηρίων ἀργυ-

¹⁰ ρίου Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος δραχμῶν τετρακισχειλίων πεντακοσίων,
ἄσπερ αὐ- ¹¹ τόθι ἀπέ[σ]χομεν παρὰ σοῦ ἐκ πλήρους διὰ χειρός, καὶ περὶ τοῦ ἡρι-

θμῆσθαι ἡμᾶς ἐξ ὅλο- ¹² κλήρου ἐπερωτηθέντες ὑπὸ σοῦ ὡμολογήσαμεν. διὸ ἀπὸ τοῦ
νῦν κρατεῖν σε ¹³ καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐγγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλημφομένοις τῶν

πωλου- ¹⁴ μένων σοι ὑφ' ἡμῶν ὡς πρόκειται οἰκίας καὶ ψειλῶν τόπων καὶ χρηστηρίων,
¹⁵ καὶ ἐξουσίαν ἔχειν χρᾶσθαι καὶ οἰκονομεῖν περὶ αὐτῶν ὡς ἐὰν αἰρή, μ[η]δεμιᾶς

¹⁶ ἡμῖν μηδ' ἄλλῳ μηδενὶ ὑπὲρ ἡμῶν ἐφόδου καταλειπομένης ἐπ' [αὐτὰ ἢ ἐπὶ μέ- ¹⁷ ρος
αὐτῶν κατὰ μηδένα τρόπον, ἄσπερ καὶ ἐπάναγκες (-αγ'κ.) παρέξομέν [σοι βέβαια ¹⁸ διὰ

παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων πάσῃ βεβαιώσει, καὶ καθαρὰ ἀπὸ τε ἀπογραφῆς ἀνδρῶν ¹⁹ καὶ
γεωργίας βασιλικῆς καὶ οὐ[σ]ι[α]κῆς γῆς καὶ παντὸς εἶδους κα[ὶ] ἀπὸ ὀφειλῆς καὶ κα-

²⁰ τοχῆς [παντοίας δημοσ]ίας τε καὶ ἰδιωτικῆς (ιδ.) καὶ πολι[τ]ικῆς καὶ γεονυχικῆς? (cf.
1638. 15) ²¹ καὶ ἀπὸ π[αν]τὸς οὐτινοσοῦν ἄλλου, καὶ πάντα τὸν καθ' ὄνδηποτοῦν

τρόπον ἐπελευσόμε- ²² νον ἢ ἐμ[ποι]ησόμενον ἀφιστάνειν παραχρήμα τοῖς ἰδίοις
ἀνηλώμασι καθάπερ ἐκ δίκης. κυρία ²³ ἢ πρ[α]ῖσις — with vestiges of 1 more line.

1700. 12.4 × 15.1 cm. Late third century, in the 1st year of an emperor (l. 20). The middle part of a contract for the sale of arable and vine-land, a pigeon-house, and house-property at Seruphis (cf. 1285. 71) for 2 talents.

¹ κώμῃ Σερύφει . . [35 letters ² ον καὶ ὀλόκληρον περιστερεῶνα καὶ οἰκίαν καὶ
αὐλὴν σὺν χρη- ³ στηρίοις καὶ ἀνήκουσι πᾶσι, ὧν ὅλων γείτονες νότου Τασωτ[ᾶ?]

⁴ βορρᾶ διῶρυξ, ἀπηλιώτου δημοσία ρύμη, λιβδὸς ἐτέρων ψιλοὶ τό- ⁵ ποι, τὰς δὲ
συμπεφωνημένας πρὸς ἀλλήλους ὑπὲρ (ὑπ.) τιμῆς ⁶ [τ]ῶν προκειμένων πάντων ἀργυ-

ρίου Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος ⁷ [δ]ραχμὰς μυριάδας μίαν δισχειλίας, αἱ εἰσιν ἀργυρίου
τάλαντα ⁸ [δύ]ο, αὐτόθι ἀπ[ε]σχον, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὡμολόγησα ἡριθμῆ- ⁹ [σθαι ἐμὲ]

παρὰ σοῦ διὰ χειρὸς ἐκ πλήρους. κρατεῖν οὖν σε ¹⁰ καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐγγόνοις (εγ'γ.)
καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλημφομέ- ¹¹ νοις τῶν προκειμένων ὑπαρχόντων (ὑπ.) καὶ

οικοπέδων, καὶ ¹² χρᾶσθαι καὶ διοικεῖν περὶ αὐτῶν ὡς ἐὰν αἰρῇ, καὶ ἐξουσίαν ἔχειν (-εἶ)
¹³ ἑτέροις π[ω]λείν, ἅπερ ἐπάναγκες (-αγ'κ.) παρέξομαί σοι βέβαια διὰ παν- ¹⁴ τὸς
 ἀπὸ πάντων πάσῃ βεβαιώσει, καὶ καθαρὰ ἀπὸ τε γεωργίας βασιλει- ¹⁵ κῆς καὶ
 οὐσιακῆς γῆς καὶ παντὸς εἵδους καὶ ἀπ[ὸ] δ[ι]φειλῆς καὶ κατο- ¹⁶ χῆς πάσης [δ]ημοσίας
 τε καὶ ἰδιωτικῆς (ἰδ.), καὶ τὰ μὲν σειτικὰ καὶ ἀμπε- ¹⁷ λικὰ ἐδ[άφ]ῃ ἀπὸ ἀπεργασίας καὶ
 ὑδροφυλακίας (ὑδρ.) χωμάτων, ἔτι δὲ καὶ ¹⁸ ἀπὸ τῶν ὑπὲρ αὐτῶν τελουμένων δημοσίων
 τ[ε]λεσμάτων καὶ ἐπι- ¹⁹ κλασμῶν κα[ὶ] ἐπιμερισμῶν παντοίων τῶν ἕως ἐπαγομένων
 κ[αὶ] αὐ- ²⁰ τῶν ἐπαγ[ο]μένων τοῦ ἐνεστώτος α (ἔτους) διὰ τὸ τὰ ἀπ[ὸ] τοῦ εἰσιό[ν]τος β
 (ἔτους) τῶν- ²¹ τῶν προ[σ]φορα εἶναι σοῦ τοῦ ὠνουμένου, πρὸς δ[ὲ]ν καὶ εἶν[αι] τὰ ἀπὸ
 τοῦ αὐ- ²² τοῦ εἰσιόν[τ]ος β (ἔτους) τελέσματα παντοῦ[α], τὸν δὲ ἐπελ[ευσόμ]ερον
²³ ἢ ἐμποιη[σ]όμενον ἀποστήσειν παραχρῆμα τοῖς ἰδίοις (ἰδ.) ἀ[ν]ηλώμασι ²⁴ καθάπερ
 ἐκ δίκης. κυρία ἢ πρᾶσις τρισσὴ γραφεῖσα, [ἦν]περ ὀπηνίκα ²⁵ ἐὰν αἰρῇ δημοσιώσεις
 διὰ τοῦ καταλογίου, οὐ προσδε[όμενος] μετα- ²⁶ [λήμψ]εως μ[ο]ν οὐδὲ ἐτ[έ]ρας μου εὐδο-
 κήσεως δ[ιὰ] τὸ ἐντεῦθεν | —.

1701. 10.9 x 12.6 cm. Third century. Fragment of a sale of house-property at Oxyrhynchus which had been mortgaged (ἐπὶ ὑποθήκη, l. 15) to the buyer as security for two loans, of 4,000 dr. and 5,100 dr. respectively. These loans, together with accrued interest amounting to [.]64 dr. (l. 19), were apparently deducted from the purchase-price, which was not less than 18,000 dr. (l. 14). Cf. int. to 1634, which is similar, but better preserved. About half the lines 40-50 letters) in 1701. 5 sqq. are lost, and 5 letters more in l. 4, and 18 more in l. 3; only in l. 16 can the initial lacuna be supplied with a high degree of probability. After traces of 2 lines ³ —] .[.] .[.] τει μετὰ τὸ .ι. .[.] .[.] .[.] 15 l. ⁴ — ἡμῖς μέρος οἰκ[ί]ας καὶ ἀν[ι]σ[τ]ῆς πρότερον Μώρον τοῦ καὶ Ψόιτος τὸ λοιπὸν ἡμῖς ⁵ [μέρος —, καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς] αὐτῆς πόλεως ἀπὸ οἰκ[ί]ων δύο συνηνωμένων ἀλλήλοις (l. -λαιο) τὴν βορινὴν (-νῇ) ⁶ [οἰκ[ί]αν — καὶ — μέρος τῆς] ἑτέρας οἰκ[ί]ας μετὰ τοῦ[ς] διαταγέντας ἐκ τῆς ἐπάνω διαθήκης ὑπὸ τοῦ ⁷ [πατρὸς ? —] .ι τῷ ἀδελφῷ μου λοιποὺς τόπους πάντας, νυνὶ δὲ τῆς αὐτῆς οἰκ[ί]ας ⁸ — ἐ[π]οικοδομεῖν ὁπόταν αἰρῇ τῇ συνεστώσῃ πρώτῃ στέγῃ τῆς αὐτῆς ⁹ [οἰκ[ί]ας —] εἰσασθαι τὴν πρώτην στέγην πρὸς τὸ ἀκινδύνως καὶ ἀσφαλῶς ¹⁰ [ἐνοικεῖν ?, ὡν γείτονες νότου —, ἀπηλιώτου ῥύμη, βορρᾶ [κ]αὶ λιβὸς κληρονόμων Θέωνος τοῦ καὶ Ζωίλου, ¹¹ [καὶ ἐπὶ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως μετὰ τὸ — δ[ί]μ[υ]ρο[ν] (l. δ[ί]μ[οιρ.] μέρ[ο]ς οἰκ[ί]ας καὶ τῶν ταύτης χρηστηρίων καὶ ἀνηκόντων ¹² — τὸ λοιπὸν τρίτ[ο]ν μέρος, ἧς ὅλης γίτονες νότου Κοπρέω[ς] οἰκ[ί]α καὶ μετόχων, ¹³ [βορρᾶ —, ἀπηλιώτου —, λιβὸς —] οἰκ[ί]ας καὶ τῆς συμπεφωνημένης πρὸς ἀλλήλους τῶν προκειμένων (-νῶ) ¹⁴ [οἰκ[ί]ων καὶ — ἀργυρίου Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος δραχμῶν μυρίων ὀκτακισχιλίων ¹⁵ — ? αἶ εἰσι τάλαντα τρία — πρὸς ? τὰ καταβληθέντα σοι ὑπ' ἐμοῦ κατὰ ἀσφαλείους (l. -είας) δύο γεγονυίας (-νῆ.) ἐπὶ ὑποθήκῃ τῶν ¹⁶ [προκειμένων οἰκ[ί]ων ?, μίαν μὲν τῷ . ἔτει τῆς εὐτυχιστάτης ταύτης βασιλείας μηνὶ Παῦνι κη κεφαλαίου ἀργυρίου δραχμὰς τετρακισ-

¹⁷[χιλίας —, ἐτέραν δὲ τῷ. ἔτει —] κεφαλαί[ου] δραχμὰς πεντακισχειλίας ἑκατόν, ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτὸ τῶν δύο ¹⁸[ἀσφαλειῶν κεφαλαίου δραχμὰς —, τοὺς] δὲ συναχθέντας δραχμιαίους τόκους τῶν ἕως τοῦ διελθόντος ¹⁹[. ἔτους δραχμὰς —] τ[α]κοσίας ἐ[ξ]ή[κον]τα τ[έ]σσ[α]ρες, τὸ ἐ[π]ὶ τὸ [α]ὐτὸ κεφαλαίου καὶ τόκων ²⁰[δραχμὰς —] τ[ι]α[.] . ου γαμετή | —. In l. 9 ἐφ' ᾧ ἀσφαλ]είσασθαι is not unlikely.

1702. 16.5 × 9.3 cm. A.D. 290. Sale, or both sale and cession (cf. 1208. 8), of a piece of building-land (called ἀχανής) at an unspecified place for [1 ?]2,800 drachmae (ll. 3-4), lacking the beginning of the contract and the second halves of lines, which can, however, be restored from e.g. 1636. After remains of 1 line ²συμπεφωνημένas πρὸς ἀλλήλο[υ]ς ὑπὲρ τιμῆς τοῦ προκειμένου ψι- ³λοῦ τόπου ἀχανοῦς ἀργυρίου Σεβαστ[ῶν] νομίσματος δραχμὰς μυρίας ?] ⁴δισχειλίας ὀκτακοσίας αὐτόθι [ἀπέσχον παρὰ σοῦ παραχρῆμα διὰ ⁵χειρὸς ἐκ πλήρους. κρατίν οὖν [σε καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐκγόνοις ⁶καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλημψομέ[ν]οις τοῦ προκειμένου ψιλοῦ ⁷τόπου ἀχανοῦς, καὶ ἐξουσίαν ἔχειν χρᾶσθαι καὶ οἰκονομεῖν ⁸περὶ αὐτοῦ ὡς ἐὰν αἰρή, ἐμαὶ (l. ἐμὲ) δὲ μ[ὴ] ἐπελεύσεσθαι ἐπ' αὐ- ⁹τὸ ἢ ἐπὶ μέρος αὐτοῦ μηδ' ἄλλο[ν] μηδένα ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ ¹⁰κατὰ μηδένα τρόπον, ἀλλὰ ἐπ[ὶ] ἀναγκας παρέξομαι σοι ¹¹βέβαιον καὶ καθαρὸν ἀπὸ μόνου τοῦ [ἐμοῦ ὀνόματος καὶ ἀπὸ παν- ¹²τὸς τοῦ ἐξ ὀνόματός μου ἐπ[ε]λευσομένου σοι διὰ τὸ ἀρ- ¹³χεῖσθαι (l. ἀρκ.) σε τῇ εἵς μαι (l. με) ἀπὸ τῇ[ς] προκτητρίas (cf. 1636. 24) βεβαιώσῃ ἐπὶ τοῖς ¹⁴ἐνγεγραμμένοις πλήρηs. κυρί[α] ἢ πρᾶσιs — γρα- ¹⁵φῖσα, ἥπερ (l. ἦνπ.) ὀπηνίκα ἐὰν αἰρή ὁ δημοσιώσῃs διὰ τοῦ καταλογίου, ¹⁶οὐ προσδεόμενος μεταλήμ[ψ]εωs μου διὰ τὸ ἐντεῦθεν εὐ- ¹⁷δοκεῖν τῇ ἐσομένῃ δημοσιώσ[ε]ι. περὶ δὲ τοῦ ταῦτα ὀρ- ¹⁸θῶs καλῶs γίνεσθαι καὶ ἐπερωτηθεῖs ὁμολόγησα. ¹⁹ἔτους 5 (ἔτ.) Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Γα[λ]λου (γαῖ[λ]) Αὐρηλίου Οὐαλερίου ²⁰Διοκλη[τι]ανοῦ καὶ ἔτους 6 (ἔτ.) Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου ²¹Οὐαλερί[ο]υ Μαξιμιανοῦ Γερμανικῶ[ν] Μεγίστων Εὐσεβῶν Εὐτυχῶν ²²Σεβαστῶν Παῦνι (παῦ.) κς. The following 4 lines containing the signature, which have been expunged, begin (2nd h.) ²³[Σα]ραπάμμων ὁ καὶ Φιλέας πέπ[ρα]κα ? —. On the verso is part of an account in a different hand.

1703. 8.3 × 15.5 cm. Third century. Beginning of a contract for the conveyance (καταγεγραφέναι; cf. 1636. 42-3, n.) of part of a house at Seruphis (cf. 1285. 71) to a cosmetes of Oxyrhynchus from an agoranomus, acting on behalf of his 3 sons, who were under his *manus* (cf. 1642. 5, n.) and had bought the property previously from the cosmetes. One of the sons belonged to the ἐξ ἐφηβίας ἱερουῖκαι; cf. B.G.U. 1093. 2, 1697. 3, 1705. 2-3, and for ἱερουῖκαι 1691. int. ¹Αὐρήλιος Γεμῖ[ν]ος ὁ καὶ Σιλβανὸς Δημητρίου [ἀγο]ρανόμος ²βουλευτῆς τῆς [Ὀξυρυ]γχειτῶν πόλεως Αὐρηλίῳ Ἀπίωνι ³τῷ καὶ Πτολλί[ω]νι κοσμητῇ βου[λε]υτῇ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ⁴νίῳ (νῖω) Πτολλίωνος . ἐξ[ε]ί[ς]τος κοσμητεύσαντος τῆς αὐτῆς ⁵πόλεως χαίρειν. ὁ[μ]ο[λογῶ] καταγεγραφέναι σοι ἀπ[ὸ]

το[υ⁶ νυν εἰς τὸν αἰὲ χρόνον δ' ἐώ[νη]ντε (l. -νται) παρὰ σοῦ δι' ἐμοῦ οἱ ὑπο-⁷ χε[ί-
ρι]οί μου υἱοὶ (υἱοὶ) Αὐρήλιο[ι Δ]ημήτριος μητρὸς Ἰσιδῶ[ρας⁸ τῆς καὶ Διονυσίας τῶν
ἐξ ἐφηβίας ἱερωνικῶν (ἱερ.) καὶ Ἡλι[ό]δ[ω]-⁹ ρος κα[ὶ] Σιλβανὸς ἀμφότεροι μητρὸς
Ἀπίας τῆς καὶ¹⁰ Ταπα[.]. ξ Ξότι[ο]ς, οἱ τρεῖς ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως, ¹¹ ἐν κώμῃ
Σερύφει ἐν τοῖς ἀπὸ βορρᾶ ἐπ' ἀπηλιώτου ¹² μέρεσι τῆς κώ[μης] τρι[τον] μέρος οἰκίας
διπυργίας ¹³ κα[ὶ] τῶν συ[γκυρόντων]ν . . [.]σε . [.] [.]ε[.] . [.] . . . [.] —.

- 1704.** 21 × 15 cm. A. D. 298. Conveyance (l. 24 καταγραφῇ; cf. 1636. 42-3, n.) of buildings and corn-land at Sesphtha (cf. 1659. 108), with a water-wheel (l. 11), windlass, stone, &c. The price of the property, which had been inherited by the vendor from his parents, is not stated, and though it may possibly have been given in the lost beginning, is more likely to have been the subject of a distinct contract of πρᾶσις. After parts of 4 lines, ⁶ [40 letters] ψ[ιλ]ῶν τόπων κατελθόντων [εἰς⁶ [με ἀπὸ κληρονομίας? τῶν] προ-
γεγρα[μμ]έ[ω]ν μοι (l. μου) πατρός τε καὶ μητρός, ὄντων ἐν κώμῃ Σέσφθα ⁷ [τῆς
Κάτω τοπαρχίας τοῦ Ὁξ[υ]ρυγχέ[ι]το]ν νομοῦ ἐν διαφόροις τό[πο]ις, καὶ περὶ τὴν αὐτὴν
κώμην ⁸ [20 l.] τῶν αὐτῶν οἰκοπαίδων (l. οἰκοπέδ.) καὶ τῶν σι[τι]κῶν ἀρουρῶν ἐφ'
οἷων εἰσὶν διαθέ- ⁹ [σεων καὶ καὶ γειτνιῶ?]ν καὶ τοποθεσιῶν (cf. 1637. 21-
7, n.), πάντ[ω]ν ἀ[κ]ολούθως τοῖς ἀπὸ τῶν γοναίων (l. γονέων) ¹⁰ [δικαίους
ἐπὶ τούτοις κρατὶν ὕμᾱς ([[[ῆ]]μ.) τοῦ αὐτοῦ ἐπιβ[ι]βάλλοντός μου μέρους ὅσον ἐὰν ᾖ τῶν
(τῶ) ¹¹ [προκειμένων οἰκοπαίδων (l. -πεδ.) [καὶ τοῦ] ἐν αὐτῆς (l. -ταῖς) μοι
(l. μου) ἀ[ν]τ[ι]λεξικοῦ (l. ἀ[ν]τ[ι]λητικοῦ) σὺν στροβίλῳ καὶ λίθῳ καὶ ¹² [22 l.] α καὶ σιτικῶν
ἀρουρῶν σὺν ἐγγόνοις (εγ'γ.) καὶ τοῖς <παρὰ> ὑμῶν μεταλημψομένοις, ¹³ [καὶ ἐξουσίαν
ἔχειν χρᾶσθαι καὶ οἰκονομῆν περὶ αὐτῶν ὡς ἀ[ν] ἐρῇ (l. αἰρήσθε) ἀνεμποδίστως, καὶ
ἀποφέρεσθαι ¹⁴ [πάντα τὰ ἀπ' αὐτῶν περιε]σόμενα εἰς τὸ ἴδιον (ἴδ.), τελούσας τὰ ὑπὲρ
τῶν σιτικῶν ἀρουρῶν δημόσια ¹⁵ [τελέσματα καὶ ἐπικλασμούς] καὶ ἐπιμερισμούς
παντοίους, μηδεμιᾶς μοι ἢ ἄλλῃ μηδενὶ ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ ἐφόδου ¹⁶ [καταλειπομένης ἐπ' αὐτὰ
ἢ] ἐπὶ μέρος αὐτῶν κατὰ μηδὲν τρόπον, ἅπερ καὶ ἐπάναγκες παρε[ξ]ομαι ὑμῖν (υμῖ)
¹⁷ [βέβαια διὰ παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων] πάσῃ βεβαιώσει καὶ καθαρὰ ἀπὸ τε ὀφιλῆς καὶ
κατοχῆς (κ corr. from χ) παντοίας καὶ [ἀπ]ὸ πα- ¹⁸ [ντὸς οὔτινοσούν ἄλλον, κα]ὶ τὸν
καθ' ὄνδηποτοῦν τρόπον ἐπελευσόμενον ἢ ἐμποησόμενον τοῦ- ¹⁹ [των ἀφιστάνειν κατ]ὰ
κέ[ε]ξ[υ]σ[ι]ν σου παραχρήμ[α] ταῖς ἐαυτῶν δαπάναις καθάπερ ἦκ (l. ἐκ) δίκης. κύρια ²⁰ [τὰ
τῆς καταγραφῆς? γράμματα τετρασσὰ γρ]αφέντα πρὸς τὸ ἐκάτερον ἡμῶν ἔχιν δισδόν,
ἡμπερ ὀπηνίκα ²¹ [ἐὰν αἰρῇ δημοσιώσεις, οὐ προσδεόμενος μεταλήμψεως οὐδὲ] ἐτέρας
μου εὐδοκίσεως διὰ τὸ ἐντεῦθεν εὐδοκίμ με τῇ ἐσομέ- ²² [νῃ δημοσιώσει. περὶ δὲ τοῦ
ταῦτα ὀρθῶς καλῶς γ]ε[ν]έ[σθαι] ὑπὸ σ[οῦ] ἐπερωτ[η]θῆ[ι]ς ὡ[μ]ολόγησα. (ἔτους) ιδ καὶ (ἔτ.)
ιγ τῶν (τῶ) ²³ [κυρίων ἡμῶν Διοκλητιανοῦ καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ Σεβαστῶν καὶ] (ἔτ.) ς τῶν
κυρίων ἡμῶν Κωνσταντίου (ω corr. from αι) καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ τῶν ἐπιφανεσ-
²⁴ [τάτων Καισάρων , ὑπατίας Ἀνικίου Φαύστου καὶ] Οὐ[ρ]ίου Γάλλου (cf.
1705. 22). (2nd h.) ²⁵ [— ἔσ]χον τῇν [κ]αταγραφὴν ²⁶ [. τοῖς π]ροκει-
μ[ε]μένοις, καὶ ²⁷ [ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὡμολό]γησα.

1705. 21.3 × 16.7 cm. A.D. 298. Sale of a loom (l. 6, *ιστὸς ταρσικοῦφικός*, a new adjective; for *ταρσικάριοι* cf. Reil, *Gewerb.* 98) and its apparatus for 2 talents 1,000 drachmae. In 264 (54) a smaller loom with *ἀντία* and *ιστόποδες* was sold for 20 drachmae. ¹ Οὐαλέριος Πετερμουῦθις στρατιώτης δι' ἐμοῦ Αὐρηλίου Σαραπίωνος Σαραπί- ²ωνος ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμ(προτάτης) Ὁξυρυ[γ]χειτῶν πόλεως [τ]ῶν ἐξ ἐφηβίας ³ ἱερωνικῶν (ἱερ.) (cf. 1703. int.) Αὐρηλία Εὐδαιμονίδει τῇ καὶ Ἀπολλωνία ματρὶνᾷ στ[ο]λάτῃ ⁴ χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ πεπρακέναι σοι ἐντεῦθεν ὃν κἀγὼ ἐώνημαι παρὰ Αὐρη- ⁵λίου Σαραπάμμωνος Θώνιος ἀπὸ Ὁξυρύγχων πόλεως τῷ ἐνεστῶτι ἔτι μηνὶ ⁶ Μεχεῖρ ἡ ἱστὸν ταρσικοῦφικὸν μήκους πηχῶν δέκα πλάτους πη- ⁷χῶν ἕξ, καὶ τὴν οὖσαν ἐν[θ]α ἀπόκειται ἐξαρτίαν πᾶσαν ὅση[ν] ἐὰν ᾖ, ⁸ τιμῆς τῆς συμπεφωνημ[έν]ης πρὸς ἀλλή[λ]ους ἀργυρίου Σεβαστῶν ⁹ νομίσματος τάλαντων δύο καὶ δραχμῶν χιλείων, ἅπερ αὐτόθι ἀπέσχον ¹⁰ παρὰ σοῦ ἐκ πλήρους διὰ [χ]ειρός, περὶ ἧς ἀριθμήσεως ἐπερωτηθεὶς ¹¹ ὑπ[ὸ] (ὑπ.) σοῦ ὡμολόγησα, ὃνπερ ἱστὸν καὶ τὴν ἐξαρτίαν βαστάξεις ¹² ἐντεῦθεν ἐνθα ἀπόκειται καὶ μετενεγκείς (-εγ'κ.) ὅπου ἐὰν θέλῃς ἀκωλύτως, ¹³ καὶ κρατεῖν σε καὶ κυριεύειν σὺν ἐκγόνοις καὶ τοῖς παρὰ σοῦ μεταλημφομέ- ¹⁴νοις, καὶ ἐξουσίαν ἔχειν χρᾶσθαι καὶ ἐκμισθοῖν καὶ πωλεῖν ὥς ἐὰν αἰρῇ, ¹⁵ κα[ὶ] παρέξομαί σοι β[έ]βαιον διὰ παντὸς ἀπὸ πάντων ¹⁶ π[ά]σῃ βεβαιώσει, καὶ τὸν ἐπελευσόμενόν σ[οι] ἀποστήσω παρα- ¹⁷χ[ρη]μα ταῖς ἐμαντοῦ δαπάναις, καθάπερ ἐκ δ[ί]κης.] κυρία ἢ πρᾶσις ¹⁸ ἀπλῇ γραφείσα, καὶ ἐπερωτ[η]θεὶς ὡμολόγη[σ]α. (ἔτους) ιδ' ¹⁹ καὶ (ἔτ.) ιγ τῶ[ν] κυρίων ἡμῶν Διοκλητ[τ]ιανοῦ κ[αὶ] Μαξιμιανοῦ ²⁰ Σεβαστῶν καὶ (ἔτ.) ς τῶν κυρίων ἡμῶν Κωνσταντίου καὶ ²¹ Μαξιμιανοῦ τῶν (τ corr. from σ) ἐπιφανεστάτων Kaisάρων Ἐπεὶφ ιβ, ²² ὑπατείας (ὑπ.) Ἀννικίου Φαύστου καὶ Οὐιρίου (οὐϊ.) Γάλλων. (2nd h.) ²³ Οὐαλέριος Παθερμουῦτις δι' ἐμοῦ Σαραπίωνος ²⁴ πέπρακα τὸν ἱστὸν (ἱσ.) καὶ τὴν ἐξαρτίαν πᾶσαν, ²⁵ καὶ ἀπέσχον τὰ τῆς τιμῆς ἀργυρίου τάλαντα δύο ²⁶ καὶ δραχμὰς χιλίας πλήρη, καὶ βεβαιώσω ὥς ²⁷ πρόκειται, καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ὡμολόγησα.

1706. 12 × 11.5 cm. A.D. 207. Sale of two female slaves, drawn up at the ἀγορανομεῖον of Oxyrhynchus by ἐπιτηρηταί (as frequently happens in Herculopolite contracts; cf. 1208. 2, n.), and similar to 1209 (251-3) and P. S. I. 182 (234). Blank spaces were sometimes left for names and ages, which have been partly supplied by a different hand. About 35 letters are lost at the ends of ll. 2-16 and about 8 more in ll. 17-20, and the conclusion is missing. Two new demes at Antinöpolis occur, Ἀρτεμίσιος in the Athenian tribe and Ἰσίδιος in the Paulinian. ¹ Ἐ[το]ν[ς] ἐκκαί[δε]κά[του] (cf. l. 15) Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρ[ος] Λουκίου Σεπτιμίου Σεουήρου Εὐσεβοῦς Περγίνακος ² Ἀραβ[ικοῦ] Ἀδι[α]βην[ικοῦ] Παρθικοῦ Μεγίστου καὶ Μάρκ[ου] Αὐρηλίου Ἀντωνίνου Εὐσεβοῦς Σεβαστῶν ³ καὶ Πουβλίου Σεπτιμίου Γέτα Καίσαρος Σεβαστοῦ Δίου [— Θῶθ — ἐν Ὁξυρύγχων πόλει διὰ ⁴ ἐπιτηρητῶν ἀγορανομίου καὶ [— ⁵ ἐπρίατο Σαραπίως ἐπικεκλημένη Θαῆσις ἀπελε[ν]θήρα — Παν- ⁶λινίου τοῦ καὶ Ἰσιδίου (ἱσ.)

ώ(ς) (ἐτῶν) μετὰ κυρίου [τοῦ ἱαντῆς — 'Ηρα-⁷ κλίδου 'Αθηναίως τοῦ καὶ 'Αρτεμει-
 σείου ὡς (ἐτῶν) κγ ἀσθή(μου) ?[— Σαραποῦτος —⁸ μητρὸς Ταυσοράπιος ἀπ' 'Οξυρύνχων
 πόλεως ὡς δι[ὰ — καὶ — τῆς⁹ αὐτῆς μητρὸς Ταυσοράπιος ἀπελευθέρας Θαιήσιος ἀπ[ὸ
 τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ὡς (ἐτ.) . . — οὐλὴ μετώ- ?¹⁰ πφ, ἐκατέρας δὲ μετὰ κυρίου Σαρα-
 ποῦτος μὲν τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ ? — μητρὸς¹¹ Ταυσοράπιος ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ὡς (ἐτ.)],
 [— δὲ —¹² τος ἀπελευθέρου 'Ηρακλᾶτος ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλ[εως — ἐν ἀγνιᾷ τὰς
 ὑπαρχού-¹³ σας αὐταῖς ἐξ ἴσ[ο]ν (ἴσ.) δούλας δύο 'Αφροδίτην μ[η]τρὸς ? —¹⁴ των
 ὁμύως (l. ὁμοίως) ἐξ ἴσου (ἴσ.) κατὰ χρηματισμὸν γεγ[ε]νονότα διὰ τοῦ ἐν 'Οξυρύνχων
 πόλει ἀγορανομίου ?¹⁵ τῷ προδιεληλυθότι (v corr.) ἰδ (ἔτει) μηνὶ Καισαρίῳ (αι corr.
 from ε) παρὰ Α[—¹⁶ 'Αμμωνίου ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως αρθ . . νδ[—¹⁷ ἐνιαυτοῦ
 ἐνὸς καὶ μηνῶν πέντε [—¹⁸ καὶ (corr. by 2nd h. from ας) παρίληφεν ἡ ὠνομένη
 παρ[ὰ] τῶν ἀποδομένων — ταύτας τοιαύτας¹⁹ ἀναπορρίφους πλὴν ἐπαφῆς λην[— διὰ
 τὸ τὴν 'Αφροδί-²⁰ την ἀνακεκρίσθαι (cf. 1463. int.) ὡς διὰ τοῦ προ[τε]ταγμένου
 χρηματισμοῦ δηλοῦται ? — with vestiges of 1 more line. On the verso is
 a list of contracts (1726) in a different hand.

1707. 18 x 8.8 cm. A.D. 204. Sale of a female ass for 600 drachmae; cf. P. S. I. 79 and **1708**. Both parties were Alexandrian citizens, one of them from a new tribe (Εὐθηνόδιος, l. 4). ¹ {Ὁμολογεῖ} 'Απολλώνιος 'Ηφαιστίωνος ² τ[ο]ῦ 'Αμμωνίου Σωσικόσμιος ὁ κ(αὶ) 'Αλθ(αι)εὺς ³ 'Απολλωνίῳ 'Απολλωνίου τοῦ Σαραπί-⁴ νος Εὐθηνόδιου (l. -δίῳ) τῷ (ω corr. from ου) καὶ 'Αλθεεῖ (l. 'Αλθαιεῖ) χαίρειν. ⁵ ὁμολογῶ πεπρακεῖν σοι ὄνον θήλειαν ⁶ πρωτοβώλως (l. -βόλον) μνόχρωμον ἀχάρα-⁷ κτον τιμῆς τῆς συμπεφωνημέ-⁸ νης πρὸς ἀλλήλους ἀργυρίου Σεβαστῶν ⁹ νομίσματος δραχμὰς (l. -ῶν) ἑξακοσί-¹⁰ ων, / (δρ.) χ, ἅς καὶ αὐτόθι ἀπέσχευ ὁ ὁ-¹¹ μολογῶν 'Απολλώνιος παρὰ τοῦ (τ corr.) ¹² 'Απολλωνίου, καὶ βε(βαι)ώσῃ πάσῃ βε-¹³ βαιώσῃ ἀπ[ὸ] παντὸς τοῦ ἐπελευσο-¹⁴ μένου ταύτ[η]ν τοιαύτην ἀναπόρι-¹⁵ φ[ο]ν. ἐὰν δὲ ἐπιλάβηται τις αὐτῆς, ¹⁶ ἀποστήσῃ αὐτὸν ὁ 'Απολλώνιος ταῖς ¹⁷ ἰδίαις αὐτοῦ δαπάναις. κυρία ἡ πρᾶσις. ¹⁸ ἔτους τρισκαίδεκάτου Αὐτοκρατόρων ¹⁹ Καισάρων Λουκίου Σεπτιμίου Σεουήρου ²⁰ Εὐσεβοῦς Περτίνακος 'Αραβικοῦ ²¹ 'Αδιαβην[κ]οῦ Παρθικοῦ Μεγίστου ²² καὶ Μάρκου [Α]ῦρηλίου 'Αρτωνίνου ²³ Εὐσεβοῦς Σεβαστῶν καὶ Πουβλίου ²⁴ Σεπτιμίου Γέτα Καίσαρος Σεβαστοῦ ²⁵ Φαῶφι ε. (2nd h. in rude uncials) ²⁶ 'Απολλώνιος ²⁷ ὁ προκείμενος ²⁸ πέπρακα ὁ (l. ὡς) πρ- ²⁹ όκίται.

1708. 25 x 9.1 cm. A.D. 311. Sale of a male ass by an inhabitant of Penne in the Heracleopolite nome (cf. Πεννή in P. Stud. Pal. x. 233. i. 12) for 10 talents 4,000 drachmae to an inhabitant of Oxyrhynchus. The transfer had taken place at the market of the Cynopolite nome, which is here, as in **1256**. 4, called ὁ ἄνω Κυνοπολίτης to distinguish it from the Cynopolite nome in the Delta (that ἄνω refers to a toparchy, as proposed in the translation of **1256**, is less likely; cf. **902**. 1 ἐκδίκω τῆς ἄνω Κυνοπολιτῶν, sc. πόλεως). ¹ Αὐρήλιος 'Αράχθης Πατήτου ² μη(τρὸς) Θερμουθίης ἀπὸ κόμης ³ Πεννῆ τοῦ

Ἡρακλεοπολείτου νομοῦ ⁴ Αὐρηλίῳ Θεοδώρῳ Ἀρποκρα- ⁵ τίωνος ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς Ὀξύρυγ- ⁶ χειτῶν πόλεως χαίρειν. ⁷ ὁμολογῶ πε(π)ρακέναι καὶ παραδε- ⁸ δωκέναι σοι ὑπ' (1. ἐπ') ἀγορᾶς τοῦ ἄνω ⁹ Κυνοπολείτου ὄνον ἄρρε(ε)να (or ἄρ(ρ)σena) ¹⁰ λευκόχρωμο[ν] δευτεροβόλον ¹¹ τιμῆς ἀργυρίου τάλαν]τα δέκ[α κ]αὶ ¹² δραχμὰς τετρ[ακισ-χι]λείας, ¹³ γ(ίνονται) (τάλ.) ι (δρ.) Δ, ἅ[ς καὶ] αὐτόθι ἀπέσχον ¹⁴ παρὰ σοῦ ἐκ [πλήρους] διὰ χειρός, ¹⁵ τῆς βεβαιώσ[α]ι[ως] (1. -σε[ως]) . .] ἄλλην [(not κ]ατ(ὰ) τὴν apparently) πᾶσαν ¹⁶ βεβαίωσιν ὃ[.]. ε[. . .]τι διὰ παν- ¹⁷ τὸς καὶ ἀπὸ παν[τὸς τοῦ] ἐπελευσομέ[νο]ν. ¹⁸ κυρία ἢ πρᾶσις ἀπλή [γ]ρ[α]φείσα, καὶ ἐπ[ε]ρωτ[ηθ(εῖς)] ¹⁹ ὁμολόγησα. ²⁰ ὑπατίας τῶν δεσποτῶν ἡμῶν ²¹ Μαξιμιανοῦ τὸ η καὶ Μαξιμίνου ²² τὸ β Αὐγούστων Φαρμοῦθι η. ²³ (2nd h.) Αὐρήλιος Ἀράχθης (αχ corr. from χ; cf. 1430. 5) πέπρακα τὸν ὄνον ²⁴ καὶ ἀπέσχον τὴν τιμὴν ὡς πρόκιτε (1. -ται). ²⁵ Αὐρήλιος Σερήνος ἔγραψα [υ] ὑπὲρ αὐτοῦ ²⁶ γράμματα μὴ εἰδ(ότος) (εἰδ() corr. from vos).

1709. 3.4 × 10.4 cm. A. D. 224. Beginning of a sale drawn up before two ἀσχο-
λούμενοι ὡνὴν ἀγορανομείου; cf. 1208-9, where there was only one ἀσχολούμενος,
and 1706, where there were two ἐπιτηρηταί, and 1208. 2, n. The lower part
of the contract was cut off. ¹ Ἔτους γ Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου
² Σεουήρου Ἀλεξάνδρου Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς Σεβαστοῦ ³ Ὑπερβερεταίου ζ μηνὸς
Καισαρίου ζ ἐν Ὀξυ- ⁴ ρύγχων πόλει ἐπὶ Αὐρηλίου Θεώνος καὶ τοῦ ⁵ σὺν αὐτῷ
ἀσχολουμένων ὡνὴν ἀγορανομ(είου). ⁶ ἐπρίατο Αὐρήλιος Πλουτίων Ζώϊλου (ζωῖλ.)
μητρ(ος) Τε- ⁷ χ[.]. ἀπ' Ὀξυρύνχων πόλεως ὡς (ἐτῶν) ⁸ [24 l.] . φ Δημητρί|—.

(3) Loans and Deposits.

1710. 17.5 × 21.2 cm. A. D. 148. On the verso of 1622 (Thuc. ii). An
incomplete contract in a large irregular hand for the loan of 160 drachmae
from Ἀλέξ[ανδ]ρος Ἀγαθοῦτος to Κλανδία Τεχ[—, concluding ¹⁴ — κ]υρία ἢ ἰδιό-
¹⁵ [γραφό]ς μο[ν] χεῖρ παντ[α]χῇ ἐπι- ¹⁶ [φερομ]ένη καὶ παντὶ [τ]ῷ ἐπιφέ- ¹⁷ [ρουντι.
(ἐτους)] ια Αὐτοκράτορος Καί[σ]αρ[ο]ς ¹⁸ [τίτου Αἰ]λίου Ἀδριανοῦ Ἀντωνείνου
¹⁹ [Σεβασ]τοῦ Εὐσεβοῦς Μεχέρ κα.
1711. 12.5 × 17.4 cm. Late third century, in the 2nd year of an emperor (l. 10).
Contract in duplicate for the loan of 2 talents 4,800 drachmae, interest
at the usual rate of 1 per cent. a month being payable only for overtime.
The lender was a friend or relative (client?) of a *ducenarius*; cf. ἴδιος in
1722. 2. ¹ Αὐρήλιος Ἀλέξανδρος Ἀλεξάνδρου μητρὸς ² Διδύμης ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς
καὶ λαμπρο- ³ τάτης Ὀξύρυγχειτῶν πόλεως Αὐρηλίῳ ⁴ Γελασίῳ ἰδίῳ (ἴδ.) Αὐρηλίῳ
Ἐθερίῳ (l. Αἰθερ.) τοῦ κρα(τίστου) ⁵ δουκηναρίου (cf. 1643. 1-3, n.) χαίρειν.
ὁμολογῶ ἐσχηκέναι ⁶ παρὰ σοῦ ἐν χρήσει ἀργυρίου Σεβαστοῦ ⁷ νομίσματος τάλαντα
δύο καὶ δρα- ⁸ χμὰς τετρακισχειλίας ὀκτακοσίας, ⁹ ἅπερ ἐπάναγκες ἀποδώσειν σοι
ἔως δε- ¹⁰ κάτης Ἀθὺρ τοῦ ἰσιόντος (ἰσ.) γ (ἐτους) τῆς εὐνχεσ- ¹¹ τάτης ταύτης

βασιλείας χωρὶς πάσης ὑπερ-¹² θέσεως καὶ εὐρησιλογείας, εἰ δὲ μή, ἐ-¹³ κτείσειν σοι τοῦ ὑπερπεσόντος χρό-¹⁴ νου τόκον δραχμιαῖον ἐκάστης ¹⁵ μνᾶς τοῦ μηνὸς ἐκ[ά]στου, γεινο-¹⁶ μένης σοι τῆς πράξεω[s ἐκ] τε ἐμοῦ¹⁷ καὶ ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχό[ντων μοι] πάν-¹⁸ των. κύριον τὸ [χειρόγραφον? δι]σσὸν ¹⁹ γραφὲν παντα[χοῦ ἐπιφερόμενον] καὶ ²⁰ [παντὶ τῷ ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ ἐπιφέροντι, καὶ ἐ]πε-²¹ [ρωτηθεὶς ὑπὸ σοῦ ὡμολόγησα. Lines 19-21 are better preserved in the second copy.

1712. 9.8 x 12.5 cm. A.D. 394. Beginning of an acknowledgement of a loan from an *optio familiae*, probably of the praefect. With this new kind of *optio* cf. *optio carceris* in Dessau, *Inscr.* 2117, &c., *custodiarum* 2436, and especially *optio praet(orii)* 2439 (cf. Domaszewski, *Rangordnung*, p. 44), C. I. L. iii. 5803, 7765, viii. 2947, x. 7583, from the residences of provincial governors. The *familia praefecti* may perhaps be compared to the *familia castrensis* or *castrorum imperatoris* (Dessau 1747, 3465, 9028). As Rostowzew observes, the private household of the praefect seems to have been organized on a military basis, like his *officia*. The head of these was the *centurio princeps* (1637. 10, n.), to whom the *optio praetorii* or *familiae praetoriae* was subordinate. The praenomen Flavius of the consul Abundantius (l. 2) was previously unknown. About 20 letters seem to be lost at the ends of lines; cf. ll. 1 and 4-5. ¹ Μετὰ τὴν ὑπατείαν τοῦ δεσπότητος ἡμῶν Θεοδ[οσίου τοῦ αἰωνίου] Αὐγ[ουστου] τὸ γ ² καὶ Φλαουίου Ἀβου[ν]δαντίου τοῦ λαμπροτάτου — ³ Φλαουίῳ Δομνίνῳ ὀπτιόνι φαμιλίας ἡ[γεμονικῆς? — ⁴ Αὐρήλιος Φοιβάμμων Θέωνος ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμπροτά- ⁵ [τ]ῆς Ὀξυρυγχειτῶν πόλεως χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ ἐσχηκέναι παρὰ ⁶ [σοῦ διὰ χειρὸς?] ἐνταῦθα τῇ Ὀξυρι[γχειτῶν πόλει — ⁷ [. . . εἰς τὴν ἰδίαν] μου καὶ ἀναγκαίαν χρεῖαν — ⁸ [12 l. τ]ὸ δημόσιον λόγον μ[— ⁹ [13 l.] ὑπὸ τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ —. Verso ¹⁰ γραμμάτιον [—.

1713. 22.6 x 14.3 cm. A.D. 279. Contract for the receipt of a deposit of 148 talents 1,280 drachmae, to be returned at the depositor's will; cf. 1714, P. Strassb. 54, Tebt. 387. The document has been crossed through, showing that the deposit was repaid. ¹ Αὐρή[λιος] Σερῆνος ὁ καὶ Σαραπίων (cf. 1631. 1, n.) ² ἀπὸ τῆ[s λ]αμπρᾶς καὶ λαμπροτάτης Ὀξυρυγ- ³ χειτῶν (-ρυγ'χ.) πόλεως Αὐρηλίῳ Ἀρποκρατίωνι ⁴ καὶ ὡς χρηματίζει χαίρειν. ⁵ ὁμολογῶ ἐσχηκέναι παρὰ σοῦ ἐν παραθέσει ⁶ ἀργυρίου Σεβαστοῦ καινοῦ νομίσματος ⁷ τάλαντα ἑκατὸν τεσσαράκοντα ὀκτὼ ⁸ δραχμὰς χειλίας διακοσίας ὀγ[ο]δοήκοντα, ⁹ γ[ίνονται] (τάλ.) ρμη (δρ.) Ἀσπ, ἀπερ σοι ἀποκαταστήσω ¹⁰ ὅποτεν αἰρήν ἀνυπερθέτως ἢ τῷ ὑπ[ὸ] σοῦ ¹¹ διαπεμφθησο- μένῳ ἢ καὶ κατὰ μέρος ¹² ἐπιστείλαντός σου καθ' ἐκάστην δόσιν γράμματα ¹³ ὁμολογίας ὧν βουληθείης ἐξοδιασθῆναι, ¹⁴ εἰς δὲ τὴν συμπλήρωσιν τοῦ προκειμένου ¹⁵ παντὸς κεφαλίου (l. -αίου) ἀναδιδόντος σου ἢ ἀποστέλ- ¹⁶ λοντός σου ἐμοὶ δι' οὐ πέμπεις ἐπὶ τὸ ὑπόλοι- ¹⁷ πον τοῦ ἀργυρίου ταῦτά μου τὰ γράμματα. ¹⁸ κύρια τὰ τῆς παραθήκης γράμματα ἀπλᾶ ¹⁹ γραφέντα ὄντα μου ἰδιόγραφα (ἰδ.), καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ²⁰ ὡμολόγησα.

(ἔτους) € Αὐτοκράτορος Καίσαρος ²¹ Μάρκου Αὐρηλίου Πρόβου Περσικοῦ Μεγίστου Γοττικοῦ (γοτ'τ.) ²² Μεγίστου Γερμανικοῦ Μεγίστου Εὐσεβοῦς Εὐτυχοῦς ²³ Σεβαστοῦ Φαῶφι κγ.

- 1714.** 6 × 21.1 cm. Probably A.D. 285-304. Beginning of a contract in duplicate for a deposit of money (110 talents?), similar to 1713. The restorations in ll. 1-6 are derived from Col. ii. Col. i: ¹[Αὐρηλία Ἀπία Ἀμμωνίου μητρὸς] Θαήσιος ἀπὸ τῆς ²[λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμπροτάτης Ὁ]ξυρ[υ]γχειτῶν (-γ'χ.) π[ό]λεως ³[χωρὶς κυρίου χρηματίζουσα] κατὰ τὰ Ῥωμαίων ἔθνη τέκνων (-ῶ) ⁴δικαίῳ Αὐρηλίῳ Ἀμοί Θέωνος μητρὸς Ἀμμωνίλλης ⁵ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ ἔχειν σου ⁶[κατὰ παραθ[ή]κην ἀκίνδυνον παντὸς κινδύνου ⁷[καὶ ἀνυπόλογον παντὸς ὑπολό]γου ἀργυρίου Σεβαστῶν (-ῶ) ⁸[νομίσματος τάλαντα ἑκατὸν? δέ]κα, ὅπερ ἐπάναγκές (-γ'κ.) ⁹[σοι ἀποκαταστήσω κτλ. (cf. 1713. 9 sqq.). The joint reign in l. 7 probably refers to Diocletian and Maximian.

(4) Receipts.

- 1715.** 22.5 × 10.2 cm. A.D. 292. An acknowledgement of the repayment of 2 talents out of a loan of 6 talents, together with interest on the whole amount. ¹Αὐ[ρ]ήλιος Ὠρίων Θώνιος μητρὸς ²Θερ[μ]ουθίου ἀπὸ τῆς λαμπρᾶς καὶ λαμπρο- ³τάτ[η]ς Ὁξ[υ]ρυγχειτῶν πόλ[ε]ως δ[ι]ὰ ἀγε- ⁴τμοι[.]αιετερ- [.] ιεσουήριος Αὐρηλίῳ ⁵Ἀγαθῷ Δαίμονι Ἀ[γα]θ[ο]ῦ Δαίμονος μητρὸς ⁶Εὐδαιμονίδος ἀπ[ὸ] τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ⁷διὰ τῆς γυναικ[ὸ]ς Αὐρηλίας Ἀπολλωνίδ[ε]ως ⁸χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ ἀπεσχηκέναι παρὰ σοῦ ⁹ἀφ' ὧν ὀφίλεις μ[ο]ι καὶ γραφῇ (l. κατὰ γραφῇν) χειρογρά- ¹⁰φου ἀργυρ[ί]ου τάλαντων ἕξ τοὺς μὲν ¹¹τόκους τῶν ὅλων τάλαντων ἕξ πλή- ¹²ρης μέχρι Παχῶν καὶ αὐτοῦ Παχῶν τοῦ ¹³ἐνεστώτος η (ἔτους) καὶ ζ (ἔτ.), καὶ ἀπὸ τοῦ ¹⁴κεφαλαίου ἄλλων ἀργυρίου τάλαντων (-τῶ) ¹⁵δύο, ὧ[σ]τε] λοιπὰ [δ]φίλεισθαί μοι ἄλλα ¹⁶ἀργυρ[ί]ου τάλαντα τέσσαρα. κυρία ἡ ¹⁷ἀποχὴ ἀπλή γραφείσα, καὶ ἐπερω[τ]η[θ]εῖς ¹⁸ὁμολόγησα. (ἔτ.) η (ἔτ.) Αὐτοκράτορος ¹⁹Καίσαρος Γαίου (γαῖου) Αὐρηλίου Οὐαλερίου ²⁰Δι[ο]κλητιανοῦ καὶ (ἔτ.) ζ (ἔτ.) Αὐτοκράτορος ²¹Καίσαρος Μάρκου [Αὐ]ρηλίου Οὐαλερίου ²²Μαξι[μ]ιανοῦ Γερμανικῶν Μεγίστων (-τῶ) ²³Εὐσ[ε]β[ί]ων Εὐτυ[χ]ῶν Σεβαστῶν ²⁴Ἐπε[λ]φ. (2nd h.) Αὐρηλίου Ὠρίων ἀπέσ- ²⁵χ[ον] τοῖς τό[κ]ους καὶ ἀπὸ τοῦ και- ²⁶φ[α]λαίου (l. κεφ.) τάλ[αν]τα δύο (l. δύο) ὡς π[ρ]ό- ²⁷κειται, καὶ ἐπερω[τ]η[θ]εῖς ὁμολόγησα.

- 1716.** 24.1 × 12.2 cm. A.D. 333. An acknowledgement on behalf of a *vir perfectissimus*, who had been a *procurator*, of the repayment of a loan of 300 talents, special provision being made, as in 1133, for the circumstance that the original deed of loan was lost. The name Domitius of the consul Zenophilus (l. 2) was previously unknown. At the end is an early instance of the formula δι' ἐμοῦ . . . ἐγράφη, on which see 1627. 29, n. ¹Υπατίας Φλαουίου Δαλματίου ἀ[δ]ελφ[ο]ῦ τοῦ δεσπότης ἡμῶν ²Κωνσταντίνου Αὐγούστου καὶ

Δομιττίου (-τ'τ.) Ζηνοφίλου ³ τῶν λαμπροτάτων Φαρμούθι ιδ. ⁴ Φλασούιος (-ίος) Σεπτίμιος Σερήν[ο]ς Ἀπολλώνιος διαση- ⁵ μότατος ἀπὸ ἐπιτρόπων δι' ἐμοῦ Ἐπαγάθω (l. -θου) ἰδίου (ἰδ.) ⁶ Αὐρηλίου Πάλεξ Παράμμων[ο]ς μη(τρός) Θαήσιος καὶ τῇ γυναι- ⁷ κὶ Σινθῶνι Θωνίου μη(τρός) Σαραπιάδος ἀμφοτέροις (οἱ corr. from ω) ἀπὸ ⁸ τῆς λαμ(πρᾶς) καὶ λαμ(προτάτης) Ὁξυρυγχιτῶν πόλεως. ⁹ ὁμολογῶ ἀπεσχηκέναι καὶ ἡριθμῆσθε (l. -σθαι) παρ' ὑμῶν (ὑμ.) ¹⁰ τὰ εὐχρη[σ]τηθέντα ὑμῶν ὑπ' ἐμοῦ ἀργυρίου τάλαν- ¹¹ τα τριακόσια ἀκολούθως ᾧ ἔθεστέ (l. -σθέ) μοι περὶ αὐτ[ῶ]ν ¹² γραμματ[ί]ω,] κ[αὶ] διὰ τὸ π[α]ρ[α]πεπτοκέναι (l. -πτωκ.) τοῦτο κ[αὶ] ἀπο- ¹³ λελωκέναι (l. -λωλεκέναι) καὶ μ[ὴ] ἐῴρηκέναι πρὸς ἀπ[ο]κατάστασιν ¹⁴ ὑμῶν (ὑμ.) ἐντεῦθεν μηδὲν ὑμῶν περὶ τούτου ἐνκαλεῖν ¹⁵ μηδὲ ἐνκαλέσιν μηδὲ ἐπελεύσασθα[ι] κ[αθ'] ὄντιναοῦν ¹⁶ τρ[ό]πον τρόπῳ μηδὲν παρευρ[ε]σι μη[δ]εμιᾶ (2nd μ corr.), ἄκυρόν ¹⁷ τε καὶ ἀνίσχυρον (-ίσχ.) καὶ ἀνεπίφορον εἶναι τὸ αὐτὸ περὶ ¹⁸ αὐτῶν γενόμενον γραμματίον ἐμοί τε καὶ πᾶσι τοῖς ¹⁹ ὑπὲρ ἐμοῦ ἐπιφέρουσιν. κύρια τὰ τῆς [δ]ημολογίας καὶ ἀνε- ²⁰ κλησίας (cf. 1717. 3) καὶ ἀποχῆς γράμματα ἀπλᾶ γραφέντα, καὶ ἐπερω- ²¹ τηθεὶς ὡμολ[ό]γησα. (2nd h.) ²² Φλασούιος (second o corr. from ω) [.] Ἀπολλώνιος δι' ἐμοῦ Ἐπα- ²³ γάθου (ου corr. from ω) ἰδίου (ου corr. from ων) ἔσχον τὰ τοῦ ἀργυρίου (ου corr. from ω) ²⁴ τάλαν(τα) τριακόσια{s} (o corr. from ω) καὶ οὐδὲν (ν corr.) ἐν- ²⁵ καλῶ οὐδὲ ἐν' καλέσω (ω corr. from αν) κα[ὶ] ἄκυρον (o corr. from η) ²⁶ ἵναι (ἴν., ν corr.) τὸ (o corr. from ω) περὶ αὐ(τῶν) {εἶναι} γρα(μμά)τι(ν)ον (ρ corr.) ²⁷ ὥς πρόκιτε (l. πρόκειται). Αὐρήλιος Παπνούτις ²⁸ Χωούτος ἔγραψα (γ corr. from ρ) ὑπὲρ[.] (ὑπ.) αὐτο(ῦ) γράμ(μα)- ²⁹ τα μὴ εἰδός. ³⁰ (3rd h.) δι' ἐμοῦ Σωτᾶ ἐγρ(άφη). κ[αὶ] ἀνε[π]ίφ[ο]ρο[ν] (cf. l. 17) is probable in 1133. 13.

1717. 7.5 × 17.7 cm. A.D. 258. Conclusion of a receipt in duplicate for wages of nursing; cf. 91 (187). Col. i has lost the first halves of the lines. Col. ii: ¹ [π]ροφάσει τῶν τρ[ο]φείων [μηδενὸς οὐτινοοῦν (restored from Col. i) ² ἀπλῶς μέχρ[ι] τῆς ἐνεστώσης ἡμέ[ρ]ας. κύρια τὰ ³ τῆς ἀποχῆς τῶν τροφείων καὶ [ἀ]νεκλησίας ⁴ γράμματα τετρασὰ γραφέντα πρὸς τὸ ἐκάτε- ⁵ ρον μέρος ἔχειν δισδόν, ἅπερ ὀπηνίκα ἐὰν αἰ- ⁶ ρῶνται ἢ καὶ τις (is corr. from η) αὐτῶν δημοσιώσεις διὰ τοῦ κα- ⁷ ταλογείου, οὐ προσδεόμενοι τῆς τοῦ ἐτέρου μετα- ⁸ λήψεως διὰ τὸ ἐντεῦθεν εὐδοκεῖν ἡμᾶς τῇ ⁹ γεινομένη δημοσιώ[σει], καὶ ἐπερωτήσαντες ἄλ- ¹⁰ λήλους ὁμολογ[ή]σαμεν. (ἔτους) εἰς Αὐτοκρατόρων ¹¹ Κα[ὶ]σάρων Πουπλίου Λικ[ιν]νίου Οὐαλερια[νοῦ] καὶ ¹² Πουπλίου Λικιννίου Οὐαλε[ρ]ιαν[οῦ] Γα[λλ]ιαν[οῦ] ¹³ Γερμανικῶν Μεγίστων Εὐσεβῶν Εὐτυχῶν καὶ ¹⁴ Π[ο]ύπλου Λικιννίου Κορνηλίου Οὐαλεριανοῦ τοῦ ¹⁵ ἐπιφανεστάτου Καίσαρος Σε[β]αστῶν [Μεχ]ε[ν] (?) κ. Signatures may have followed.

1718. 26.4 × 10.5 cm. A.D. 292-304. Parts of two columns of a series of receipts for various official payments, Col. i having only a few letters from the ends of lines, while in Col. ii, as is shown by l. 14, about 28 letters are lost at the ends of lines. One receipt for 23 talents 560 $\frac{2}{3}$ denarii is fairly intelligible. Col. ii: ¹ Αὐρήλιος Ἱερακίων (ἱερ.) ὁ καὶ . [— τῆς λαμ(πρᾶς) ² καὶ

λαμ(προτάτης) Ὁξυρυχιτῶν πόλεως — χαίρειν. ἀπέσχον³ καὶ ἡρίθμημαι παρὰ σοῦ εἰς τὸν — ⁴ Αὐρηλίου Ζηναγένους [— λόγον, μεθ' ἃ ἐξωδία- ⁵ σάς μοι εἰς τὸν (τ corr. from λογ.) τοῦ αὐτοῦ — λόγον ὑπὲρ τῆς ⁶ προτέρας ἐτήσεως (l. αἰτ.) ἀργυρίου (τάλαντα) . . (δηνάρια) ⁷ ἄλλα ἀργυρίου (τάλ.) κε [— ⁸ τοῖς κυρίοις λόγον [— ⁹ (τάλ.) κγ (δηνάρια) φξβ/ πλήρης. κυρία ἢ ἀποχή γ (= τρισσὴ) γραφεῖσα, ἣν ¹⁰ ἐξεδόμην τῷ μὲν στρα(τηγῷ) [δισσὴν, σοὶ δὲ μοναχὴν ? (cf. 1260. 18), καὶ ἐπερωτηθεὶς ¹¹ ὁμολόγησα. [(ἔτους) . . καὶ (ἔτ.) . . τῶν κυρίων ἡμῶν ¹² Διοκλητιανοῦ καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ Σεβαστῶν καὶ (ἔτ.) . . ¹³ τῶν κυρίων ἡμῶν [Κωνσταντίου καὶ Μαξιμιανοῦ τῶν ¹⁴ ἐπιφανεστάτων Καίσαρων — ¹⁵ Ἱερακίων (ἱερ.) καὶ ὡς χρημα(τί)ζω [ἔσχον τὰ — ¹⁶ (τάλ.) κγ (δηνάρια) φξβ/ [— ¹⁷ Μεχείρ. Διονυσίῳ τῷ [καὶ — καὶ ¹⁸ Αὐρηλίου Ἀγαθείῳ [— ¹⁹ Αὐρήλιος Διονύσιος — τῆς λαμ(πρᾶς) ²⁰ καὶ λαμ(προτάτης) Ὁξυρυχιτῶν [πόλεως — ²¹ μου χαίρειν. ἀπέσχον —. On the verso is a letter (1491).

1719. 16.6 × 11.2 cm. A.D. 204. Receipt, similar to 1646, for the money portion of rent for corn-land at Syron (cf. 1659. 38). ω is often written for ο. ¹ Ζωίλος κ[αί] Σωσία ἀμφοτέροι Ζωίλου ² μητρὸς Αἰλίας Πριμιαυ[τί]ς τῆς καὶ ³ Πρεμεστίνης ἀμφ[ότ]εροι Ἀντι- ⁴ νωεῖς δι' ἐμοῦ τοῦ Ζωίλου Διδύμω ⁵ Θέωνος θέσει Διδύμου ἀπ' Ὁξυρύγχων ⁶ πόλεως χαίρειν. ἀπέσχωμεν ⁷ παρὰ σοῦ τὰς ἐπιβαλλούσας ἡμῖν ὑπὲρ ⁸ ἀργυρίου φόρου[ς] ὧν γεωργίς ἡμῶν ⁹ καὶ τοῦ ὠμωπατρίου ἀδελφοῦ Διονυσίου- ¹⁰ μωνος περὶ Σύρων κώμην σιτικῶν ¹¹ [σιτικῶν] ἐδαφῶν δραχμὰς χιλίας, ¹² μένοντος ἡμῖν τοῦ λ[ό]γ[ο]ν (ν corr.) περὶ τε τοῦ ὦ- ¹³ φλωμένου (l. ὀφειλομ.) ἡμῖν πυροῦ ἐν θέματι ¹⁴ καὶ χόρτου (first ο corr.) τῶν πάντων τοῦ ἐνεστώ- ¹⁵ τος δωδεκάτου ἔτους. κυρία ἢ ἀπ[ο]- ¹⁶ χῆ οὐσά μου εἰδιώγραφος τοῦ Ζωίλου. ¹⁷ ἔτους δωδεκάτου (first δ corr.) τῶν κυρίων Αὐτοκρατόρων ¹⁸ [Σ]εουήρου καὶ Ἀντωνίνου [[κ[αί] Γέτα]] Καيسάρων Σεβαστῶν ¹⁹ Παχὼν λ.

1720. 4.8 × 11.4 cm. On vellum. Fourth century. Beginning of a receipt for the payment (probably in advance; cf. 1639. int.) of the price of 110 jars of wine, which are in l. 5 called both σικώματα and δι(πλᾶ). σικώματα is probably a mistake for σηκώματα, a word occurring as a measure in P. Cairo 10070 (= P. Oxy. xv. 1856; A.D. 577), where 3,000 σηκώματα ὀκτάξεστα of wine are paid. The village Βερκύ (l. 2) is new. ¹ Αὐρηλία Θέκλα γυν(ῆ) Παπνουθίου ² ἀπὸ κώμης Βερκύ Αὐρηλίου ³ (Ἐ)λένη Παπεντῶς (l. Παποντῶτος) χαίρειν. ὁμολογῶ ⁴ ἐσχηκέναι παρὰ σοῦ τὴν τιμὴν οἶνον ⁵ σικώματα (l. σηκώματα) ἑκατὸν δέκα, δι(πλῶν) ρι, ⁶ τῷ κύρῳ Τού(σ?)κῳ καρπω ρυ | —.

(5) *Miscellaneous Contracts.*

1721. Fr. 1 12.8 × 9 cm. A.D. 187. Contract between Platonis also called Ophelia (cf. 1647. int.) and a woman called Heras concerning an inheritance from Hermias, the maternal grandfather of Heras and by adoption father of

Platonis' deceased husband, part of which was to be given to Platonis' two sons. The main provision of the document, which begins like 1638 with a long clause headed by ἐπεὶ, is not reached, and Fr. 2, containing the lower portion of the papyrus, is blank. Probably the contract was of the nature of a settlement of claims, like 1638. ¹ Πλατωνὶς ἡ καὶ Ὠφελία Ὠρίωνος μη-
²τρὸς Διογενίδος ἀπ' Ὀξυρύγχων πόλεως μετὰ κυ- ³ρίου τοῦ ὁμογενεῖος ἀδελφοῦ
Πλάτωνος Ἡράτι ⁴ Ἀπίωνος μητρὸς Ἡραΐδος (-ῖδ.) ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ⁵ μετὰ
κυρί[ο]ν τοῦ ἀνδρὸς Ἡρώδου Ἀπολλωνίου τοῦ ⁶ καὶ Διδύμου ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως
χαίρειν. ἐπεὶ ⁷ δι' ἧς ἔθετο ὁ σοῦ μὲν κατὰ μητέρα πάππος, τοῦ δὲ ⁸ μετῃλλαχότος μου
ἀνδρὸς Θέωνος τοῦ καὶ Ἑρμίου θέ- ⁹ σει πατήρ, Ἑρμίας Ἑρμοῦ μητ[ρὸς] Ἡρακλείας
ἀπὸ τῆς ¹⁰ αὐτῆς πόλεως διὰ τοῦ ἐνθάδε ἀγορανομείου τῷ Φαρ- ¹¹ μούθῃ μὴνι τοῦ
ἐνεστώτος ἐβδόμου καὶ εἰκοστοῦ ¹² ἔτους Αὐρηλίου Κομμόδου Ἀντωνίνου Καίσαρος
¹³ τοῦ κυρίου ἐπὶ σφραγίδων διαθήκης, ἐφ' ἧ ἄμε- ¹⁴ ταθέτω ἐτελεύ(τη)σεν, τῇ καὶ
λυθίσῃ, κληρονόμους ¹⁵ ἡμᾶς ἀμφοτέρως καταλείψα[ς] τῶν μεθ' ἃς πώσας (ο corr.
from η or υ?) ¹⁶ διέταξεν, ἡθέλησεν οὖν ἡμᾶς τοῖς ἀφήλιξι ἐμ[οῦ] ¹⁷ τε καὶ τοῦ
προτεταγμένου μετῃλλαχότος μου ¹⁸ ἀνδρὸς υἱοῖς, τῷ μὲν μείζονι αὐτῶν Πανσ[ύρει]
¹⁹ τῷ καὶ Ἑρμ. . . . [ἐ]ξαίρετον ε . [.] ρι . [.] . . . [.] with remains of 2 more
lines. On the verso in a different hand are the ends of 6 lines.

1722. 8.4 × 11.3 cm. Late third or early fourth century. Fragment from the beginning of an agreement with a *princeps* of a praefect (cf. 1637. 10, n.), one of the parties being from Eleutherapolis in Syria (i. e. Eleutherapolis near Jerusalem). The precise extent of the lacunae at the beginnings and ends of lines is not clear, but probably very little is lost at the ends. ¹ — πρί]νκιπι
τοῦ διασημοτάτου ἡγουμένου Αἰγύπτου ² [διὰ —] Μαργαρίου ἰδίου (ῖδ.) ³ —] νίον
ἀπὸ Συρίας Ἐλευθεραπόλεως καὶ Ζώσιμο[ς] . . . ⁴ — καὶ Ἀλέξα]νδρος Διονυσίου
Ἀλεξανδρεὺς (υ corr. from φ) καὶ Αἰωνᾶς (αἰώ.) [.] . . ⁵ — καταμέ]νοντες ἐν τῇ
λαμ(πρῶ) καὶ λαμ(προτάτῃ) Ὀξυρυγχιτῶν (-ρυγ'χ.) πόλει [⁶ —] ὁμολογοῦμεν διὰ
τ[αύτης ⁷ —]. τ. [—.

1723. 6.4 × 6.5 cm. B.C. 114–108. Fragment from the beginning of a contract written in the reign of Cleopatra III and Ptolemy Soter II, apparently mentioning the name of the priest of Alexander, a rare phenomenon in the later Ptolemaic period. ¹ Βασιλευόντων Κλεοπάτρας θεᾶς [Εὐεργέτιδος καὶ Πτο-
² [λ]εμαίου θεῶν Φιλομητόρων Σωτ[ή]ρων ἔτους — ἐφ' ἱερέως? — ³ [.] . . .] ροάδου τὰ
δ' ἄλλα τῶν [κοινῶν ὡς ἐν Ἀλεξανδρείᾳ ⁴ [γράφ]εται μὴνὸς Ὑπερβερε[ταίου καὶ
Μεσορῆ ⁵ [.] . . .] . η καὶ ἱκὰς Ὑβι γ' ἐν Ὀξυρ[ύ]γχων πόλει τῆς ⁶ [Θη]βαίδος. ὁμολογεῖ
Ἡ[— ⁷ [.] . . .] ετα μετὰ κυρίου Δ[— ⁸ [Μακ]εδόνος τῆς η [ἱππαρχίας? —.

(6) *Abstracts of Contracts.*

1724. 18.1 x 35.2 cm. Early third century. Two columns, the first much damaged and both incomplete at the bottom, of a list of abstracts of contracts, similar to 1648-9; cf. 1648. int. The date is after the death of Commodus (l. 6), probably in the reign of Severus. Col. i: παρα-] ¹χωρήσαί σοι τὰ καὶ αὐτῇ εἰς τὴν ἐνεστῶσα[ν] ἡμέραν ²[ὑ]πάρχοντα, ὧν ἐστὶν τὸ καθ' ἑν' ³[ἐν μ]ὲν τῇ μητροπόλει ἐπ' ἀμφόδου Ἑρῶν ο[ί]κίας β ⁴[σὺ]ν χρηστηρίοις. ⁵[διὰ] χρηματισμοῦ γενομένου διὰ τοῦ ἐν Ἑρμοῦ πόλ(ει) τῇ μεγάλῃ ⁶[γραφεῖ]ον τῷ κε (ἔτει) θεοῦ Κομμόδου Μ[εσο]ρῇ πρότερον Διονυσίου Κάστορος ⁷[περὶ τ]ῇν π[ρο]-κειμένην Χῶσιν κωμογρα(μματείας) Πα[σ]κῶ ⁸[ἐκ τοῦ] Ἑρμοφίλου κλήρου [γ]ῆς (ἀπὸ) (ἀρουρῶν) γ (ἀρούρας) ⁹Δ, ⁹[καὶ ἐ]κ τοῦ Διονυσίου κλήρου [ἐν τ]ῷ νοτιῳ[ῳ] κ[αὶ] ἐ[ν] ἀπηλι- ¹⁰[ω]τικῷ μορίῳ (ἀρούρας) β, ¹¹[καὶ] ἐκ [τοῦ] αὐτοῦ κλήρου ἀπὸ (ἀρου.) [.] (ἀρού.) Δ, ¹²γ(ίνονται) ἐπ(ὶ τὸ αὐτὸ) σι(τικαὶ) (ἀρου.) [γ, ¹³[περὶ] Ἰ[βι]ῶνα (ἱ[βι.] Χύσιος ἐκ τοῦ Ἑρμοφίλου ¹⁴[κλήρου] ἀμπέλου (ἀρού.) δ' α. — with parts of 4 more lines. Col. ii: ὑπαρ-] ¹⁵χούσης αὐτῷ ἐν κώμῃ Σερέπτα ἐν τοῖς ἀπὸ ἀπηλιώτο(ν) ²⁰μέρεσι τῆς κώμης οἰκίας καὶ ἀλλῆς καὶ χρηστη(ρίων). ²¹καὶ ὑπὸ (ὑπ.) τοῦ αὐτοῦ Ἀρίστωνος καθ' ἕτερον αὐτοῦ χειρόγρα(φον) ²²δισσὸν ἀργ(υρίου) (δρ.) Γ καὶ ἴσαι (ἴσ.) τόκον. ²³καὶ ὑπὸ (ὑπ.) Ἀρμύσιος Ἀρμύσιος μητρὸς Ἡράτος ἀπὸ τῆς α(ὐτῆς) πόλ(εως) ²⁴ὁμοί(ως) κατὰ χειρόγρα(φον) αὐτοῦ δισσὸν ἀργ(υρ.) (δρ.) Ἀχ κεφαλαίου ²⁵καὶ ἴσαι (ἴσ.) τόκον. ²⁶καὶ ὑπὸ (ὑπ.) Σαραπίωνος Ἡρακλείδου τοῦ Ἀσκληπιάδου μητρὸς ²⁷Θ[ε]ρμουθίου ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως ὁμοί(ως) κατὰ χειρόγρα(φον) αὐτοῦ ²⁸παραθήκης β (= δισσὸν) ἀργ(υρ.) (δρ.) Δυ. ²⁹καὶ ὑπὸ (ὑπ.) Πτολεμαίου τοῦ καὶ Ἀντιόχου υἱοῦ (ὑίου) Πτολεμαίου Δείου ³⁰γυ[μ]νασιαρχήσαντος] τῆς α(ὐτῆς) πόλ(εως) καὶ εὐθηνιάρχῃσαντος τῆς λαμπροτάτης πόλ(εως) τῶν ³¹Ἀλ[εξαν]δρέων τὸ κατασταθ[έν] μ[έ]ρος τοῦ παρατεθέντος ³²τ[.] ναύλου Πτολεμαίῳ [τῷ] Ἀγαθοῦ κατὰ [χε]ιρόγ[ρ]α(φον) ³³[αὐτοῦ] παραθήκης β (= δισσὸν) ἀργ(υρ.) (τάλαντον) α, τὸ καὶ δημοσι(ωθέν) καὶ μεταδοθὲν τοῖς ε. . . ³⁴[.] Διογένης[ι] τῷ καὶ Θ[ε]ων[ι] καὶ Δε[λ]φ[ῳ] τῷ [καὶ] Διογένης with remains of 2 more lines. Πα[σ]κῶ (l. 7) was a district in the north of the Hermopolite nome, but Chusis was in the Oxyrhynchite nome; cf. 1659. int. and 1637. 27, n.

1725. 15 x 42.7 cm. After A.D. 229. On the verso of an account (1727). The middle part of three columns of a similar list of abstracts of contracts covering the period from Antoninus Pius to Severus Alexander; cf. 1648. int. Col. i: after remains of 2 lines, ³[.] ματος αὐτῆς [17 l.] . καὶ ἡ παρέθ[ετο] ⁴διακατοχῇ ἀπὸ τῶν διὰ τοῦ χρ[η]ματισμοῦ ὑπαρχόντων ⁵τὰς περὶ Παίμιν (ἀρούρας) ιβ[ι]ζ[ι]ξ'δ' ὡς ἡ ἀπογρα(φή) περιέχ(ει). ⁶τῷ ἐξ(ῆς) κς(ἔτει) θεοῦ Κομ(μ)όδου Φαμενῶθ ⁷διὰ γρα(φείου) μητροπ(όλεως) ⁷(in the margin αὐτ() εἰς ()) ἡγορά[α] (σθη) παρὰ Ἀμμωνίου τοῦ κ(αὶ) Σαραπίωνος Σαραπίωνος ⁸τοῦ Σαραπίωνος μητρὸς

Κρονοῦτ(ος) τῆς κ(αί) Σαραποῦτος ἐπ' ἀμφ(όδου) ⁹ Μυροβαλάνου οἰκ(ία) καὶ χρη(στή-
ρια), ὥς τὰ κατὰ νώτον ἐξῆς δη(λοῖ). ¹⁰ λ (ἔτει) μηνί Καισαρείῳ θ διὰ γ[ραφ(είου)
μη]τροπόλεως παρεχωρίθη(σαν) παρὰ ¹¹ Δημητρίας Ἀπολλω[νίου] τοῦ Παποντῶτος
π(ερί) Πέλα ¹² ἀπ[ὸ] (ἀρουρῶν) ιε (ἄρουραι) ζ[ε] μ[ε]τὰ τὰς παρ[α]χωρητίσας (l. -ηθείσας)
ἐτέροις ¹³ (ἀρούρας) γ τὰ λ[ο]ι(πά). ¹⁴ [(ἔτει) Αὐρηλίου καὶ Οὐί[ου] Καίσαρείου
ἐπαγομ]έγων α Σα[ρ]απ[ο]ν- [—]. Col. ii: after remains of 2 lines, ¹⁷ καὶ κατὰ νώτου
τοῦ ὅλου ὀνόματος ἢ α(ὐτῇ) διέστρωται (cf. 237. viii. 26, n.). ¹⁸ ἐν τῷ ἐξῆς τόμῳ
ἐπιπροσγινόμενῳ (in corr.) ¹⁹ ι (ἔτει) θεοῦ Αἰλίου Ἀντωνίνου Θωθ κ () ²⁰ τοῦ
Ἀρθώνιος ἀπὸ τῆς αὐτῆς πόλεως μεθ' ὑπομνή(ματος) ²¹ παρέθ(ετο) διαθήκ(ην)
(cf. 1649. 6) ἀνήκουσαν καὶ τῇ Τετεύρι (-εῦρι). ²² β (ἔτει) Σεονήρου Ἀθῦρ λ
[. . .] [μ]η(τρός) Ταυσοράπιος and parts of 4 more lines. Col. iii,
which is still less complete, mentions the 19th and 27th years (i. e. of Com-
modus) and η (ἔτει) Ἀλεξάνδρου Παῦνι (παῦ.) λ.

(7) Private Accounts.

1726. 12 × 11.5 cm. Early third century. On the verso of 1706 (a sale drawn up at the ἀγορανομεῖον of Oxyrhynchus in 207). A list of contracts drawn up on various days in Hathur, having at the end of each entry a sum and after this generally (but not in ll. 5-7) η with a stroke (omitted in l. 11) against it. The sums seem too large to be charges for drawing up the contract in question, being 84 drachmae in the case of a loan of 2,000 dr. (l. 7) and 16 dr. in that of a loan of 300 dr. (l. 10), and what η' means is obscure: $\frac{1}{8}$ is unlikely, and if it means 8 dr. (cf. the 16 dr. in ll. 5-6) as a charge for drawing up the contract, the sums preceding it (which are generally multiples of 8) are not accounted for. ¹ [Α]θῦρ. ² . . παραχω(ρήσεως) Ἡρακλείδ[ο]ν ³ γυμ(νασιάρχου) Ὀάσεως (δραχμαὶ) ξδ η'. ⁴ κα, [σ]ωμα(τισμοῦ) Διονυσίου τοῦ κ(αί) ⁵ Ἡρακλείδου διὰ λινούφω(ν) (δρ.) ις'. ⁶ κβ, σωμα(τισμοῦ) Θέωνο(ς) Ἱερακίω(νος) (ἱερ.) (δρ.) ις. ⁷ [κ]γ, δανε(ίου) (δραχμῶν) Β Αὐρηλ(ίου) Θέωνο(ς) (δρ.) πδ. ⁸ διαθ(ήκης) Πενήσιος Πλουτίω(νος) ⁹ Σενοπώθ(εως) (Σεναπώθεως is a village; cf. 1285. 103) δι(ὰ) Ἀμμω(νίου) Σουδᾶ(τος) (δρ.) νς η'. ¹⁰ [δα]ρε(ίου) (δρ.) τ Αὐρηλ(ίου) Σαραπ(ίωνος) ¹¹ δι(ὰ) (or [τοῦ κ(αί)]) Χαιρή(μονος) Χύσε(ως) (cf. 1637. 20, n.) (δρ.) ις η. ¹² κθ, [. . .] Φίλωνο(ς) δι(ὰ) Μελλᾶ ¹³ [. . .] () Κολόβ(ης) (a village in the Hermopolite nome; cf. P. Stud. Pal. x. 25 b. 11) (δρ.) μ η'. Traces of 2 more lines. The meaning of σωμα(τισμός) in this context is not clear; cf. Preisigke, *Fachwörter*, s. v.

1727. Fr. 1 18.2 × 34 cm. Late second or early third century. Fragment containing the middle parts of 4 columns of a list of receipts (?) from various persons for drugs, pitch, sauce, purple, papyrus, cedar oil, boxes, a pole, &c., apparently a shopkeeper's account. The writing is of a very cursive

character. Col. ii: ¹ Οὐαριανὸς[υ] πίσ[σης] ., ² Εὐδαίμονος σφ . ικ() (δραχμή) α, ³ [Β]ασιλέως γάρου (τριώβολον), ⁴ [Π]ανθανίου πορφύρας (δρ.) δ (πεντώβ.), ⁵ Νικάνορος σφ . ικ() (τετρώβ.), ⁶ Ἀλ[εξά]νδρου πλ . . () (δυόβ.), ⁷ [.] . φαρμάκ(ου) (δρ.) β (δβ.), ⁸ [.] . ψωκ(τοῦ?) [. . .], ⁹ [.] . τελ() [. . .], ¹⁰ [.] γάρου [. . .], ¹¹ [.] κιβωτ(οῦ) [. . .]. Col. iii: after parts of 2 lines, ¹⁴ Θεοδώρου [. . .] . [. . .] (δρ.) α, ¹⁵ Μώρου σφαίρου (δρ.) α (τριώβ.), ¹⁶ Σαραπάμμωνος κελλαρίου (πεντώβ.), ¹⁷ Ἰέρακος κελλαρίου (τριώβ.), ¹⁸ Πτολεμαίου σφ . ικ() (δβ.), ¹⁹ Ἡρακλᾶ καινῆς (δρ.) α (δβ.), ²⁰ Σαραπάμμωνος χαρτῶν (δρ.) ε (πεντώβ.), with parts of 5 more lines. Col. iv: after remains of 2 lines, ²⁸ Ἀνθεστ[ι]ας πίσσης [. . .], ²⁹ Ἀλεξάνδρου κοντ(οῦ) [. . .], ³⁰ Ὠρίωνος κεδρίας [. . .], ³¹ Ἀμμωνίου κεδρίας [. . .], ³² Διοσκόρου φαρμάκ(ου) [. . .], ³³ Ἡρακλείδου(ν) πορφύρας [. . .], with remains of 5 more lines. In σφ . ικ(), which occurs in ll. 2, 5, and 18 the doubtful ι may be η, but σμηκ() is unsuitable. For ψωκ(τοῦ?) in l. 8 cf. Hesychius ψωκτόν· τράπεζαν. καινῆς in l. 19 is obscure. On the verso is 1725, written after A. D. 229.

1728. 13.2 × 11.8 cm. Third century. On the recto is the upper part of an account of receipts and expenditure. On the verso is part of a similar account in the same hand. ¹ Λήμμα[τ(ος)] ² ἀλλαξίμων [(δραχμαῖ)] χκη, ³ ἀρ(ρ)α-βώνων [(δρ.)] ψδ, ⁴ ἄλλαι ἐν Ἡρακλέους [(δρ.)] ρ, ⁵ α' (= πρότου) λόγου Χαρίτωνος [(δρ.)] πε, ⁶ τιμὴ ταπητίου (δρ.) σκ (κ corr. from μ), ⁷ γ(ιν.) (δρ.) Ἀψλζ. ⁸ ∠ (= ὦν) θεμάτων (θ corr.?) (δρ.) πδ, ⁹ δαπάνης (δρ.) η, ¹⁰ Βόκκου (δρ.) ν, ¹¹ δ[—]. Verso ¹² λόγ[ο]ς Σωπάτρου ¹³ γενή[μ]ατος (τάλ.) β (δρ.) Ὑβ, ¹⁴ ∠ ἐχι ἐ[ν] αὐτῷ (δρ.) Ὑκγ, ¹⁵ καὶ ὁμοίως ἄλλας (δρ.) φ, ¹⁶ καὶ [τ]ιμῆς οἶνου παλαιοῦ (δρ.) ρ, ¹⁷ καὶ ἰς λόγον δαπά(νης) (δρ.) ργ, ¹⁸ γ(ιν.) (δρ.) Ὑτοσ. ¹⁹ ∠ λήμμα[τ]ος . . .]ων (δρ.?) ω, ²⁰ ρ . [.] β (δρ.?) . [.] γ | —. For ἀλλαξίμων in l. 2 cf. the citation in Crönert's *Passow* from the *Corpus Gl. Lat.* ἀλλάξιμα (sc. ἱμάτια) *mutatoria*. Βόκκου or Βοκκα() in l. 10 seems to be a proper name.

1729. 13.3 × 10.2 cm. Fourth century. The recto contains an account of various disbursements, which are sometimes entered merely as 'expenses', sometimes more precisely described. ¹ Ἀρχὴ λόγον· Χοῖακ κβ δέδωκα ² χρυσοῦ νόμισμα ἐν πα(ρὰ) τέταρτον. ³ ἀναλώμ(ατος) μυ(ριάδας) διακοσίας μόν(ας), ⁴ ὀρνιθίων μυ(ρ.) πεντακοσ[ι]ά(ς) δεκάπεντε μόν(ας), ⁵ ἀναλώματος μυ(ρ.) διακοσία(ς) εἴκοσι πέντε μόν(ας), ⁶ καταλέπτου μυ(ρ.) διακοσία(ς) εἴκοσι μόν(ας), ⁷ σαβανίου κ(αὶ) ἀναλώμ(ατος) μυ(ρ.) ὀκτακοσία(ς) εἴκοσι μόν(ας), ⁸ ἀναλώματος μυ(ρ.) διακοσία(ς) πέντε μόν(ας), ⁹ ἀναλώματος μυ(ρ.) τετρακοσία(ς) μόν(ας) η ἔρμυ(), ¹⁰ ἀναλώματος μυ(ρ.) τεκακοσία(ς) (l. τετρακ.) ἐνεήκοντα, ¹¹ διαρίου (= *diarii*) μυ(ρ.) ἑκατὸν εἴκοσι μόν(ας), ¹² ἀναλώματος μυ(ρ.) ἑκατὸν μόν(ας), ¹³ κατάλεπτα (l. -ων?) καὶ ἀναλώματος διακοσίας τεσσαράκοντα. For l. 7 σαβανίου ('napkin') cf. P. Gen. 80. 4, and 921. 11 σαβανοφακίριον. κατάλεπτον (ll. 6 and 13) seems

to be new, and the meaning is uncertain (? = a fine fabric; cf. l. 7 σαβάνιον); η έρμυ() in l. 9 is also obscure. On the verso is another short account in 10 lines, which have been crossed out, and a second column of figures, the upper part of which has been similarly crossed through.

1730. 14.8 x 12 cm. Fourth century. A short account of expenses. ¹ Λόγος ἀναλώματος, οὕτως· ² κρέως λίτραις {λί(τρ.)} κ, ³ σουμοβαλλον έν, ⁴ διηλάταις πρω[τ]οδημότ(ου) (δ corr. from τ) μ(υριάδας ?) ω, ⁵ τῷ νομικῷ μυρ(ιάδας) χ, ⁶ ὀπώρας (l. ὀπ.) μυρ(ι.) σ (corr. from τ ?), ⁷ ἰσικίων (ἰσ.) ('mincemeat') μυρ(ι.) τ. σουμοβαλλον is difficult; to suppose that this is a misspelling of σουβρικοπάλλιον would be too far-fetched, even if that word were likely in the present context. With πρω[τ]οδημότ(ου), which appears not to have occurred previously, cf. πρωτοκωμήτης (e. g. 133. 12), and δημόται (P. Brit. Mus. 1678. 7, n.).

1731. 18.6 x 6.6 cm. Third century. On the verso of 1538. A baker's account of receipts and expenditure for two days; cf. 1655. ¹ Ὀννώφ(ριος) κα ἰς (ἰς) κβ. ² ἦσαν προβ(ληθείσαι ?) (ἀρτάβαι) ε καὶ ³ ἡνέχ(θησαν) (ἀρτ.) κβ, / (ἀρτ.) κζ, ἐξ ⁴ ὧν ἡρτοπ(οιήθησαν) (ἀρτ. ?) κβ, λο(ιπαὶ) ⁵ προβ(ληθείσαι) (ἀρτ.) ε. ἐγένετ(ο) ⁶ κοπ(ῆς) (ἀρταβῶν) δ (δραχμαὶ) λβ, ⁷ καὶ ἐπράθ(η) λεπ(τὰ ?) (δραχμῶν) β, ⁸ κολλούρ(ια) καὶ σ() (δρ.) δ, ⁹ Μινίφ(ει ?) ἄρτ(ων) (δρ.) β, ¹⁰ ἀφαιρέμ(ατος) (δρ.) κ, ¹¹ γ(ίνονται) λημ(μάτων) (δρ.) ξ. ¹² ∠ ἀνηλ(ωμάτων) τειμ(ῆς) χόρτ(ον) (δρ.) η, ¹³ θρώων ὀμ(οίως) (δρ.) η, ¹⁴ ἀχύρου (δρ.) α (πεντώβολον), ¹⁵ ἐλαίου (δρ.) α (ὀβολ.), ¹⁶ ἀλὸς εἰς ἀρτυμ(ατο)ποι(ίαν) (δρ.) α (ὀβολ.), ¹⁷ ἐνοικίου (πεντώβ.), σκε(υῶν) ὀμ(οίως) (ὀβολ.), / (?) ὀβ(ολοὶ) ς, ¹⁸ φορέτρον (ἀρταβῶν) κβ (δρ.) ς, ¹⁹ παρεργείτ(αις ?) (δρ.) . [. . . , ²⁰ ὑπ(έρ) μισθ(ῶν) τῶν προκει- ²¹ μένων . . . , ²² ἐρίον α (ὀβολ.), ²³ γ(ίνονται) ἀνηλ(ωμάτων) (δρ. ?) ρλβ ὀβ(ολ.) ς. ²⁴ ἀνθ' (ῶν) ἐπ(άνω ?) λημ(μάτων) (δρ.) ξ, ²⁵ ὑπ(ο)λείπ(ονται) (δρ.) οβ ὀβ(ολοὶ) ς. For προβ(ληθείσαι ?) in ll. 2 and 5 cf. e. g. P. Ryl. 200. 1-5 προσβ(έβληκεν) . . . (πυροῦ) κτλ., 217. 1 προσβ(ληθείσαι), sc. δραχμαί: but that προ(σ)β(ληθείσαι) should be read is unlikely, for there is no indication of abbreviation before the β. σ() in l. 8 is perhaps σ(ελίγνια) or σ(εμιδάλεις); cf. 1655. παρεργείτ(αις) in l. 19 is an unknown form; probably παρεργάτ(αις) was meant.

1732. 10.2 x 7.7 cm. Late second century. On the recto of 1441 (A. D. 197-200). Fragment, incomplete on all four sides, of an account of payments to workmen in (apparently) a vineyard; cf. 1733, P. Fay. 102, Brit. Mus. 131 recto (i. p. 166). At the beginnings of lines probably nothing more than the day of the month is lost. ¹ — ἐργ[άτ(αι)] ὀμ[οίως] — ² — ν[αυβίων] [— ³ — ὑπέρ] μισθοῦ [.]μερι . . φ . [— ⁴ —]α (figure) ὅνοι β ἐργάται ε αἶρο(ντες) χ[ο(ῦν)] εἰς — ⁵ —] ἐργάται γ σκάπτο(ντες) έν τῷ [— ⁶ —] ἄλλοι ἐργάται β ἐκ(ὸς) τοῦ κτ[ήματος ?] — ⁷ (figure)] ἐργάται η καταπιθο(ῦντες) τ[— ⁸ Φα]ῶφι γ ἐργάτ(αι) β αἶρο(ντες) χο(ῦν) εἰς . [— ⁹ —]τωλεως (? Τώλεως, an Aphroditō-

polite village; cf. 1746. 8) [.] . ὑπὲρ μισθ(οῦ) ακ[—¹⁰—] Πλουτίωνι ἀμπελ(ουργῶ)
[—¹¹—] τῷ α(ὐτῷ) ὑπὲρ σπονδῆς[—¹²— ὑπὲρ] μισθοῦ ἐργατ(ῶν) β ἀντλο(ύντων)
. [—, with traces of 1 more line.

- 1733.** 12.9 × 7.5 cm. Late third century. Conclusion of an account of expenditure on workmen, barley, sacks, &c., in connexion with an estate; cf. 1732. ¹τ[ι(μῇ) κρι(θῆς) (ἀρταβῶν)] β ὡς τῆς α (δραχμῶν) ρξ, γ(ίνονται) (δρ.) τκ, ²τι(μῇ) σάκκων σιππίων (cf. 1130. 12, 1430. 14, nn.) (δρ.) σ, ³Φιλοξένω εἰς δαπάνης (1.-ην, and so in ll. 10-11) (δρ.) φ, ⁴εἰς κανθήλιον (δρ.) κ, ⁵ἐργάται β εἰς ἐκτίνα-
⁶κτρα (δρ.) υ, ⁷τῷ ὄνῳ κριθῆς (ἀρτ.) α (δρ.) ρξ, ⁸τοῖς ἐργάταις οἶνου ⁹κεράμιον α (δρ.) ρξ, ¹⁰Τηπόλῳ εἰς δαπάνης (δρ.) ρπ, ¹¹εἴς] δαπάνης (δρ.) ρ, ¹²τι(μῇ) ἄλ(λων) κριθῆς (ἀρτ.) δ ¹³ὡς τῆς α (δρ.) ρμ, γ(ίν.) (δρ.) φξ, ¹⁴ὑπ(ὲρ) κεδρίας (δρ.) σ. ¹⁵γ(ίν.) ἐπ(ὶ τὸ αὐτὸ) (δρ.) Ἐτξς.

- 1734.** Fr. 1 16.1 × 17 cm. Late second or third century. Two fragments, each containing parts of two columns, of an account of provender for horses and cattle. Fr. 1, Col. i: ¹βοῶν τ[.] καὶ π[ῶλοι?], ²καὶ ἐπὶ Δαμαρίωνος δαμάλ(αι) ζ[.], ³ἐπὶ τὸ α(ὐτὸ) ἀριθ(μῶ) σύνπαντι ζε(ύγη) ιδ, ⁴οὐ καὶ ἐσ[θ]ίουσι χορτοπάτητον μικτὸν ⁵ἀχύρω ἐπὶ τῆς ἄλῳ. ⁶καὶ ἔστιν ἐν ἐ(γ)κλεισμῶ, ὦν λόγος ἐπάνω ⁷ἐν ἀργυρικῶ λόγῳ δεδήλ(ωται), μούια (cf. 146. 3, P. Hibeh 50. 8, n.) Ὑ, ⁸[.]ιακοὶ σὺν τῷ ἀγορασθ(έντι) (-γορ- over an expunction) ὡς πρό-
κ(εῖται) ⁹ἀριθ(μῶ) ς, πῶλ(ος) α, ¹⁰[οὐ καὶ] ἐσθίουσι ἀπὸ τῆς ἄλῳ. ¹¹[ὄνος? θή]λεια καὶ πῶλος αὐτῆς, οὐ διὰ Πρώτου ¹²ἀπεδόθησαν. ¹³[.]. συνκομισθ(εῖσαι) ἀπὸ αὐτοურγίας λιβδς ¹⁴[χῶ]ματος ὡς εἴς χορτόσπ(ερμον) ἀγω(γαί) ιε ¹⁵. . . εἰς χορτο-
π(άτητον) καὶ ἐμίγη ἐπὶ τῆς ἄλῳ. χορτοπάτητος is apparently a new compound. There are short blank spaces above l. 1 and below l. 15, but that the column is complete is not certain. Col. i of Fr. 2, which perhaps is part of Col. ii of Fr. 1, mentions εἰς φάτνας and χορ]τοθήκης.

- 1735.** 9.9 × 13.5 cm. Fourth century. On the verso, the recto being blank. Beginning of an account of a vintage. ¹Ρύσεως ιε (ἔτους) ς ἰνδικ(τίονος). ²Κόσμον χωρ(ίου) (cf. 1747. 53) κεραμίου γεουχικ(ὰ) ³κ(εράμια) ροβ, σμηκ(τὰ) κ(εράμ.) ιζ. Ἀμμωνος ὑπ(ὲρ) ⁴ὦν ὀφίλει κ(εράμ.) κ, / κ(εράμ.) σθ. ⁵ὑπολήμια δι(πλο)κ(εράμων) (cf. 1751. 3) α. ⁶χωρ(ίου) Δειδς (previously unknown) μερίδ(ος) Ἰωάννου δι(ὰ) Αἰῶνος ⁷καὶ Χωοῦτος ἀμπ(ελουργῶν) γεουχικ(ὰ) κ(εράμ.) ρξθ, ⁸β ληνοῦ μερίδ(ος) Σερήνου κ[. . .] του [—]. ὑπολήμιον is ordinarily the receptacle under the press, but the meaning in l. 5 is uncertain.

- 1736.** 18.5 × 19 cm. Third century. On the verso of 1578. An account of various quantities, received or delivered during the months Choiak-Mecheir, of some commodity characterized as 'old' or 'new'. The unit of measurement is abbreviated to μ surmounted by a rectangular sign which is generally similar to that often standing for α, but once or twice

approximates towards an ϵ ; and the unit is subdivided into fractions corresponding to those of the artaba. If, as we have supposed, the abbreviation represents $\mu\epsilon(\tau\rho\eta\tau\eta\varsigma)$, the commodity was perhaps oil, with which that measure is often associated, rather than wine; similar fractions of the $\mu\epsilon\tau\rho\eta\tau\eta\varsigma$ occur in P. Rev. Laws. Col. i: ¹ [[ϵ Αθὺρ κθ $\mu\epsilon(\tau\rho\eta\tau\alpha\iota)$?] βλ., ² παλ(αιου) μ. α.] ³ Μεχ(εῖρ) κε μ. β, ⁴ πα(λαι.) μ. ζδ', ⁵ χω(ρίου) Χρόνου (previously unknown) μ. β, ⁶ ὁμοί(ως) μ. ιγγ', ⁷ Τῦβι ιη μ. δ, ⁸ χω(ρ.) Χρόνου μ. β, ⁹ Μεχ(εῖρ) λ μ. βδ' η', ¹⁰ παλ(αι.) μ. αλ, ¹¹ Μεχ(εῖρ) λ μ. αδ', ¹² Μεχ(εῖρ) λ μ. βλ, ¹³ Μεχ(εῖρ) κθ μ. δ[λ', ¹⁴ παλ(αι.) μ. βλ, Col. ii: ¹⁵ Χοῖακ ια μ. δδ', ¹⁶ Μεχ(εῖρ) μ. γδ', ¹⁷ παλ(αι.) μ. α, ¹⁸ ἄλ(λος) μ. αδ', ¹⁹ χω(ρ.) Χρόνου μ. εδ', ²⁰ παλ(αι.) μ. ελδ', ²¹ ἄλ(λοι) μ. ιβλδ', ²² / καινοῦ μ. νηβ' η' κ' δ', ²³ παλ(αι.) μ. ιαλ.

1737. 15.6 x 8.1 cm. Second or third century. Written across the fibres.

A weaver's account of work on different days from Mesore 3 to Thoth 6, with amounts in drachmae (sometimes inserted in the margin) and occasional entries concerning rent of his loom. Col. i: ¹ Μεσορη γ γερδ(ιακά ?) ε, ² δ ὁμοίως ε, ³ ε ὁμο(ί.) ε, ⁴ ς ὁμο(ί.) ε, ⁵ ζ ὁμο(ί.) ε, ⁶ η δ πά(ντα ?) (π¹) ὀρθ(οῦφικὰ ?) γερδ(ιακά ?), ⁷ θ δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.) γερδ(ι.), ⁸ (margin (δραχμαὶ) νβ) ι γ, ἐνοικ(ίου) ἰστ(οῦ) (πεντώβολον), ⁹ ιβ φαινόλ(αι) ς καὶ ὀρθ(οῦφικόν ?), ¹⁰ ιγ ς καὶ ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ¹¹ ιδ ς καὶ ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ¹² ιε ε, ¹³ ις ε, ¹⁴ (margin (δρ.) μδ) ιζ αλ, ¹⁵ ἄλ(λοι) φαινόλ(αι) διλ() βλ, ¹⁶ ιη ς καὶ ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ¹⁷ ιθ ς καὶ ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ¹⁸ κ ε, ¹⁹ κα ε, ²⁰ (marg. (δρ.) μ ὀβ(ολοὶ) κβ) κβ ε, ²¹ καὶ ὑφ(άσματα ?) δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ²² (δρ.) ((δρ.) over an expunction) δ ὀβ(ολ.) ι, ἐνοικ(ίου) ἰστ(οῦ) ὀβ(ολ.) ια, Col. ii: ²³ σύνδεσις ('continuation') ²⁴ κγ ε, ²⁵ κδ ε, ²⁶ κε δλ (corr. from ε, or *vice versa*), ²⁷ κς ε, ²⁸ κς ε, ²⁹ κη ε, ³⁰ κθ ε, ³¹ λ ε, ³² ἐπαγο(μένων) α ε, ³³ β ε, ³⁴ γ γλ (corr. from δ), ³⁵ Ὡθ β ³⁶ δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ³⁷ γ δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ³⁸ δ δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ³⁹ ε δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ⁴⁰ ς δ πά(ντ.) ὀρθ(οῦφ.), ⁴¹ (δρ.) ρ ὀβ(ολ.) ια, ἐνοικ(ίου) ⁴² ἰστ(οῦ) (τριώβολον). ⁴³ / (δρ.) σμη. The resolution of some of these abbreviations is doubtful. γερδ() in l. 1 would naturally be expanded γέρδ(ιοι), and l. 6 might then well be πά(ντες) ὀρθ(οῦφοι) (cf. P. Grenf. ii. 79. i. 3, Wilcken, *Ost.* i. 173, n.), with ὑφ(ανταί) in l. 21. On the other hand in l. 9 (cf. 15) φαινόλ(αι) or φαινόλ(ια) are coupled with ὀρθ(), and the occurrence of fractions suits things, not persons. Hence πά(ντα), ὀρθ(οῦφικὰ), and γερδ(ιακά), agreeing with a word like ἱμάτια understood, and ὑφ(άσματα) are preferable. πά(λλια) is unsatisfactory because δ πά(λλια) is contrary to the writer's usage in regard to the position of numbers. ὀρθ() might also be ὀρθ(οστὰδια). διλ() in l. 15 may be connected with δίασον or δίασσον, a kind of garment occurring in B. G. U. 814. 25, 816. 17, 22. The money entries add up to 240 dr. 62 ob., approximately corresponding to the total (248 dr.) in l. 43.

1738. 21.7 × 9.3 cm. Third century. An account of timber, classified as logs (ξύλα σώματα) and branches, on 6 boats. The papyrus is damaged at the top, but l. 1 may have been the first of the document, and if so ξ[ύλ]ων κα[ὶ] κλάδων might well be restored; but the preceding word was not λόγος.
¹ [. . .] ξ[ύλ]ων κα[ὶ] κλάδων δ. ² εἰς τὴν θαλαμῆγον Σιλβ[α]νοῦ ³ ξύλα σώματ[α] ἀριθμῶ ⁴ κ[α]ὶ κλάδοι δ. ⁵ δεύτερον πλοῖον Ῥωμανοῦ ⁶ ναύτου ξύλα σώματα ἀριθμῶ ⁷ τρίτον πλοῖον Ὠρίωνος ναύτου ⁸ ξύλα σώματα (ἀ)ριθμῶ ⁹ καὶ κλάδος ¹⁰ τέταρτον πλοῖον Πασίων[ος] ¹¹ ξύλα σώματα ἀριθμῶ ¹² καὶ κλάδοι γ. ¹³ πέμ[π]τον πλοῖον Ζωείλου ναύτου ¹⁴ ξύλα σώματα ἀριθμῶ ¹⁵ ἑκ[κ]τον πλοῖον [. . .] ¹⁶ ξύλα σώματα ἀριθμῶ ¹⁷ καὶ κλάδοι β. The figures, besides having a dash above them, are preceded and followed by the sign / or /, which apparently has no special significance.

1739. 23.3 × 6.2 cm. On the verso of 1518. Second or early third century. A short list of colours with weights, and then of values; cf. an Oxyrhynchus ostrakon in SB. 2251. ¹ σαππίριν (cf. SB. 2251, P. Tebt. 405. 10) μνᾶν ὀλκήν, ² μαρίνον (from μαρίνος, or = *marinum*?) μν. ὀλκ., ³ καλλάεινον (cf. e. g. 1449. 13, P. Tebt. 421. 8) μν. ὀλκ., ⁴ τυρινόν (perhaps a variant of Τύριος rather than from τυρός) μν. ὀλκ., ⁵ φλόγεινον μν. ὀλκ., ⁶ σμιρινηαν (-νήαν: = *σφυραῖαν*, i. e. *σμήρναν*?) τάλαντον ὀλκ., ⁷ (after a short space) τιμῆς σαππίριν (δραχμαὶ) ις, ⁸ τιμῆς μαρίνον (δρ.) δ, ⁹ τιμῆς καλλάεινο(ν) (δρ.) β (τετρώβολον). In ll. 1-3 and 6 ὀλκήν is written above the line owing to want of space, as is (δρ.) ις in l. 7. In the upper margin there is a group of curved and straight strokes, and part of a line] [. . .] ὁμεινός in a different hand. Below l. 9 two small ovals have been drawn.

1740. 15.3 × 14.1 cm. Late third or fourth century. Conclusion of an account of various articles, several being weaving implements. In each item there are two amounts of drachmae in juxtaposition, the second being nearly double the first; perhaps the lower figures represent part payments.
¹ κερκεῖζα (l. κερκίδια) [(δραχμαὶ) . . (δρ.) . . , ² ἀτράκτεια [. (δρ.) Ἀ . [(δρ.) . . , ³ κτενεία (δρ.) Ἀρ[. (δρ.) . . , ⁴ [. . .] α . . ν [(δρ.) . . (δρ.) . . , ⁵ στήμεια (cf. 1142. 7, P. Tebt. 413. 12) ε (δρ.) Ἀ (δρ.) Β, ⁶ πην(ί)α ε (corr.) (δρ.) τμ (δρ.) φ, ⁷ κτενεία ε (δρ.) τ (δρ.) χ, ⁸ ἀλακάτια θ (δρ.) Ἀσ (δρ.) Ἀ, ⁹ νυνφικὰ (meaning?) φ (δρ.) Ἀ (δρ.) Βυ, ¹⁰ παιλύκιων (l. πελύκιον) (δρ.) τ (δρ.) χ, ¹¹ καρύζα (l. καρύδια 'pulleys'?) ; cf. l. 1) (δρ.) Γ {(δρ.)} (τάλαντον?) α [, ¹² λειτνεία (unknown) κς (δρ.) Ἀ (δρ.) Βχπ, ¹³ ὑαλίμων [. . .]. In the right-hand margin opposite l. 10 are the letters νκ[, which apparently belong to a second column.

(8) *Lists.*

1741. 22.5 × 17.3 cm. Early fourth century. Two incomplete columns of a list of clothes, classified as ἱμάτια and ὀθόνια; cf. 109, 921, 1026, 1051, P. Tebt. 405, Gen. 80, C. P. R. p. 125. Col. i: ¹[Γρα]φή εἱματίων· ²[στιχ]άρια λευκὰ β, ³[. . .]τικὸν α, ⁴[μαφ]όρτια λευκὰ β, ⁵[δελ]ματί[κὰ] Ξοϊτικά (ξοῖτ.) (cf. 1026. 11) β, ⁶[. . .]α λευκ[ή] σὺν μαφορ(τίω) α, ⁷[ζώ]ναι β, ⁸[. . .]α α, ⁹[πάλλ]ιν α, ¹⁰[. . .]τίκια λευκὰ β, ¹¹[. . .]τίκιον λάειων α, ¹²[. . .]τίκιον μωθωνη() (unknown, perhaps an adjective of place; cf. 1206. 19 μουθονάλιον μαφόριον, where the same word was probably meant) α, ¹³[. . .]ειρρο[ι] ? δ. Col. ii: ¹⁴ὀθονίων ὁμοί[ως]· ¹⁵δελματικὸν μαλλω[τὸν] α, ¹⁶στιχάρι[ον] πλουμά[τον] (= *plumatum*) α, ¹⁷μαμπίων (μαμ' π.: cf. 1051. 17 μάπιν, P. Grenf. ii. 111. 12 μαμπ(άρια)) κενῶ[ν] (l. καινῶν, and so in ll. 18, 25, 27) . . ., ¹⁸φακιάλιον κενὸν [α, ¹⁹ἄλλ[α] . . .]αφορε[. . .], ²⁰ἀναβολάδια [., ²¹στιχάρι[ον] ἀπόρφ[υρον] α, ²²λινούδια ἐν περ[ι]στρώματι ? ., ²³[?] ἀπόρφυρα [., ²⁴ἄλλα ?] περιστρώ[ματα] ., ²⁵[φ]ακ[ι]άριον κενὸν [α, ²⁶περ[ι]στρώμα[τα] ., ²⁷ἀπόρφυρα κενὰ [., ²⁸βαλανάρια ἀποφο[. . .], ²⁹ἄλλα περ[ι]στρώματα ., ³⁰ἄλλ[ο] φ[ακιάλιον] ? α. In l. 19 ἄλλα [μ]αφόρ(τια) might perhaps be read on the analogy of l. 6, but is not very satisfactory.

1742. 23.8 × 13.8 cm. Fourth century. A list of various articles ordered by one Isidorus, as is stated in the endorsement on the verso, where the document is termed an ἐντολικόν (cf. 1142. 1, n., 1677. 5). The writing is a large cursive. ¹Κυλλάσ[τιος] ?] . () λί(τραι) ε, ²βαθι[. ()] λί(τρ.) ε, ³ἐλαίου ξ(έσται) ε, ⁴καλάμια μεγάλ(α) μερ() ε, ⁵κερκίδια γερδιακά ν, ⁶σόλια (cf. 1288. 16) γυναικία παπύρ(ια) δ, ⁷κούκινα δ, ⁸ἀνδρικά β, ⁹ὀρνείων πηχ(ῶν) β α. On the verso ¹⁰ἐντο[λι]κὸν ἐμοῦ Ἰσιδώρου. In l. 9 ὀρνείων is perhaps derived from ὀρνύα, which occurs in Epicharmus and is explained by Hesychius as χορδὴ ἐφθή. The reading is fairly clear.

(9) *Taxation and Official Accounts.*

1743. 16.1 × 10 cm. A. D. 221–2. Fragment from the bottom of a column of a survey-list concerning State land, the items being apparently arranged according to κλήροι, as is indicated by the new section beginning in l. 5. Here the general terms of the lease, covering a period of 6 years, are first given (ll. 6–9; cf. ll. 1–2); then in a second hand comes a note (l. 10; cf. l. 3) giving (1) the total of the plot (κοίτη) in arourae on the authority of a revision (ἐπίσκεψις) of leases of State lands, (2) the name of the lessee; lastly (in the first hand) comes the rent of the current year, which was the 5th of Elagabalus and 1st of Severus Alexander (l. 11; cf. l. 4). P. Stud.

Pal. xvii. 10 sqq. (Mendes) is approximately contemporary and somewhat similar, but concerns unwatered land; cf. also 1744 and P. Hamb. 12. The lines are incomplete at the ends, but not very much is lost. A new kind of artaba μέτρῳ ἐλ(αικῶ?) for vegetables is found in l. 1, and the μέτρον πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα (cf. 1640. 4-5, n.) recurs in l. 8. The imperfectly preserved phrase found in ll. 2 and 9 is novel and the explanation of it uncertain; we suppose it to mean that the rent was 'paid from hand to hand annually within the year at one of the storehouses', ἀνὰ χεῖρα apparently corresponding to διὰ χειρός (e. g. 1636. 39). On the verso is a letter (1763). ¹/τὸ π(αν?) ἐν λαχά(νοις) (ἀρούρας) δ' λαχά(νων) μέτρῳ ἐλ(αικῶ?) (ἀρτάβης) δ' καταβληθὲν? ²ἀνὰ χεῖρα κατ' ἔτος ἐνιαυτῷ παρ' ἕνα τῶν ἀλόνων? ³ἐπίσκ(εψις) κατὰ φύλ(λον) κολ(λήματος) νβ· κοίτ(η) (ἀρουρῶν) θ διὰ Πνεφε[ρῶτος] (father's name?) ⁴φόρου τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ε (ἔτους) τοῦ καὶ α (ἔτ.) ὡς τῆς (ἀρού.) ἀ[νὰ —. ⁵ (after a space) [κ]αὶ ἀπὸ κλήρου Ἀμμωνᾶ· ⁶ (in the margin) ὥστε γ (ἔτει) ε (ἔτ.) ζ (ἔτ.) ξυλαμῆσαι χλωροῖς φόρου κατ' ἔτος —, β (ἔτ.) ς (ἔτ.) πν· ⁷ρῶ ἐκφορίου κατ' ἔτος κατὰ (ἀρουραν) ἀνὰ πυροῦ [(ἀρτ.) —, ⁸δ (ἔτει) πυρῶ ἀνὰ πυροῦ μέτρῳ πρὸς ρ⁺ (= ἑκατοστὰς) ι (ἀρτ.) θ [καταβληθείσας? ἀνὰ χεῖρα ⁹κατ' ἔτος ἐνιαυτῷ παρ' ἕνα τῶν ἀλόνων? ¹⁰ἐπίσκ(εψις) κατὰ φύλ(λον) κολ(λήματος) νβ· κοίτ(η) (ἀρουρῶν) γ διὰ Πνεφε[ρῶτος] (father's name?) ¹¹φόρου τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος ε (ἔτους) τοῦ καὶ α (ἔτ.) ὡς τῆς (ἀρού.) ἀ[νὰ —.

- 1744.** 13.3 × 10.2 cm. A. D. 287-8? Fragment from the middle of a column of a survey-list concerning palm and garden-land belonging to the State, the rents being paid in loaves (which are measured in unusual fashion by the artaba, 30 loaves being the customary equivalent of an artaba of corn; cf. 1454. 6, n.), young pigs (unusual in this context), olives, dates of two kinds (ll. 3 and 8; in both cases the adjectives are abbreviated and obscure), and money. Deficiencies in the payments of the full rents are noted. The papyrus was probably written in the 4th year of Diocletian and 3rd of Maximian (ll. 3, 9, 11), and the references backwards to the 1st year of Carus (ll. 9 and 11) seem to indicate a quinquennial revision of rents of State lands; cf. 1279. 6, n. and 1743. The lines are incomplete at both the beginnings and ends, and how much is lost is uncertain. New sections begin in ll. 3, 8, and 10. The land in question seems to have been out of cultivation, like that in P. Stud. Pal. xvii. 10 sqq. For σπονδή (l. 3) as a tax (generally on ἀμπελῶνες, but here apparently on παράδεισοι) cf. 1436. 11, n. On the verso are the beginnings of 9 lines from another list of a similar character, εἰεράς and κτημάτων with two strokes against them occurring at the beginnings of sections. ¹ —]., ἀρτ(ων) (ἀρτάβαι) λ, ἐλαιῶν [.] .[—, ²ἐλατ(τον) —] ., δέλφ(ακες) β, ἀρτ(ων) (ἀρτάβ.) αζ. ³ (after a space) — δ (ἔτει) κα[ι] γ (ἔτ.) φοι(νίκων) ᾗθ. ι () (or ᾗθ. () ι) μετὰ τὰς

προστεθ(είσας) σπονδ[ῆς — ⁴ —] ξλατ(τον) . . [.] . () (ἀρτ.) ζδ', ἐλαιῶν (ἀρτ.) α, δέλφ(ακ.) β, ἄρτ(ων) [(ἀρτάβ.) — ⁵ —] . . φοι(νίκων) (ἀρτ.) ., ἐλαι[ῶ]ν (ἀρτ.) α, δέλφ(ακ.) β, ξλατ(τον) ἄργ(υρίου) (δραχμαί) [— ⁶ —] [.] [.] [.] β (ἔτει) Κάρου φοι(νίκων) (ἀρτ.) β, ἐλαιῶν (ἀρτ.) — ⁷ —] . [.] φ . . [.] . ⁸ —] . . . ὁμοίως ἐν χέρσῳ φοι(νίκων) θαλ(λόντων?) (ἀρτ.) α, [— ⁹ —] δ (ἔτει) καὶ γ (ἔτ.) ἕως α (ἔτους) Κάρου ἐνια[υ]σίως (ἀρτ.) . [.] . [— ¹⁰ —] α (ἔτει) α' (= πρότερον more probably than Αὐρηλίου) Ἀμ[όι]τος Ποκωῶτος ἐν χέρσῳ [— ¹¹ — ἐν?] ἐχθ() δ [(ἔτει) καὶ] γ (ἔτ.) ἕως α (ἔτους) Κάρου ἐτησίως (ἀρτ.) α [— ¹²] / ιβ . [—].

- 1745.** 30 × 11.3 cm. Early third century. Parts of two columns of a list of land-holders at various τόποι with the amounts of their holdings (probably βασιλική γῆ), rents in wheat and barley, and repayments of seed-corn; cf. 1525–1531. Col. i, which has a few letters from the ends of lines and some interlinear additions in a second hand, mentions τόποι —]δ() Πηλ() and τόποι Ἀπηλ(), τοπ(αρχίας) Ἀπηλ(ιώτου) being excluded by the names of the other τόποι, which are all new and may be outside the Oxyrhynchite nome. On the verso is a letter (1688). Col. ii: ¹ (ἄρourke) ιη (πυροῦ) (ἀρτάβαι) ρ[—]. ² Ἀτῆς Πνεφερώτος τόποι —. ³ Ἀσίαρχος Σαραπιδο[ῶ]ν τόποι —, ⁴ τόποι Θελλῶ (ἄρου.) γ, [— ⁵ (πυρ.) (ἀρτ.) πλ κ(ριθῆς) (ἀρτ.) . [—]. ⁶ Ἀἰς Παλεώπεως τόποι —. ⁷ Ἀπύγχις (-πυγ'χ.) Στρά(τωνος?) καὶ . [— ⁸ (πυρ.) (ἀρτ.) κγ' κ(ριθ.) (ἀρτ.) [—]. ⁹ Ἀμμώνιος Ἀρποκρατίωνος τόποι —, ¹⁰ κριθῆς (ἀρτ.) β [—]. ¹¹ Ἀμμώνιος Χαίρη[ονος] τόποι —, ¹² τόποι Κελασάν (ἄρου.) ιγ [—, ¹³ σπερμάτων (πυρ.) (ἀρτ.) [—]. ¹⁴ Ἀπ[ό]λλων Ναρμούθ[εως] τόποι —, ¹⁵ τ[ό]ποι [.] . () (ἄρου.) γδ', / (ἄρου.) ς[—]. ¹⁶ Ἀφροδί[σι]ος Αὐρηλ[ί]ου, ¹⁷ γ(ίνονται) (ἄρου.) ζ (πυρ.) (ἀρτ.) ξεγ' [—]. ¹⁸ Ἀμμώνιος Παώσι[ος] τόποι —, ¹⁹ τόποι Κορκουλ() (ἄρου.) α, / . [— ²⁰ Ἀτίων (l. Ἀπίων?) Ὀρσενούφεως] τόποι —, ²¹ Παψί (ἄρου.) α, / (ἄρου.) ζγ', [—]. ²² Διόσκορος μη(τρὸς) Μερῶτι[δος] —, ²³ τόποι Μάκρου (ἄρου.) ιγ [—]. ²⁴ Δημήτριος Ἀμμωνίου [τόποι] —, ²⁵ τόποι Χρυσ() (ἄρου.) β, τοπ() Στ[—] ²⁶ (πυρ.) (ἀρτ.) ναγ' κ(ριθ.) (ἀρτ.) ρδ' [—]. ²⁷ Δημήτριος Πνεφε[ε]ρ[ῶ]τος τόποι —, ²⁸ τόποι Ποι() (ἄρου.) δ, τόποι Ὀδ() Στρά(τωνος?) (ἄρου.) [— ²⁹ κ(ριθ.) (ἀρτ.) ς, σπ(ερμάτων) (πυροῦ) (ἀρτ.) ι[—].

- 1746.** 21.3 × 23.9 cm. Fourth century. A list of advances of seed-corn to various villages in the Aphroditopolite nome, concerning the geography of which very little is known, and to cultivators of derelict land owned by inhabitants of the metropolis. For ἄπορα ὀνόματα in l. 11 cf. W. Chr. 381. int., de Zulueta, *De patrociniis vicorum* 72, Oertel, *Liturgie* 101. The lower portion of the papyrus is missing, but may well have been blank or contained merely the total. ¹ Ἀφροδιτοπολείτου. ² βρεούιον το[ῦ] δ[ο]θέντος σίτου καὶ κριθῆς εἰς ³ κατασποράν. ἔστι δέ ⁴ κώμης Τοοῦ σίτου (ἀρτάβαι) ρμ, ⁵ κριθῆς (ἀρτ.) ρ. ⁶ Ἰσιῶν σίτου (ἀρτ.) σ. ⁷ Ἀραβικοῦ σίτου [(ἀρτ.)] τ. ⁸ Τώλεως σίτου (ἀρτ.) σ.

⁹ Παπ. αρων σίτου [(ἀρτ.)] ρβ. ¹⁰ Ἀλλοφύλων σίτου (ἀρτ.) ρ. ¹¹ γεωργοῖς ἀπόρων ὀνομάτων ¹² μητροπολιτικῶν ¹³ σίτου (ἀρτ.) [.]νε.

1747. 27 × 25.3 cm. Late third or early fourth century. On the verso, the recto being blank. A list of persons arranged according to (a) villages in the toparchies of the [Oxyrhynchite nome (ll. 14–57), (b) γεουχοῦντες, i. e. *possessores* or large land-owners (ll. 58–72): Owing to the loss of some lines at the beginning, which are likely to have included a heading as well as the details concerning the Upper toparchy, the precise object of the list is obscure; but evidently the persons mentioned were required by the government for work of some kind, e.g. as recruits for the army or labourers on public works. Generally one individual was assigned to a village or land-owner, but to the larger villages and estates two. The toparchies follow the regular order; cf. 1659. int. Of the villages which occur Κόσμου (l. 53; cf. 1735. 2) can now be recognized in 1285. 135, where l. Κό[σ]μου, not Κόβα, as suggested in connexion with 1529. 7: for Τααμπιτέ (l. 40) cf. 1659. 70, n. Μουχιντάλη (l. 55) is clearly written, and is to be read in 1529. 10 in preference to Μουχινγάλη. Θεσσαλῶ(ν?) (l. 60) is new. In many instances the spaces left for filling in the names of persons are blank; where the personal names are given, there is usually a stroke in the margin against the village-names (in the list of γεουχοῦντες no strokes are employed). The figures in most cases have a dot after them. Col. i: after 13 lines lost, ¹⁴ Λιβὸς τοπ(αρχίας). ¹⁵ [Σερύ]φως (cf. 1285. 71) β. ¹⁶ [.]ς Ψεναμούνιος, ¹⁷ Σεργῆνος Διοδώρου. ¹⁸ Πανευεῖ α. ¹⁹ Χεοῦς Ὀν[ο]ύβως. ²⁰ Σενοκόμης α. ²¹ Ὀρος Κομοάπιος. ²² Πέλα α. ²³ Ἀφῦγχις Κάστορος. ²⁴ Σύρων α. ²⁵ Χεῶς Ἀρπαήσιος. ²⁶ Ἡρακλίδου α. < >. Col. ii: ²⁷ Ἀπηλ(ιώτου). ²⁸ Τερύθως β. < >. ²⁹ Ἀδαίου α. ³⁰ Πανσεῖρις Ὀρου. ³¹ Ψώβθως α. ³² Κιάλης Πολυδεύκου. ³³ Τααμπέμου α. ³⁴ Ἡρᾶς Παάπιος. ³⁵ Πακέρκη α. ³⁶ Ὀρπαῆσις Πανσείριος. ³⁷ Θμοινεψώβθως (cf. 1659. 55, n.) α. ³⁸ Βησᾶς Πανσείριος. ³⁹ Μέσης τοπ(αρχίας). ⁴⁰ Τααμπιτέ α. ⁴¹ Σωτᾶς Παπνούτιος. ⁴² Κερκεύρων (-κεῦρ.) α. ⁴³ Ὀρκοῦν Παν(σελ)ριος (ρ corr. from σ). ⁴⁴ Τανάως α. ⁴⁵ Ἀφφούς Κοπρέως. ⁴⁶ Θμοισεφῶ τοπ(αρχίας). ⁴⁷ Τήως β. < >. ⁴⁸ Παώμ[ε]ως α. ⁴⁹ Ὀρίων Πανῆτος. Col. iii: ⁵⁰ Κάτω τοπ(αρχίας). ⁵¹ Σέσφθα α. Ἰσὰκ (ῖσ.) Μιύσιος (μιῦσ.). ⁵² Τακόνα α. < >. ⁵³ Δωσιθέου α. < >. ⁵⁴ Κόσμου α. < >. ⁵⁵ Τυχινφάγων α. < >. ⁵⁶ Μουχιντάλη α. ⁵⁷ Παγάθης Κιμούλιος. ⁵⁸ [Τρύφωρος (sc. Ἰσείου; cf. 1659. 100) α.] ⁵⁹ γεουχού(ντων). ⁶⁰ Θεωνίλλης β. ⁶¹ Χωοῦς Σαρμάτου ἀπὸ Θεσσαλῶ(ν?), < >. ⁶² Φ[λ]αυιανού (-ϊανου) α. < >. ⁶³ Ἀπολλωνίου Σαρμάτ(ου) α. < >. ⁶⁴ Κορνηλιανού α. < >. ⁶⁵ Διοσκουρίδου Ἰουλιανού (ῖουλ.) α. < >. ⁶⁶ Εὐδαίμονος Ἑλλαδίου α. ⁶⁷ Κάστωρ Ὀρου πο(). ⁶⁸ Διογνσαρήης ἀπ(ελευθέρας?) Ὀρίωνος α. ⁶⁹ Διόσκορος Κορνηλίου πο(). ⁷⁰ Ἀπολλωνίου Πατᾶ(τος?) α. ⁷¹ Σαραπίων Πετερμ[ου]θίου ἀπὸ ἐπικ(ίου) Νομογρά(φου). ⁷² Σεύθου α. < >. ⁷³ Πτολεμαίου τοῦ κ(αί) Θέωνος α. < >.

1748. 15.1 × 15 cm. Third century. An account of payments to *ὀνηλάται* for transport from villages situated in different toparchies. In the case of the asses from Pakerke (ll. 1-6) a deduction from the whole sum due (2 dr. 4 obols per ass) is made on account of a previous payment for bundles of produce (*μανδάκ(ια)* in l. 4 suggests hay or flax; cf. P. Hamb. 21. 5, n., Ryl. 236. 11) transported 'from the river to the threshing-floor', while the main account apparently refers to transport in the opposite direction. In the case of the asses from Syron (ll. 10-12) the sum due to the *ὀνηλάται* was deducted from a debt of a *γεωργός* for rent. Whether the account is official or refers to a large private estate is not clear. The lower part of the papyrus is lost, but l. 12 ends a section and there is a blank space below, so that the account may be complete. On the verso is a letter (1669). ¹ Λόγος *ὀνηλ(ατῶν)* ἀπὸ Πακέρκη ὡς διὰ ² (interlinear) δηλοῦται. ³ ἀπὸ Πακέρκη ὄνοι ρπα ὡς τ(οῦ) α (δραχμῶν) β (τετρωβόλου?) (δρ.) υζε (τριώβολου), ⁴ ἐξ ὦ(ν) ἐκκρούονται ὑπὲρ μανδακ(ίων) λζ ἀπὸ ⁵ ποταμοῦ ἄχρι τῆς ἅλας μετενεχθ(έντων) ὡς τ(οῦ) α ⁶ (τετρωβόλου) (δραχμαὶ) κα (ὀβολός), λοιπ(αὶ) (δρ.) νμδ (δυόβ.). ⁷ ∟ (= ὦν) ἔσχ(ον) (δρ.) ρ, ἄλ(ας) (δρ.) ρ, ἄλ(ας) (δρ.) σ, / (δρ.) ν, λοιπ(αὶ) (δρ.) μδ (δυόβ.). ⁸ καὶ διὰ *ὀνηλ(ατῶν)* Πλελὼ ὄνοι νζ, ὦν ⁹ ὁ μισθὸς διὰ λόγων Σεουήρου [ἐ]ξωδιάσθ(η). ¹⁰ καὶ διὰ *ὀνηλ(ατῶν)* Σύρων ὄνοι σνε, ¹¹ ὦν ὁ μισθὸς παρεδέχθη Ἀμόι γεωργ(γῶ) ¹² ἀφ' ὅν ὦν φε[ι]λεν φόρου. The arithmetic shows that seven, not six, obols were reckoned to a drachma.

1749. 16.5 × 9.6 cm. Fourth century. An account for transporting *ἐπιβάται* from Chaereu (near Alexandria) to Niciu (cf. 1380. 7-8, n.), Heracleopolis, and Cynopolis. *ἐπιβάται* are perhaps equivalent to the earlier *ἐπίπλοοι*, i. e. soldiers or others responsible for guarding freights (cf. Wilcken, *Grundz.* 379). ¹ Λόγο(ς) ναύλων ἐπιβατῶν. ² ἔστι δὲ δι' ἐμοῦ Ἀφύγχιον (-υγ'χ.) ³ ἀπὸ Χεραιόν (l. Χαιρέου) εἰς Νικίου (τάλαντον) α (δραχμαὶ) Β. ⁴ ὁμοί(ως) ἔσχεν ὁ προκίμενος Ἀφύγχις (-υγ'χ.) ⁵ ὑπ(ὲρ) ναύλου ἐτέρων ἐπιβατῶν ⁶ ἀπὸ τῆς προκ(ειμένης) Χαιρέου εἰς Ἡρακλέου(ς) (τάλ.) α (δρ.) Γ. ⁷ ὁμοί(ως) ναύλου ἐτέρων ἐπιβατῶν ⁸ ἀπὸ τῆς α(ὐτῆς) Χαιρέου εἰς Κυνῶ(ν) (δρ.) Βφ. ⁹ ὁμοῦ εἰς λόγ(ον) ναύλου (τάλ.) γ (δρ.) Αφ.

1750. 15.6 × 8.2 cm. Nov. 30, A. D. 306. A receipt issued by an official for the payment of an unspecified amount (*διασταλέντα* in l. 8 indicates a credit payment of corn; cf. e. g. 1539-40) for a share in providing an ass and *ῥαβδοῦχος* (cf. 1626. 9, n.) required by the government for transport to Memphis. For the date in l. 16 (the 15th year refers to Galerius Augustus, the 3rd to Severus Aug. and Maximinus Caesar, the 1st to Constantine Caesar) cf. 1542, which was written on Pauni 2 (May 27) of A. D. 307 and mentions Taposiris also called Amazonion (cf. 1750. 10); 102. 21, written on

Phaophi 16 (Oct. 13) 306, i. e. 48 days earlier than 1750, is still dated by Constantius Augustus, though he died on July 25, 306. ¹ Αὐρήλιος (ο corr. from α) Ἀππο[ύ]ς (l. Ἀπφοῦς) ² Ἀπολλοθέωνος ³ Αὐρηλ[ί]ω Πάύλῳ χαί- ⁴ ρειν. [ἐ]σχον παρὰ ⁵ σοῦ ὑπ(ἐρ) [ὀ]υ[ό]ματος]] Δημητρίας ⁶ τῆς καὶ Κυριλλοῦτος καὶ ⁷ ὑπ(ἐρ) Πλουτίωνος ⁸ ἀδελφοῦ σου τὰ διασ- ⁹ ταλέντα (ε corr. from α) ὑπ(ἐρ) δνόμ[α]τος ¹⁰ Ταποσίριος τῆς καὶ Ἀμα- ¹¹ ζονίου τὸ κατ' αὐτῶν ¹² μέρος ὄνου καὶ ῥαβδο[ύ]- ¹³ χον ἀποσταλέντος ¹⁴ ἐπὶ τὴν Μεμφιτῶν ¹⁵ πόλειν πλήρης. ¹⁶ (ἐτους) ιε (ἐτ.) γ (ἐτ.) α (ἐτ.) Χοῖακ δ. ¹⁷ Ἀ(π)φοῦς σεσημ(είωμαι).

(10) *Orders for Payment.*

- 1751.** 9 × 25.8 cm. A.D. 347. Written along the fibres on the verso of part of an early fourth century taxing-account of land, mentioning Ξένωνος κλῆρος. An order to a woman to pay a double jar of wine to a physician as the price of some (3?) σπάθια, which are in this context more probably *spatulae* (instruments for mixing) than measures of wine (as e. g. in 1771. 4). The neuter form διπλοκέραμον occurs in l. 3, and is probably implied by all those instances which Wilcken, *Ost.* i. 759-60, refers to διπλοκέραμος. The date (l. 4) is by the era of Constantine I and the regnal years of Constantius and Constans; cf. 1632. 9, n. ¹ Σαρμάτης Σεργινί(λ)α [χαίρειν.] ² παρασχοῦ Πεκύλῳ ἱατρῶ (ἱατ.) ὑπὲρ τιμῆς σπαθίων? . . .]υ[. .]υ (possibly τ]ρ[ι]ῶ]υ) ³ οἶνον διπλοκέραμον ἐν. σεσημ(είωμαι) οἶνον (ιν corr.) διπ(λοκ.) ἐν μόνον. ⁴ (ἐτους) μα κγ ιδ Μεχέρ κγ.
- 1752.** 4.8 × 27.7 cm. A.D. 378. Written across the fibres. An order for payment of wine (κνίδιον διπλοῦν) to two sawyers for repairs to a boat. The οἰνοχειριστής, to whom the document is addressed, was probably in the service of a private land-owner (the Clemens of l. 1) rather than of the State. The dating in l. 4 is by the regnal years of Valens, Gratian, and Valentinian II; cf. 1041. 16, written 3 years later, after the death of Valens, and 1632. 9, n. ¹ Π(αρά) Κλήμ(εντος) Λευκαδίου διὰ τῆς μητρὸς Νείλῳ οἰνοχι- ρ(ιστῇ) χα(ίρειν). ² παρασχοῦ Πτολεμαίῳ καὶ τῷ κοινωνῶ πρίσταις εἰς λόγον δαπά- νης ἀνανεώσεως τοῦ πλοίου ³ τὸ πρὶν ὑπὸ (ὑπ.) Ἀπφοῦν οἶνον κνίδιον διπλοῦν ἐν, / οἶ(ν.) κνίδ(ι.) δι(πλ.) α. (2nd h.) σεσημῶμαι οἶνον κνίδιον διπλοῦ(ν) ἐν. (1st h.) ⁴ (ἐτους) ις (ἐτ.) ιβ (ἐτ.) δ (ἐτ.) Παχὼν α.
- 1753.** 8.9 × 19 cm. A.D. 390. On the verso of two incomplete documents in shorthand, of 9 and 5 lines respectively. An order to a βοηθός to make various money-payments (partly in solidi, partly in denarii) to a πραγματευτής as the price of oil, pitch, honey, and a commodity sold by the λίτρα (probably meat). The ends of lines are missing, but not much seems to be lost. The dating is by the eras of Constantius and Julian; cf. 1632. 9, n.

¹ Λιμένιος Ἀθανασίῳ βοηθ(ῶ) χα(ί)ρειν. ² παρασχού Βάσσῳ πραγματευτῇ ὑπὲρ (υπ.) τιμ(ῆς) ἐλέου (l. ἐλαίου) χρηστοῦ ξεστῶν ὀγδοήκοντα χρυσοῦ ³ νομισμάτια δύο, καὶ ὑπὲρ (ὑπ.) πίσεως ὑγρᾶς (ὑγ.) ἀγγίων ἕξ (εξ over an expunction) ἐκάστου ἐκ (δηναρίων) [μ(υριάδων) τ (δην.) μ(υριάδας) Ἄω, καὶ ⁴ ὑπὲρ τιμῆς μέλιτος ξεστῶν εἴκοσι πέντε χρυσοῦ νομισμάτιον ἔν, [καὶ ὑπὲρ κρέως? ⁵ λι(τρῶν) γλ (δην.) μ(υριάδας) ρε, γ(ίνονται) ὁμοῦ νομ(ισμ.) γ καὶ (δην.) μ(υρ.) ἈΤε μόνα. (2nd h.) σεσ[η- μ(είωμαι) — ⁶ τ . — ⁷ (1st h.) (ἔτους) ξς λε Ἐπελφ ζ.

- 1754.** 16.6 × 8.4 cm. Late fourth or fifth century. A short letter ordering a payment of 10 *centenaria* (cf. 1430. 14, n.) of pitch to a potter attached (διαφέρων) to an agent (βοηθός) of the heirs of Protidius, who was probably a rich land-owner. The bottom of the document is missing, but perhaps nothing or no more than a date is lost. On the verso is a somewhat obliterated list of names in a different hand. ¹ Κυρίῳ μου ἀδελφῶ Παμουθίῳ ² Μακάριος. ³ δέκα κεντηνάρια ⁴ πίσεως παρασχού ⁵ Ἀμμωνίῳ τῷ κεραμί ⁶ τῷ διαφέροντι τῷ ⁷ κυρίῳ μου ἀδελφῶ ⁸ Ἀβρααμίῳ τῷ βοηθῶ ⁹ τῶν κληρονό- ¹⁰ μων Πρωτιδίου. ¹¹ ἐρρωσθαί σε εἴ[χομ(αι) ¹² [] πολλοῖς χρόνοις?

(11) *Private Correspondence.*

- 1755.** 4.8 × 5.6 cm. Second or early third century. An invitation to dinner 'at the table of the lord Sarapis', similar to 110, 523, and 1484; cf. 1484-7. int. ¹ Ἐρωτᾷ σε Ἀπίων δει- ² πνήσαι ἐν τῷ οἴκῳ ³ τοῦ Σαραπίου εἰς κλεί- ⁴ νην τοῦ κυρίου Σαράπιδος τῇ ἡμέρᾳ ἀπὸ ⁵ ὥρας θ. It is not clear whether the οἶκος was Apion's own house, in which case ἐπί may be supplied before τοῦ Σαραπίου, or was a part of the temple itself; cf. ἐν τῷ Σαραπίῳ in 110. 3. For κλίνη now cf. *Gnomon des Idios Logos* 88.
- 1756.** 21.8 × 9.4 cm. First century. A short letter from Sarapion to his father Dionysius, saying that he was sending his (Sarapion's) poll-tax, and promising a present of olives. ¹ Σαραπίων Διονυσίῳ τῷ ² πατρὶ χαίρειν. ³ ἀναγκαῖον ἔγνω διὰ γρα- ⁴ πτοῦ σε ἀσπάσασθαι. κόμισαι ⁵ διὰ Κεφαλᾶτος Πετε- χῶ(ντος) ⁶ Σαλβίου τὴν λαογραφίαν ⁷ μου (δραχμὰς) ἑβ. εἰς Ἀμοίς ⁸ παραγένηται, δώσω ⁹ αὐτῷ τὰς ἄλλας (δρ.) δ. ¹⁰ εἰς τὰ κτήνη ἐξέρχεται ¹¹ ἐπὶ γράστιν, πέμψω σοι ¹² ἐλαίαν. ἐρρωσο. Verso ¹³ παρὰ Σαραπίωνος Διονυσίῳ τῷ πατρὶ. Other Oxyrhynchite instances of poll-tax at the rate of 16 drachmae are 313, 389, 1438. 18; cf. 1436. int.
- 1757.** 28.9 × 8.8 cm. Second century (after Hadrian). Letter from Horeis to his brother Horion, complaining that the latter had not written, and announcing the dispatch of various articles, &c. ¹ Ὁρεῖς Ὁρίωνι τῷ ² ἀδελφῷ πλείστα χαίρειν. ³ πρὸ τῶν [δ]λῶν εὐχομαί σε ⁴ ὑγιαίνειν. δευτέραν σοι ⁵ ἐπι- στολήν γράφω σοι καὶ ⁶ οὐδεμίαν μοι ἀντέγρα- ⁷ ψας. ἐγώ [σ]ε πάντ[ο]τε φι- ⁸ λῶ,

σὺ δ[ὲ] π[α]ρεξουδεμένης⁹ με. ἀνερχόμενος ἀνανεγ-¹⁰ κῶ (l. ἀνευεγ.) σοι τὰ καλ(λ)άινια, καὶ εἴ τει¹¹ εἴαν δηλώσεις μοι διὰ Εὐρύ-¹² τῆτος τοῦ ἀναδιδόντει (l. -τος) σοι¹³ τὸ ἐπιστόλιον (ε corr.). εἴαν μὴ¹⁴ ἦν σοι ἀβαρός (l. -ρές: cf. 1670. 13, n.), μεταβαλοῦ¹⁵ Σαραπάτι χαλκὸν ἕως ἀνα-¹⁶ βῶ. εἴ[ς] τὴν ἑορτὴν ἔπεμ-¹⁷ ψά σοι ῥούδια (= ῥοῖδια) πέντε. εἴαν¹⁸ μὴ ἦν σοι ἀβαρός, [[καὶ παρ]]¹⁹ γράψον μοι ἐπιστολὴν²⁰ διὰ τοῦ ἀναδιδόντος σοι²¹ τὸ ἐπιστόλιον περὶ τῆς ὑγί-²² as σου. κόμισαι παρὰ Θέωνος²³ μάγια δύο καὶ τήρησόν μοι²⁴ αὐτὰ ἕως ἀναβῶ, [καὶ] δῆλω-²⁵ σόν μοι. ἄσπασαι Κλα[υ]δίαν²⁶ τὴν ἀγαθοτάτην καὶ τοὺς²⁷ φιλοῦντάς σε πάντας.²⁸ ἔρρωσθαί σε εὐχομ[α]ι. μνηδὸς²⁹ Ἀδριανοῦ ε. Verso³⁰ ἀπόδος Ὀρίωνι ἀπὸ Ὀρ[ε]ῖτος ἀδελφοῦ. For μάγια (l. 23) meaning vessels of some kind cf. a Delian inscription in *B. C. H.* vi. 108, and P. Hibeh 121. 50 μάνητες.

1758. 17.5 × 8.4 cm. Second century. A letter from a woman, asking that an embargo should be placed on a mound which a tenant was digging on her land, and that no more work should be allowed until her arrival. The writing is across the fibres of the verso, the recto being blank except for the address. ¹ Διογενὺς Διδυμᾶ τῷ ² τιμιωτάτῳ πλείστα χαίρειν. ³ πρὸ παντὸς εὐχομαί σε ὑγιαί- ⁴ νειν μετὰ τῶν ἀβασκάντων ⁵ σου παιδίων, καὶ τὸ προσκύ- ⁶ νημα ὑμῶν ποιῶ παρὰ τῷ ⁷ μεγάλῳ Σαράπιδι εὐχομέ- ⁸ νη σοι τὰ κάλ(λ)ιστα πανοικεί. κα- ⁹ λῶς ποιήσεις κατεγνήσας ¹⁰ τὸν χοῦν ὃν ἐξέσκαψεν Ἀ- ¹¹ τρῆς ὁ γεωργός μου ἀπὸ τῶν ¹² ἐδαφῶν μου, καὶ μὴ ἄφιε ¹³ ἐποικοδομῆσαι (third o corr. from η) ἕως ἀν ¹⁴ παραγένωμαι. μελέτω σοι ¹⁵ δὲ καὶ περὶ ὧν ἄλλων ἔχω ¹⁶ παρὰ σοὶ μετεώρω[ν] (second ε corr. from αι) ἐπι- ¹⁷ σχεῖν, ἵνα (ἵνα) μὴ εὐκατ[α]φ[ι]ρ[ό]ν[η]- ¹⁸ τος γένωμαι διὰ τὴν ἀμέλι- ¹⁹ αν μου. ἀσπάσομαι πάντας ²⁰ οὓς ἡδέως ἔχεις. [Verso ²¹ ἀπόδο(ς) Διδυμᾶ. In l. 12 the ε of ἄφιε is clear, and ἀφίς cannot be read; similar forms occur in the LXX and N.T., as Eccles. ii. 18 ἀφίω, Mark i. 34 ἡφιε. For μετεώρω[ν] (l. 16) cf. e. g. 1219. 5.

1759. 7.9 × 10.4 cm. Second century. A short letter from Demetrius to Theon, an athlete, reminding him of some articles which the writer wished to be bought. ¹ Δημήτρι[ο]ς Θέωνι τῷ φιλτά- ² τῳ χαίρειν. ³ πρὸ [τ]ῶν ὄλων εὐχομαί σε ὑγιαί- ⁴ νειν [κ]αὶ νικᾶν πάντοτε. περὶ ⁵ τῶν ἐντολικῶν μελησάτω σοι, ⁶ περὶ τοῦ μικροῦ ἐλαδίου καὶ πε- ⁷ ρ[ι] τῶν τραγημάτων καὶ πε- ⁸ ρ[ιστερ]ειδίων δ καὶ τυμω- ⁹ λ[ιτικῆς] γαρίου χρηστοῦ. ¹⁰ [ἔ]ρρωσό μοι, παράδοξε. Verso ¹¹ Θέωνι Εὐδα[ί]μορος. For τυμωλ[ιτικῆς] γαρίου cf. 1760. 14. The diminutive τυμωλει- ¹² τίκιον is found in P. Fay. 104. 23, where a derivation from Τύμωλος (= Τμῶλος) was suggested. Whatever the origin of the word may be, its meaning is clearly some kind of jar or vessel. The athletic title παρά- ¹³ δοξος, originally applied to victors in both πάλη and πένταθλον, is fairly frequent in papyri, e. g. P. Brit. Mus. 1178. 54-7 (iii, p. 217); its occurrence here explains the wish in l. 4 for 'perpetual victory'.

1760. 28.3 × 9 cm. Second century. The latter part of a letter referring to arrangements for the delivery of some *χόρτος*, and asking for a jar of pickled fish. ¹ .[. καλ]ῶ[ς ποι]ήσεις λαβὼν ² γράμμα[τα] παρ' αὐτοῦ πρὸς ³ Διονύσιον περὶ τοῦ παραδο- ⁴ θῆναι ἡμεῖν αὐτά. ἦν μὲν ⁵ οὖν διὰ θέρους εὐωνότατον ⁶ ἐν δὲ τῷ παρόντι ἢ λυσιτε- ⁷ λούσα καὶ δικαία τιμὴ πρὸς ⁸ τέσσαρας μ[νᾶ]ς ἐστιν πεντ- ⁹ ἄρταβιαίφ (πεντ') . . [.]ίφ (ἰώ) σακτῷ. ¹⁰ π[ε]ψ[ε]ις οὖν ἡμεῖν ἐπιστό- ¹¹ λιον πρὸς αὐτόν, ἵνα (ἰν.) τὴν τι- ¹² μὴν ἀπολαβὼν τὸν χόρ- ¹³ τον ἡμεῖν παραδῶ. διπλὴν ¹⁴ τυμωλιτικὴν (cf. 1759. 8, n.) γάρου σὺν ¹⁵ θεοῖς ἐρχόμενος ἐνεγκείς ¹⁶ μοι, ἐὰν δυνατὸν ἦν· ἐὰν δὲ ¹⁷ σοὶ ὀχληρὸν ἦν τοῦτο, τάχα ¹⁸ δύναται Σῶσος προτραπείς ¹⁹ ὑπὸ σοῦ κε[ρά]μ[ι]όν μοι ἐνέγκαι. ²⁰ [τ]ὰ παιδία [σ]ε ἀσπάζεται. ²¹ ἐρρῶσθ[α] σε εὐχομ(αι). In l. 9 . . [.]ίφ is clear and μέ[τ]ρφ, which is the word expected, cannot be read. σακτῷ means 'pressed', 'crammed full'.

1761. 9.5 × 7.9 cm. Late second or third century. A short and badly spelled letter of greeting from one woman to another. A very singular symptom of regret for an absent friend is specified in ll. 6-7. ¹ Κα[λ]λιρῶν (l. -ρόν, and so l. 20) Σαραπ(ι)άδι ² τῇ γυρίᾳ (l. κυρ.) χαίρε(ι)ν. τὸ προσ- ³ κύνημά σου ποιῶ κατ' ἐ- ⁴ κάστην ἡμέραν παρὰ ⁵ τῷ κυρίῳ Σαράπιδι. [[καλ]] ⁶ ἀφ' ἧς ἀπῆλθες ἐπιζη- ⁷ {η}τοῦμέν σου τὰ κόπρια ⁸ θέλοντές σε εἰδῖν. ἀσπά- ⁹ ζον Θερμούθιν καὶ Ἡλιά- ¹⁰ δα καὶ Πλουτίονα κα[λ] ¹¹ Ἀφροδίτην καὶ Νεμε- ¹² σ(ι)ανόν. ἀσπάζετε (-εται) ὑμᾶς ¹³ Κάραβος καὶ Ἀρποκρα- ¹⁴ τίων καὶ τοὺς ἐν ὕκῳ (l. οἰκ.) ¹⁵ πάντες. ἐροστε (l. ἐρρῶσθαι) σαι (a corr. from ε: l. σε) εὐ- ¹⁶ χομαι. Verso ¹⁷ ἀπό(σ)δος ¹⁸ Σεραπιάδι ¹⁹ ἀπὸ Καλλι- ²⁰ ρῶν.

1762. P. Cairo 10013. 17.7 × 16.3 cm. Second or third century. Letter of Chaereas (? identical with Chaereas in 117) to his 'father' Dionysius concerning some negotiation with Serenus in which the influence of Dionysius was desirable. ¹ Χαίρεας Διονυσίῳ τῷ ² κυρίῳ πατρὶ χαίρειν. ³ ἀ[ν]αγκαῖον ἡγησάμην εἶναι [[σοι]] δηλο[ῶ]ν ⁴ σοὶ τὰ περὶ Σερήνου πεπραγμένα. τὸ μὲν οὖν ⁵ ἀκρειβές 'Ροδόπη σοὶ δηλώσει. δεδεήμεθα ⁶ ταῦτα πρὸς αὐτῶν (l. -τόν) καὶ τέλος ἐπένευσεν ⁷ καὶ ἀπέλυσεν ἡμᾶς εἰδὼς τὰ μετ' αὐτ[ά], ⁸ οὐπω μέντοι εἰς διαλλαγὰς ἐλθεῖν ἠθέ- ⁹ λησεν, οὐδὲ περὶ συν[γ]ραφῆς λόγον ¹⁰ [π]εποιήται, 'σὲ περιμένων'. διὰ τοῦτο οὖν σοῦ δεόμεθα ¹¹ [ἵ]να αὐτῷ περὶ τούτων συμβου- ¹² [λ]ε[ύ]σης· σοῦ γὰρ μᾶλλον ἢ ἡμῶν ¹³ [ἀ]κο[ύ]σεται. ¹⁴ ἐρρῶσθαι σε εὐχομ[αι]. Verso ¹⁵ Διονυσίῳ πατ(ρι) γυμνασιάρχ(ῳ) or -ήσαντι).

1763. 16.1 × 10 cm. On the verso of 1743. Third century, after A. D. 222. A note from Sopatrus to his sister, explaining that his departure had been delayed, but that he hoped to start on the 15th. ¹ Σώπατρος τῇ ἀδελ- ² φῇ πλῖστα χαίρειν. ³ οὐπω μέχρι σήμε- ⁴ ρον τὰ πλοῖα τῆς ἀν- ⁵ ὥνας ἐξῆλθεν ⁶ ἵνα δυνηθῶμεν ἐξελ- ⁷ θεῖν, καίτοι ἐμοῦ μη- ⁸ δὲν ἔχοντος πρᾶξαι ⁹ ἐνθάδε. λέγουσι δὲ ὅτι ¹⁰ μέχρι ιε θέλομεν ¹¹ ἐξελθεῖν σὺν θεῷ. ¹² ἐρρῶσθαι σε εὐχομ(αι) ¹³ καὶ τὰ παιδία. Verso ¹⁴ ἀπό(δος) παρὰ Σωπάτρον.

- 1764.** 17.2 × 7.2 cm. Third century. On the verso of the ends of 16 lines of an early third century list of persons with their ages, most of the entries concluding κ() ὑπ(ερ?) μέρ(ους) οἰκ(ίας) (δραχμὰς) σ (or τ). An incomplete letter to Pindarus, stating that a calf-butcher, who was wanted for the purpose of a valuation, had refused to go before the arrival of 'the most notable Calpurnius', and referring to some young peach and citron trees, &c.
- ¹[. . . . δ]ωρος καὶ Σαρα- ²[πάμμω]ν Πινδάρωι ³[χ]αίρειν. ⁴ἐπεὶ πολ[λ]αὶ ἡμέραι (1. πολ[λ]ὰς ἡμέρας) προσ- ⁵καρτεροῦμεν Φιλέα τῷ ⁶μοσχομαγ[ε]ίρῳ ὅπως συν- ⁷εξέλθῃ ἡμεῖν τῆς συντει- ⁸μήσεως ἔνεκεν, ἣν ὑπερ- ⁹έθετο σήμερον εἰς τὴν πα- ¹⁰ρουσίαν τοῦ ἀξιολογωτάτου (cf. P. Strassb. 20. 5, n.) ¹¹Καλπου[ρ]νίου, ὑπ' (ὑπ.) ὄψιν σοι αὐτὸ ¹²τοῦτο φανερόν ποι[ο]ῦμεν, ¹³ὅπως τοῖς γεωργοῖς διέλῃ ¹⁴τὰ κτήνη καὶ μὴ ἐμπόδιον ¹⁵γένηται τῇ γεωργίᾳ. τὸν δὲ ¹⁶ὄνον σου δι[ε]πεμψάμεθά σοι, ¹⁷ἀλλὰ καὶ Σαρᾶν, [ἔ]να (ἴν.) τὰ μεικρὰ ¹⁸φυτὰ τῶν τε περσικῶν ¹⁹κα[ι] κιτριῶ[ν] κ[αὶ] τὴν ἄμπε- ²⁰[λον —. μοσχομαγ[ε]ίρῳ in l. 6 is an early instance of specialization in the butcher's trade; cf. B. G. U. 3. 11 χοιρομαγείρῳ, and ἰσικιομάγειρος in a Rainer papyrus ap. Wessely, *Wien. Stud.* 1902. 129 (A. D. 596).
- 1765.** 11.4 × 7.9 cm. Third century. A letter to a ταρσικάριος (Tarsian-cloth-weaver; cf. 1705) complaining that he had not answered a number of letters, which was causing delay, and asking for some money (?) to be sent. ¹Κου- σέννα (cf. l. 29 Κουτσένης) Ἀπάμω- ²νι θ[ρ]ῶ[ρ] αἰσικαρίῳ χαίρειν. ³ὀκτώ σοι ἐπιστολάς, ⁴καὶ οὐδὲ ἅπαξ ἤξιω- ⁵σάς μοι γράφειν περὶ ὧν (ὧν) ⁶ἔλαβες. διὰ τοῦτο οὐκ ⁷ἔπεμψά σοι τὰ δεύτερα. ⁸κἂν νῦν σπούδασον ⁹γράψαι μοι ἵνα (ἴν.) σοι καὶ ¹⁰τὰ ἄλλα πέμψω. τοὺς (= οὓς) ¹¹γὰρ ἔπεμψάς μοι ¹²τρεις στατήρας πάλιν ¹³σοι διε- πεμψάμην. ¹⁴ἐὰν γὰρ τὰ πλήρη μὴ (ἡ corr. from ε?) ¹⁵πέμψῃς, πέμψον μοι ¹⁶τὰ ἐπιλύμματα (unknown; ? = ἐπιλείμματα 'remnants'). ἀσ- ¹⁷πάζομαι τὴν Σύραν ¹⁸καὶ Σιλβανὸν τὸν ¹⁹νιδὸν καὶ (κ corr.) τὴν ἱέριαν (ἱερ.: ι rewritten) ²⁰σὺν τέκνοις. ὥς ἄρα ²¹σοὶ τῷ θαρσικαρίῳ εἰς ²²χεῖρας, ἐὰν εὕρῃς τινά, ²³πέμψον μοι τὸν Σιλβα- ²⁴νόν. Verso ²⁵κόμεισον μετὰ τῆς ἐπιστολῆς κυ- ²⁶άμους ἐξήκοντα καὶ χαρτάρια δ ²⁷εἰς Κεφαλὴν καὶ ἐπιμερίζεσθαι (l. -σθε) ²⁸σὺ καὶ ἡ ἱέρεια (ἱερ.). ²⁹π(αρά) Κουτσένης ³⁰(in the reverse direction) Ἀπάμωνι θαρσικαρίῳ.
- 1766.** 17.1 × 14.4 cm. Third century. A well-written and nearly complete letter to Horion, complaining of his silence and asking for news. The writer's name was possibly Aeschylus, if the first line may be supposed to have been a little indented. ¹[A]νλος Ὀρείωνι τῷ τιμιωτάτῳ ²χαίρειν. ³ἐγὼ μὲν ἐχόμενος τῆς εἰς σὲ ἀεὶ στοργῆς ⁴πολλάκις σοι ἐπέστειλα, σὺ δὲ οὐδ' ἅπαξ (-αξ) κατ- ⁵ἠξίωσάς (κατ'.) με γραμμάτων οὐ μόνον, ἀλλὰ ⁶καὶ τὰ διὰ Ἡρακλείδου καὶ Σακανάρου πεμ- ⁷φθέντα ὥς μετέδωκάμ μοι, οὐδὲ καὶ ὧς ⁸ἔσχον. εὖ οὖν ποιήσεις, ἀδελφέ, ἐπιστέλλας (first ε corr. from τ) ⁹μοι περὶ τε τῆς σωτηρίας σου καὶ τῶν σῶν ¹⁰[πάντων?] καὶ ὧν ἐν[ε]κα ἐνχορίζεις, καὶ τίμα ¹¹τρό-

πον διάγεις, καὶ περὶ τῆς πράξεως, ἴν' (ἴν) ἡσθῶ· ¹² ἡ γὰρ εὐπραγία σου κοινὴ ἐστὶν εὐτυχία. ¹³ ἀσπάζομαι τὸν πατέρα Ἰσχυρίωνα (ἰσχ.) ¹⁴ καὶ τὰ ἀβάσκαντα τέκνια καὶ τὴν ἀγαθὴν ¹⁵ σου ἀδελφὴν καὶ Θέωνα καὶ Πατερμούθ(ι)ον ¹⁶ [καὶ τοὺς φίλους] ἡμῶν κατ' ὄνομα. ἐρρώσθαι ¹⁷ [καὶ ὁλοκληρεῖν?] σὲ εὐδοξοῦντα καὶ εὐτυ- ¹⁸ [χοῦντα καὶ εὐπρα]γοῦντα θεοῖς πᾶσι εὐχομαι. Verso ¹⁹ Ὁρεῖ(ω)νι φίλῳ π(αρά) Α[.] ὕλου.

- 1767.** 17.5 × 9.3 cm. Third century. Letter, of which the beginning is lost, addressed to Hermione, and written in a medium-sized sloping hand of a literary type. In ll. 8–16 the writer recommends some one to the care of the addressee; cf. 1663. ¹ ἐρεταιλ[.] ² ἐριδίῳν [.] ³ γραμμα[.] ⁴ καὶ ἐρωτ[.] ⁵ μαι σε ἀη[.] ⁶ τοῦτο δ[.] ⁷ αν με ὑπ[.] ⁸ ἡσεις' καὶ προλ[.]. ὁλον ⁹ ὅτι καὶ ὡς ἴδιον (ἴδ.) νίδν (νῖ.) ¹⁰ σεαστῆς (l. σεαντ.) ἔχεις καὶ ὡς ἀ- ¹¹ δε[[μ]]λ' φόν. ταῦτα γὰρ κατα- ¹² σκευασθέντα καὶ τελε- ¹³ σθέντα [π]άλιν χρήσι- ¹⁴ μα ἡμέ[ιν] ἔστε (l. -ται) εἰς ὁ χρή- ¹⁵ ζομεν. ἔ[γρ]αψα δὲ τῷ ¹⁶ πατρὶ πε[ρ]ὶ αὐτῶν τού- ¹⁷ των. περὶ τοῦ ἐντολιδί- ¹⁸ ου τ[ῆς] ἀδ[ε]λφῆς σου τί ¹⁹ βούλει ἀγο[ρ]ασθῆναι ἢ πα- ²⁰ ραπέμψα[σ]θαι δηλώ- ²¹ σεις μοι ἐν τάχε[ι]. ἀσπά- ²² ζομαι τὴν μητέρα μου ²³ καὶ Ἀπολλῶν καὶ το[ῦς] ²⁴ παρ' [ἡ]μῶν [π]άντας [κα-] ²⁵ τ' ὄνομα. ἐρ[ρ]ώσθαι σε ²⁶ εὐχομα[ι], γλυκντά- ²⁷ τη[ι]. Verso ²⁸ ἀπ[ὸ]δ(ος) Ἑρμιῶνι (l. -όνι).

- 1768.** Breadth 10.3 cm. Third century. Letter from Heraclius to his children Theon and Sarapias, announcing his safe arrival at Schedia (near Alexandria; cf. e.g. P. Hibeh 110. 25, n.). There is a lacuna in the middle of the letter, which is written in a sloping hand approximating to the literary type, though less formal than that of 1767. ¹ Ἡράκλειος Θέωνι καὶ Σαραπιάδι ² τοῖς γλυκντάτοις τέκνοις χαίρειν. ³ πρώτην καὶ δευτέραν καὶ τρί- ⁴ την ταύτην ἐπιστολὴν ὑμῖν (ὑμ.) ⁵ γ[ρ]άφω ἐλθὼν εἰς Σχεδίαν τῇ κα ⁶ κατὰ τὸ μεσανύκτιον (l. μεσον.), ὅπως ⁷ εὐθυμῆτε ὡς οὐδέν ἐστιν ⁸ [φ]αῦλον πε[ρ]ὶ ἡμ[ας]. οἱ γὰρ ἀνεμ[οι] ⁹ [δι]ὰ συστά[σεως] ὥμ[ης] ? ¹⁰ [.] φν[—] ¹¹ (after a gap) [.] ἀσ[πάζονται] ὑμᾶς ? ¹² [Ἀ]πίων, Λογγεῖνος, Ἀγα[θος], Φιλ- ¹³ [ά]ργυρος. ¹⁴ (2nd h.) ἐρρώσθαι ὑμᾶς εὐχ[ομ]αι ¹⁵ εὐτυχοῦντας. ¹⁶ (1st h.) Θέωνι νίῳ (νῖω) Ἡρά[κλειος]. For συστά[σεως] in l. 9 cf. Diod. iii. 51 ἀρχὰς καὶ συστάσεις πνευμάτων.

- 1769.** 12.3 × 10.8 cm. Third century. A practically complete letter from Ammonas to his sister, telling her that he had made arrangements for her wants to be supplied. ¹ Ἀμμωνᾶς τ[ῇ] ἀδελφῇ μου ² πολλὰ χαίρειν. ³ πρὸ τῶν ὅλων εὐχομαί σοι (l. σε) ὑγιαίνειν (ὑγ.) ⁴ καὶ τὸ προσκύνημά σου ποιῶ καθ' ἐκά- ⁵ στη(ν) ἡμέραν παρὰ τῷ κυρίῳ Σαράπιδι. ⁶ ἔγραψα τῷ ἀδελφῷ ὅτι περὶ οὗ ἐὰν ⁷ χρίαν σχῆς ἴνα (ἴν.) λάβῃς. μὴ ὀκνήσις ⁸ οὖν προσελθὼν αὐτῷ περὶ οὗ ἐὰν χρή- ⁹ ζῃς, οἶδα γὰρ ὅτι οὐκ ἀντερεῖ σοι. καὶ ¹⁰ Σερήνῳ ἔγραψα τῷ ἀδελφῷ τὰ αὐτά, ¹¹ ἴνα (ἴν.) δῶ σοι πέντε ἀρτ[ά]δας κριθῆς. ¹² ἀσπάζου τὴν ἀδελφ[ήν] μου καὶ τὰ ¹³ τέκνα αὐτ[ῆς] καὶ] καὶ Ἑπι- ¹⁴ τυχίαν καὶ Μαργ[αρίδα] ¹⁵ καὶ τὴν θυγατέρα

αὐτῆς ¹⁶ καὶ τοὺς ἡμῶν πάντας ¹⁷ κατ' ὄνομα. ¹⁸ ἐρρωσθαί σε εὖχομαι(αι). ¹⁹ Παχ(ὼν) κς. Verso ²⁰ ἀπόδ(ος) τῇ ἀδελφῇ μου. For Μαργ[αρίδα]ν (l. 14) cf. e. g. *Archiv* ii. 568 No. 136; Μαργ[αρ(ε)ῖτι]ν would also be suitable, though that form does not seem to occur elsewhere.

1770. 25.5 × 10 cm. Late third century. A letter to a mother from her son, who uses no names in the opening formula, but was perhaps called Horion (l. 18). The arrival and dispatch of various articles are announced, and the mother is asked to come herself or to send Thonius, possibly another son. ¹ Κυρία μου μητρὶ ² ἅμα τοῖς (ο corr. from η) κυρίοις μου ἀ- ³ δελφοῖς πλείστ[α blank?] ⁴ χαίρειν. προηγου[μένως] ⁵ εὖχομε (l. -μαι) ὑμᾶς ὑγ[αίνειν] ⁶ καὶ εὖ πράττειν (πρατ'τ.). γινώσκειν ⁷ ὑμᾶς θέλω ὅτι μετ[ὰ] πάντων ⁸ ὀλοκληροῦμεν. θέλω γὰρ ὅ- ⁹ πως καθ' ἐκάστην [ἡμέραν] ¹⁰ ὑμῖν γράφω καὶ οὐδεμί- ¹¹ αν μοι ἐγράψατε (τ corr. from ψ). [ἐκομισά- ¹² μην] ὅσα ἀπεστίλατε. [. . . ¹³ γὰρ οὐ καθαρὶ ὥς γράφει π[. . .] ¹⁴ σολυχιδι. κόμισον οὖν [. . .] ¹⁵ παρὰ τοῦ (ου corr. from ω) ἀναδιδούντι (l. -τος) τ[αῦ]- ¹⁶ τὰ μου τὰ γράμματα ἀγγεῖον (αγ'γ.) ¹⁷ ἐλέου (l. ἐλαίου) καὶ δὸς αὐτὸ 'Ιέρακει (ἱερ.), ¹⁸ ἔχων (l. ἔχον) ἐπιγραφὴν 'Ωρίων, ¹⁹ φ, καὶ πᾶν ποιήσον ἐλθῖν ²⁰ πρὸς ἡμᾶς ἐν τάχι. ἐὰν δὲ εἰ- ²¹ δῆς ὅτι παρὰ σοὶ μένεις, ἀπό- ²² στιλόν μοι Θώνιον· αὐτοῦ ²³ γὰρ χρίαν ἔχω ἐνταῦθα. ²⁴ ἐὰν δὲ ἐλθῆς εὐτυχῶς, ἀκού- ²⁵ εις πάντα καὶ τὰ πραχθέν- ²⁶ τα. ἀπόστίλόν μοι γὰρ κνίδιον (-ιῶ) ²⁷ γάρους καὶ τὰς ἐπιστολὰς ²⁸ δὸς 'Ιέρακει (ἱερ.: κ corr. from τ) τὰ δελ. α. . . ²⁹ μετὰ τούτου. ἀσπάζω (cf. l. 33 and 1670. 20) τὸν ³⁰ κύριόν μου υἱὸν (υῖ.) Τ[. . .] ³¹ καὶ τοὺς ἡμῶν π[άντας] ³² κατ' ὄνομα. καὶ Ε[. . .] ³³ ἀσπάζει ὑμᾶς ὅλους. ³⁴ ἐρρωσθαί ὑμᾶς εὖχο- ³⁵μαι πολλοῖς χρόνοις. On the verso traces of the address. Lines 12-14 are obscure. The supposed γ of γράφει is much more like τ, and καθαρὶ ὥς may of course be one word, καθαρῶς; whether σολυχιδι (for σολοικίδι?) is a proper name or not is not clear. In ll. 28-9, again, the interpretation is doubtful; δὸς may be connected with either ἐπιστολὰς or what follows, τὰ δὲ . . . being read in the former case. γάρου, not γάρους (l. 27), is the usual form. The meaning of ll. 18-19 is that a monogram of the first two letters of 'Ωρίων was inscribed on the ἀγγεῖον.

1771. 14.5 × 13.8 cm. Late third or early fourth century. A letter to a tenant, giving directions about wine. ¹ Αὐ[ρῆ]λιο[ς] Σε[ρ]ῆ[νο]ς Αὐρη[λ(ί)ω] ['Ωρίων]ι τ[ῶ]ι ² τιμειωτάτῳ χαίρειν. ³ γενοῦ σὺν 'Αλεξάνδρῳ καὶ παράλαβε ⁴ οἶν[ον] παλαι[ά] σπαθία (π corr.) ιη καὶ νέα ιβ, ⁵ καὶ ἐκ τῶν παλαιῶν τὰ ἐπιγεγραμ- ⁶ μένα Ταπέρω καὶ 'Ερήσεως ἔξοχα η ⁷ παράστησον τῷ κυρίῳ μου Θέωνι, καὶ Λεωνί- ⁸ δῃ δ καὶ σταντῶ β, καὶ τὰ λοιπὰ ἀσφά- ⁹ λ[ι]σαι μετ[ὰ] καὶ τῶν ἄλλων σπαθίων β ¹⁰ τοῦ Γαίου. μετὰ γὰρ τὸ ὁδεῦσε (l. -σαι) ταῦτα ¹¹ ἐκώλυσαν τὸν καμηλείτην καὶ μὴ ¹² ἄρε (l. ἄραι), ἀλ(λ)' ἔτι ἐπιμένει τοῖς ἐνθάδε. 'Αλέξανδρος ¹³ δὲ διηγῆσεται τὸ πᾶν. Verso ¹⁴ Αὐρη[λ(ί)ω] 'Ωρίωνι μισθωτῇ ¹⁵ π(αρά) [Αὐρη]λ(ίου) Σερήνου.

1772. 7 × 22.6 cm. Late third century. Beginning of a letter which was apparently left unfinished, since there is a distinct margin below l. 5. A very short sixth line might be supposed to have been lost, but the conclusion would be extremely abrupt. The writer disclaims responsibility for the non-arrival of a monthly stipend due to the addressee. The inclusion of τὸν ἵππον in a message of greeting is noticeable. ¹[Διο]νύσιος Σαραπίωνι τῷ ἀσυγκρίτῳ (ασυγ'κ.) πλείστα χαίρειν. ²[ἄσπ]ασαι πολλὰ τὴν ἀγαθὴν σου σύμβιον καὶ Ἰουλίαν καὶ τὸν ἵππον καὶ ³[Τιβ]έριν, μεθ' ὧν εὐχομαί σε ὁλόκληρον ἀπολαβεῖν. [[οὐδὲν]] ὁἶδα ὅτι οὐδὲν ξένον τοῦ λαβόν- ⁴[τος] ἐνέγκαι (ενεγ'κ.) σοι τὰ ἐπιμήνια καὶ μὴ δόντος. παραγενόμενος γὰρ ἐνθάδε ⁵[εἴ]πέν μοι ὅτι οὐκ ἔδωκεν. ἐγὼ δὲ οὐκ εἰμι μεμπτός (μεμπ.π.), ἀλλὰ σὺ ὁ καὶ τὴν ἀρχὴν[.]ν' < >.

1773. 25.1 × 9 cm. Third century. Letter from a woman called in l. 1 Eutycheis, but on the verso apparently Taurine, to her 'mother' Ametrion, explaining that her arrival had been delayed by difficulties of transport, and asking for a sum of money to be paid to the bearers of this letter, from whom the writer had borrowed. ¹Εὐτυχεῖς Ἀμετρίῳ τῇ μη- ²τρὶ πολλὰ χαίρειν. ³πρὸ μὲν πάντων εὐχο- ⁴μαι τῷ θεῷ ὁλοκλήρους ὑμᾶς (ὑμ.) ⁵ἀπολαβεῖν. γεινόςκιν (l. γινώσκειν) σε θέ- ⁶λω ὅτι ἀπὸ τριακάδος τοῦ Τῦ- ⁷βι ἦλθον εἰς τὸ Τυράννιν καὶ ⁸οὐκ εὔρον πῶς ἔλθω πρὸς ὑμᾶς, ⁹[τ]ῶν καμηλιτῶν μὴ θελησάν- ¹⁰[τ]ων ἐλθεῖν εἰς Ὁξυρυχείτην (-ρυγ'χ.). ¹¹[ο]ὐ μόνον, ἀλλὰ καὶ εἰς Ἀντινόου ¹²[ἀ]νῆλθα χάριν πλούου (l. πλοίου) καὶ οὐ- ¹³κ εὔρον. νῦν οὖν ἐσκεψάμην ¹⁴τοὺς γόμους μου ἀρῖν εἰς Ἀν- ¹⁵τινόου καὶ μῖνε (l. μείναι) ἐκεῖ ἄχρι οὗ πλῦ- ¹⁶ον (l. πλοίου) εὔρω καὶ καταπλεύσω. καλῶς ¹⁷πυήσις (l. ποιήσεις) τοῖς ἀναδιδούντί (l. -δοῦσί) συ (l. σοι) ταῦ- ¹⁸τά μου τὰ (α corr. from ο) γράμματα δοῦναι (l. -ναι) κενού (l. καινού) ¹⁹νομίσματος τάλαντα δ[ύ]ο ἢ- ²⁰μισ[ο]ν, γί(νον)ται (τάλ.) (corr. from β) β (corr. from (δραχμαί?)) (δραχμαί) Ἰ, ἀ[νθ'] ὧν αἰτήσα-? ²¹σα ἔσ[σ]χον ἀπ' αὐτῶν ἐν τῷ Τυ- ²²ραννίῳ εἰς λόγον φ[ο]ρέτρον, καὶ ²³μὴ αὐτοὺς κατὰσ[σ]χῆς ὦραν ²⁴μία ν ὥσει δὴ (?) ατηντων ἐπὶ Θη- ²⁵[β?]ῶν νομόν. κόμισε (l. -σαι) δαὶ (l. δὲ) ἀπ' αὐτῶν (-τῶ) ²⁶παλειού (l. παλαιού) δραχμὰς δεισ[χ]ιλίας ἐνε- ²⁷νήκοντα δύο, γί(ν.) (δρ.) Βγβ πλήρης, ²⁸καὶ τὸν ὄνον μου μαιτὰ (l. μετὰ) τοῦ σαγίου (cf. P. Flor. 76. 32). ²⁹ἐὰν δὲ εἰδῆς ὅτι οὐκ ἔχεις [εἰς τὰς] ³⁰χέρες σου, χρήσε (l. χρήσαι) παρὰ τοῦ [.]ετα ³¹καὶ πλήρωσον αὐτούς, ἐπ[ι]δ[η] οὐ ³²δύνονται ἀναμῖνε (l. -ναι) ὦραν μίαν. ³³βλέπε δαὶ (l. δὲ) μὴ ἀμαρ[τ]άνης κ[αὶ] ἐνε- ³⁴δρεύσης τοὺς ἀνθρώπους εὐ- ³⁵πνείαν (l. -ποίαν) μοι πυή[σαν]τας. ἄσπασαί ³⁶μοι πάντες τοὺς [.] καὶ ³⁷πάντες τοὺς φ[ί]λους, γενήσο- ³⁸με δαὶ (l. δὲ) ἐν τάχ[ει] πρὸς ὑμᾶς? ³⁹[] ἐ[ρ]ρωσθαι ὑμᾶς εὐχομαι — Verso ⁴⁰σημασία (cf. 1678. 28, n.) εἰς τὴν Παραμβολήν (l. Παρεμ.) Ὅπ' οὐν η [. . . ? ⁴¹[.] . α, ἐξαίτασον (l. ἐξέτ.) τὰ παρὰ Ἀμασφ[.] ⁴²ε[. . .]νρ[. . .]γιν. ⁴³(in the reverse direction) Ἀμετρίῳ τῇ ⁴⁴μητρὶ ⁴⁵π(αρά) Ταυρείνῃ[s.] Lines 24-5 are difficult. The doubtful ν may be η, and ατη

may be equivalent to *αὐτή*, but whether the preceding letters are read *ὥσει* *δῆ* or *ὥς* *εἰδῆ* or *ὥς* *εἶδη*, and those following as *τῶν ἐπιθη[κ]ῶν νόμον* or . . . *ἐπὶ Θη[β]ῶν νομόν*, no tolerable construction or sense seems obtainable. *Τυράν- νιον* (ll. 7 and 21) is an unknown place.

1774. 21.9 × 10.3 cm. Early fourth century. Letter to Atienateia from Didyme and her 'sisters in the Lord', a formula showing the writer to have been a Christian. She urges her correspondent, who still had a balance of 1,300 denarii to her credit, to indicate any further wants. ¹ *Κυρεία* (a corr.) *τι* (l. τῇ) *ἀδελφῇ Ἀτιενά-* ² *τείη Διδύμη καὶ αἱ ἀδελ-* ³ *φαὶ ἐν κ(υρί)ῳ χαίρειν.* ⁴ *προηγούμενως ἀναγκε-* ⁵ *ον* (l. ἀναγκαῖον) *ἣν προσαγορεύειν σοι* (l. σε) ⁶ *εὐχόμεναι ὑγιένναι* (l. ὑγιαίνειν) *σοι* (l. σε) *ἡμεῖν.* ⁷ *γράφει ἡμε(ῖ)ν, κυρεία μου, περὶ* ⁸ *τῆς ὑγίας σου καὶ ὧν χρῆζεις* ⁹ *ἐντολικῶν ἐξουσίαν ἔχου-* ¹⁰ *σα.* *εἰ ἐκομείσθης τὰ ἐντολι-* ¹¹ *κά σου δῆλωσον ἡμεῖν.* *ἔλοι-* ¹² *πάσθῃ δὲ παρ' ἡμεῖν ἐκ τοῦ* ¹³ *ἀργυρείου τῶν ἐντολικῶν* ¹⁴ *σου ὡς νομίζω (δηνάρια) Ἀτ.* ¹⁵ *Κανωπικά* (l. -πικά) *σοι λημφθέν-* ¹⁶ *τα αὐτῶν ἀποστέλλ(λ)ονται.* ¹⁷ *προσαγόρευε τὴν κυρείαν ἀ-* ¹⁸ *δελφὴν μακαρείαν Ἀσοῦν* (or *Μακαρειανασοῦν*) ¹⁹ *καὶ τὴν μητέραν αὐτῆς καὶ* ²⁰ *[.] . [.] . . . [.] . [.] θαντα τὸν | —.* Verso ²¹ *Κυρεία μου ἀδελφῇ Ἀτιενατείη Διδύμη σὺν ταῖς ἀδελφαῖς.* According to Chrysippus *ap. Athen. xiv. 647 c* *Κανωπικά* (l. 15) were an *εἶδος πλακούντων*.

1775. 23.2 × 12.8 cm. Fourth century. Letter from Plutarchus, informing Theoninus that his commissions had been carried out in spite of all difficulties, and detailing some wishes on the part of the writer, who may have been a Christian (l. 4; cf., however, 1678. 6, n.). ¹ *Κυρίῳ μου ἀδελφῷ* ² *Θεονίνῳ Πλούταρχος χ(αίρειν).* ³ *τὸ προσκύνημά σου ποιῶ καθ' ἐκάστην* ⁴ *ἡμέραν παρὰ τῷ δεσπότῃ θεῷ ὅπως* ⁵ *ὀλόκληρον σε ἀπολάβω.* *ἰδ[ε]ῖναι σε θέλω,* ⁶ *κύριέ* (v corr. from *η*) *μου ἀδελφέ, [ἐπ]ὶ τοσαύτην* ⁷ *ἐντολήν μοι παρέδωκας* *εἰν . κλ . [.]* ⁸ *λάβω εἰς Ἀλεξάνδριαν, οὐχ ὥκνησα* ⁹ *οὔτε πάλιν ἡμέλησα.* *ὁ γὰρ πατήρ μου* ¹⁰ *πολλά μ[ο]ι κακὰ ἐποίησεν, καὶ ἔστρεξα* ¹¹ *ἕως ἔλθης.* *πάν ποιήσουν οὖν, κύριέ μου* ¹² *ἀδελφέ, σοῦ κατερχομένου λαβὴν τὸ κέρμα* ¹³ *καὶ ἀγοράσε* (l. -σαι) *μοι ἐντολικὸν καὶ λαβὴν* ¹⁴ *παρὰ τῆς Μεγάλης τὸ στιχάριον.* *ἀλλὰ* ¹⁵ *μόν[ο]ν μὴ ἀμελήσης.* ¹⁶ (2nd h.) *ἐρρωσθαί σε εὔχομαι* (l. -μαι) *πολλοῖς* ¹⁷ *χρόνοις.* ¹⁸ (1st h.) *ἐντολικὸν* followed by parts of 8 lines. Verso ²⁷ *Θεονίνῳ* *π(αρά) Πλουτάρχου ἀδελφοῦ.* At the end of l. 7 a conjunction like *ὅπως* or *ἵνα* is expected. *εἵνα* for *ἵνα* can certainly not be read after *παρέδωκας*, and *ἐνεκα* [ο]ῦ is hardly satisfactory.

1776. 26.6 × 12.6 cm. Late fourth century. Letter from Paulus to Deme- trius, telling him that some river-workmen were being sent for a piece of work, and that they were to be supplied with corn, sour wine, and cheese. ¹ *Κυρίῳ μου ἀδελφῷ Δημη-* ² *τρίῳ Παῦλος.* ³ *τοὺς ποταμίτας* (cf. 1671. 20, n.) *ἀπέστειλα* ⁴ *ὅπως ποιήσης αὐτοὺς* ⁵ *ἐργάσασθαι εἰς τὸν καινὸν* ⁶ *λάκκον* (corr. from *χρήζουσι*). *θέλησον ὅσον* ⁷ *χρήζουσιν ἐν τε σίτῳ ἢ* ⁸ *ὄξους* (l. ὄξει) *παρασχού*

αὐτοῖς, ⁹ καὶ τοὺς γεωργοὺς τῶν (ω corr. from ου) ¹⁰ τριῶν μηχανῶν τοῦ ¹¹ Σεμψαὺ ἀπαίτησον τυρῶν ¹² κεράμια δύο καὶ παρασχῶ ¹³ αὐτοῖς. ἐρρωσθαί σε εὖχ(ομαι) πολ-
¹⁴ λοῖς χρόνοις, κύριέ μου ¹⁵ ἀδελφέ. On the verso traces of an address.

- 1777.** 26.7 x 8.4 cm. Late fourth century. An ill-spelled letter from Choous to Tyrannus, asking that a sum of money which was due from some cowherds should be paid to Eulogius. ¹ Κυρίῳ μου ἀδελφῷ Τύ- ² ραν(ν)ος (l. -ράννῳ) Χωοῦς χαίρειν. ³ καθὼς εἶπας ὅτι ὠφειλόν- ⁴ σιν (l. ὀφείλ.) οἱ βρο(ι)εικοί, πίστευσων (l. -σον) ⁵ αὐτοῖς, ὡς οἶδαμεν, ἀ- ⁶ δελφέ, ὅτι ὠφίλουσιν (l. ὀφ.) εἰς ⁷ λόγων (l. -γον) τῶν λι(τρῶν) μοιρ(ιάδας) (l. μυρ. sc. δηναρίων) σμδ. ⁸ σπούζασων (l. σπούδασον), ἀδελφέ, ⁹ ζοθῆναι (l. δοθ.) αὐτὰ τῷ ἀδελ- ¹⁰ φῷ μου Εὐλόγιον (l. -ίῳ), ὡς σὺ ¹¹ αὐτῶς (l. -τὸς) [[. .]] εἰπὼν (l. εἶπας) ὅτι πί- ¹² στευσων (l. -σον) αὐτοῖς, καὶ ἐπί- ¹³ στευσα. μὴ ἀμελήσης ¹⁴ οὖν, ποιήσων (l. -σον) δοθῆναι ¹⁵ τὸ ἀργύριον (l. -ον) Εὐλογίῳ ¹⁶ τῷ ἀδελφῷ μου. ἐπὶ ¹⁷ δὲ ἐγὼ ἔχω [τινὰς ?] ἡ- ¹⁸ μέρας ὧδε, μ[ὴ ἀμ]ε- ¹⁹ λήσης. π[. . . .] .ί- ²⁰ ωμαί σοι (l. σε) κ[αὶ τὸ]ν πα- ²¹ τέραν σ[ο]ν. ²² ἐρρ[ῶ]σθαί [σα]ι (l. σ[ε]) [ε]ῖ- ²³ χομαι, κύριέ μου ἀ- ²⁴ δελφέ. In l. 19 the penultimate letter may have been ε, but πρ[οσαγορ]εύ-ωμαι for προσαγορεύω or -εύομεν cannot be read, though that verb was possibly intended.

INDICES

(1000 is to be supplied before the figures in thick type.)

I. KINGS, EMPERORS, REGNAL YEARS, ERAS.

CLEOPATRA III AND PTOLEMY X LATHYRUS.

Κλεοπάτρα θεὰ [Εὐεργέτις] καὶ Πτολεμαῖος θεοὶ Φιλομήτορες Σωτῆρες **723. 1.**

PTOLEMY XIII AULETES.

Πτολεμαῖος καὶ Κλεοπάτρα ἡ καὶ Τρύφαινα θεοὶ Φιλοπάτορες Φιλάδελφοι (ἔτος θ) **628. 1.**

Πτολ. θεὸς Νέος Διώνυσος Φιλοπ. Φιλάδ. (ἔτ. ιθ) **644. 1.**

Κλεοπάτρα Ἀφροδίτη (? which Cleopatra) **628. 8; 629. 7; 644. 8.**

CLEOPATRA VI (PTOLEMY XV, PTOL. XVI).

Κλεοπάτρα καὶ Πτολ. θεοὶ Φιλοπάτορες (ἔτ. η) **629. 1.**

Κλεοπ. θεὰ Φιλοπ. καὶ Πτολ. ὁ καὶ [Καῖσαρ θεὸς Φιλοπ. Φιλομήτωρ] **635. 1.**

CALIGULA.

Γάιος Καῖσαρ Αὐτοκράτωρ Σεβαστός **672. 21.**

NERO.

Νέρων Κλαύδιος Καῖς. (ἔτ. γ) **648. 65.**

Νέρων Κλαύδ. Καῖς. Σεβ. Γερμανικός (ἔτ. ιδ) **641. 21.**

VESPASIAN.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Οὐεσπασιανὸς Σεβ. (ἔτ. ζ) **661. 8.**

TITUS.

Τίτος (ἔτ. γ) **648. 44.**

HADRIAN.

Ἀδριανὸς (ἔτ. β) **648. 26.**

ANTONINUS PIUS.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Τίτος Αἴλιος Ἀδριανὸς Ἀντωνίνος Σεβ. Εὐσεβής (ἔτ. ια) **710. 17.**

Ἀντωνίνος (ἔτ. ιζ) **648. 45.**

Ἀντ. Καῖς. ὁ κύριος (ἔτ. κβ) **685. 7.**

θεὸς Αἴλιος Ἀντ. (ἔτ. ι) **725. 19.**

MARCUS AURELIUS (VERUS).

Αὐρήλιοι Ἀντωνίνος καὶ Οὐῆρος Καίσαρες οἱ κύριοι (ἔτ. ς) **648. 8; 686. 6.**

Αὐρήλιος καὶ Οὐῆρος Καῖς. οἱ κύρ. **648. 84, 86;** (om. Καῖς. οἱ κύρ.) **725. 14 (?)**.

Αὐρήλιοι Ἀντ. Καῖς. ὁ κύρ. καὶ θεὸς Οὐῆρος (ἔτ. η) **648. 13.**

Αὐρήλιος Ἀντ. (ἔτ. ι) **648. 4.**

COMMODUS.

Αὐρήλιος Κόμμοδος Ἀντωνίνος Καῖς. ὁ κύρ. (ἔτ. κζ') 721. 12.

θεὸς Κόμμοδος (ἔτ. κε) 724. 6; (ἔτ. κζ) 725. 6.

ἔτος ιθ 725. iii. ἔτ. κε 648. 70; 687. 7. ἔτ. κζ 725. iii. ἔτ. κθ 692. 5, 26. ἔτ. λ 725. 10.

SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS (CARACALLA, GETA).

Σεουήρος (ἔτ. β) 725. 22.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Λούκιος Σεπτίμιος Σεουήρος Εὐς. Περτίναξ Σεβ. Ἀραβικὸς Ἀδιαβηνικὸς (ἔτ. ε) 696. 18.

Αὐτοκράτορες Καῖς. Λούκ. Σεπτ. Σεον. Εὐς. Περτ. Ἀραβ. Ἀδιαβ. Παρθικὸς Μέγιστος καὶ Μάρκος Αὐρήλιος Ἀντωνίνος Εὐς. Σεβαστοὶ καὶ Πούβλιος Σεπτ. Γέτας Καῖς. Σεβαστός (ἔτ. ιγ) 707. 18; (Αὐτοκράτωρ Καῖς. Λούκ. κτλ.; ἔτ. ις) 706. 1.

οἱ κύριοι Αὐτοκρ. Σεουήρος καὶ Ἀντωνίνος καὶ [[Γέτας]] Καῖς. Σεβ. (ἔτ. ιβ) 719. 17.

ELAGABALUS (SEVERUS ALEXANDER).

ὁ κύρ. ἡμῶν Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρ. Ἀντ. Εὐς. Εὐτυχῆς Σεβ. 659. 1.

[Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρ. Ἀντ. Εὐς. Εὐτ. καὶ Μ. Αὐρ. Σεουήρος Ἀλέξανδρος Καῖς.] Σεβαστοὶ (ἔτ. ε) 634. 20.

ἔτος β 743. [6]. ἔτ. γ, ε, ζ 743. 5. ἔτ. δ 743. 8. ἔτ. ε 630. 20 (?). ἔτ. ε καὶ α 743. 4, 11.

SEVERUS ALEXANDER.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρ. Σεουήρος Ἀλέξανδρος Εὐς. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. γ) 709. 1.

Ἀλέξανδρος (ἔτ. η) 725. iii.

GORDIAN III.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Ἀντώνιος Γορδιανὸς Εὐς. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. ς) 697. 37.

PHILIPPUS I (PHILIPPUS II).

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Ἰούλιος Φίλιππος Εὐς. Εὐτ. καὶ Μ. Ἰούλ. Φίλ. γενναυότατος Καῖς. Σεβαστοὶ (ἔτ. γ) 662. 23.

ἔτος ς 636. 29.

DECIUS.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Γάιος Μέσσιος Κύντος Δέκιος Τραιανὸς Εὐς. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. α) 636. 39.

GALLUS AND VOLUSIANUS.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Γάιος Οὐίβιος Τρεβωνιανὸς Γάλλος καὶ Γ. Οὐίβιος Ἀφίνιος Γάλλος Οὐελδουμανὸς Οὐολουσιανὸς Εὐς. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. γ) 640. 13.

VALERIAN AND GALLIENUS (CORNELIUS VALERIANUS).

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Πούπλιος Δικίνιος Οὐαλεριανὸς καὶ Πούπ. Δικ. Οὐαλ. Γαλλ. Γερμανικοὶ Μέγ. Εὐς. Εὐτ. καὶ Πούπ. Δικ. Κορνήλιος Οὐαλ. ὁ ἐπιφανέστατος Καῖς. Σεβαστοὶ (ἔτ. ε) 717. 10.

[Οὐαλ. καὶ Γαλλ.] καὶ Κορνήλιος Οὐαλ. Σεβαστοὶ (ἔτ. ε) 649. 3.

GALLIENUS.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Πούπ. Δικ. Γαλλ. Γερμ. Μέγ. Περσικὸς Μέγ. Εὐς. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. ιδ) 689. 42.

ὁ κύρ. ἡμῶν Γαλλ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. ια) 649. 5; (om. ὁ κύρ. ἡμ.; ἔτ. ιε) 646. 17.

ἔτος ιβ 649. 11. ἔτ. ιε 649. 13.

CLAUDIUS II.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. [Μ. Αὐρ. Κλαύδιος Εὐσ.] Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. α Θῶθ ιγ) 698. 27.
Κλαύδιος Σεβ. (ἔτ. γ) 646. 28, 33.

AURELIAN.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Λούκ. Δομίτιος Αὐρηλιανὸς Γερμ. Μέγ. Περσ. Μέγ. Γοθικὸς Μέγ. Καρπικὸς Μέγ.
Εὐσ. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. 5 Μεσορῇ) 633. 30.
ὁ κύρ. ἡμ. Αὐτ. [Αὐρηλιανὸς] (ἔτ. 5) 649. 17.
ἔτος 5 Μεσορῇ λ 633. 39.

TACITUS.

ὁ κύρ. ἡμ. Τάκιτος [Σεβ.] (ἔτ. α) 649. 18.

PROBUS.

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρήλιος Πρόβος Γοθ. Μέγ. Περσ. Μέγ. Γερμ. Μέγ. Εὐσ. Εὐτ. Σεβ. (ἔτ. ε) 694. 35.
Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρ. Πρόβ. Περσ. Μέγ. Γοθ. Μέγ. Γερμ. Μέγ. (ἔτ. ε) 713. 20; (om. Γερμ.
Μέγ.; ἔτ. 5) 631. 34; ([Γοθ.]; om. Γερμ. Μέγ.; ἔτ. ζ) 638. 32.
Πρόβος [Σεβ.] (ἔτ. ε) 649. 27.

CARUS.

Κᾶρος (ἔτ. α, β) 744. 6, 9, 11.

DIOCLETIAN AND MAXIMIAN (CONSTANTIUS I AND GALERIUS).

Αὐτ. Καῖς. Γ. Αὐρήλιος Οὐαλέριος Διοκλητιανὸς καὶ Αὐτ. Καῖς. Μ. Αὐρ. Οὐαλ. Μαξιμιανὸς Εὐσ.
Εὐτ. Σεβαστοί (ἔτ. δ καὶ γ) 690. 17; (add Γερμ. Μέγιστοι before Εὐσ.; ἔτ. 5 καὶ ε) 702. 19;
(ἔτ. η καὶ ζ) 715. 18.
ὁ κύρ. ἡμ. Διοκλ. καὶ ὁ κύρ. ἡμ. Μαξ. Σεβαστοί (ἔτ. ε καὶ δ) 642. 10.
οἱ κύρ. ἡμ. Διοκλ. καὶ Μαξ. Σεβ. καὶ οἱ κύρ. ἡμ. Κωνστάντιος καὶ Μαξιμιανὸς οἱ ἐπιφαν. Καῖς.
(ἔτ. ιδ καὶ ιγ καὶ 5) 643. 16; 704. 22; 705. 19; (year lost) 718. 11.
οἱ κύριοι 718. 8.
ἔτος δ καὶ γ 744. 3, 9, 11. ἔτ. η καὶ ζ 691. 5.

GALERIUS (SEVERUS, MAXIMINUS, CONSTANTINE I).

οἱ δεσπότης ἡμ. Διοκλ. ὁ πατὴρ Αὐγούστων καὶ Γαλέριος Οὐαλέριος Μαξ. Σεβ. 645. 1.
οἱ δεσπ. ἡμ. Μαξιμιανὸς καὶ Μαξιμίνος Αὐγουστοι 708. 20.
ἔτος ιδ β 645. 3; 653. [1], 20. ἔτ. ιε γ 653. 22. ἔτ. ιε α 750. 16.

CONSTANTINE I.

Φλαυῖος Δαλμάτιος ἀδελφὸς τοῦ δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνσταντίνου Αὐγούστου 716. 1.

CONSTANTIUS II (CONSTANS, CONSTANTIUS CAESAR, JULIAN).

οἱ δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνστάντιος καὶ Κώνστανς οἱ Αὔγ. 627. 1.
οἱ δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνστάντιος Αὔγ. καὶ Κωνστάντιος ὁ ἐπιφαν. Καῖς. 632. 1.
οἱ δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνστάντιος Αὔγ. καὶ Ἰουλιανὸς ὁ ἐπιφαν. Καῖς. 695. 1.
ἔτος μα (era of Constantine I) κγ ιδ 751. 4.
ἔτ. μζ (era of Constantine I) κθ β 632. 9. ἔτ. λζ 5 695. 13.

VALENS, GRATIAN, AND VALENTINIAN II.

ἔτος ις ιβ δ 752. 4.

THEODOSIUS.

ὁ δεσπ. ἡμ. Θεοδόσιος ὁ αἰώνιος Αὔγ.] 712. 1.
ἔτος ξζ λε (eras of Constantius II and Julian) 753. 7.

UNCERTAIN.

βασίλεια, ἡ εὐτυχεστάτη αὕτη β. 701. 16; 711. 11.
 ἔτος α 700. 20. ἔτ. γ 688. 9; 711. 10. ἔτ. δ 693. 7. ἔτ. ζ 648. 93. ἔτ. θ 639.
 23, 29, 30, 32.
 θεία ἐπιδημία 626. 8.
 Σεβαστοῦ, Σεβαστῶν νόμισμα. See Index X (δ).

II. CONSULS AND INDICATIONS.

CONSULS.

ὑπατείας Ἀνικίου Φαύστου καὶ Οὐρίου Γάλλου (298) 704. 24; 705. 22; (om. Ἀνικίου
 and Οὐρίου) 643. 19.
 ὑπ. τῶν δεσπ. ἡμ. Διοκλητιανοῦ τοῦ πατρὸς Αὐγούστου τὸ ι καὶ Γαλερίου Οὐαλερίου Μαξιμιανοῦ
 Σεβαστοῦ τὸ ζ (308) 645. 1.
 ὑπ. τῶν δεσπ. ἡμ. Μαξιμιανοῦ τὸ η καὶ Μαξιμίνου τὸ β Αὐγ. (311) 708. 20.
 ὑπ. Παυλίνου καὶ Ἰουλιανοῦ τῶν λαμπροτάτων (325) 626. 23.
 ὑπ. Φλ. Δαλματίου ἀδελφοῦ τοῦ δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνσταντίνου Αὐγ. καὶ Δομιτίου Ζηνοφίλου τῶν
 λαμπροτ. (333) 716. 1.
 ὑπ. τῶν δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνσταντίου τὸ γ καὶ Κόνσταντος τὸ β τῶν Αὐγ. (342) 627. 1.
 ὑπ. τῶν δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνσταντίου Αὐγ. τὸ ς καὶ Κωνσταντίου τοῦ ἐπιφαν. Καίσ. τὸ β (353)
 632. 1.
 ὑπ. τῶν δεσπ. ἡμ. Κωνσταντίου Αὐγ. τὸ ι καὶ Ἰουλιανοῦ τοῦ ἐπιφαν. Καίσ. τὸ γ (360)
 695. 1.
 μετὰ τὴν ὑπ. τοῦ δεσπ. ἡμ. Θεοδ[οσίου τοῦ αἰωνίου Αὐγ. τὸ γ] καὶ Φλ. Ἀβουνδαντίου τοῦ
 λαμπροτ. (394) 712. 1.
 ὑπ. τῆς προκειμένης 660. int.

INDICTIONS.

ιβ ἰνδικτίων (353-4) 632. 10. ιε ἰνδ. 735. 1.

III. MONTHS AND DAYS.

Θώθ (Δίος 706. 3. πρὸ μιᾶς Καλ. Σεπτεμβριῶν 645. 1)
 Φαῶφι (Ἀπελλαῖος 628. 4)
 Ἀθύρ (Νέος Σεβαστός 661. 10)
 Χοῖακ (Περίτιος 644. 3. Ἀδριανός 757. 29)
 Τῦβι (Δύστρος 635. 2)
 Μεχείρ
 Φαμενώθ
 Φαρμουῖθι
 Παχών (Γερμανίκειος 641. 22)
 Παῦνι
 Ἐπίφ (Γορπιαῖος 629. 3)
 Μεσορή (Ὑπερβερεταῖος 709. 3; 723. 4. Καισάρειος 706. 15;
 709. 3; 725. 10)
 ἐπαγόμεναι ἡμέραι 700. 19, 20; 725. 14; 737. 32

Aug. 29-Sept. 27
 Sept. 28-Oct. 27
 Oct. 28-Nov. 26
 Nov. 27-Dec. 26
 Dec. 27-Jan. 25
 Jan. 26-Feb. 24
 Feb. 25-March 26
 March 27-April 25
 April 26-May 25
 May 26-June 24
 June 25-July 24
 July 25-Aug. 23
 Aug. 24-8

IV. PERSONAL NAMES.

(d. = daughter ; f. = father ; m. = mother ; s. = son ; w. = wife.)

- 'Aās s. of Paleopis 745. 6.
 'Αβουνδάντιος, Φλ. 'A. consul 712. 2.
 'Αβραάμιος βοηθός 754. 8.
 'Αγαθίνος f. of Aur. Serenus also called Sarapion 631. 1 ; 633. 3 ; 636. 1 ; 689. 3 ; 699. 3.
 — Αὐρ. 'A. ὁ καὶ 'Ωρίων s. of Varianus 642. 4, 12, 19, 49.
 — Αὐρ. 'A. 718. 18.
 "Αγαθος f. of Ptolemaeus 724. 32.
 — 677. 1, 16 ; 677. 11 ; 679. 13 ; 768. 12.
 'Αγαθὸς Δαίμων, 'Ηρακλάμμων ὁ καὶ 'A. Δ. ex-chief-priest 694. 6.
 — Ψάις ἐπικεκλημένος 'A. Δ. slave 648. 11.
 — f. of Aur. Agathodaemon 715. 5.
 — Αὐρ. 'A. Δ. s. of Agathodaemon 715. 4.
 'Αγαθοῦς f. of Alexander 710. int.
 "Αδμητος (Ατμητος), Αὐρ. "A. 649. 9.
 'Αθανάσιος βοηθός 753. 1.
 'Αθηναῖος f. of Sarapion 648. 33.
 Αἰά 670. 30.
 Αιθέριος, Αὐρ. 'A. *ducenarius* 711. 4.
 Αἰλία 'Ηρωδία 691. 1.
 — Πριμιαν(ι) ἡ καὶ Πρεμεστίνη m. of Zoilus 719. 2.
 Αἴλιος, Τίτος Αἴλ. Μάξιμος 634. 3, 13.
 Αἰμιλιανός, Μούσσιος Αἰ. praefect 637. 9.
 Αἰνεύς 698. 6.
 Αἰὼν ἀμπελουργός 735. 6.
 Αἰωνῆς 722. 4.
 'Αλεξάνδρα 677. 12.
 'Αλέξανδρος πρὸς τοῖς καταλοχισμοῖς 635. 5.
 — f. of Aur. Alexander 711. 1.
 — s. of Agathous 710. int.
 — Αὐρ. 'A. s. of Alexander 711. 1.
 — s. of Dionysius 722. 4.
 — 654. 13 ; 679. 27 ; 727. 6, 29 ; 771. 3, 12.
 'Αλόις, Αὐρ. 'A. *decanus*, s. of Chous 626. 1, 24.
 'Αμαζόνιον, Ταπόσιρις ἡ καὶ 'A. 750. 10.
 'Αμασω(ι) (?) 773. 41.
 'Αμήτριον 773. 1, 43.
 "Αμμων 735. 3.
 'Αμμωνᾶς 743. 5 ; 769. 1.
 'Αμμωνιανός, Αὐρ. 'A. s. of Aur. Heraclides 637. 1, 3, 13, 18.
 'Αμμωνίλλα m. of Aur. Amois 714. 4.
 'Αμμώνιος potter 754. 5.
 — Αὐρ. Βίων ὁ καὶ 'A. prytanis 662. 1.
 — Ψάις ἐπικεκλημένος 'A. slave 648. 12.
 — f. of Aur. Apia 714. 1.
 — f. of Demetrius 745. 24.
 — f. of Hephaestion 707. 2.
 — s. of Chaeremon 745. 11.
 — s. of Harpocraton 745. 9.
 — s. of Paosis 745. 18.
 — ὁ καὶ Σαραπίων s. of Sarapion 725. 7.
 — s. of Sosipatrus 639. 27.
 — s. of Soudas 726. 9.
 — ὁ καὶ 'Ηράκλειος 630. 2.
 — 659. 65 ; 681. 1, 31 ; 706. 16 ; 727. 31.
 'Αμμωνοῦς m. of Aur. Thonis 688. 6.
 'Αμῆτις γεωργός 748. 11.
 — f. of Amois 692. 2.
 — Ζωῖλος προσωνομασμένος 'A. f. of Saras 648. 68.
 — s. of Amois 692. 2.
 — s. of Pokoous 744. 10.
 — s. of Terentius 687. 4.
 — Αὐρ. 'A. s. of Theon 714. 4.
 — 756. 7.
 'Ανδρόμαχος 646. 22.
 'Ανεμπέης s. of Harpaësis 686. 4.
 'Ανεσοῦρις f. of Aur. Thonis 688. 5.
 'Ανθεστία 727. 28.
 'Ανίκιος Φαῦστος consul 643. 19 ; 704. 24 ; 705. 22.
 "Αννα 678. 21.
 'Αννιανός ὁ καὶ 'Ηρακλειανός s. of Apollonius 637. 5, 14, 18.
 'Αννόη 668. 23.
 'Αντῆς s. of Horus 637. 31.
 'Αντιόχεια 682. 1, 19.
 'Αντίοχος, Πτολεμαῖος ὁ καὶ 'A. s. of Ptolemaeus 724. 29.
 'Απώνιος, Αὐρ. 'A. s. of Plato 689. 4, 47.
 'Απάμμων 765. 1, 30.

- 'Απία, Κλαυδία 'Ισιδώρα ἡ καὶ 'Α. 634. 3, 6, 19, 23; 659. 5. Cf. 630. 3.
 — Αὐρ. 'Α. d. of Ammonius 714. 1.
 — ἡ καὶ Ταπα . . . d. of Xoïs (?) 703. 9.
 — 679. [1], 30.
 'Απίων, Αὐρ. 'Α. ὁ καὶ Πολλίων cosmetis, s. of Ptolion 703. 2.
 — gymnasiarch 664. 1, 16, 18.
 — f. of Heras 721. 4.
 — Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Agathinus 689. 2.
 — Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Apollonius 693. 1.
 — s. of Horion 692. 1, 26.
 — 659. 88, 102; 667. 1; 755. 1; 768. 12.
 'Απλωνάριον 676. 1, 41.
 'Απολινάριος πράκτωρ 659. 118.
 'Απολλοθέων, Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Diogenes 693. 5.
 'Απολλων s. of Narmouthis 745. 14.
 'Απολλωνία, Αὐρ. 'Α. w. of Aur. Agathodaemon 715. 7.
 — Αὐρ. Εὐδαιμονίς ἡ καὶ 'Α. *matrona stolata* 705. 3.
 'Απολλώνιος, Φλ. Σεπτίμιος Σερήνιος 'Α. διασημότατος ἀπὸ ἐπιτρόπων 716. 4, 22.
 — senator, s. of Apollonius 686. 1.
 — strategus 690. 22.
 — tax-collector 659. 87.
 — . . . ὁ καὶ 'Α. f. of Annianus 637. 6.
 — ὁ καὶ 'Ηρακλᾶς f. of Aur. Apion 693. 1.
 — ὁ καὶ 'Αρβίχης f. of Apollonius also called Harbichis 629. 6.
 — f. of Apollonius 686. 1.
 — ὁ καὶ Δίδυμος f. of Herodes 721. 5.
 — f. of Aur. Rufion 627. 26.
 — f. of Sarapias 649. 13.
 — f. of Sarapion 628. 5.
 — ὁ καὶ 'Αρβίχης s. of Apollonius also called Harbichis 629. 5, 13.
 — Πασίων ὁ καὶ 'Α. s. of . . . also called Apollonius 637. [5], 14, 18.
 — s. of Apollonius 707. 3, 12.
 — s. of Dionysius 644. 5.
 — s. of Hephaestion 707. 11, 16, 26.
 — ὁ καὶ Παν[] s. of Ischyriion 628. 6, 15, 21.
 — Μ. Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Isidorus 645. 4.
 — s. of Papontos 725. 11.
 — γεούχος, s. of Pata() 747. 69.
 — s. of Sarapion 707. 3.
 — γεούχος, s. of Sarmates 747. 62.
 'Απολλώνιος, Αὐρ. 'Α. 659. 6.
 — 659. 53, 76, 80; 669. 11; 674. 1; 674. 11; 695. 14.
 'Απολλωνοθέων f. of Aur. Apphous 750. 2.
 'Απολλωνοῦς m. of Damas 696. 2.
 'Απολλῶς 767. 23.
 'Απύχης Στρά(τωνος?) 745. 7. Cf. 'Αφύχης.
 'Αφροῦς, Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Apollotheon 750. 1, 17.
 — Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Pathermouthius 627. 3, 23.
 — 752. 3. Cf. 'Αφοῦς, 'Αφροῦς.
 'Αράχθης, Αὐρ. 'Α. s. of Patetus 708. 1, 23.
 'Αρβίχης, 'Απολλώνιος ὁ καὶ 'Α. f. of following 629. 6.
 'Αρβίχης, 'Απολλώνιος ὁ καὶ 'Α. s. of preceding 629. 5.
 'Αρειος f. of Aur. Didyme 645. [2], 15.
 'Αρέτ, Αὐρ. 'Α. 638. [1], 14, [16], 23, 37.
 'Αρβοῶνις 661. 1.
 'Αρθῶνις s. of Paapis 648. 57.
 — 725. 20.
 'Αριστόμαχος, Ποσομβοῦς 'Αριστομάχ[ου] 688. 10.
 'Αρίστων 724. 21.
 'Αρμύσις f. of Harmiusis 724. 23.
 — s. of Harmiusis 724. 23.
 'Αρουήτης (?) s. of Sarapion 648. 16.
 'Αρπαῆσις f. of Anempeus 686. 4.
 — f. of Cheos 747. 25.
 — s. of Anempeus 686. 4.
 — s. of Papontos 661. 2.
 'Αρποκρατίων ἐπιμελητής 660. 10.
 — f. of Ammonius 745. 9.
 — f. of Aur. Theodorus 708. 4.
 — Αὐρ. 'Α. 713. 3.
 — 761. 13.
 'Αρσένιος 645. 3.
 'Αρσινόη d. of Ptolemaeus 644. 12, 20.
 — m. of D . . . also called Dionysius 696. 3.
 'Αρτεμείς m. of Aur. Didyme 645. 6.
 — 650. 14, 31.
 'Ασίάρχος s. of Sarapion 745. 3.
 'Ασκληπιάδης f. of Heraclides 724. 26.
 — Αὐρ. Θέων ὁ καὶ 'Α. ἐπικαλούμενος Ζώϊλος 636. 44.
 'Ασοῦς (?) 774. 18.
 'Αστοπαρίσων (?) Πτολεμαῖος ὁ καὶ 'Α. 630. 2.
 'Ασύνη (?) d. of Dionysius 695. 6.
 'Ατιενάτεια 774. 1, 21.

Ἀτίων (l. Ἀπίων ?) s. of Orsenouphis 745. 20.

Ἀτμητος (l. Ἀδμητος), Ἀὐρ. Ἀ. 649. 9.

Ἀτρήs s. of Pnepheros 745. 2.

— 758. 10.

Ἀύγχιs d. of Harthonis 648. 57.

Ἀὐρηλία, Ἀὐρήλιος *passim*.

Ἀφούs, Ἀὐρ. Ἀ. s. of Psenamounis 638. 1,

[6], 16 sqq.

— 678. 26. Cf. Ἀφούs, Ἀφφούs.

Ἀφροδίσιος 745. 16.

Ἀφροδίτη, Κλεοπάτρα Ἀ. 628. 8; 629. 7;
644. 8.

— slave 706. 13, 19.

— 677. 1, [16]; 761. 11.

Ἀφύγχιος 749. 2, (Ἀφύγχιs) 4.

Ἀφύγχιs s. of Castor 747. 23. Cf. Ἀπύγχιs
and Ἀφύγχιs.

Ἀφφούs s. of Copreus 747. 45. Cf. Ἀφφούs.

Α[. . .]λος (Α[ισχ]ύλος?) 766. 1, 19.

Βαρβαρίων 678. 19.

Βασιδεύs 727. 3.

Βάσσοs πραγματευτής 753. 2.

Βαύλλιος 653. 10.

Βερενίκη d. of Dionysius 644. 6.

Βηρύλλιοs 679. 26.

Βησάs s. of Pausiris 747. 38.

Βιθαρίων ὁ καὶ Δημητριάνοs 696. 23.

Βίων, Ἀὐρ. Β. ὁ καὶ Ἀμμόνιοs prytanis 662. 1.

Βόκκοs 728. 10.

Γάιοs 680. 18(?); 771. 10.

Γάλλοs, Οὐίριοs Γ. consul 643. [20]; 704. 24;
705. 22.

Γελάσιοs, Ἀὐρ. Γ. 711. 3.

Γεμελλίνιοs f. of Sarapias 649. 2.

Γεμίνοs, Ἀὐρ. Γ. ὁ καὶ Σελβανόs agoranomus, s.
of Demetrius 703. 1.

Γρηγόριοs, Ἀὐρ. Γ. ὁ καὶ Θέων hypomnemato-
graphus 645. 2.

Δαλμάτιοs, Φλ. Δ. consul 716. 1.

Δαμαρίων 734. 2.

Δαμῶs ὁ καὶ Σαραπάμμων s. of Sarapammon
696. 1, 21.

— 648. 55.

Δημητρία d. of Apollonius 725. 11.

— ἡ καὶ Κυριλλοῦs 750. 5.

Δημητριάνοs, Βιθαρίων ὁ καὶ Δ. 696. 23.

— Ἀὐρ. Δ. 642. 1.

Δημήτριοs, Ἡρακλείδης ὁ καὶ Δ. senator 697.
4.

— f. of Aur. Geminus also called Silvanus
703. 1.

— s. of Ammonius 745. 24.

— Ἀὐρ. Δ. s. of Aur. Geminus 703. 7.

— s. of Pnepheros 745. 27.

— 672. 1; 759. 1; 776. 1.

Δημητρί[709. 8.

Δημητροῦs ἡ καὶ Θαῆσιs d. of Terentius 687. 1.

— d. of Plutarchus 648. 52.

Διδυμάs 758. 1, 21.

Διδύμη, Ἀὐρ. Δ. d. of Arius 645. [2], 15, 20.

— m. of Aur. Alexander 711. 2.

— 677. 12; 774. 2, 21.

Δίδυμοs, Ἀὐρ. Σαραπάμμων ὁ καὶ Δ. athlete 643.
1, 21.

— Ἀπολλώνιοs ὁ καὶ Δ. f. of Herodes 721.

5.

— adopted f. of Theon 719. 5.

— f. of The . . . 648. 19.

— s. of Theon 719. 4.

— Ἀὐρ. Α[. . .]οs Δ. 642. 1.

— 659. 56.

Διογᾶs ἐρεσπώλης 669. 5.

Διογένης, Ἀὐρ. Δ. senator, s. of Stephanus 697.

1, 10, 30, 39, 47.

— Ἀὐρ. Δ. συστάτης, s. of Sarapion 627. 5.

— f. of Aur. Apollotheon 693. 5.

— f. of Aur. Diogenes 691. 2.

— f. of Aur. Theon also called Epimachus
688. 2.

— Ἀὐρ. Δ. s. of Diogenes 691. 2.

— s. of The . . . 648. 19.

— ὁ καὶ Θέων 724. 34.

— Δίοs ὁ καὶ Δ. 724. 34.

— 659. 55, 59, 83.

Διογενίs m. of Platonis also called Ophelia
721. 2.

— 758. 1.

Διόδωροs f. of Serenus 747. 17.

Διοκλῆs 628. 10.

Διονυσάμμων s. of Zoilus 719. 9.

Διονυσάρια (?) γεούχοs, freedwoman (?) of
Horion 747. 67.

Διονυσία m. of Aur. Ctistus 631. 3.

— Ἰσιδώρα ἡ καὶ Δ. m. of Aur. Demetrius
703. 7.

Διονύσιοs gymnasiarch 762. 1, 15.

— ὑπηρέτης 659. 125.

Διονύσιος f. of Alexander 722. 4.
 — f. of Pasion 644. 5.
 — f. of Aur. Syrus 695. 6.
 — s. of Castor 724. 6.
 — Δ[— ὁ καὶ Δ. 696. 3.
 — ὁ καὶ Ἡρακλείδης 726. 4.
 — Αὐρ. Δ. 718. 19.
 — 644. 29; 659. 40, 46, 63; 671. 2, 25;
 671. 6; 676. 36; 718. 17; 724. 9; 756.
 13; 760. 3; 772. 1.
 Δίος, Αὐρ. Δ. ὁ καὶ Περτίναξ strategus 662. 4.
 — f. of Ptolemaeus 724. 29.
 — Δ. ὁ καὶ Διογένης 724. 34.
 — 759. 105-6.
 Διόσκορος φροντιστής 685. 2.
 — s. of Cornelius 747. 68.
 — s. of Merotis 745. 22.
 — 727. 32.
 Διοσκουρίδης γεούχος, s. of Julianus 747. 64.
 — 659. 82.
 Δομίτιος Ζηνόφιλος consul 716. 2.
 Δομνίνος, Φλ. Δ. *οὐτίο* 712. 3.
 Δόξα 677. 4, 15.
 Δρίμακος 687. 14.
 Δωρίων 667. 2.
 Δωρόθεος 684. 15.
 ('Ε)λένη, Αὐρ. ('Ε.) d. of Papontos 720. 2.
 'Ελλάδιος f. of Eudaemon 747. 65.
 'Επάγαθος 716. 5, 22.
 'Επεύς s. of Sarapion 648. 51.
 'Επίμαχος, Αὐρ. 'Ε. senator 637. 8.
 — Αὐρ. 'Ε. s. of Anesouris 688. 4.
 — Αὐρ. Θέων ὁ καὶ 'Ε. s. of Diogenes
 688. 1.
 — Αὐρ. 'Ε. 694. 40 (?).
 'Επιτυχία 769. 13.
 'Ερῆσις 771. 6.
 'Ερμῆς f. of Hermias 721. 9.
 — 673. 1, 30.
 'Ερμίας s. of Hermes 721. 9.
 — Θέων ὁ καὶ 'Ε. adopted s. of Hermias
 721. 8.
 'Ερμόνη 767. 28.
 'Ερμιτάριον m. of Sarapias 649. 2.
 'Ερμογένης s. of Petenephotes 630. 6.
 'Ερμογενίς m. of Zoilus 648. 18.
 'Ερμόφιλος 724. 8, 13.
 Εὐδαιμονίς, Αὐρ. Εὐ. ἡ καὶ Ἀπολλωνία *matrona*
stolata 705. 3.

Εὐδαιμονίς m. of Aur. Agathodaemon 715. 6.
 Εὐδαίμων γεούχος, s. of Helladius 747. 65.
 — Σεπτίμιος 'Ε. f. of Isidora 649. 19.
 — f. of Aur. Theodora 645. 5.
 — f. of Theon 759. 11.
 — 727. 2.
 Εὐλόγιος (1) 660. int.; (2) 777. 10, 15.
 Εὐριτᾶς 757. 11.
 Εὐτέρπη 678. 21.
 Εὐτυχεῖς 773. 1.
 Εὐτυχίς (?) 678. 22.
 Ζηναγένης, Αὐρ. Ζ. 718. 4.
 Ζηνόφιλος, Δομίτιος Ζ. consul 716. 2.
 Ζωῖλος f. of Aur. Heraclas 694. 2.
 — f. of Aur. Plution 709. 6.
 — f. of Sarapion 633. 10.
 — προσωνομασμένος Ἀμόις f. of Saras 648.
 68.
 — f. of Zoilus 719. 1.
 — s. of Sarapion 648. 26, 37, 46-7, 58.
 — s. of Saras 648. 4, 9, 18, 42.
 — s. of Zoilus 719. 1, 4, 16.
 — Αὐρ. Θέων ἐπικαλούμενος Ζ. 636. 44.
 — Θέων ὁ καὶ Ζ. 701. 10.
 — 637. 32; 648. 90; 659. 51; 671. 1,
 25; 738. 13.
 Ζώσιμος s. of Pausiris 648. 71.
 — 722. 3.
 'Ηλιάς 761. 9.
 'Ηλιόδωρος s. of Aur. Geminus also called
 Ptolliion 703. 8.
 'Ηραῖς d. of Candion 648. 15.
 — m. of Heras 721. 4.
 'Ηρακλάμων ὁ καὶ Ἀγαθὸς Δαίμων ex-chief-
 priest 694. 6.
 — 677. 12; 679. 7.
 'Ηρακλᾶς, Ἀπολλώνιος ὁ καὶ 'Η. f. of Aur. Apion
 693. 1.
 — Αὐρ. 'Η. s. of Zoilus 694. 1.
 — 706. 2; 727. 19.
 'Ηρακλέα 668. 31.
 'Ηράκλεια m. of Hermias 721. 9.
 — 670. 29; 678. 20.
 'Ηρακλειανός, Αὐρ. Ἀννιανὸς ὁ καὶ 'Η. s. of Apol-
 lonius 637. 5, 18.
 'Ηρακλείδης banker 639. 5, 30.
 — dioecetes 661. 1, 11.

Ἡρακλείδης, Ἀὐρ. Ἡ. ἐπιμελητῆς ζώων, s. of Scylacius 626. 5.

— gymnasiarch 726. 2.

— Ἀὐρ. Ἡ. senator, s. of Heraclides 632. 4.

— senator, f. of Aur. Timagenes also called Heraclides 697. 4, 41.

— Ἀὐρ. Ἡ. f. of Aur. Ammonianus 637. 2.

— f. of Heraclides 632. 4.

— s. of Asclepiades 724. 26.

— Ἀὐρ. Τιμαγένης ὁ καὶ Ἡ. s. of Heraclides 697. 2, 40.

— Διονύσιος ὁ καὶ Ἡ. 726. 4.

— 659. 68, 74, 75, 107; 666. 1, 26;

682. 2; 706. 6; 727. 33; 766. 6.

Ἡρακλειδίανα, Ἀὐρ. Ἡ. d. of Aur. Heraclides 637. 2, 4, 22.

Ἡράκλειος ἐπίτροπος 680. 13.

— Ἀρμώνιος ὁ καὶ Ἡ. 630. 2.

— 768. 1, 16.

Ἡρακλέων 674. 3.

Ἡράκλῆος ἐπιμελητῆς 660. 5.

— f. of Aur. Pelloius 631. 4.

Ἡρακλῆς, Ἀὐρ. Ἡ. decanus 626. 2, 24.

Ἡρᾶς d. of Apion 721. 3.

— m. of Harmiusis 724. 23.

— s. of Paapis 747. 34.

— 669. 11.

Ἡρкулανός, Φλ. Ἡ. 676. 1, 42, 43.

Ἡρώδης s. of Apollonius also called Didymus 721. 5.

Ἡρωδίανα ἡ καὶ Σαρα[πίας?] 634. 8.

— Ἀιλία Ἡ. 691. 1.

Ἡρων s. of Sarapion 648. 43.

— 630. 18; 648. 27, 28.

Ἡφαιστίων s. of Ammonius 707. 1.

Θαῆσις, Δημητροῦς ἡ καὶ Θ. d. of Terentius 687. 1.

— m. of Aur. Apia 714. 1.

— m. of Aur. Palex 716. 6.

— Σαραπιάς ἐπικεκλημένη Θ. 706. 5.

— 706. 9.

Θέκλα, Ἀὐρ. Θ. w. of Papnuthius 720. 1.

Θεμιστοκλῆς 661. 5.

Θεοδώρα, Ἀὐρ. Θ. d. of Eudaemon 645. 5, 16.

Θεόδωρος, Ἀὐρ. Θ. s. of Harpocraton 708. 4.

— 727. 14.

Θεονίνος 775. 2, 27.

Θεόχρηστος 667. 7.

Θερμουθία m. of Aur. Harachthes 708. 2.

Θερμούθιον slave 647. 11.

— ἐπικεκλημένη Ἰσιδώρα slave 648. 6.

— m. of Aur. Heraclas 694. 3.

— m. of Aur. Horion 715. 2.

— m. of Sarapion 724. 27.

Θερμούθις 761. 9.

Θέων, Ἀὐρ. Θ. ἀσχολούμενος ὡνὴν ἀγορανομείου 709. 4.

— athlete, s. of Eudaemon 759. 1, 11.

— Πτολεμαῖος ὁ καὶ Θ. γεοῦχος 747. 72.

— Ἀὐρ. Γρηγόριος ὁ καὶ Θ. hypomnematographus 645. 2.

— f. of Aur. Amois 714. 4.

— f. of Didymus 719. 5.

— f. of Aur. Phoebammon 712. 4.

— f. of Aur. Philonicus 691. 3.

— f. of Theon 629. 5.

— f. of Theon also called Thoönis 639. 2.

— ὁ καὶ Ἑρμίας adopted s. of Hermias 721. 8.

— s. of Hieracion 726. 6.

— ὁ καὶ Θεῶνις s. of Theon 639. 2, 33.

— s. of Theon 629. 4, [14].

— Ἀὐρ. Θ. ὁ καὶ Ἐπίμαχος s. of Diogenes 688. 1.

— s. of Zoilus 648. 46-7.

— Διογένης ὁ καὶ Θ. 724. 34.

— ὁ καὶ Ζωῖλος 701. 10.

— Ἀὐρ. Θ. ὁ καὶ Ἀσκληπιάδης ἐπικαλούμενος Ζωῖλος 636. 44.

— Ἀὐρ. Θ. 726. 7.

— 657. 14; 659. 15, 89, 110; 674. 1;

678. 1, 28; 757. 22; 766. 15; 768. 1, 16; 771. 7.

Θεωνίλλα γεοῦχος 747. 59.

Θεῶνις, Θεῶν ὁ καὶ Θ. s. of Theon 639. 2, 33.

— Θεώνιος f. of Aur. Sinthonis 716. 7.

— s. of Aur. Apphous 627. 8.

— 770. 22.

Θῶνις f. of Aur. Horion 715. 1.

— f. of Aur. Sarapammon 705. 5.

— Ἀὐρ. Θ. s. of Anesouris 688. 4.

— 670. 7.

Ἱερακίων f. of Theon 726. 6.

— Ἀὐρ. Ἱ. 718. 1, 15.

Ἱέραξ (1) 727. 17; (2) 770. 17, 28.

Ἱερεὺς (?) f. of Tauris 689. 7.

Ἱερωνίς 681. 26.

Ἱλαρος 681. 2, 30.

Ἱουλία 772. 2.

- Ἰουλιανός consul 626. 23.
 Ἰουλιανός f. of Dioscurides 747. 64.
 Ἰούλιος Μόνιμος dioecetes 633. 16.
 — (1) 681. 1, 30; (2) 681. 26.
 Ἰοῦστος 637. 33.
 Ἰσάκ s. of Miusis 747. 50.
 Ἰσείς d. of . . . philus 637. [6], 22.
 Ἰσιδώρα, Κλανδία Ἰ. ἡ καὶ Ἀπία 634. 3, 6, 19, 23; 659. 5.
 — Κλανδία Ἰ. (= preceding ?) 630. 3.
 — Θερμοῦθιον ἐπικεκλημένη Ἰ. slave 648. 6.
 — d. of Septimius Eudaemon 649. 18.
 — ἡ καὶ Διονυσία m. of Aur. Demetrius 703. 7.
 — 681. 28 (?).
 Ἰσιδωρος, Αὐρ. Ἰ. irenarch 662. 17.
 — πράκτωρ 659. 86.
 — f. of M. Aur. Apollonius 645. 4.
 — 630. [7], 9; 742. 10.
 Ἰσιόνη 648. 83, 86.
 Ἰσις 678. 22.
 Ἰσίω f. of Lucius 647. 5.
 Ἰσχυρίων ὁ καὶ Νεχθενίβις f. of Apollonius 628. 7.
 — 675. 1; 766. 13.
 Ἰωάννης 735. 6.

- Καλασίρις 655. 1.
 Καλλίας (1) 676. 33; (2) 686. 8, 17.
 Καλλιρόη 761. 1, 19.
 Καλλίστρατος f. of Aur. Leonides 638. 36.
 Καλπούριος, ὁ ἀξιολογώτατος Κ. 764. 10.
 — Αὐρ. Κ. 640. 18.
 — 659. 103 (?).
 Κανδαῖος f. of Candion 648. 15.
 Κανδίω s. of Candaeus 648. 15.
 Κάραβος 761. 13.
 Κάστωρ f. of Aphunchis 747. 23.
 — f. of Dionysius 724. 6.
 — f. of Petechon 648. 5.
 — s. of Horus 747. 66.
 — Αὐρ. Κ. s. of Pathermouthius 632. 6.
 Κατιλλιανός ὁ καὶ Οὐᾶρος 636. 13, 25.
 Κατ . . νις (?) 696. 3, 21.
 Κεφαλᾶς s. of Petechon 756. 5.
 Κεφαλῆ 765. 27.
 Κηδίλλα (?) d. of Lucius 648. 20.
 Κιάλης s. of Polydeuces 747. 32.
 Κιμοῦλις f. of Pagathes 747. 56.
 Κλανδία Ἰσιδώρα ἡ καὶ Ἀπία 634. 3, 6, 19, 23; 659. 5.

- Κλανδία Ἰσιδώρα (= preceding ?) 630. 3.
 — Τεχ[710. int.
 — 757. 25.
 Κλαύδιος, Αὐρ. Κ. 665. 1, 28.
 — Τιβ. Κ. Ὠρίων 631. 39.
 Κλέαρχος 648. 32.
 Κλεοπάτρα Ἀφροδίτη 628. 8; 629. 7; 644. 8.
 Κλέων γραμματεὺς στρατηγοῦ 663. 1, 13.
 — 659. 90 (?).
 Κλήμενς s. of Leucadius 752. 1.
 Κόλλουθος, Αὐρ. Κ. 699. 1.
 Κομοᾶπις f. of Horus 747. 21.
 Κοπρέυς f. of Apphous 747. 45.
 — Αὐρ. Κ. s. of Syrus 695. 8.
 — 701. 12.
 Κορηλιανός γεοῦχος 747. 63.
 Κορνήλιος f. of Dioscorus 747. 68.
 Κούσεννα 765. 1, (Κουτσενα) 29.
 Κρονίων ἐπιμελητής 652. (a) 2; (b) 2.
 — s. of Pausiris 685. 2.
 Κρονοῦς ἡ καὶ Σαραποῦς m. of Ammonius 725. 8.
 Κτιστός, Αὐρ. Κ. s. of Rufus 631. 3, [8], 35, 41.
 Κυριλλοῦς, Δημητρία ἡ καὶ Κ. 750. 5.
 — 679. 27.
 Λευκάδιος f. of Clemens 752. 1.
 Λεύκος 679. 25.
 Λεωνίδης, Αὐρ. Λ. s. of Callistratus 638. 36.
 — 771. 7.
 Λιμένιος 753. 1.
 Λογγίνος 768. 12.
 Λουκάμμων 679. 21.
 Λουκία 657. 19.
 Λούκιος πράκτωρ 659. 100.
 — f. of Cedilla (?) 648. 21.
 — s. of Ision 647. 5, 10.
 — 679. 19.
 Μακαριανασοῦς (?) 774. 18.
 Μακάριος 754. 2.
 Μανατίνη 683. 2, 31.
 Μαξιμίνος, Τίτος Αἴλιος Μ. 634. 13, (Μάξιμος) 3.
 Μάξιμος ex-cosmetes, f. of Aur. Melas 645. 4.
 — Τίτος Αἴλιος Μ. 634. 3, (Μαξιμίνος) 13.
 Μαργαρίς 769. 14.
 Μαργάριος 722. 2.
 Μάρκος Αὐρ. Ἀπολλώνιος f. of M. Aur. Horion 645. 4.

Μάρκος Ἀὐρ. Ὀρίων s. of M. Aur. Apollonius

645. 4, 15, 19.

Μάρων 659. 115.

Μασκουλίνος 670. 28.

Μεγάλη 775. 14.

Μέγας 685. 16.

Μέλας, Ἀὐρ. Μ. s. of Maximus 645. 4, 16.

— 682. 3; 726. 12.

Μερῶτις m. of Dioscorus 745. 22.

Μηρόδαρος 633. 11.

Μικρᾶς 675. 7.

Μινίφ(ις?) 731. 9.

Μιῦσις s. of Isak 747. 50.

Μόνιμος, Ἰούλιος M. dioecetes 633. 16.

Μοσχίων 644. 7, 10 sqq.

Μονάτιος Φηλιξ praefect 654. 11.

— 672. 16.

Μούσσιος Αἰμιλιανός praefect 637. 9.

Μῶρος ὁ καὶ Ψόις 701. 4.

— 727. 15.

Ναρμούθις f. of Apollon 745. 14.

Νεῖλος οἰνοχειριστής 752. 1.

Νεῖλος 678. 24.

Νεμεσιανός 761. 11.

Νεχθενίβις, Ἰσχυρίων ὁ καὶ N. f. of Apollonius 628. 7.

Νικάνωρ (1) 687. 14; (2) 727. 5.

Νικηφόρος 669. 16.

Ξένων 751. int.

Ξόις (?) f. of Apia 703. 10.

Ὀννώφρις (1) 638. 9; (2) 731. 1.

Ὀνούθις (?) f. of Cheous 747. 19.

Ὀρκονίν s. of Pausiris 747. 43.

Ὀρπαῖσις s. of Pausiris 747. 36.

Ὀρσενούφις f. of Ation 745. 20.

— s. of Petosiris 639. 1, 24, 33.

Οὐαλέριος Πετερμούθις soldier 705. 1, 23.

— Πομπηιανός praefect 642. 3.

— Φίρμος praefect 662. 10.

Οὐαριανός f. of Aur. Agathinus 642. 4.

— 727. 1.

Οὐᾶρος, Κατίλλιανός ὁ καὶ Οὐ. 636. 13, 25.

Οὐίβιος Πούπλιος veteran 646. 1, 22, 57.

Οὐίριος Γάλλος consul 643. [20]; 704. 24; 705. 22.

Ποᾶπις f. of Harthonis 648. 57.

Παᾶπις f. of Heras 747. 34.

Παγάθης s. of Kimoulis 747. 56.

Παθερμούθις f. of Aur. Apphous 627. 3, 23.

— f. of Aur. Castor 632. 6.

— ὁ καὶ Σιλβανός 637. 6.

— 637. 33 (?).

Παθερμούθις. See Πετερμούθις.

Πάλεξ, Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Parammon 716. 6.

— 670. 1, 33.

Παλεῶπις f. of Aas 745. 6.

Παμούθις 754. 1.

Πανενεύς, Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Ptolis 636. 3, 42.

Πανεχώτης slave 638. 5.

— f. of Aur. Panechotes 689. 6.

— Ἀὐρ. Π. son of Panechotes 689. 6, 47.

Πάνης f. of Horion 747. 49.

Παπνούθις 720. 1.

Παπνούτις f. of Sotas 747. 41.

— Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Choous 716. 27.

Παποντώς f. of Apollonius 725. 11.

— f. of Aur. Harpaësis 661. 3.

— f. of Aur. Helene 720. 3.

Παράμμων f. of Aur. Palex 716. 6.

Πασαλύμις 669. 7.

Πασίων ὁ καὶ Ἀπολλώνιος s. of Apollonius 637. [5], 14.

— s. of Dionysius 644. 4, 29, 33.

— Ἀὐρ. Π. 637. 3.

— 738. 10.

Πατᾶ(ς?) f. of Apollonius 747. 69.

Παυῆρις 638. 10.

Πατερμούθις 766. 15.

Πατήτος f. of Aur. Harachthes 708. 1.

Παυλίνος consul 626. 23.

— 660. int.

Παῦλος, Ἀὐρ. Π. 750. 3.

— 660. int.; 776. 1.

Πανσανίας f. of Demetrius 672. 1.

— f. of Pausanias 666. 1, 27.

— s. of Pausanias (1) 666. 4, 25; (2) 672. 1.

— 727. 4.

Παύσιρις f. of Besas 747. 38.

— f. of Cronion 685. 3.

— f. of Horkouin 747. 43.

— f. of Horpaësis 747. 36.

— f. of Psenamounis 638. 2.

— f. of Zosimus 648. 71.

— s. of Horus 747. 30.

— s. of Sarapion 648. 21.

Παύσιρις ὁ καὶ Ἑρμ . . . s. of Theon also called Hermias 721. 18.

Παῶσις f. of Ammonius 745. 18.

Πεκύλος physician 751. 2.

Πεκῦσις s. of Petosiris 639. 1, 24, 33.

Πελώιος, Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Heracleüs 631. 4, 8, 36.

Πενήσις s. of Plution 726. 8.

Περτίναξ, Ἀὐρ. Δῖος ὁ καὶ Π. strategus 662. 4.

Πετενεφώτης f. of Hermogenes 630. 6.

Πετερμούθιος f. of Sarapion 747. 70.

— 766. 14.

Πετερμούθις, Οὐαλέριος Π. soldier 705. 1, (Παθερμούθις) 23.

Πετεχών s. of Castor 648. 5.

— s. of Salbius 756. 5.

Πετόσιρις f. of Orsenouphis 639. 1.

Πετοσόραπις f. of Sarapion 648. 39, (Πετων-σόραπις) 59.

Πετρώνιος 683. 10.

Πεττίρις f. of Horus 699. 8.

Πετωνσόραπις. See Πετοσόραπις.

Πίνδαρος 764. 2.

Πλάτων f. of Aur. Antonius 689. 5.

— s. of Horion 647. 5; 721. 3.

— 676. 7.

Πλατωνίς ἡ καὶ Ὠφελία d. of Horion 647. 1, 8; 721. 1.

Πλούταρχος f. of Demetrous 648. 52.

— 775. 2, 27.

Πλουτίων f. of Penesis 726. 8.

— Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Zoilus 709. 6.

— 659. 91; 732. 10; 750. 7; 761. 10.

Πλουτογένης πραγματευτής 646. 7, 19.

Πλούτος, Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Anesouris 688. 5.

Πνεφερώς f. of Demetrius 745. 27.

— f. of Hatres 745. 2.

— 743. 3, 10.

Ποιμένος 678. 24.

Ποκωούς f. of Amoüs 744. 10.

Πολυδεύκης f. of Kiales 747. 32.

Πομπηιανός, Οὐαλέριος Π. praefect 642. 3.

Πούδενς f. of Aur. Heracles 626. 2.

Πούπλιος, Οὐίβιος Π. veteran 646. 1, 22, 57.

Πρεμεστίνη, Αἰλία Πριμιαν{ι} ἡ καὶ Π. m. of Zoilus 719. 2.

Πριμιαν{ι}ή. See Πρεμεστίνη.

Πρόβος 683. 2, 31.

Πρωτίδης (?) 754. 10.

Πρώτος 734. 11.

Πτολεμαῖος ὁ καὶ Θέων γεοῦχος 747. 72.

Πτολεμαῖος, Ἀὐρ. Π. μείζων, s. of Ptolemaeus 626. 4, 18, 25.

— πρίστης 752. 2.

— sitologus 669. 9.

— f. of Arsinoë 644. 13.

— f. of Ptolemaeus also called Antiochus 724. 29.

— f. of Aur. Ptolemaeus 626. 5.

— f. of Spartacus 635. 3.

— s. of Agathus 724. 32.

— Ἀὐρ. Π. s. of Aur. Ctistus 631. 3, 36.

— s. of Dionysius 644. 3.

— ὁ καὶ Ἀντίοχος s. of Ptolemaeus 724. 29.

— s. of Tryphon 692. 7.

— ὁ καὶ Ἀστοπαρίσων (?) 630. 2.

— 659. 31, 67, 81, 84, 108; 727. 18.

Πτολεμαῖς, Ἀὐρ. Π. 690. 20.

— 677. 5.

Πτολεμίος 670. 22, 30.

Πτολλαροῦς 648. 80.

Πτόλλις f. of Aur. Panesneus 636. 3, 42.

Πτολλίωνεχ-cosmetes, f. of the following 703. 4.

— Ἀὐρ. Ἀπίων ὁ καὶ Π. cosmetes, s. of Ptolliion 703. 2.

Ῥοδόπη 762. 5.

Ῥουφίων, Ἀὐρ. Ῥ. s. of Apollonius 627. 26.

Ῥοῦφος f. of Aur. Ctistus 631. 3.

Ῥωμανός 738. 5.

Σαβίνος 648. 74.

Σακάνναρος 766. 6.

Σάλβιος f. of Petechon 756. 6.

Σαμβοῦς m. of Amoüs 692. 3.

— 687. 9, 17.

Σάμμης s. of Psenamounis 638. 4.

Σαμπατῦμις m. of Sarapion 641. 23.

Σαραεὺς 634. 7.

Σαραπάμμων f. of the following 696. [1], 20.

— Ἀὐρ. Σ. ὁ καὶ Δίδυμος athlete 643. 1, 21.

— Δαμᾶς ὁ καὶ Σ. s. of Sarapammon 696. 1, 21.

— Ἀὐρ. Σ. s. of Thonis 705. 4.

— ὁ καὶ Φιλέας 702. 23.

— 659. 57, 78; 666. 2; 727. 16, 20; 764. 1.

Σαραπᾶς (1) 670. 75; (2) 757. 15.

Σαραπιακός 673. 1, 30.

Σαραπιᾶς d. of Apollonius 649. 12.

— d. of Gemellinus 649. 2, 7.

- Σαραπίας d. of Harthonis **648.** 57.
 — m. of Aur. Copreus **695.** 9.
 — m. of Aur. Sinthonis **716.** 7.
 — Ἡρωδίανα ἢ καὶ Σαρα[πίας?] **634.** 8.
 — ἐπικεκλημένη Θαῖσις **706.** 5.
 — **761.** 1, (Σεραπ.) 19; **768.** 1.
 Σαραπίοδωρος f. of Asiarchus **745.** 3.
 Σάραπισ god. See Index VI (a).
 Σαραπίων, Ἀὐρ. Σ. gymnasiarch **665.** 1, 28.
 — silversmith **653.** 15, 23.
 — ἄρχας Ἀλεξανδρείας **638.** 10.
 — ἄρχας Ὁξυρ. **642.** 31.
 — f. of Aur. Diogenes **627.** 5.
 — f. of Pausiris **648.** 22.
 — f. of Aur. Sarapion **705.** 1.
 — f. of Sarapion (1) **641.** 23; (2) **648.** 44; (3) **725.** 8.
 — freedman of Demetrous **648.** 51.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σερήνος ὁ καὶ Σ. s. of Agathinus **631.** 1; **633.** 2, 35; **636.** 1; **646.** 8, 25; **689.** 1; **699.** 3; **713.** 1.
 — s. of Apollonius **628.** 5, 15, 22, [24].
 — s. of Athenaeus **648.** 32.
 — s. of Heraclides **724.** 26.
 — s. of Petermouthius **747.** 70.
 — s. of Petosorapis **648.** 38, 46-7, 58.
 — Ἀμμώνιος ὁ καὶ Σ. s. of Sarapion **725.** 7.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. s. of Sarapion **705.** 1, 23.
 — s. of Sarapion (1) **641.** 22; (2) **641.** 22; (3) **648.** 43; (4) **725.** 7.
 — s. of Tachois **687.** 5.
 — s. of Trophimus **648.** 16.
 — s. of Zoilus **633.** 9.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. (1) **699.** 1; (2) **726.** 10.
 — **659.** 46, 52, 54, 62, 104; **756.** 1, 13; **772.** 1.
 Σαραπόδωρος, Ἀὐρ. Σ. **630.** 18.
 Σαραπούς d. of Tausorapis **706.** [7], 10.
 — Κρονοῦς ἢ καὶ Σ. m. of Ammonius **725.** 8.
 — **725.** 14.
 Σαρᾶς, Ἀὐρ. Σ. senator **634.** 4, [24].
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. s. of Psenamounis **638.** [1], [14], 17, 23, 37.
 — s. of Zoilus **648.** 4, 18, 37, 41-2, 46.
 — s. of Zoilus surnamed Amois **648.** 68.
 — **764.** 17.
 Σαρμάτης f. of Apollonius **747.** 62.
 — f. of Chocous **747.** 60.
 — **751.** 1.
 Σεμψαύ (?) place-name **766.** 11.
 Σεουῆρος **748.** 9.
 Σεπτίμιος Εὐδαίμων f. of Isidora **649.** 19.
 — Φλ. Σ. Σερήνιος. See Σερήνιος.
 Σεραπίας **679.** 1, 30. Cf. Σαραπίας.
 Σερηνίλλα **751.** 1.
 Σερήνιος, Φλ. Σεπτίμιος Σ. Ἀπολλώνιος διασημότης ἀπὸ ἐπιτρόπων **716.** 4, 22.
 Σερήνος, Ἀὐρ. Σ. ὁ καὶ Σαραπίων s. of Agathinus **631.** 1; **633.** 2, 35; **636.** 1; **646.** 8, 25; **689.** 1; **699.** 3; **713.** 1.
 — s. of Diodorus **747.** 17.
 — s. of . . . κάμμων **633.** 6.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. (1) **708.** 25; (2) **771.** 1, 15.
 — **659.** 109, 127; **663.** 9; **669.** 1; **679.** 17; **735.** 8; **762.** 4; **769.** 10.
 Σεύθης γεοῦχος **747.** 71.
 Σιλβανός, Ἀὐρ. Γεμίνος ὁ καὶ Σ. agoranomus, s. of Demetrius **703.** 1.
 — s. of the preceding **703.** 9.
 — Παθερμούθιος ὁ καὶ Σ. **637.** 6.
 — **738.** 2; **765.** 18, 23.
 Σινθῶνις slave **638.** 6.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. d. of Thonius **716.** 7.
 — m. of Aur. Aphous **638.** 1.
 Σιννεχώτης m. of Cronion **686.** 3.
 Σι . τρία (?) **677.** 13.
 Σκυλάκιος f. of Aur. Heraclides **626.** 6.
 Σκωρύ **668.** 4.
 Σουδ(ᾶς) f. of Ammonius **726.** 9.
 Σπάρτακος s. of Ptolemaeus **635.** 3, [8], [10], [12].
 Στέφανος f. of Aur. Diogenes **697.** 1, 40, 47.
 — **636.** 11.
 Στρά(των?) f. of Apunchis **745.** 7.
 — f. of Od() (?) **745.** 28.
 Σύρυ **765.** 17.
 Σύρος f. of Aur. Copreus **695.** 8.
 — Ἀὐρ. Σ. s. of Dionysius **695.** 5.
 Σώπατρος (1) **668.** 36; (2) **728.** 12; (3) **763.** 1, 14.
 Σωσία d. of Zoilus **719.** 1.
 Σωσίπατρος f. of Apollonius **639.** 27.
 Σώσος **760.** 18.
 Σωτᾶς s. of Papnoutis **747.** 41.
 — **716.** 30.
 Σωτήρ **663.** 6.
 Σωτίων, Ἀὐρ. Σ. ex-gymnasiarch **636.** 10.
 Σωφρόνη **678.** 23.

Τααμῳίς 679. 20.

Τααρπαῖσις, Ἀὐρ. Τ. d. of Psenamounis 638. 1, 2, [6], 16, 19, [25], 33.

Τααφῶχis ἡ καὶ Τα[.]ωνύτις d. of Zoilus 648. 17.

Ταμμωνιάς m. of Aur. Aret 638. [1], 4.

Ταπάτρις d. of Sinthonis 638. 6.

Ταπερώς 771. 6.

Ταπονθεύς m. of Aur. Peloius 631. 4.

Ταποσιριάς m. of Aur. Serenus also called Sarapion 631. 1; 636. 2.

Ταπόσιρις ἡ καὶ Ἀμαζόνιον 750. 10.

Ταπ[.]άλλις (?) m. of Aur. Antonius 689. 5.

Τασωτ[ᾱς?] 700. 3.

Ταυρίνη 773. 45.

Ταῦρις d. of Hierus (?) 689. 7.

— m. of Aur. Ptolemaeus 631. 3.

Τανσόραπις m. of Sarapous 706. 8, 11.

— 725. 22.

Ταχῳίς m. of Sarapion 687. 6.

Τα[.]ωνύτις, Τααφῶχis ἡ καὶ Τ. d. of Zoilus 648. 17.

Τεραθῶνις d. of Zoilus 648. 58.

Τερέντιος f. of Demetrous 687. 2, 4.

Τερεῦρις 725. 21.

Τεχῶσις, Ἀὐρ. Τ. d. of Dionysius (?) 695. 5.

— 679. 19.

Τεχ[.] m. of Aur. Plution 709. 6.

— Κλανδία Τ. 710. int.

Τήπολος 733. 10.

Τιβέριος Κλανδῖος Ὀρίων 631. 39.

— 772. 3.

Τιμαγένης, Ἀὐρ. Τ. ὁ καὶ Ἡρακλείδης s. of Heraclides 697. 2, 40.

Τιμόθεος 684. 1.

Τισᾱσις m. of Lucius 647. 6.

Τίτος Αἴλιος Μάξιμος 634. 3, (Μαξιμῖνος) 13.

Τούρβων βοηθός 663. 1, 14.

Τοῦ(σ?)κος 720. 6.

Τρόφιμος f. of Sarapion 648. 16.

Τρύφων f. of Ptolemaeus 692. 7.

Τύραννος 777. 1.

Φατρῆς f. of Phatres 648. 10.

— s. of Phatres 648. 9.

Φάῦλλος 637. 32.

Φαῦστος, Ἀνίκιος Φ. consul 643. 19; 704.

— 24; 705. 22.

Φῆλιξ, Μουνάτιος Φ. praefect 654. 11.

Φίβις 684. 22.

Φιλάργυρος 768. 12.

Φιλέας μοσχομάγειρος 764. 5.

— Σαραπάμμων ὁ καὶ Φ. 702. 23.

Φίλισκος 659. 58.

Φιλόνικος, Ἀὐρ. Φ. s. of Theon 691. 3.

— 648. 55.

Φιλόξερος καθολικὸς γραμματεὺς 663. 15.

— 733. 3.

Φιλοσάραπις ἱεροποιός 664. 1, 19.

Φιλουμένη 670. 20, 26.

Φίλων (1) 628. 11; (2) 726. 12.

Φίρμος, Οὐαλέριος Φ. praefect 662. 10.

Φλασούιος Ἀβουνδάντιος consul 712. 2.

— Δαλμάτιος consul 716. 1.

— Δομνῖνος οὐρίο 712. 3.

— Ἡρκουλανός 676. 1, 43.

— Σεπτίμιος Σερήνιος. See Σερήνιος.

Φλανιανὸς γεοῦχος 747. 61.

Φοιβάμμων, Ἀὐρ. Φ. s. of Theon 712. 4.

Φοινίκη (?) 671. 17.

Φούλλιος 699. 7.

Χαιρέας 762. 1.

Χαιρημονίς, Ἀὐρ. Χ. 697. 12.

Χαιρήμων ποικιλῆς 677. 6.

— f. of Ammonius 745. 11.

— Αἰρηλία (l. Αἰρήλιος) Χ. s. of Heraclammon also called Agathodaemon 694. 5.

— Ἀὐρ. Χ. 689. 52.

— 659. 66; 726. 11.

Χαρίτων 728. 5.

Χάρμος 668. 1.

Χεοῦς s. of Onouthis (?) 747. 19.

Χεῶς s. of Harpaësis 747. 25.

Χινθῶνις (1) 670. 1, 35; (2) 670. 27.

Χωοῦς ἀμπελουργός 735. 7.

— f. of Aur. Alois 626. 1.

— f. of Aur. Papnoutis 716. 28.

— s. of Sarmates 747. 60.

— 678. 25 (Χοους); 777. 2.

Ψάις ἐπικεκλημένη Ἀγαθὸς Δαίμων slave 648. 10.

— ἐπικεκλ. Ἀμμώνιος slave 648. 12.

Ψεναμούνης s. of Pausiris 638. 1, 3.

— 747. 16.

Ψεταῖται (place-name?) 685. 10.

Ψόις, Μῶρος ὁ καὶ Ψ. 701. 4.

- ᾽Ορείς 757. 1, 30.
 ᾽Οριγένης, Ἀὐρ. Ἀγαθίνος ὁ καὶ ᾽Ω. s. of Vari-
 nus 642. 4, 12, 19, 49.
 — (1) 659. 6, 69; (2) 670. 27.
 ᾽Ορίων gymnasiarch 664. 14.
 — f. of Apion 692. 1.
 — f. of Platonis also called Ophelia 647.
 2; 721. 1.
 — s. of Amois 687. 3.
 — M. Ἀὐρ. ᾽Ω. s. of M. Aur. Apollonius
 645. 4, 15, 19.
 — s. of Panes 747. 49.
 — Ἀὐρ. ᾽Ω. s. of Thonis 715. 1, 24.
 — Ἀὐρ. ᾽Ω. 771. 1, 14.
 — Τιβέριος Κλαύδιος ᾽Ω. 631. 39.
 ᾽Ορίων 648. 27-8; 669. 1; 684. 2; 727.
 30; 738. 7; 747. 67; 757. 1, 30; 766.
 1, 19; 770. 18, 19 (monogram).
 ᾽Ορος f. of Antas 637. 31.
 — f. of Castor 747. 66.
 — f. of Pausiris 747. 30.
 — s. of Anempeus 686. 3.
 — s. of Komoäpis 747. 21.
 — s. of Pettiris 699. 7.
 — Ἀὐρ. ᾽Ω. 699. 1.
 ᾽Οφέλια, Πλατωνίς ἡ καὶ ᾽Ω. d. of Horion 647.
 1, 8; 721. 1.
 ᾽Ορόδης priest of Alexander (?) 723. 3.

V. GEOGRAPHICAL.

(a) COUNTRIES, NOMES, TOPARCHIES, CITIES.

- ᾽Αθηναίος 643. 2.
 Αἴγυπτος 646. 4; 681. 19; 722. 1. Αἰγύπ-
 τιος 681. 6.
 ᾽Αλεξάνδρεια 628. 3; 629. 4; 635. [2]; 644.
 2; 638. 11; 644. 2; 652 (a). 8; 666. 3,
 9; 670. 8, 17; 723. [3]; 775. 8. ᾽Α.
 ἦτοι Λ[εοντόπολις] 660. 2. ἡ λαμπροτάτη ᾽Α.
 643. 6; 678. 14. ἡ λαμπροτάτη πόλις τῶν
 ᾽Αλεξανδρέων 634. 2; 646. 5; 724. 30.
 ᾽Αλεξανδρέως 722. 14. ᾽Αλεξανδρινὸς σταθμός
 645. 7.
 ᾽Ανταϊόπολις 664. 20.
 ᾽Ανταιοπολίτης (νομός) 664. 18.
 ᾽Αντινίου (πόλις) 666. 20; 773. 11, 14.
 ᾽Αντινιῶν (πόλις) 685. 2. ᾽Αντινιεύς 719. 3.
 ἀστή 634. 2, [22]; 648. 21.
 ᾽Αφροδιτοπολίτης (νομός) 746. 1.
 Βαβυλῶν 626. 7.
 ᾽Ελευθεράπολις Συρίας 722. 3.
 ᾽Ερμοπολίτης νομός 637. 12; 659. 125, 129.
 ᾽Ερμούπολις 653. 4. ᾽Ε. ἡ μεγάλη 724. 5.
 ᾽Ηρακλεοπολίτης νομός 708. 3.
 ᾽Ηρακλέους (πόλις) 728. 4; 749. 6.
 Θῆβαι. ἐπὶ Θη[β?]ῶν νομός 773. 24.
 Θηβαίς 628. 5; 629. 4; 635. [2]; 649. 4;
 723. 6.
 Θινίτης (νομός) 663. 3.
 Θμοισεφὼ τοπαρχία 659. 86, 99; 747. 46.
 Κανωπικά 774. 15.
 Κόπτος 666. 8, 11.
 Κρητικὸν ἄμφοδον 697. 9.
 Κυνοπολίτης (νομός) 667. 8. ᾽Ανω Κ. 708. 8.
 Κυνῶν (πόλις) 749. 8.
 Λεοντόπολις. ᾽Αλεξάνδρεια ἦτοι Λ[εον.] 660. 2.
 Μακεδῶν 628. 5; 635. 3; 644. 5, 7; 723. 8.
 Μέμφις 650. 1, 19; 650 (a). 1. Μεμφιτῶν
 πόλις 750. 14.
 μητρόπολις (= Oxyrhynchus) 659. 9 (?); 724.
 3; 725. 6, 10. μητροπολιτικός 746. 12.
 μητροπολιτικά 659. 10, &c.
 Νικίου 749. 3.
 νομός 630. 13; 633. 11, 23; 634. 25; 637.
 [12], 20, [27?]; 659. 120-1; 662. 6, 14;
 699. 2; 704. 7; 708. 3; 773. 25.
 Ξοϊτικά δελματικά 741. 5.
 ᾽Οασις 630. 3; 726. 3. ᾽Ο. Μικρά 647. 7;
 694. 8.
 ᾽Οξύρυγχιτης (νομός) 634. 13, 25; 637. 12, 20,
 [27?]; 642. 2; 659. 121; 663. 13;
 666. 26; 678. 5; 699. 2; 704. 7; 773.
 10. ᾽Οξύρυγχιτης 643. 1.
 ᾽Οξύρυγχιτῶν πόλις 634. 4; 637. 5; 643. 4;
 662. 3; 697. 2; 703. 2; 712. 6. ἡ λαμ-
 πρὰ καὶ λαμπροτάτη ᾽Οξ. π. 627. 4; 631.

1, 4; 632. 5; 633. 4; 645. 5; 691. 4;
693. 3; 694. 4; 695. 7; 705. 2; 711.
2; 712. 14; 713. 2; 714. 2; 715. 2;
716. 8; 718. 1, 19; 722. 5. ἡ λαμπρὰ
'Οξ. π. 708. 5.
'Οξυρύνχων πόλις 628. 4; 629. 4; 635. [2];
636. 2; 639. 4; 644. 3; 647. 3; 648.
66; 687. 2; 688. 3; 689. 3; 692. 2;
696. 2; 705. 5; 706. [3], 8, [14]; 709.
3, 7; 719. 5; 721. 2; 723. 5. Cf. μη-
τρόπολις, πόλις, 'Οξυρυνχιδῶν πόλις.
Πασκῶ κωμογραμματοί 724. 7.
Πέρσης τῆς ἐπιγονῆς 628. 7; 629. 6; 639. 1;
685. 5.
Πηλουσί[ακὸς οἶνος] 692. 21.
πόλις (= Oxyrhynchus) 627. 6; 632. 7;
634. [5]; 636. 10, 11; 637. 4 (?), 24;
639. 9; 642. 31; 644. 15; 648. 52;
649. 8, 10; 672. 11; 687. 5, 6; 693. 6,

8; 695. 9, 13; 696. 4; 697. 5, 8; 698.
2; 701. 5, [11]; 703. 3, 5, 10; 706.
[9], 11, 12, 16; 714. 5; 715. 6; 721. 4,
6, 10; 724. 23, 27, 30; 725. 20. ἡ λαμ-
πρὰ [— 637. 8. πολιτικά 659. 103, 143.
'Ρωμαῖος. 'Ρωμαίων ἔθνη 714. 3. 'Ρωμαία 634. 2,
21. 'Ρωμαϊκὴ διαθήκη 649. 6.
Σαῖτιον 658. 1.
Συρία 722. 3.
Σχεδία 768. 5.
τοπαρχία 635. [6]. "Ανω τ. 637. 28; 659.
10, [32]. 'Απηλιώτων τ. 659. 46, 60; 747.
27. Θμοισεφῶ τ. 659. 86, 99; 747. 46.
Κάτω τ. 652 (a). 1; 659. 100, 119; 704.
[7]; 747. 50. Λιβὸς τ. 659. 33, [45];
747. 14. Μέση τ. 659. 61, 85; 747.
39.
Τυρινός (? τύρινος) 739. 4.
Χαιρέον 749. 3, 6, 8.

(b) VILLAGES, ἐποίκια, χωρία.

(1) *Oxyrhynchite nome*.

'Αδαίου 747. 29. 'Αδ. ἐ[ποίκ.] 685. 5.
'Αθῦχis 659. 14.
'Αντιπέρα Πέλα 637. 33 ((Πέλα)); 659. 42.
'Αρταπάτου 637. 29. Θῶλθis 'Α. 637. 28.
Βασίλ() 659. 27.
Βερκύ 720. 2.
Διός 735. 6.
Δωσιθέου 747. 52.
'Εντεῖς 659. 15, 123.
'Επισήμου 659. 31.
'Ηρακλείδου 747. 26.
'Ηρακλείου 659. 75.
Θεσσαλῶ(?) 747. 60.
Θμοινεψῶβθis 659. 55, 59; 747. 37.
Θῶλθis (Θμοισεφῶ τοπ.) 659. 89, 98.
— (Κάτω τοπ.) 659. 107.
— (Μέσης τοπ.) 659. 62. Θ. 'Αρταπάτου
637. 28.
Θῶσβis 659. 16.
'Ιβίων Χύσιος (? not Oxy.) 637. 27; 724. 13.
'Ιέμη 659. 65, 84.
'Ισεῖον Παγγᾶ 687. 13, 21.
— Τρύφωνος 659. 100, 112; (Τρύφωνος)
747. 57.
'Ιστρου ἐποίκ. 659. 66.

Καλπ(ουρνίου?) ἐποίκ. 659. 103.
Κερκεθῦρις 659. 35.
Κερκεμοῦνις 659. 22.
Κερκεῦρα 659. 69; 747. 42.
Κεσμοῦχis 659. 90, 96.
Κόσμου 735. 2; 747. 53.
Μερμέρθα 659. 17, 30; 689. 8, 11, 35,
55.
Μονίμου 659. 21, 29.
Μουχιντάλη 747. 55.
Μουχ(ιναρνῶ?) 659. 103.
Μοῦχis 674. 18.
Νέσλα 687. 8.
Νεσμέμις 659. 11, 28.
Νομογράφου ἐποίκ. 747. 70.
Νομ(οῦ) ἐποίκ. 659. 68.
'Οασίτου ἐποίκ. 685. 9.
Παίμις 629. 8; 633. 10; 637. 31; 646. 11,
29, 30; 659. 41; 699. 2, 5; 725. 5.
Πακέρκη 747. 35; 748. 1, 3.
Πακ . . . [— 659. 63.
Παλῶσις 648. 35, 39; 659. 88, 94.
Πανευεῖ 626. 3; 747. 18.
Παῶμις 659. 87, 95; 747. 48.
Πεεννώ 659. 72, 82.

Πέλα 659. 40; 672. 12; 725. 11; 747. 22.

Cf. Ἀντιπέρα Πέλα.

Πλελώ 748. 8.

Ποσομβούδης Ἀριστομάχ[ου] 688. 10.

Σατύρου 659. 57.

Σεναώ 659. 39.

Σενεκελεύ 659. 36.

Σενέπτα 659. 67, 81, 123; 724. 19.

Σενοκώμης 638. 2, [7]; 659. 37; 691. 7; 747. 20.

Σενοπώθης 726. 9.

Σεντώ 659. 61.

Σενύρις 648. 36, 81.

Σερύφης 636. 4, 7; 700. 1; 703. 11; 747. 14.

Σέσφθα 659. 108, 117; 704. 6; 747. 50.

Σεφώ 628. 9; 659. 91, 97.

Σιγκέφα 659. 13, 26, 128.

Σιναρύ 659. 102, 123.

Σκώ 659. 20.

Σοῦις 659. 104.

Στρατονίκου (? not Oxy.) 674. 18.

Σύρων 659. 38; 719. 10; 747. 24; 748. 10.

Τααμπέμου 659. 49; 747. 33.

Τααμπτεί 659. 70; 747. 40.

Τακολκείλις 659. 76, 80.

Τακόνα 652 (δ). 1; 659. 109, 114; 747. 51.

Ταλαώ 659. 105, 118; 686. 5, 7; 692. 3, 7.

Τανάις 631. [5], 6; 659. 64, 78; 747. 44.

Τεοῦχης (?) 648. 40.

Τεπούις 648. 36, 40, 81.

Τερύθης 747. 28.

Τῆις 659. 86, 93; 747. 47.

Τόβα 659. 74, 79.

Τρύφωνος. See Ἰσεῖον T.

Τυχιννεκώτις 659. 54, 58.

Τυχινφάγων 659. 110, 115; 747. 54.

Φθώχης 659. 51.

Φοβώου 659. 53; 688. 7.

Χύσις 637. 20; 659. 12, 25; 724. 7; 726.

II. Cf. Ἰβίων Χύσιος.

Χρόνου 736. 5, 8, 19.

Ψάβθης (Ἀπηλιώτου τοπ.) 659. 48; 747. 31.

— (Κάτω τοπ.) 652 (α). 1; 659. 106, 113.

᾽Ωφίς 659. 52.

[.] . . [.]ω 659. 71.

(2) Other names.

Ἀλλοφύλων (Aphroditopolite) 746. 10.

Ἀραβικοῦ (Aphrod.) 746. 7.

Ἀφροδίσιον (Small Oasis) 647. 7.

Ἰβίων . . λ() (Hermopolite) 659. 125.

Ἰβίων Χύσιος (? Hermop.) 637. 27; 724. 13.

Ἰσεῖον (Ισηιον; Aphrod.) 746. 6.

Κολόβη (Hermop.) 726. 12.

Παπ . . αρων (Aphrod.) 746. 9.

Πεννή (Heracleopolite) 708. 3.

Τοοῦ (Aphrod.) 746. 4.

Τυράνιον (Thebaid?) 773. 7, 21.

Τῶλις (Aphrod.) 732. 9 (?); 746. 8.

(c) ἄμφοδα OF OXYRHYNCHUS.

Ἀπολλωνίου 695. 14.

Ἡρώου 724. 3.

Ἰππέων Παρεμβολῆς 694. 12. Cf. (g) Παρεμβολή.

Κρητικόν 697. 9.

Μυροβαλάνου 725. 8.

Παμμένους Παραδείσου 648. 23, 31; 693. 8.

Τευμενοῦς 678. 28.

Χηνοβοσκῶν 634. 5, [25]; 696. 6.

(d) τόποι.

Ἀπηλ() 745. int.

Ἔλος, τόπ. λεγόμενος Ἔ. 687. 10, 20.

Θελλώ 745. 4.

Κελσανύ 745. 12.

Κορκουλ() 745. 19.

Μάκρον 745. 23.

Ὀδ() Στρά(τωνος?) 745. 28.

Πάψι 745. 21.

Ποι() 745. 28.

Σαμβούτος, τόπ. λεγόμενος Σ. 687. 9, 17.

Στ . . [745. 25.

Τροφή Αἰγῶν, βασιλική καλουμένη T. Αἰ. 687. 11.

Χρυσ() 745. 25.

]δ() Πηλ() 745. int.

(e) κλήροι.

Ἀμμωνά 743. 5.
 Διοκλέους 628. 10.
 Διονυσίου 724. 9.
 Δριμάκου, Νικάνορος καὶ Δ. 687. 14.
 Ἐρμοφίλου 724. 8, 13.
 Θ[— καὶ] Μηνοδώρου 633. 11.
 Καλλίου 686. 8, 17.
 Μεγάλου 685. 16.

Μηνοδώρου, Θ[— καὶ] Μ. 633. 11.
 Νικάνορος καὶ Δριμάκου 687. 14.
 Ξένωνος 751. int.
 Πτολεμαίου τοῦ Τρύφωνος 692. 7.
 Φίλωνος 628. 11.
 Ψετταταί 685. 10.
]κλέους 633. 13.

(f) TRIBES AND DEMES.

Ἀθηναῖνς ὁ καὶ Ἀρτεμίσιος (Antinoë) 706. 7.
 Εὐθνηδῖος ὁ καὶ Ἀλθαιεύς (Alexandria) 707. 4.
 Πανλίνιος ὁ καὶ Ἰσίδιος (Antin.) 706. 5.
 Σεβάστιος ὁ καὶ Καισάριος (Antin.) 685. 1.

Σωστικόσμιος ὁ καὶ Ἀλθαιεύς (Alex.) 645. 4;
 707. 2.
 φυλή 627. 7; 642. 43.

(g) STREETS, BUILDINGS, ETC.

ἀγορά 654. 8(?) ; 708. 8.
 ἀγορανομεῖον. See Index VII.
 ἀγυία 706. [12]. α. Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης
 628. 8; 629. 7; 644. 8.
 βαλανάριον 741. 28.
 βαφεῖον 648. 61.
 βιβλιοθήκη δημοσίων λόγων 649. 1(?). β. ἡγε-
 μονική 654. 7.
 βιβλιοφυλάκιον 634. 25(?).
 γραφεῖον 724. 6; 725. 6, 10.

καταλογεῖον. See Index XII.
 Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης ἀγυία. See ἀγυία.
 μνημονεῖον. See Index VII.
 Παρεμβολή 773. 40. Cf. (c) Ἰππέων Π.
 ποταμός 748. 5.
 ρύμη 648. 55; 696. [9]; 701. 10. δημοσία
 ῥ. 634. 6, 8; 697. 11, 13; 698. [6], 9;
 699. 8; 700. 4.
 ῥυμίον 678. 30.
 τράπεζα. See Index VII.

VI. RELIGION.

(a) GODS.

Ἀφροδίτη, Κλεοπάτρα Ἀ. 628. 8; 629. 7;
 644. 8.
 θεά 635. 1; 723. 1.
 θεός (1) pagan: 680. 3; 683. 14; 763. 11;
 773. 4. κύριος θ. 670. 5; 678. 3; 683.
 5. δεσπότης θ. 775. 4. θεοί 666. 15;
 760. 15; 766. 18. πάτριοι θεοί 664. 5.

Cf. Σάραπισ and Index I. (2) Christian:
 660. int. (θεός); 682. 6.
 κ(ύριος)ς (Christian) 660. int.; 774. 3. Cf.
 θεός, Σάραπισ.
 Σάραπισ. ὁ κύριος θεός Σ. 670. 5. ὁ κύρ. Σ.
 677. 3; 755. 4; 761. 5; 769. 5. ὁ μέγας
 Σ. 758. 7.

(b) TEMPLES.

Ἀφροδίσιον. See Index V (b. 2).
 Ἑρακλεῖον. See Index V (b. 1).
 Ἡρώων. See Index V (c).
 Θοηρεῖον, ἱερὸν Θ. 627. 12, 18.
 Ἰβίων. See Index V (b. 1, 2).

ἱερὸν 699. 8. ἱερὸν Θοηρεῖον (or -ον) 627. 12,
 18. ἱ. = Σαραπιεῖον 639. 11.
 Ἰσιών. See Index V (b. 1, 2).
 Καισαρεῖον 683. 19.
 Σαραπιεῖον 755. 3. Σαραπιεῖον 639. 4, [9], 19.

(c) PRIESTLY TITLES, ETC.

Ἀμεσυνσίων ἑορτή 666. 16.

ἀρχιερατεύσας. See Index VII.

ἱέρεια 765. 19, 28.

ἱερεύς 723. [2].

ἱερονίκης 697. 4; 703. 8; 705. 3.

ἱεροποιός 664. 20.

ἱερός. ἱερά (γῆ) 744. int. ἱ. σύνοδος 691. 2.

ἱ. ἀπότακτον 662. 14.

κλίνη τοῦ κυρίου Σαράπιδος 755. 3.

VII. OFFICIAL TITLES.

ἀγορανομεῖον 648. 66; 706. 4, [14]; 709. 5; 721. 10.

ἀγορανομία 642. 4, [14], 26, 31, 45, 52.

ἀγορανόμος 703. 1.

αἰρέτης ἡγεμονικῆς βιβλιοθήκης 654. 7.

ἄρξας. See ἄρχων.

ἄρχεῖον 642. 38.

ἄρχή 642. [16], 18, 22, 24, 35, 46, 52.

ἀρχιδικαστής 654. 9.

ἀρχιερατεύσας 662. 18; 694. 7, 40; 697. 1.

ἀρχιφύλαξ 627. 18 (?).

ἄρχων 639. 20. ἄρξας 638. 11; 642. 31.

ἀσχολούμενος ὦν ἡν ἀγορανομεῖον 709. 5.

βασιλικός, τὸ β. 628. 21; 644. 26. βασιλική 635. 11, 13.

βιβλιοθήκη δημοσίων λόγων 649. 1 (?). βιβ.

ἡγεμονική 654. 7.

βιβλιοφυλάκιον ἐγκτήσεων 634. 25 (?).

βοηθός καθολικοῦ γραμματέως τοῦ διοικητοῦ 663. 14.

βουλευτής 632. 5; 634. 4, [24]; 637. 8; 646. 4; 662. 2, 18; 685. 2; 693. 3; 697. 2, 5; 703. 2, 3.

γραμματεὺς 650. 13, 30; 650 (a). 6; 651. 6.

γ. τῆς δημοσίας τραπέζης 642. 31, 32 (?).

καθολικὸς γ. τοῦ διοικητοῦ 663. 15. γ. στρατηγοῦ 663. 13.

γραφεῖον 724. 6; 725. 6, 10.

γυμνασιαρχήσας 632. 4; 636. 10, 11; 692. 1 (?); 724. 30.

γυμνασιάρχος 662. 2; 664. 13, 18; 665. 28; 693. 2; 726. 3; 762. 15.

δεκανός 626. 3, 8, 12, 14, 18.

δεκάπρωτος 671. 3.

διοίκησις 633. 8.

διοικητής 663. 15. Ἰούλιος Μόνιμος ὁ κράτιστος

δ. (275) 633. 16. Ἡρακλείδης (local dioec.) 661. 1, 11.

εἰρηναρχος 662. 19.

ἐπαρχος. See ἡγεμών.

ἐπιβάτης 749. 1, 5, 7.

ἐπιμέλεια 626. 27.

ἐπιμελητής 652 (δ). 2; 660. 5, 10. ε. ζῶων 626. 6, 9, 11, 13.

ἐπισκέπτης 669. 16.

ἐπιστράτηγος 642. 32.

ἐπίτροπος 680. 13. ἀπὸ ἐπιτρόπων 716. 5.

ἐπιτηρητής ἀγορανομείου 706. 4.

ἐραυνητής 651. 18.

εὐθηνιαρχήσας 724. 30.

εὐθηνιάρχος 634. [2], 21; 637. 8.

ἡγεμονία 637. 10.

ἡγεμονική βιβλιοθήκη 654. 7. ἡ. φαμίλια 712. 3 (?).

ἡγεμών 642. 16, 17, 27, [48]; 667. 5; 668. 17. ὁ λαμπρότατος ἡ. 666. 13. ἔπαρχος

Αἰγύπτου 646. 4. Μουνάτιος Φῆλιξ (150-1) 654. 11. ὁ λαμπ. ἡμών ἡ. Οὐαλέριος Φίρμος

(246) 662. 9. ὁ λαμπ. Μούσσιος Αἰμιλιανός (257-9) 637. 9. ὁ διασημώτατος ἡ. Οὐαλέριος

Πομπηιανός (289) 642. 3. ὀπτίων φαμίλιας ἡ[γεμονικῆς?] 712. 3. Cf. ἡγούμενος.

ἡγούμενος, ὁ διασημ. ἡ. Αἰγύπτου 722. 1.

καθολικός 670. 10.

καθολικὸς γραμματεὺς τοῦ διοικητοῦ 663. 15.

καταλογεῖον. See Index XII.

καταλοχισμός, ὁ πρὸς τοῖς κ. 635. 5.

κοσμητεύσας 645. 4; 703. 4.

κοσμητής 703. 3.

κριτής 637. [9].

κωμογραμματεία 724. 7.

λειτουργία 627. 10.

λειτουργούσα φυλή 627. 6.
 μείζων κώμης 626. 5.
 μνημονεῖον 644. 16; 649. 15, 21, [24], 29.
 νομογράφος 654. 3, 10. ν. ἀγορᾶς 654. 8 (?).
 ξυστάρχης διὰ βίου 643. 3, 22.
 ὀφφικιάλιος, ἀπὸ ὁ. ἐπάρχου Αἰγύπτου 646. 3.
 παραδοχή, ὁ πρὸς παραδοχῇ 659. 122.
 πράκτωρ (στεφανικῶν) 659. [12], 30, 86-7,
 100, 118.
 πρεσβεΐα 662. 11.
 πρυτανεύσας 632. 4.
 πρυτανία 662. 20.
 πρύτανις 662. 3.
 πρωτοδημότης 730. 4.
 ῥαβδουχία 626. 21.
 ῥαβδούχος 626. 9; 750. 12.
 σιτολόγος 669. 9.
 στρατηγῆσας Ἀνταιοπολίτου 664. 18.

στρατηγός 630. 14; 642. 42; 663. 13; 718
 10. Αὐρ. Δίος ὁ καὶ Περτίναξ σ. (246) 662.
 4. Ἀπολλώνιος σ. (287) 690. 22.
 συστάτης φυλῆς 627. 5.
 ταμεῖον 633. 29 (?).
 τράπεζα, δημοσία τ. 633. 23; 642. 31; 659.
 5. Cf. Index XII.
 τραπεζίτης 650. 7, 25; 650 (a). 3.
 ὑπατεΐα. See Index II.
 ὑπηρέτης 659. 125.
 ὑπομνηματογράφος, ἑναρχος ὁ. 645. 3.
 φαμίλια ἢ [γεμονικὴ ?] 712. 3.
 φίλος, τῶν πρώτων φ. 635. 5.
 φυλακία ἱεροῦ Θρηρίου 627. 12.
 φύλαξ 650. 12.
 φυλή, λειτουργούσα φ. 627. 6. δευτέρα φ. 642.
 43. Cf. Index V (f).
 χρεία 627. 11.

VIII. MILITARY TERMS.

βενεφικιάριος 651. 13.
 δουκηνάριος, ὁ κράτιστος δ. 711. 4.
 εἶλα 666. 6, 11.
 ἐκατόνταρχος ὁ ἀξιολογώτατος πρίγκεψ τῆς ἡγεμονίας 637. 10.
 ἱππαρχία, ἡ [ἱππ. ?] 723. 8.
 ἱππεύς, κάτοικοι ἱππέϊς 628. 6; 629. 5; 635.
 3; 639. 2; 644. 5, 8.
 ἱππικόν, οἱ ἐκ τοῦ ἱ. 635. [4].

λεγιών 666. 5, 6.
 ὀπίτων φαμίλιας ἢ [γεμονικῆς ?] 712. 3.
 οὐετρανὸς τῶν ἐντίμως ἀπολελυμένων 646. 2.
 παρεμβολή. See Index V (g).
 πρίγκεψ ἡγουμένου Αἰγύπτου 722. 1. Cf. ἐκατόνταρχος.
 στατιωνάριος 651. 19.
 στρατεύεσθαι 666. 5.
 στρατιώτης 650 (a). 7; 705. 1.

IX. TRADES, ETC.

ἀμπελουργός 673. 29; 732. 10; 735. 7.
 ἀργυροκόπος 653. 15, [23].
 ἀρτοκόπος 655. 1.
 βοηθός 753. 1; 754. 8.
 βοϊκός 777. 4.
 βουκόλος 673. 24.
 γεοῦχος 631. 11, 28; 653. 3, 12, 19; 689.
 22; 690. 11; 691. 14; 692. 16. γεου-
 χούντες 747. 58.
 γέρδιος 647. 8. γερδιακὴ τέχνη 647. 12.
 γεωργός 630. 5; 671. 11; 746. 11; 748. 11;
 758. 11; 764. 13; 776. 9.

δρομαδάριος 652 (a). 6; (b). 6.
 ἐκδοχεύς 669. 2; 673. 7.
 ἐπίτροπος 673. 30.
 ἐργάτης 732. 1, &c.; 733. 5, 8.
 ἐρεοπώλης 669. 5.
 ἐρμηνεύς 650. 10, 28.
 ἡπῆτρια 679. 5, 11.
 ἱατρός 751. 2.
 καμηλίτης 771. 11; 773. 9.
 κεραμεύς 754. 5.
 κτήτωρ 660. 3, 8.
 λινούφος 726. 4.

μαχαιρᾶς 676. 6.
 μεταβόλος 675. 3.
 μισθωτής 771. 14.
 μοσχομάγειρος 764. 6.
 ναύτης 652 (b). 2; 738. 6, 7, 13.
 νομικός 730. 5.
 νομογράφος. See Index VII.
 οἰκοδόμος 674. 9.
 οἰνοχειριστής 752. 1.
 ὀλοποιός 656. 1.
 ὀνηλάτης 730. 4; 748. 1, 8, 10.

ὀρχηστής 676. 8.
 παρεργάτης (?) 731. 19.
 ποικιλτής 677. 6.
 ποταμίτης 671. 20; 674. 14, 17; 776. 3.
 πραγματευτής 646. 7, 20; 753. 2.
 πρίστης, 752. 2.
 ταρσικάριος (θαρ.) 765. 2, 21, 30.
 τέκτων 674. 13.
 ὑπογέωργος 661. 4, 7.
 φροντιστής 674. 11.

X. WEIGHTS, MEASURES, COINS.

(a) WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

ἀγγεῖον 753. 3; 770. 16. Cf. Index XII.
 ἀγωγή 734. 15.
 ἄρουρα 628. 9-11, 13; 629. 8, 11; 630. [4];
 633. 13-15; 635. [6]; 636. [9], 21, 24;
 637. [19], 27-34; 638. [4], &c.; 646.
 11, 12; 648. 35-6, 39, 40; 685. 11, 13,
 19, 23; 686. 8, 13, 17; 687. 10, &c.;
 689. 12, 55; 691. 7, 8, 11; 692. 9; 704.
 8, 12, 14; 724. 8, &c.; 725. 5, 12, 13;
 743. 1, &c.; 745. 1, &c.
 ἀρτάβη 628. 4, 17; 629. 11, 13; 631. 19,
 22-3; 639. 6, 12, 25, 32; 640. 20;
 650. 3, 20, 21; 653. 7; 660. 3; 668. 7;
 674. 18; 680. 18; 686. 14; 687. 19;
 689. 17-18; 731. 2, &c.; 733. 1, &c.;
 743-6. *passim*; 769. 11. πενταρταβιαίος
 760. 8.
 βίκος 638. 8.
 γράμμα 645. 7, 17; 653. 9, &c.
 διπλοκέραμον 735. 5; 751. 3.
 δι(πλοῦν) 720. 5. κνίδιον διπλοῦν 752. 3, 4.
 ξεῦγος 655. 3; 675. 11; 734. 3.
 κεντηνάριον 754. 3.
 κεράμιον 631. 19; 651. 1; 733. 9; 735. 4;
 760. 19; 776. 12. κ. γεουχικόν 735. 2, 7.
 κ. σμηκτόν 735. 3.
 κεράτιον 645. 7, 17.

κνίδιον 752. 3; 770. 26.
 κοῦφον 631. 16.
 λίτρα 653. 9, &c.; 656. 9, 16; 657. 2, 11;
 660. [11]; 730. 2; 742. 1, &c.; 753.
 5; 777. 7.
 μανδάκ(ιον) 748. 4.
 μετρητής 665. 6, 12; 736. 1, &c. (?).
 μέτρον (of bread) 655. 4, 6, 10. μ. δημόσιον
 653. 7. μ. πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα 640. 4;
 743. 8. μ. ἐλ(αικόν?) 743. 1. [μ. τοῦ] τῆς
 πόλεω[ς] Σαραπείου (?) 639. 9.
 μνᾶ 739. 1-5. Cf. (b).
 μούιον 734. 7.
 ναύβιον 732. 2.
 ξέστης 660. 6, 8; 742. 3; 753. 2, 4.
 ὀλκή 739. 1-6.
 οὐγκία 645. 7, 17; 653. 8, &c.
 πῆχυς 705. 6; 742. 9.
 σάκκος 733. 2.
 σήκωμα (συκ.) 720. 5. σήκ. ὀκτάξεστον 720.
 intl.
 σπαθίον 771. 4, 9.
 σταθμός Ἀλεξανδρινός 645. 7.
 σχοινίον 635. 7.
 τάλαντον 739. 6. Cf. (b).
 τυμωλιτική 759. 8; 760. 14.
 χοῦς 672. 4.

(b) COINS.

ἀργύριον 626. 15; 631. 18; 632. 17-18;
 634. 9, &c.; 644. 25; 645. 8, 17; 646.
 12; 685. 15; 686. [15]; 687. 24; 694.

15; 700. 7; 701. 16; 705. 25; 708
 11; 713. 17; 715. 10, 14, 16; 716. 10,
 23; 718. 6, 7; 724. 22, 24, 28, 33;

744. 5; 774. 13; 777. 15. ἄ. Σεβαστοῦ νομίσματος 636. 17; 696. 10; 697. 15; 698. 11; 699. 9; 700. 6; 701. 14; 711. 6; 713. 6 (Σεβ. καινοῦ). ἄ. Σεβαστῶν νομ. 634. [9]; 695. 23; 702. 3; 705. 8; 707. 8; 714. 7. ἄσημον, sc. ἀργύρ. 653. 2, 6, 22.
 δηνάριον 655. 2, &c.; 718. [6], 9, 16; 753. 3, 5; 774. 14. Cf. μυριάς.
 δραχμή 626. 12; 628. [19]; 630. [9], 14-16; 631. 18; 633. 18-21; 634. 9, 10, 17, [27]; 636. 18; 639. 13; 641. 10, 12, 24; 644. 26; 646. 12, 14, 31; 647. 27, 29, 32, 35; 648. 69; 650-2 (b). *passim*; 654. 6; 655. 7, 8; 656. 7, 9; 659. 5, &c.; 670. 15; 672. 5, 20; 675. 4; 685. 15; 686. 15; 687. 25; 691. 11, 12; 694. 16; 696. 10, 22; 697. 16, [43]; 698. [11]; 699. 10; 700. 7; 701. 14, 16-20; 702. [3]; 705. 9, 26; 707. 9, 10; 708. 12-13; 711. 7; 713. 8, 9; 719. 11; 724. 22, 24, 28; 726-8. *passim*; 731. 6, &c.; 733. 1, &c.; 737. 8, &c.; 739. 7-9; 740. 1, &c.; 744. [3], 5; 748. 3, &c.; 749. 3, 6, 8; 764. recto. δραχμαῖος τόκος 701. 18; 711. 14.
 δύοβολοι 650 (a). 7; 651. 7, 12, 14, 19; 659. 6, &c.; 727. 6; 748. 6, 7.
 ἡμιωβέλιον 651. 1, 5; 659. 6, &c.
 κέρμα 683. 20; 775. 12.
 μνᾶ 673. 22; 711. 15; 760. 8. Cf. (a).
 μύριαι δραχμαί 701. 14. δισμύρια δ. 634. 9.

μυριάς 656. 1, &c.; 729. 3, &c.; 730. 4-7; 777. 7.
 νόμισμα 729. 2. See ἀργύριον. κανὼν ν. 713. 6;
 773. 19. παλαιόν, sc. ν. 773. 26.
 νομισμάτιον 753. 3-5.
 ὀβολός 651. 9, 17, 18; 654. 3, 7; 727. 7, &c.; 731. 15, &c.; 737. 20, &c.; 748. 3 (?).
 ὀλοκόττινα 653. 18.
 πεντάβολον 650. 29; 650 (a). 2; 727. 4, 16, 20; 731. 14, 17; 737. 8.
 στατήρ 765. 12.
 τάλαντον 626. 16; 630. 14, 16; 632. 17-18, 22; 634. 10, 12, [17], 26; 645. 8, 13, 17; 652 (a). 4, 10; (b). 4, 10, 11; 659. [23], &c.; 670. 14; 683. 12 (?); 695. 24; 700. 7; 701. [15]; 705. 9, 25; 708. 11, 13; 711. 7; 713. 7, 9; 714. [8]; 715. 10, &c.; 716. 10, 24; 718. [6], 7, 9, 16; 724. 33; 728. 13; 740. 11 (?); 749. 3, 6, 9; 773. 19, 20. Cf. (a).
 τέταρτον (sc. δηναρίου) 655. 11-12; (νομίσματος) 729. 2.
 τετράβολον 650. 11, &c.; 651. 1, 5, 15-16; 654. 4, 9; 659. 16, &c.; 727. 5; 739. 9; 748. 6.
 τριώβολον 650. 34; 651. 3; 659. 66, &c.; 727. 3, &c.; 737. 42; 748. 3.
 χάλκινος 670. 11, 13.
 χαλκός 628. [19]; 639. 13; 757. 15.
 χαλκοῦς 659. 66, &c.
 χρυσός 645. [17]; 653. 17; 729. 2; 753. [2], 4. [χ.] πρῶτος σταθμῷ Ἀλεξανδρινῷ 645. 7.

XI. TAXES.

ἀλλαγή 650. 9, 27; 650 (a). 5; 651. 9.
 ἀνώννα 763. 4.
 ἀπότακτον, ἱερὸν ἄ. 662. 14.
 βασιλικά 635. 11, 13.
 βενεφικιاریῳ 651. 13.
 γένους 650. 5, 23; 650 (a). 3.
 γραμματεῦσι 650. 13, 30. γραμματείων 650 (a). 6; 651. 6.
 γραμματικά 697. 34.
 δηληγατίων, β' δηλ. 660. 1.
 δημόσια τελέσματα 638. 29; 700. 18; 704.

[15]. δημόσια 636. 27, 32; 638. 14, 28; 686. [16]; 689. 20; 691. 13.
 εἶδος 634. 16; 696. 17; 697. 27; 698. [20]; 699. 19; 700. 15.
 ἐκδόσεων τελέσματα 647. 45.
 ἐκφόριον. See Index XII.
 ἐμβολή 671. 5.
 ἐπιβολή 633. 27; 653. 5; 662. 13.
 ἐπικλασμοί 638. 28; 700. 18; 704. [15].
 ἐπιμερισμοί 636. 28; 638. [28]; 700. 19; 704. 15.

ἐπίτιμον 644. 25.
 ἐπόμενα 633. 24.
 ἐραυνητῇ 651. 18.
 ἐραυνητικόν 650. 6, 17, 24; 650 (a). 3;
 651. 2.
 ἔρημα 652 (a). 3, &c.; (b). 3, &c.
 ἐρμηνεῖ 650. 10, 28.
 καταγραφῆς τέλη 697. 33.
 καταλοχισμῶν τέλος 648. 37, 41-2.
 κωμητικά 659. 24, &c.
 λαογραφία 756. 6.
 λήμματα 659. 10, &c.
 μηνιαῖος 659. 121.
 μητροπολιτικά 659. 10, &c.
 ναῦλον 652 (a). 8; (b). 8; 724. 32; 749.
 I, 5, 7, 9.
 ὄνου καὶ ῥαβδούχου μέρος 750. 12.
 πιττάκιον 650. 16, 33; 650 (a). 7; 651. 17.
 πολιτικά 659. 103, 123.

προσδιαγραφόμενα 651. 8.
 ῥαβδούχου, ὄνου καὶ ῥ. μέρος 750. 12.
 σπονδῇ 650. 17; 744. 3.
 στατιωναρίω 651. 19.
 στεφανικά 659. 1 (?), 130.
 στεφανωτικά 652 (a). 4; (b). 4.
 στρατιώτῃ 650 (a). 7.
 συμβολικά 650 (a). 5.
 ταμείου 650 (a). 4.
 τελέσματα, ἐκδόσεων τελ. 647. 45. Cf. δημόσια.
 τέλος 628. 21; 648. 37; 651. 4; 697. 33.
 τ. καταλοχισμῶν 648. 37, 41-2. καταγραφῆς
 τέλη 697. 33.
 φορολογία 653. 6.
 φύρος. See Index XII.
 χειριστικόν 650. 8, 26; 650 (a). 4.
 χειρογραφία 650. 15, 32; 650 (a). 6; 651.
 10.
 χειρωνάξια τῆς τέχνης 647. 44.

XII. GENERAL INDEX OF GREEK WORDS.

ἀβαρίης 757. 14, 18.
 ἀβάσκαντος 666. 24; 758. 4; 766. 4.
 ἄβροχος 689. 25.
 ἄβωλος 640. 3; 689. 30.
 ἀγαθός 663. 5; 664. 8; 665. 8; 766. 14;
 772. 2. ἀγαθότατος 757. 26.
 ἀγγεῖον 657. 8, 17; 753. 3; 770. 16.
 ἀγκαλισμός 631. 9.
 ἀγνωμονεῖν 630. 14, 15 (?).
 ἀγορά 654. 8; 708. 8.
 ἀγοράζειν 654. 5; 683. 21; 725. 7; 734.
 8; 767. 19; 775. 13.
 ἀγορανομεῖν, ἀγορανομία, ἀγορανόμος. See Index
 VII.
 ἀγοραστικός 636. 6.
 ἀγράμματος 645. 14.
 ἄγραφος 645. 11.
 ἀγκρός 675. 4.
 ἀγρός 692. 22.
 ἄγρωσις 631. 32.
 ἀγνία 628. 8; 629. 7; 644. 8; 706. [12].
 ἀγωγή 734. 15.
 ἀώγιμος 639. 18.
 ἀδελφή 637. [2]; 644. 6; 649. 7; 666. 8,
 23; 670. 1; 678. 19, 26; 681. 25; 682.

1, 17; 683. 1, 9, 31; 691. 9; 763. 1;
 766. 15; 767. 18; 769. 1, 12, 20; 774.
 1, 2, 17, 21.
 ἀδελφιδῇ 697. 12.
 ἀδελφός 638. 1, &c.; 642. 1, 9; 644. 23;
 647. 4; 648. 41; 649. 3, 7; 663. 8,
 10; 666. 1, &c.; 668. 1, 36; 678. 9,
 26; 679. 22; 681. 2, 5, 30; 683. 2, 27;
 686. 3; 701. 7; 706. [10]; 712. 9; 716.
 1; 719. 9; 721. 3; 757. 2, 30; 766. 8;
 767. 10; 769. 6, 10; 770. 2; 775. 1, 6,
 12, 27; 776. 1, 15; 777. 5, 8, 9, 16, 23.
 ἀδιάφορος 628. 16.
 ἄδολος 639. 8; 640. 3; 689. 30.
 αἰεί 634. [5]; 636. [6]; 638. 20, 22; 683.
 24 (?); 696. 5; 697. 7; 698. [3]; 703.
 6; 766. 3.
 ἀζήμιος 626. 20; 638. 15, [37].
 αἴρ 672. 15; 682. 4.
 ἀθύρωτος 699. 6.
 αἶθριον 634. 5, [24]; 648. 29; 694. 13.
 αἶξ, βασιλική καλουμένη Τροφή Αἰγῶν 687. 12.
 αἶρειν 679. 26; 683. 23; 732. 4, 8; 771.
 12; 773. 14.
 αἰρεῖν 627. 7; 634. [15]; 636. 34; 638.

- [22], 24, 30; 639. 15; 642. 25; 685. 12, 21; 686. 12; 689. 15; 696. 14; 697. 22, 31; 698. 17, [24]; 699. 15; 700. 12, 25; 701. 8; 702. 8, 15; 704. 13, [21]; 705. 14; 713. 10; 717. 5.
- αἵρεσις 630. 8, 11, 15-17; 638. 18.
- αἰρέτης 654. 7.
- αἰτεῖν 643. 13; 665. 5; 673. 21; 773. 20(?).
- αἵτησις 718. 6.
- αἰτία 644. 18; 666. 3, 14.
- αἰώνιος 712. [1].
- ἀκάλως 676. 22.
- ἄκανθα 674. 3.
- ἀκίνδυνος 628. 19; 631. 28; 632. [18]; 686. 15; 687. [26]; 689. 19; 691. 12; 714. 6. ἀκινδύνως 701. 9.
- ἀκίνητος 642. 6(?).
- ἀκόλουθος 642. 48. ἀκολουθῶς 633. 15; 634. 13; 635. 4, [10]; 648. 53; 695. 17; 704. 9; 716. 11.
- ἀκούειν 663. 3; 666. 20; 680. 12; 682. 11; 762. 13; 770. 24.
- ἀκριβής 762. 5. ἀκριβῶς 667. 3; 673. 10.
- ἄκριθος 629. 11, 12; 639. 6, 8; 640. 4.
- ἀκρόδρονον 631. 21.
- ἄκρον 656. 18.
- ἄκυρος 639. 17; 644. 23; 716. 16, 25.
- ἀκύρωσις 645. 13.
- ἀκωλύτως 641. 6; 694. 20; 695. 28; 705. 12.
- ἀλακτίον 740. 8.
- ἀληθής 642. 40; 680. 16.
- ἀλλαγὴ 650. 9, 27; 650 (a). 5; 651. 9.
- ἀλλάξιμος 728. 8.
- ἀλληλεγγύη 689. 50.
- ἀλληλέγγυος 631. 33; 689. 38.
- ἀλλήλων 626. 1; 634. [9]; 636. 16; 637. 1; 638. [2], 32; 639. 12; 647. 1; 689. 40; 698. 10; 699. 9; 700. 5; 701. 5, 13; 702. 2; 705. 8; 707. 8; 717. 9.
- ἄλλος 628. 3, 12, 16; 629. 2, 10; 630. [9], 12, 15; 631. 27; 634. [17]; 635. [1], [9]; 638. 5, 9, 27; 641. 5, 6, 18; 642. 24; 644. 2, 9, 16; 645. 11; 648. 45, 47; 650. 20; 653. 9; 657. 18; 659. 7, &c.; 662. 8; 673. 6; 677. 15; 678. 7, 18; 685. 4; 686. 11; 696. [18]; 697. 29; 698. 6, 9, 21; 699. 7, 16, [21]; 702. 9; 704. 15, [18]; 728. 15; 732. 6; 733. 12; 736. 18, 21; 737. 15; 741. 19, [24?], 29, 30; 748. 7; 756. 9; 758. 15; 765. 10; 771. 9. μετ' ἄλλα 637. 28, 35(?). ἄλλως 644. 14.
- ἀλόγως 668. 27.
- ἄλς 731. 16.
- ἄλωνία 674. 17.
- ἄλως 689. 34; 734. 5, 10, 15; 743. 2, 9; 748. 5.
- ἄμα 638. 15, 24; 642. 38; 662. 8; 770. 2.
- ἁμαρτάνειν 773. 33.
- ἁμελεῖν 665. 24; 666. 21; 678. 4, 8; 775. 9, 15; 777. 13, 18.
- ἁμέλεια 758. 18.
- ἁμερμνία 627. 20.
- ἁμεσύσια 666. 16.
- ἁμετάθετος 721. 13.
- ἁμετανοήτως 638. [19?].
- ἄμμις (? ἀμμις) 684. 15.
- ἁμνησία 668. 18.
- ἁμοιβή 627. 15.
- ἁμπελικός 631. 7; 637. [28]; 692. 8; 700. 16.
- ἁμπελος 631. 9, 21, 29; 724. 14; 764. 19.
- ἁμπελουργικός 631. 6, 37; 692. 5, 26.
- ἁμπελουργός 673. 29; 732. 10; 735. 7.
- ἁμφοδον 648. 23, 31; 693. 8; 694. 11; 695. 14; 696. 6; 697. 8; 724. 3; 725. 8. Cf. Index V (c).
- ἁμφότεροι 631. 3; 637. 2, [5]; 639. 1, 14; 648. 46, 57; 679. 10; 685. 4; 689. 8; 691. 4; 696. 2, [6]; 703. 9; 716. 7; 719. 1, 3; 721. 15.
- ἄν 628. [24]; 662. 21; 704. 13; 758. 13. Cf. ἐάν.
- ἀνὰ χεῖρα 743. 2, [8].
- ἀναβαίνειν 678. 4; 757. 15, 24.
- ἀνάβασις 631. 24; 668. 24; 671. 9.
- ἀναβολάδιον 741. 20.
- ἀναβολή 685. 18.
- ἀνάγειν 635. 8.
- ἀναγκαῖος 642. 41; 712. 7; 756. 3; 762. 3; 774. 4. ἀναγκαϊότερος 634. 22. ἀναγκαῖως 665. 14; 666. 6; 682. 8.
- ἀνάγκη 642. 36.
- ἀναδιδόναι 645. [13]; 677. 4; 713. 15; 757. 12, 20; 770. 15; 773. 17.
- ἀναζητεῖν 643. 7.
- ἀνακρίνειν 706. 20.
- ἀνάληψις 631. 13; 692. 20.

- ἀνάλογος 659. 121.
 ἀνάλωμα (αηλ.) 630. 12; 639. 10; 651. 3;
 698. [23]; 699. [22]; 700. 23; 729.
 3, &c.; 730. 1; 731. 12, 23.
 ἀναμένειν 773. 32.
 ἀνανέωσις 752. 2.
 ἀνάνθρωπος 681. 6.
 ἀναπαύεσθαι 645. 6.
 ἀναπέμπειν 673. 23.
 ἀνάπλους 666. 12.
 ἀναπόδοτος 628. 8.
 ἀναπόρριφος 706. 19; 707. 14.
 ἀνατολή 647. 20.
 ἀναφέρειν 638. 30; 672. 10; 673. 18;
 757. 9.
 ἀνδρικός 742. 8.
 ἀνεγκλησία 716. 19; 717. 3.
 ἄνεμος 768. 8.
 ἀνεμποδίστως 638. 22, 24; 704. 13.
 ἀνεπίφορος 716. 17.
 ἀνέρχεσθαι 678. 11, 12; 757. 9; 773. 12.
 ἀνευρίσκειν 643. 9.
 ἀνεψιός 637. 3.
 ἀνήκειν 635. 14; 647. 23; 699. 6; 700.
 3; 701. 11; 725. 21.
 ἀνήλωμα. See ἀνάλωμα.
 ἀνήρ 630. 13; 634. [16]; 637. 8; 648.
 89; 676. 12; 677. 13; 696. 16; 697.
 25; 698. 19; 699. [18]; 721. 5, 9, 18.
 ἀνθρώπινος 630. 7.
 ἄνθρωπος 665. 26; 677. 8, 9; 773. 34.
 ἀνίσχυρος 716. 17.
 ἀννώνα 763. 4.
 ἄνθος 682. 5.
 ἀντερεῖν 769. 9.
 ἀντέχειν 642. 39.
 ἀντί 627. 15, 19; 635. [10]; 642. 4, 18,
 48; 678. 31; 731. 24; 748. [12]; 773.
 [20].
 ἀντιγράφειν 757. 6.
 ἀντίγραφον 634. [1], 3, 20; 648. 43, 82,
 91-2; 649. 6, [25].
 ἀντικατάστασις 630. 13.
 ἀντλεῖν 732. 12.
 ἀντλητικόν 704. 11.
 ἀντονομάζειν 642. 27, 29.
 ἀντονομασία 642. 15, 36, 46.
 ἀνυπερθέτως 631. 31; 640. 5; 713. 10.
 ἀνυπόλογος 628. [20]; 714. [7].
 ἄνω. Cf. Index V (a) τοπαρχία.
- ἀξιολογος 630. 13. ἀξιολογώτατος 637. 10;
 664. 13; 764. 10.
 ἄξιος 663. 11; 694. 29.
 ἀξιοῦν 627. 10; 630. 11; 639. 28; 642.
 26, 35, 42, 52; 681. 7; 765. 4.
 ἀπαιτεῖν 776. 11.
 ἀπαντᾶν 683. 19; 684. 21.
 ἀπαξ 765. 4; 766. 4.
 ἀπαξαπλῶς 645. 11.
 ἀπαρενόχλητος 626. 19; 638. [15], [25], 37.
 ἀπαρτίζειν 666. 18.
 ἄπας 631. 30; 632. 21 (?); 664. 6; 699. 4.
 ἀπείναι 642. 31.
 ἀπελεύθερος 648. 52; 706. 5, 9, 12; 747.
 67 (?).
 ἀπεργασία 700. 17.
 ἀπέρχεσθαι 670. 7; 678. 13; 683. 9;
 761. 6.
 ἀπέχειν 634. 12; 636. 18; 645. 6; 646. 9,
 25; 677. 8; 696. [11], 22; 697. 16,
 42; 698. 12; 699. 11; 700. 8; 702.
 [4]; 705. 9, 25; 707. 10; 708. 13, 24;
 715. 8, 24; 716. 9; 718. 2, 21; 719. 6.
 ἀπηλιώτης 634. 6, 8; 635. 7; 636. 14; 638.
 [8], 10; 648. 55; 675. 7; 696. 8; 697.
 11; 698. 4, [6], 7, 8; 699. 8; 700. 4;
 701. [10], [13]; 703. 11; 724. 19. Cf.
 Index V (a) τοπαρχία.
 ἀπηλιωτικός 724. 9.
 ἀπλοῦς 705. 18; 708. 18; 713. 18; 715.
 17; 716. 20. ἀπλῶς 644. 17; 717. 2.
 Cf. ἀπαξαπλῶς.
 ἀπό. ἀ. ἐπιτρόπων 716. 5. ἀ. ὀφφικιαλίων
 646. 3.
 ἀπογραφή 725. 5. ἀ. ἀνδρῶν 634. [16]; 696.
 16; 697. 24; 698. [19]; 699. 18.
 ἀποδεικνύειν 648. 61.
 ἀποδέχεσθαι 684. 3.
 ἀποδημεῖν 643. 6; 683. 24.
 ἀποδιδόναι 631. 30, 37; 632. 20; 636. 9;
 639. 6, 13, 24; 640. [1], 20; 641. 10,
 25 (?); 645. [9]; 668. 36; 670. 34;
 676. 41; 678. 28; 681. 30; 683. 15,
 31; 689. 28, 49; 691. 17; 694. 21, 42;
 695. 26; 706. [18]; 711. 9; 734. 12;
 757. 30; 758. 21; 761. 17; 763. 14;
 767. 28; 769. 20.
 ἀπόδοσις 638. 15, 25.
 ἀποκαθιστάναι 665. 14, 20; 673. 9; 713. 9;
 714. [9].

ἀποκατάστασις 716. 13.
 ἀποκείσθαι 631. 18; 705. 7, 12.
 ἀποκοπή 631. 10 (?).
 ἀπολαμβάνειν 626. 17; 630. 11; 631. 20;
 680. 5; 682. 7; 683. 7; 689. 24; 691.
 15; 760. 12; 772. 3; 773. 5; 775. 5.
 ἀπολλύναι 673. 17; 716. 12.
 ἀπολύειν 646. 2; 673. 24; 762. 7.
 ἄπορος 746. 11.
 ἀπόρφυρος 741. 21, 23 (?), 27.
 ἀποστέλλειν 626. 27; 660. 4, 9, 12; 682. 3;
 684. 7, 25; 713. 15; 750. 13; 770. 12,
 21, 26; 774. 16; 776. 3.
 ἀποσυνιστάναι 642. 2; 643. 5; 646. 23.
 ἀποσυστατικόν 642. 8.
 ἀπόρακτος 630. 17; 632. 15; 662. 14 (ἱερὸν
 ἄ.); 686. 13; 687. 19, 24; 689. 17.
 ἀποτάσσεσθαι 669. 4.
 ἀποτίνειν 694. 28.
 ἀπουσία 680. 7.
 ἀποφάντως (?) 642. 53.
 ἀποφέρειν 632. 13; 634. 14; 653. 3; 698.
 15; 704. 13.
 ἀποφο[741. 28.
 ἀποχή 645. [14]; 646. 15, 57; 648. 72,
 74, 83, 85-6; 715. 17; 716. 20; 717. 3;
 718. [9]; 719. 15.
 ἄπρατος 633. 8.
 ἀπαρωγισμός 631. 10; 692. 14.
 ἀπῶρυξ 631. 10.
 ἄρα 765. 20.
 ἄρακος 629. 10, 12.
 ἀργεῖν 647. 40.
 ἀργία 647. 38.
 ἀργυρικός 644. 14, 19; 646. 9, 26; 719. 8;
 734. 7.
 ἀργύριον. See Index X (δ).
 ἀργυροκόπος 653. 15, [23].
 ἀριθμεῖν 699. 11; 700. 8; 716. 9; 718. 3.
 ἀριθμησις 705. 10.
 ἀριθμός 645. 8; 657. 9; 734. 3, 9; 738.
 3, &c.
 ἄριστον 656. 21.
 ἀρκάδιον 656. 13.
 ἀρκεῖν 636. 23; 638. 7, 21, 34; 702. 12.
 ἀροῦν 631. 26.
 ἄρουρα. See Index X (α).
 ἀρουρηδόν 631. 7.
 ἀρραβών 673. 21; 728. 3.
 ἄρρηγ 708. 9.

ἀρτάβη. See Index X (α).
 ἄρτι 683. 24.
 ἀρτίζεσθαι 669. 4.
 ἀρτοκόπος 655. 1.
 ἀρτοποιεῖν 731. 4.
 ἄρτος 655. 2; 731. 9 (?); 744. 1, 2, 4.
 ἀρτυματοποιία 731. 16.
 ἄρχειν. ἄρχων, ἄρξας. See Index VII. ἄρχε-
 σθαι 673. 29.
 ἀρχεῖον 642. 38.
 ἀρχή 642. 16, &c.; 729. 1; 772. 5.
 ἀρχιδικαστής, ἀρχιερατεύσας, ἀρχιφύλαξ. See
 Index VII.
 ἄσσημος 653. 2, 6, 22; 706. 7.
 ἀσθενεῖν 647. 40.
 ἀσκυλτος 626. 20.
 ἀσπάζειν 670. 20, 24; 770. 29, 33. ἀσπί-
 ζεσθαι 630. 11; 666. 23-4; 668. 30, 32;
 676. 32, 34, 38; 677. 1, 11, 13-14; 678.
 18; 679. 3, 18, 21-2, 28; 681. 24; 756.
 4; 757. 25; 758. 19; 760. 20; 761. 8,
 12; 765. 16; 766. 13; 767. 21; 768.
 11; 769. 12; 772. 2; 773. [35].
 ἄσπορος 633. 13.
 ἀστή 634. 2, [22]; 648. 21.
 ἀσύγκριτος 772. 1.
 ἄσυλον 639. 19.
 ἀσύστατος 680. 11.
 ἀσφάλεια 634. 1, [11]; 645. 14; 649. 15,
 26; 701. 15, [18].
 ἀσφαλίζεσθαι 701. 9 (?); 771. 8.
 ἀσφαλῶς 701. 9.
 ἀσχολεῖσθαι ὥνῃν 709. 5.
 ἀτράκτιον 740. 2.
 αὔγουστος. See Index I.
 αὐθαιρέτως 638. 19.
 αὐλή 641. 5; 648. 29; 675. 9; 693. 9;
 694. 13; 695. 22; 696. 7, 10, 13, 22;
 697. 8, 15, 20, [42], 47; 700. 2; 701.
 4; 724. 20.
 αὐριον 684. 22.
 αὐστήσια (l. αὐστήρια?) 656. 2.
 αὐτάρκης 692. 17.
 αὐτόθι 634. 12; 636. 18; 696. 10; 697. 16;
 698. 12; 699. 10; 700. 8; 702. 4; 705.
 9; 707. 10; 708. 13.
 αὐτουργία 734. 13.
 ἀφαίρεμα 731. 10.
 ἀφήλιξ 638. [3], 17, 26; 647. 10; 721. 16.
 ἀφίειν 758. 12.

- ἀφιστάνειν 668. 27; 698. 22; 699. [22];
 700. 23; 704. [19]; 705. 16; 707.
 16.
 ἀφορᾶν 682. 14.
 ἀφορμή 663. 7; 666. 10.
 ἀχανής 702. 3, 7.
 ἀχάρακτος 707. 6.
 ἄχρι 626. 16; 666. 10; 668. 13; 748. 5;
 773. 15.
 ἄχυρον 731. 14; 734. 5.

 βῆδιον 658. 4.
 βαθυ() 742. 2.
 βαλανάριον 741. 28.
 βάλλειν 631. 15; 674. 4.
 βαρβαρίκιον 684. 5, 9.
 βάρβαρος 681. 5.
 βαρεῖν 677. 8.
 βασιλεία 701. 16; 711. 11.
 βασιλεύειν 628. 1; 629. 1; 635. 1; 644. 1;
 723. 1.
 βασιλεύς. See Index I.
 βασιλικός. β. γῆ 634. [16]; 687. 11; 696.
 16; 697. 26; 698. 19; 699. 19; 700.
 14. τὸ β. 628. 21; 644. 26. βασιλική
 635. 11, 13.
 βαστάζειν 705. 11.
 βατέλλιον 657. 5.
 βαφεῖον 648. 61.
 βαφικός 648. 34, 61.
 βέβαιος 633. 26, 30 (?); 634. [16]; 635.
 [13]; 636. 21; 696. 15; 697. 23; 698.
 [18]; 699. [17]; 700. 13; 702. 11;
 704. [17]; 705. 15.
 βεβαιοῦν 631. 28; 632. 19; 638. 26; 641.
 8, 12; 689. 26; 691. [16]; 694. 17;
 695. 25; 696. 23, 44; 705. 26; 707.
 12.
 βεβαίωσις 634. [16]; 636. 26; 638. 27;
 641. 9; 696. 15; 697. 24, 44; 698. 18;
 699. 18; 700. 14; 702. [13]; 704. 17;
 705. 16; 707. 12; 708. 15-16.
 βενεφικάριος 651. 13.
 βῆμα 630. [15].
 βιβλιοθήκη. β. δημοσίων λόγων 649. 1 (?). β.
 ἡγεμονική 654. 7.
 βιβλιοφυλάκιον ἐγκτήσεων 634. [25 ?].
 βίκος 638. 8.
 βίος 635. 11; 643. 3, 22; 644. 13; 645. 6;
 664. 16.
 βλαστολογία 631. 13; 692. 19.
 βλαστός 692. 20.
 βλέπειν 680. 11; 773. 33.
 βοηθεῖν 683. 27.
 βοηθός 663. 14; 753. 1; 754. 8.
 βοϊκός 777. 4.
 βορινός 632. 11; 701. 5.
 βορρᾶς 634. 6, [8]; 635. [7]; 636. 14; 638.
 [8], 10; 648. 55; 696. 7, 8; 697. 11,
 47; 698. [6]; 699. 7; 700. 4; 701. 10,
 13; 703. 11.
 βοτάνη 631. 32; 689. 34.
 βοτανισμός 631. 14; 692. 18.
 βοτανολογία 631. 26.
 βοῦκλος 673. 24.
 βούλεσθαι 630. 11; 633. 5; 634. 22; 665.
 17; 666. 5, 7, 15; 678. 18; 680. 10,
 17; 681. 17; 713. 13; 767. 19.
 βουλευτής. See Index VII.
 βουλή 669. 6.
 βούς 675. 11; 734. 1 (?).
 βρεούιον 746. 2.
 βροχή 686. 5.
 βρώσις 686. 10.
 βωλήτιον 657. 4.

 γαμετή 701. 20.
 γάρ 646. 11; 668. 14, 22, 28; 673. 18, 25;
 676. 13, 26; 679. 10, 12; 680. 5, [9],
 12; 683. 13; 762. 12; 765. 11, 14;
 766. 12; 767. 11; 769. 9; 770. [8], 13,
 23, 26; 772. 4; 775. 9.
 γάριον 759. 9.
 γάρως (2nd decl.) 656. 4; 727. 3, 10; 760.
 14. (3rd decl.) 770. 27.
 γε 663. 4; 680. [17].
 γεινία 704. 9 (?).
 γείτων 634. [6], 7; 635. [7]; 636. 13; 638.
 8, 10; 648. 54; 675. 9; 696. 7; 697.
 10; 698. 5, 8; 699. 7; 700. 3; 701.
 [10], 12.
 γενέσια 676. 11.
 γένημα 632. 9; 692. 24 (?); 728. 13.
 γενναϊότατος Καῖσαρ 662. 26.
 γένος 650. 5, 23; 650 (a). 3.
 γεουχικός 638. 15; 699. [20]; 735. 2, 7.
 γεούχος 631. 11, 28; 653. 3, 12, 19; 689.
 22; 690. 11; 691. 14; 692. 16.
 γεουχούντες 747. 58.
 γερδιακός 647. 12; 737. 1, 5, 7 (?).

- γέρδιος 647. 8.
 γεύος (?) 675. 12.
 γεωμετρία 628. 13; 685. 14, 23; 686. 14; 687. 16; 691. 7.
 γεωργεῖν 646. 11, 28; 719. 8.
 γεωργία 634. [16]; 696. 16; 697. 25; 698. 19; 699. 19; 700. 14; 764. 15.
 γεωργός 630. 5; 671. 11; 746. 11; 748. 11; 758. 11; 764. 13; 776. 9.
 γῆ 628. 18, [23]; 637. [15]; 650. 12 (?); 686. 16; 689. 20, 49; 691. 13; 724. 8.
 γ. βασιλική 634. [16]; 696. 16; 697. 26; 698. 19; 699. 19; 700. 14. γ. ιδιωτική 633. 12; 636. 14; 686. 6. γ. ἱερά 744. int. γ. κατοικική 635. 6. γ. οὐσιακή 634. [16]; 696. 17; 698. 19; 699. 19; 700. 15.
 γί(γ)νεσθαι 630. 13; 631. 32; 634. 2, [3], [11], 21; 636. 38; 637. 2, 8; 638. 17, [26]; 639. 31; 640. 7; 642. 3, 27; 644. 6; 645. 2, 3; 646. 4; 649. 26; 651. 7, 11, 14; 653. 5; 655. 11; 666. 16, 21; 667. 6; 672. 6, 8; 674. 12, 17, 19; 677. 9; 679. 14; 680. 8; 681. 14; 682. 10; 686. 14; 687. 16; 689. 25; 693. 2; 695. 18, 24, 29; 697. 35; 698. 26; 701. 15; 704. 22; 706. 14; 708. 13; 711. 15; 713. 9; 716. 18; 717. 9; 724. 5, 12; 728. 7, 18; 731. 5, 11, 23; 733. 1, 13, 15; 745. 17; 753. 5; 758. 18; 764. 15; 771. 3; 773. 20, 27, 37 (?).
 γί(γ)νώσκειν 669. 6; 673. 10; 680. 17; 682. 6; 683. 8; 756. 3; 770. 6; 773. 5.
 γλυκύτατος 676. 2; 767. 26; 768. 2.
 γνώμη 681. 12.
 γνωρίζειν 643. 8.
 γόμος 773. 14.
 γονεύς 704. 9.
 γράμμα 626. 26; 627. 28; 631. 40; 636. 46; 638. 30, 36, 39; 639. 29; 640. 10; 642. 2; 645. 20; 666. 17; 682. 3; 683. 8; 689. 54; 696. 24; 704. [20]; 708. 26; 713. 12, 17-18; 716. 20, 28; 717. 4; 760. 2; 766. 5; 767. 3; 770. 16; 773. 18. Cf. Index X (a).
 γραμματεὺς 642. 31; 650. 13, 30; 650 (a). 6; 651. 6. Cf. Index X (a).
 γραμματικά 697. 34.
 γραμματίον 645. 13; 712. 10; 716. 12, 18, 26.
 γραπτὸν 756. 3.
 γράστις 756. 11.
 γράφειν 626. 22, 26; 627. 27, 29; 628. 3; 631. 39; 633. 15; 635. 2; 636. 33, 45; 638. 30, 36, 39; 639. 11, 27; 640. 10; 641. 11; 644. 3; 645. 19; 654. 3; 660. int.; 666. 4, 19; 669. 3; 671. 18-19, 22; 672. 9; 676. 7; 677. 8; 678. 12, 14, 16-18; 679. 13, 23; 684. 14; 689. 53; 695. 31; 696. 18, [24]; 697. 29; 698. 23; 700. 24; 702. 14, 18; 704. 20; 705. 18; 708. 18, 25; 711. 19; 713. 19; 715. 17; 716. 20, 28, 30; 718. [9]; 723. 4; 757. 5, 6, 19; 765. 5, 9; 767. 15; 768. 5; 769. 6, 10; 770. 10, 11, 13; 774. 7.
 γραφεῖον 724. 6; 725. 6, 10.
 γραφή 715. 9; 741. 1.
 γυῆς 636. 14.
 γυμνασιαρχήσας, γυμνασιαρχος. See Index VII.
 γυναικεῖος 742. 6.
 γυνή 642. 55; 649. 6; 683. 15-16; 715. 7; 716. 6; 720. 1.
 γύρωσις 631. 11 (?).
 δαμάλη 734. 2.
 δάνειον 634. 19; 644. 14, 17; 726. 7, 10.
 δανείζειν 634. 18; 648. 69.
 δαπάνη 628. 16; 630. [6]; 654. 1; 671. 13; 704. 19; 705. 17; 707. 17; 728. 9, 17; 733. 3, 10, 11; 744. 14; 752. 2.
 δέειν 631. 10, 15; 672. 10; 678. 10. δέων 630. 8; 631. 30; 643. 12. δέοντως 632. 14. δέισθαι 642. 43; 666. 7; 679. 23; 692. 14; 762. 5, 10.
 δειπνέειν 755. 2.
 δειπνον 656. 9, 14.
 δέισα 694. 26.
 δεκανός 626. 3, 8, 12, 14, 18.
 δεκάπρωτος 671. 3.
 δελματικόν 741. 5, 15.
 δελφάκιον 684. 13.
 δέλφας 744. 1, 2.
 δεκάπρωτος 671. 3.
 δέσις 631. 9.
 δεσπότης 775. 4. Cf. Index I.
 δευτεροβόλος 708. 10.
 δεύτερος 642. 43; 757. 4; 760. 1; 765. 7; 768. 3.
 δέχεσθαι 656. 1; 683. 11.
 δῆ 773. 24 (?).
 δηληγατίων 760. 1.

- δῆλος 664. 6.
 δηλοῦν 630. [5], 16; 637. 20, 27; 638. 3, 17; 640. 21; 644. 17; 657. 18; 665. 16; 668. 9, 14; 669. [16]; 673. 17; 677. 7, 10; 680. 6, 10; 684. 18; 706. 20; 725. 9; 734. 7; 757. 11, 24; 763. 3, 5; 766. 11; 767. 20; 774. 11.
 δημόσιος 683. 25. δημοσία 633. 37. δημόσιον 638. [30]; 689. 32; 697. 31. τὸ δ. 641. 13; 712. 8. δημόσια 636. 27, 32. Cf. Index XI. δ. κατοχή 699. 20; 700. 16. δ. λόγοι 649. 1 (?). δ. μέτρον 653. 7. δ. ῥύμη 634. 6, 8; 697. 11, 13; 698. 5, 9; 699. 8; 700. 4. δ. τελέσματα 638. 29; 700. 18; 704. [15]. δ. τράπεζα 633. 23; 642. 31; 659. 5.
 δημοσιον 636. 34; 698. 24; 700. 25; 702. 15; 704. [21]; 717. 6; 724. 33.
 δημοσιώσις 636. 37; 638. 31; 648. 68; 698. [26]; 702. 17; 704. [22]; 717. 9.
 δηνάριον. See Index X (δ).
 διαβάλλειν 665. 25.
 διαγίνειν 663. 4; 664. 3, 16-17; 665. 27; 666. 22; 668. 34; 679. 17; 766. 11.
 διαγράφειν 633. 22; 639. 4.
 διαγραφή 639. 31.
 διαδέχεσθαι 662. 19.
 διαζευγνύναι 675. 5.
 διάθεσις 704. 8.
 διαθήκη 648. 53; 649. [6]; 701. 6; 721. 13; 725. 21; 726. 8.
 διαιρεῖν 637. 8; 638. [6]; 764. 13.
 διαίρεσις 648. 43; 695. 18.
 διακατοχή 725. 4.
 διαλλαγή 762. 8.
 διάνοια 642. 42.
 διαπέμπειν 657. 15; 713. 11; 764. 16; 765. 13.
 διαπιπράσκειν 673. 19.
 διάριον 729. 11.
 διασημώματος 642. 3; 716. 4; 722. 1.
 διάστασις 631. 13; 692. 19.
 διαστελλειν 750. 8.
 διαστολή 630. 17.
 διανοτολικόν 648. 82 (?).
 διαστορεννύναι 725. 17.
 διαταγή 671. 19.
 διατάσσειν 701. 6; 721. 16.
 διαφέρειν 626. 21; 662. 20; 754. 6.
 διαφορά 682. 15.
 διάφορος 704. 7. διάφορον 640. 7.
 διαχωρίζειν 673. 5.
 διάψιλος 648. 50.
 διδασκαλος 647. 19, 42, 47.
 δίδοναι 628. 13; 637. 10; 666. 13; 668. 6, 10; 676. 5; 677. 6; 683. 17, 20, 24, 28; 729. 1; 746. 2; 756. 8; 769. 11; 770. 17, 28; 772. 4, 5; 773. 18; 777. 9, 14.
 διέρχεσθαι 636. 29; 701. 28.
 διηγέισθαι 771. 13.
 διηλεκτής 631. 14; 692. 18.
 δίκαιος 631. 9; 689. 36; 760. 7. δίκαιον 636. 7; 695. 19; 704. [10]. δ. τέκνων 637. 7; 638. [2]; 714. 4.
 δικαίωμα 648. 66.
 δίκη 639. 16; 641. 16; 698. 23; 699. [22]; 700. 24; 704. 19; 705. 17.
 διλ() 737. 15.
 δίμοιρον 636. 8; 688. 13; 701. 11.
 διό 642. 51; 672. 9; 696. 11; 697. 18; 699. 12.
 διοικεῖν 638. 22; 700. 12.
 διοίκησις 633. 8.
 διοικητής 633. 16; 661. 1, 11; 663. 15.
 διπλοκέραμον 735. 5; 751. 3.
 διπλοῦς 720. 5; 752. 3, 4; 760. 13.
 διπυργαῖος 703. 12.
 δις 642. 24 (?).
 δισσός 626. 22; 636. 33; 638. 30; 640. 10; 695. 31; 697. 29; 704. 20; 711. 18; 717. 5; 718. 10; 724. 22, 24, 28, 33.
 διτομία 631. 14.
 διῶρυξ 700. 4.
 δοκεῖν 638. [6]; 642. 32; 665. 25; 673. 22; 678. 12-13, 15.
 δοκιμάζειν 665. 23.
 δόκωσις 648. 60.
 δόσις 632. 20; 694. 22; 713. 1.
 δουκηνάριος 711. 4.
 δούλη 647. 11; 648. 6; 706. 13.
 δουλικός 638. 5, 11, 14, [21], 35.
 δοῦλος 643. 7; 648. 10.
 δραχμή. See Index X (δ).
 δραχμαῖος τόκος 701. 18; 711. 14.
 δρομαδάριος 652 (α). 6; (β). 6.
 δύνασθαι 668. 22; 673. 18; 678. 11; 760. 18; 763. 6; 773. 32.
 δυνατός 760. 6.
 δυνάβοι. See Index X (δ).

δύσις 647. 21.

δῶμα 641. 5.

εἶν (= ἄν) 634. [15]; 636. 34; 638. [22], 24, 30; 639. 13-14; 641. 14; 642. 41; 644. 25; 665. 17, 23; 685. 12, 21; 686. 12; 689. 14; 694. 26, 28; 696. 14; 697. 22, 31; 698. 17, [24]; 699. 15; 700. 12, 25; 702. 8, 15; 704. 10, [21]; 705. 7, 12, 14; 717. 5; 757. 11; 769. 6, 8.

εἶν 672. 12.

εαυτοῦ (αὐτοῦ) 637. 9; 642. 5, 18, 20, 48, [50], 55; 648. 17; 649. [6]; 663. 6; 682. 12; 689. 41; 704. 19; 706. [6?]; 707. 17.

ἐγγιμον 634. 14; 638. 34(?).

ἐγγονος 700. 10; 704. 12.

ἐγγράφειν 638. 18, 27, 34; 702. 14.

ἐγγραφος 634. 1; 645. 11; 695. 18.

ἐγγυᾶσθαι 626. 26(?); 630. 18; 683. 10.

ἐγγυητής 626. 3.

ἐγγυος 639. 12.

ἐγκαλεῖν 634. [18]; 635. [12]; 644. 9, 10; 716. 14-15, 24-5.

ἐγκέλευσις 637. 9.

ἐγκλείειν 673. 3, 7, 11.

ἐγκλεισμός 734. 6.

ἐγκτησις 634. 25(?).

ἐγχαράσσειν 680. 12.

ἐγχεῖν 631. 13; 766. 10.

ἐγώ, ἐμέναν 683. 17.

ἐδαφος 630. [3], [5]; 646. 29; 690. 22; 700. 17; 719. 11; 758. 12.

ἐθελεῖν. See θέλειν.

ἔθος 666. 18; 714. 3.

εἰδέναι 642. 55; 670. 16; 671. 7, 15; 672. 9; 678. 5; 683. 13; 689. 54; 762. 7; 769. 9; 770. 20; 772. 3; 773. 29; 777. 5. εἰ, γράμματα 626. 26; 627. 27; 631. 40; 636. [46]; 638. 36, 39; 645. 20; 689. 54; 696. 24; 708. 26; 716. 29.

εἶδος 634. 16; 657. 12; 678. 6; 696. 17; 697. 27; 698. [20]; 699. 19; 700. 15.

εἰκάς 646. 34; 670. 19.

εἵκειν 642. 17, 47.

εἰκώς 682. 12.

εἴλα 666. 6, 11.

εἵπερ 684. 16.

εἵργειν 643. 11.

εἰρήναρχος 662. 19.

εἰς ἐπαντλεῖν 675. 11.

εἰς 626. 9; 630. 9; 635. 5, &c.; 634. 12; 636. 9; 668. 20. τὸ καθ' ἑν 724. 2.

εἰσαγγέλλειν 627. 10.

εἰνέρχεσθαι 668. 21; 670. 17.

εἰσιέναι 638. 29; 700. 20, 22; 711. 10.

εἴσοδος 638. 9; 641. 5; 648. 30.

εἰσοικίζειν 641. 4.

εἶτα 681. 16.

εἵτε 678. 15, 17-18.

ἐκαστος 628. 13; 629. 10; 631. 7; 639. 12; 670. 4; 685. 13, 23; 711. 15; 713. 12; 753. 3; 761. 3; 769. 4; 770. 9; 775. 3.

ἐκάτερος 631. 14; 634. 2; 638. 30; 704. 20; 706. 10; 717. 4.

ἐκατόνταρχος 637. 10.

ἐκατοστή 640. 5; 743. 8.

ἐκβάλλειν 641. 7.

ἐκγονος 635. [8]; 636. 20; 638. 22, [24], 696. 12; 697. 19; 698. [14]; 699. 13; 702. [5]; 705. 13.

ἐκθelia 642. 13.

ἐκδέχεσθαι 668. 26; 673. 8.

ἐκδιδόναι 627. 21; 643. 14; 645. [14].

ἐκδικία 643. 13.

ἐκδοσις 647. 45.

ἐκδοχὺς 669. 2; 673. 7.

ἐκεῖ 637. 20; 642. 40; 674. 12, 19; 773. 15.

ἐκεῖνος 642. 35, 42, 55.

ἐκκαλεῖσθαι 642. 21, 32, 51.

ἐκκλητος 642. 27.

ἐκκρούειν 748. 4.

ἐκλείπειν 642. 14, 45.

ἐκλεκτός 631. 24.

ἐκληψις 648. 79; 649. 1; 654. 12.

ἐκμαρτυρεῖν 649. [14], [21], 24, [28].

ἐκμισθοῖν 705. 14.

ἐκουσίως 631. 5; 632. 7; 638. 19; 695. 10.

ἐκποιεῖν 642. 6.

ἐκσκάπτειν 758. 10.

ἐκστασις 642. 33.

ἐκτακτος 631. 22, 30, 38.

ἐκτελεῖν 647. 21.

ἐκτίνακτρον 733. 5.

ἐκτίνειν 639. 11; 640. 6; 641. 11; 711. 12.

- ἔκτισις 626. 41; 630. 19; 631. 33.
 ἐκτός 631. 10; 673. 16; 676. 21; 692. 13;
 695. 23; 732. 6.
 ἐκφορεῖν 642. 22, 33.
 ἐκφόριον 628. 12, 20, [23-4]; 629. 10; 631.
 22; 686. 12; 687. 19; 689. 16, 50;
 691. 10; 743. 7.
 ἐκχυσις 648. 50, 54.
 ἐκχωρεῖν 641. 17; 649. 16.
 ἐλάδιον 678. 17; 759. 6.
 ἐλαία 631. 23; 744. 1, 4-6; 756. 12.
 ἐλ(αικός?) 743. 1.
 ἔλαιον 665. 6; 731. 15; 742. 3; 753. 2;
 770. 17.
 ἐλάττων 685. 14, 20; 744. [1], 4 (?). 5.
 ἐλευθερία 642. 38.
 ἐλίσσειν 679. 10.
 ἐλπίζειν 672. 7; 681. 20.
 ἐλπίς 678. 7.
 ἐμαυτοῦ 705. 17.
 ἐμβάλλεσθαι 671. 9.
 ἐμβολή 631. 10; 671. 5.
 ἐμπόδιος 764. 14.
 ἐμποιεῖσθαι 638. [16]; 698. 22; 699. 22;
 700. 23; 704. 18.
 ἐμπροσθεν 644. 16; 645. 12.
 ἐναγωγή 643. 11 (?).
 ἐναντίος 682. 4.
 ἐναρχος 645. 3; 662. 3; 664. 19.
 ἐνδομενικός 638. 4.
 ἐνεδρεύειν 773. 33.
 ἐνεῖναι 668. 20 (ἐνι).
 ἔνεκα 644. 18; 766. 10. ἔνεκεν 662. 11;
 764. 8.
 ἐνθα 705. 7, 12.
 ἐνθάδε 649. 15, [21], [24], [29]; 667. 10;
 668. 19, 29; 669. 14; 721. 10; 763.
 9; 771. 12; 772. 4.
 ἐνιαύσιος 627. 17; 695. 23. ἐνιαυσίως 744. 9.
 ἐνιαυτός 627. 9; 631. 5, 21; 647. 26, 34;
 681. 15; 682. 15; 692. 3; 695. 11;
 706. 17; 743. 2, 9.
 ἐνιστάναι 630. 4; 631. 6; 632. 9; 634.
 [15]; 636. 30; 638. [28], 29; 639. 7;
 640. 2; 641. 3; 645. 12; 646. 10, 27;
 647. 16; 648. 70; 685. 6; 686. 6;
 687. 7; 688. 8; 689. 10; 691. 5; 692.
 4; 693. 7; 694. 10; 695. 12; 698. 16;
 700. 20; 705. 5; 715. 13; 717. 2; 719.
 14; 721. 11; 724. 1; 743. 4, 11.
 ἐννόμως 642. 26.
 ἐνοικεῖν 701. [10].
 ἐνοίκιον 694. 15, 21, 42; 695. 21, 26; 731.
 17; 737. 8, 22, 41.
 ἐνοικισμός 641. 7, 9, 12, 18.
 ἐνοχλεῖν 669. 11; 671. 4, 10, 14.
 ἐνταῦθα 712. 6; 770. 23.
 ἐντέλλεσθαι 669. 3, 7; 767. 1.
 ἐντεῦθεν 626. 13; 636. 35; 638. 31; 698.
 25; 700. [26]; 702. [16]; 704. 21;
 705. 4, 12; 716. 14; 717. 8.
 ἐντίμως 646. 2.
 ἔντοκος 644. 14.
 ἐντολή 664. 11.
 ἐντολίδιον 767. 17.
 ἐντολικός 677. 5, 10; 742. 10; 759. 5;
 774. 9, 10, 13; 775. 13, 18.
 ἐξαίρετος 721. 19. ἐξαιρέτως 675. 6.
 ἐξάμηνος 694. 22; 695. 26.
 ἐξαρτία 705. 7, 11, 24.
 ἐξαυτῆς 665. 22.
 ἐξεῖναι 642. 6; 643. 10.
 ἐξέρχεσθαι 756. 10; 763. 5, 6, 11.
 ἐξετάζειν 669. 7; 773. 41.
 ἐξηγεῖσθαι 681. 24.
 ἐξῆς 627. 9; 637. 21; 647. 15; 649. 11;
 695. 12; 725. 6, 9, 18.
 ἐξίεναι 662. 8.
 ἐξιστάναι 672. 3.
 ἐξοδιάζειν 713. 13; 718. 4; 748. 9.
 ἔξοδος 638. 9; 641. 5; 648. 30.
 ἐξουβεραντία 660. 3.
 ἐξουσία 634. [15]; 641. 7; 643. [10]; 686.
 11; 699. 15; 700. 12; 702. 7; 704.
 13; 705. 14; 774. 9.
 ἔξοχος 771. 6.
 ἐορτή 647. 38; 679. 15; 757. 16. τῶν
 Ἀμεσυσίων ἐ. 666. 16.
 ἐπαγόμεναι ἡμέραι. See Index III.
 ἐπακολουθεῖν 631. 30.
 ἐπαλείφειν 631. 17.
 ἐπανάγκης 627. 16; 636. 19; 695. 26; 699.
 17; 700. 13; 702. 10; 704. 16; 711.
 9; 714. 8.
 ἐπάναναγκος 634. 15; 698. 17.
 ἐπανέρχεσθαι 662. 21.
 ἐπαντλεῖν 675. 11.
 ἐπάνω 631. 26, 37; 701. 6; 731. 24(?);
 734. 6.
 ἐπάρδευσις 631. 14, 26; 692. 18.

- ἐπαφή 706. 19.
 ἐπεὶ 638. 3; 666. 20; 668. 16, 22; 670. 9; 675. 12; 679. 25; 721. 6; 764. 4; 777. 16.
 ἐπείγειν 681. 13.
 ἐπειδὴ 627. 7; 642. 20, 36, 50; 674. 2; 682. 3; 683. 17; 773. 31.
 ἐπέλευσις 638. 13, [20].
 ἐπέρχεσθαι 636. 23; 638. 16, 26; 644. 10, 22, 24-5; 698. [22]; 699. 21; 700. 22; 702. [8], 12; 704. 18; 705. 16; 707. 13; 708. 17; 716. 15.
 ἐπερωτᾶν 626. 22, 25; 627. 21, 25; 630. 19; 631. 33, 38; 636. 38, 43; 638. 32, [35], 38; 640. 12, 21; 642. [9]; 643. 15; 645. 15, 19; 646. 16, 31; 689. 39, 51; 694. 32, 43; 695. 31; 697. 36, 45; 698. [13], [27]; 699. 12; 700. 8; 702. 18; 704. 22, [26]; 705. 10, 18, 27; 708. 18; 711. 20; 713. 19; 715. 17, 27; 716. 20; 717. 9; 718. [10].
 ἐπέχειν 758. 16.
 ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτό 633. 14; 651. 11, 14; 659. 130; 687. 22; 701. 17, 19; 724. 12; 733. 15.
 ἐπιβάλλειν 638. [11], [17], 20; 662. 12; 704. 10; 719. 7.
 ἐπιβάτης 749. 1, 5, 7.
 ἐπιβολή 633. 27; 653. 5; 662. 13.
 ἐπιγ(γ)νώσκειν 672. 14; 679. 8.
 ἐπιγυνή 628. 7; 629. 6; 639. 1; 685. 6.
 ἐπιγράφειν 771. 5.
 ἐπιδέχεσθαι 631. 5, 20, 36; 632. 8; 695. 10.
 ἐπιδημεῖν 682. 9.
 ἐπιδημία 626. 8.
 ἐπιιδιόναί 630. 8; 633. 36; 635. [5].
 ἐπιδοχή 630. 20; 631. 28, 33, 41; 632. 19; 695. 25, 31.
 ἐπιεικέστατος 683. 5.
 ἐπιζητεῖν 761. 6.
 ἐπιθυμεῖν 666. 11.
 ἐπικαλεῖν 636. 45; 648. 6, 11, 12; 706. 5.
 ἐπικεῖσθαι 642. 39.
 ἐπικλασμός. See Index XI.
 ἐπικουρεῖν 630. 5.
 ἐπιλαμβάνεσθαι 707. 15.
 ἐπιλανθάνεσθαι 679. 26.
 ἐπίλυμμα (= ἐπίλειμμα?) 765. 16.
 ἐπιμέλεια 626. 17; 630. 19.
 ἐπιμελίσθαι 631. 31.
 ἐπιμελητής. See Index VII.
 ἐπιμελῶς 675. 15.
 ἐπιμένειν 771. 12.
 ἐπιμερίζειν 653. 6; 765. 27.
 ἐπιμερισμός. See Index XI.
 ἐπιμήνια 772. 4.
 ἐπινεύειν 762. 6.
 ἐπινόμη 686. 10.
 ἐπιπροσγί(γ)νεσθαι 725. 18.
 ἐπισκέπτης 669. 16.
 ἐπίσκεψις 743. 3, 10.
 ἐπισκοπεῖν 649. 9, &c.
 ἐπισ() 775. 7.
 ἐπίσταλμα 643. [6], 13.
 ἐπίστασθαι 639. 28.
 ἐπιστελλεῖν 635. [10]; 643. 22; 662. 15; 663. 8; 664. 10; 682. 8, 13; 713. 12; 766. 4.
 ἐπιστολή 661. 4; 668. 8; 676. 5; 757. 5, 19; 765. 3, 25; 768. 4; 770. 27.
 ἐπιστολίδιον 677. 4, 9.
 ἐπιστόλιον 757. 13, 21; 760. 10.
 ἐπιστράτηγος 642. 32.
 ἐπιτήδειος 692. 13.
 ἐπιτηρητής 706. 4.
 ἐπίτιμον 644. 25.
 ἐπιτρέπειν 647. 22.
 ἐπίτροπος 637. 4; 645. 2, 14, 15; 648. 33, 73; 673. 30; 680. 13; 716. 5.
 ἐπιφανέστατος. See Index I.
 ἐπιφέρειν 639. 17, 21-2; 640. 11-12; 641. 20; 642. 8; 643. 15; 645. [15]; 649. 12; 710. 15-16; 711. 19, 20; 716. 19.
 ἐποίκιον 637. 29; 659. 66, 68, 103; 685. 5, 9; 747. 70. Cf. Index V (b. 1).
 ἐποικοδομεῖν 701. 8; 758. 13.
 ἐπόμεια 633. 24.
 ἐποφθαλμιᾶν 630. 6.
 ἐραυνητής 651. 18.
 ἐραυνητικόν 650. 6, 17, 24; 650 (a). 3; 651. 2.
 ἐργάζεσθαι 668. 11, 15; 776. 5.
 ἐργασία 631. 13.
 ἐργαστήριον 648. 33, 50-67; 668. 5.
 ἐργάτης 732. 1, &c.; 733. 5, 8.
 ἐργε. () 648. 54.
 ἔργον 630. 6, 19; 631. 6, &c.; 674. 6; 682. 2, 14; 692. 5, 10, 26.
 ἐρεῖν 683. 20.
 ἐρεσπώλης 669. 5.

ἔρημος 652 (a). 3, &c.; (b). 3, &c.

ἐρίδιον 767. 2.

ἔριον (?) 731. 22.

ἐρμηνεύς 650. 10, 28.

έρμυ() 729. 9.

ἐρχεσθαι 669. 5, 16; 674. 9; 676. 29; 678.

13; 681. 22; 760. 15; 762. 8; 768. 5;

770. 19, 24; 773. 7, 8, 10; 775. 11.

ἐρωτᾶν 755. 1; 767. 4 (?).

ἐσθίειν 734. 4, 10.

ἔστε 662. 21.

ἔσω 668. 22.

ἔτερος 628. 22; 636. 14; 638. 13, [15].

17, 24, 31; 648. 12, 29, 78, 86; 649.

[15], 26; 654. 5; 657. 8, 10; 695. 22;

697. 32; 698. 6, 8, 25; 700. 4, 13, 26;

701. 6, 17; 704. 21; 717. 7; 724. 21;

725. 12; 749. 5, 7.

ἐτήσιος 630. [9], 15-16. ἐτησίως 744. 11.

ἔτι 631. 5, 14, 25; 638. [27]; 642. 16 (?);

648. 63; 665. 15; 692. 22; 700. 17;

771. 12.

ἔτος *passim*. Cf. Index I.

εὖ 664. 3, 16; 668. 34; 766. 8; 770. 6.

εὐαρέστως 631. 29.

εὐγενέστατος 664. 15.

εὐδοκεῖν 626. 24; 627. 24; 636. 36; 637.

[7]; 638. [2], [17], 26, 31, 37; 698. 25;

702. 16; 704. 21; 717. 8.

εὐδόκησις 698. 25; 700. 26; 704. 21.

εὐδοξέειν 766. 17.

εὐθνηιάρχης, εὐθνηίαρχος. See Index VII.

εὐθυμείν 683. 7; 768. 7.

εὐθυμότερος 682. 10. εὐθυμότερον 666. 21.

εὐκαίρως 631. 29.

εὐκαταφρόνητος 758. 17.

εὐοδοῦσθαι 680. 4.

[εὐ]ποιία 773. 34.

εὐπορία 642. 6, 38.

[εὐπρα]γείν 766. 18.

εὐπραγία 766. 12.

εὐρησιλογία 711. 12.

εὐρίσκειν 645. 6; 670. 12; 671. 22; 673.

6, 11, 15; 674. 2; 680. 9; 716. 13;

765. 22; 773. 8, 13.

εὐτυχεῖν 766. 17; 768. 15.

εὐτυχής. See Index I. εὐτυχέστατος 701.

[16]; 711. 10. εὐτυχῶς 770. 24.

εὐτυχία 766. 12.

εὐφραίνειν 676. 14.

εὐχεσθαι 642. 9; 662. 22; 664. 2, 14; 665.

27; 666. 25; 668. 3, 34; 670. 3; 671.

23; 676. 40; 677. 2; 678. 2, 27; 679.

3, 29; 680. 3; 682. 16; 683. 4, 30;

684. 27; 754. 11; 757. 3, 28; 758. 3,

7; 759. 3; 760. 21; 761. 15; 762. 14;

763. 12; 766. 18; 767. 26; 768. 14;

769. 3, 18; 770. 5, 24; 772. 3; 773. 6,

16, 39; 774. 6; 775. 16; 776. 13; 777.

22.

εὐχρηστῶν 665. 20; 716. 10.

εὐώδης 673. 4, 9.

εὐωνότατος 760. 5.

ἐφηβεία 697. 3; 703. 8; 705. 2.

ἐφήμους 668. 10.

ἔφοδος 638. 13, [20]; 644. 23; 699. 16;

704. 15.

ἔχειν 626. 14; 628. 9, 15; 629. 13; 630.

[4], 10, 11; 634. [15]; 635. 9; 636. 42;

638. 13, 20, 30; 639. 3; 640. 18; 641.

24; 642. 30, 32; 645. 7, [16], 18; 647.

10; 648. 62-3; 657. 3, 11, 16; 658. 7;

663. 7; 664. 11-12; 665. 8, 11, 16; 666.

6; 667. 9; 668. 29; 671. 12; 676. 13,

16, 19, 22-3; 677. 15; 678. 7; 680.

15; 681. 8; 683. 13, (18), 21; 690.

20; 693. 7; 696. 6; 699. 15; 700. 12;

702. 7; 704. 13, 20, 25; 705. 14; 711.

5; 712. [5]; 713. 5; 714. 5; 716. 23;

717. 5; 718. [15]; 720. 4; 728. 14;

748. 7; 749. 4; 750. 4; 753. 15, 20;

763. 8; 766. 8; 767. 10; 769. 7; 770.

18, 23; 773. 21, 29; 774. 9; 777. 17.

ἔχεσθαι 642. 26, 52; 766. 3.

ἔχθρα 642. 29, [30], 54.

ἔως 628. [24]; 632. [22]; 638. [28]; 673.

8; 689. 23; 691. 15; 700. 19; 701. 18;

711. 9; 744. 9, 11; 757. 15, 24; 758.

13; 775. 11.

ζεύγος 655. 3, 9; 675. 11; 734. 3.

ζῆν 648. 53.

ζητεῖν 654. 8; 680. 14.

ζήτησις 633. 28.

ζώνη 741. 7.

ζῶνν 626. 6, 10.

ἧ 638. [16], [20]; 641. 11; 642. 29; 644.

22, 24-5; 647. 40; 665. 16-17; 668.

6, 7; 672. [11]; 675. 12; 681. 6; 685.

14, 20; 686. 10; 687. 18; 694. 28;
698. [22]; 699. [16], 22; 700. 23; 702.
9; 704. 15, [16], 18; 713. 10-11, 15;
717. 6; 762. 12; 767. 19; 776. 7.

ἡγείσθαι 762. 3. ἡγούμενος 722. 1.

ἡγεμονία, ἡγεμονικός, ἡγεμών. See Index VII.

ἡδεσθαι 663. 3; 766. 11.

ἡδέως 664. 10, 17; 758. 20. ἡδιστα 664.
11; 676. 27.

ἡβος 663. 11.

ἡλάριον 658. 11.

ἡλιαστήριον 631. 17, 18.

ἡλικία 638. 17, [26]; 664. 6.

ἡλιος 647. 20.

ἡμέρα 641. 3, 18; 645. [13]; 647. 19, 38-
9; 665. 6; 670. 5; 672. 3; 676. 14;
717. 2; 724. 1; 761. 4; 764. 4; 769.
5; 770. [9]; 775. 4; 777. 17.

ἡμερησίως 626. 12.

ἡμέτερος 627. 8; 642. 30, 55; 662. 13.

ἡμιολία 641. 14.

ἡμιωβέλιον. See Index X (b).

ἡπήτρια 679. 5, 11.

ἡραχίανον 679. 6.

ἦτοι 686. 10.

ἦττων 644. 27.

θαλαμηγός 650. 20; 738. 2.

θάλλ(λειν?) 744. 8.

θαρρεῖν 665. 11.

θεά 635. 1; 723. 1.

θεᾶσθαι 681. 16.

θεῖος 626. 8.

θέλειν 668. 21; 670. 16; 673. 17, [26];
676. 17, 26; 678. 16; 680. 11; 683. 9;
684. 23; 721. 16; 761. 8; 762. 8; 763.
10; 770. 7, 8; 773. 5, 9; 775. 5; 776. 6.

θέμα 719. 13; 728. 8.

θεός. See Index VI (a).

θερινός 631. 24; 686. 10.

θέρος 760. 5.

θέσις 719. 5; 721. 8.

θήκη 673. 15.

θήλυς 707. 5; 734. 11.

θρυοκοπία 628. 18.

θρύον 631. 32; 636. 9; 731. 13.

θυγάτηρ 634. [2], [4], 21; 638. 6; 645.
[2]; 648. 17; 678. 8; 679. 6, 9; 769.
15.

θύρα 641. 19; 694. 27.

θύσκη 657. 13.

ιατρός 751. 2.

ιδιόγραφος 646. 15; 710. 14; 713. 19; 719.
16.

ἴδιος 632. 14; 634. 13, [15]; 639. 10; 680.
5; 698. [23]; 699. [22]; 700. 23; 704.
14; 707. 17; 711. 4; 712. 7; 716. 5,
23; 722. 2; 767. 9.

ιδιότης 644. 21.

ιδιόχρωμος 645. 10.

ιδιωτικός. ιδιωτική (γῆ) 633. 12; 636. 14;
686. 8. ἰ. κατοχή 699. 20; 700. 16. ἰ.
ὀφείλημα 638. 15. ἰ. τράπεζα 639. 5.

ἱερεύς, ἱέρεια, ἱερόν, ἱερονίκης, ἱεροποιός, ἱερός. See
Index VI (b, c).

ἱκανός 672. 15.

ἱματίζειν 647. 17.

ἱμάτιον 741. 1.

ἴνα 635. [8]; 642. 22, 34; 663. 9; 666.
21; 668. 26; 669. 4, 6, 11, 14, 17;
671. 16, 19; 672. 9, 13; 673. 16, 29;
675. 4, 14; 676. 31; 677. 8, 9; 682. 5,
10; 758. 17; 760. 11; 762. 11; 763.
6; 764. 17; 765. 9; 766. 11; 769. 7, 11.

ἰνδικτιών 632. 10; 735. 1.

ἱππαρχία, ἱππεύς, ἱππικόν. See Index VIII.

ἵππος 772. 2.

ἰσάτις 685. 12, 22; 689. 15.

ἰσίκιον(?) 730. 7.

ἴσος 627. 15; 637. 11, 24; 641. 13; 644.
26; 647. 41; 690. 21; 706. 13-14;
724. 22, 25. ἴσως 681. 4.

ἰσοῦν 674. 7.

ἰσοφόριος 684. 4, 8.

ιστάναί 631. 14.

ιστός 705. 6, 11, 24; 737. 8, 22, 42.

ἰσχύειν 666. 14.

καθά 639. 11; 641. 11.

καθάπερ 639. 15; 641. 16; 698. [23]; 699
[22]; 700. 24; 704. 19; 705. 17.

καθαρίζειν 770. 13(?).

καθαρός 633. 27; 634. [16]; 635. 13; 638.
27; 639. [8]; 640. 3; 689. 30; 694.
25; 696. [15]; 697. 24; 698. [19];
699. 18; 700. 14; 702. 11; 704. 17.

καθαροί, sc. ἄρτοι 656. 19.

κάθαρσις 653. 16, 24.

καθῆκειν 631. 33; 641. 14; 694. 31; 695. 30.

καθιστάται 639. 9; 645. 2; 724. 31.
 κάρθοδος 667. 12.
 καθολικός 663. 15; 670. 10.
 καθόλου 639. 20; 645. 11, 18.
 καθότι 639. 26; 689. 39.
 καθώς 665. 4; 666. 18; 777. 3.
 καὶ γάρ 642. 24, 38, 40; 680. 5, 9.
 καίειν 674. 5.
 καιμον 656. 14.
 καινός 658. 4, 5; 692. 16; 713. 6; 727. 19; 738. 22; 741. 17-18, 25, 27; 773. 18; 776. 5.
 καινοχρισμός 644. 19.
 καιρός 631. 27, 29, 30.
 καίτοι 666. 7; 763. 7.
 κακόν 775. 10.
 κακοτεχνεῖν 635. [11].
 καιλαμεία 631. 7, 15, 29; 637. 29; 671. 21; 692. 9.
 καλάμιнос 637. 29.
 καλάμιον 631. 14; 742. 4.
 κάλαμος 631. 9; 692. 10, 16-17.
 καλαμουργία 631. 11, 27; 692. 15-16.
 καλάνδαι 645. 1.
 καλείν 687. 11.
 καλεωτιδεσ[?] 655. 6.
 καλλῆϊνος 739. 3, 9; 757. 10.
 καλός 634. 17. καλλιότερος 672. 6, 8. κάλ-
 λιστος 679. 4; 758. 8. καλῶς 636. 38;
 672. 11; 676. 18, 23, 29; 679. 16; 697. 35;
 698. 26; 702. 18; 704. [22]; 758. 8;
 760. 1; 773. 16.
 καλύβη 675. 8.
 καμνήτης 771. 11; 773. 9.
 κῆν (= καί) 689. 12; 765. 8.
 κανθήλιον 733. 4.
 κανωπικόν 774. 15.
 καπύριον 655. 3.
 καρπός 628. 23; 631. [21]; 632. 10, 16;
 689. 23; 691. 15; 720. 6(?).
 καρύδιον 740. 11.
 καρνωτός 631. 23.
 κατά, τὸ καθ' ἑν 724. 2.
 καταβάλλειν 674. 3, 5, 7; 701. 15; 743. 1(?).
 κατάγειον 634. 5.
 καταγί(γ)νεσθαι 642. 3.
 καταγράφειν 634. 28; 703. 5.
 καταγραφή 636. 42; 697. 33; 704. [20], 25.

κατάδοσις 632. 21(?).
 κατακαλεῖν 642. 49.
 κατακτης(?) 658. 5.
 καταλαμβάνειν 675. 13.
 καταλείπειν 638. [4], 6, 12, [14], [23]; 681. 18; 699. 16; 704. [16]; 721. 15.
 κατάλεπτον 729. 6, 13.
 καταλογεῖον 636. 34; 638. [31]; 698. 24; 700. 25; 702. [15]; 717. 6.
 καταλοχισμός 635. 5; 648. 37, 41-2.
 καταμένειν 722. 5.
 καταπτάν 648. 37; 666. 7, 12, 15.
 καταξιῶν 766. 4.
 καταξύνειν 676. 24.
 καταπλεῖν 773. 16.
 καταπλέκειν 673. 20.
 κατασκευάζειν 767. 11.
 κατασκευή 645. [18].
 κατασπορά 628. 16; 630. 4; 746. 3.
 κατατάσσειν 642. 41, 43.
 κατατιθεῖν 732. 7.
 καταφρονεῖν 668. 21.
 καταχωρίζειν 633. 38.
 κατεγγῶν 758. 9.
 κατεπείγειν 665. 10.
 κατέρχεσθαι 666. 3, 9; 704. 5; 775. 12.
 κατέχειν 642. 37; 773. 23.
 κατοικικός 635. 6.
 κάτοικος ἵππεύς. See Index VIII ἵππεύς.
 κατοχή 634. 11; 638. 27; 698. 20; 699. [19]; 700. 15; 704. 17.
 κάτω 658. 7. Cf. Index V(a) τοπαρχία.
 κανλίον 656. 11.
 κεδρία 727. 30-1; 733. 14.
 κελεύειν 642. 15(?), 17, 25; 660. 1.
 κέλυσσις 645. 19; 704. 19.
 κελλάριον 727. 16-17.
 κεντηνάριον 754. 3.
 κεραμεύς 754. 5.
 κεράμιον. See Index X(a).
 κεράτιον 645. 7, 17.
 κερκίδιον 740. 1; 742. 5.
 κέρμα 683. 20; 775. 12.
 κεφάλαιον 641. 25; 644. 14; 701. 16-19; 713. 15; 715. 14, 25; 724. 24.
 κεφαλίδιον 656. 22.
 κήδεσθαι 682. 13.
 κηδεμών 663. 5.
 κιθωτός 727. 11.
 κιθώνιον 645. 10.

κίνδυνος 628. 20; 631. 28; 632. 18; 686. 18; 687. 26; 689. 19; 691. 13; 714. 6.
 κινεῖν 631. 17.
 κινητός 642. 7.
 κίτριον 631. 29; 764. 19.
 κλάδος 738. 4, &c.
 κλείς 641. 10; 694. 27.
 κληρονομία 638. 7, 13, 18, 34; 704. [6].
 κληρονόμος 638. 4; 646. 1, 21; 648. 35; 701. 10; 721. 14; 754. 9.
 κληρός 628. 8, 10; 629. 8; 633. 12; 635. [6], 9; 636. 8; 638. [9]; 685. 9, 17; 686. 8; 687. 14; 689. 12; 692. 8; 724. 8-11, [14]; 743. 5; 751. int. Cf. Index V (ε).
 κληροῦν 695. 15.
 κληροῦχος 642. 31.
 κλίνη 755. 3.
 κλινίδιον 645. 9 (?).
 κνίδιον 752. 3; 770. 26.
 κοινομετρέιν 689. 35.
 κοινός 628. 3; 629. 2; 635. [2]; 638. 3, 6; 644. 2; 698. 70; 723. [3]; 766. 12. κοινῇ 637. 11, 13.
 κοινωνία 642. 30.
 κοινωνικός 691. 8.
 κοινωνός 626. 2; 752. 2.
 κοίτη 743. 3, 10.
 κοκκούμιον 658. 9.
 κύλλημα 743. 3, 10.
 κολλούριον 731. 8.
 κομέατος 666. 14.
 κομίζειν 661. 3; 680. 17; 765. 25; 770. 14.
 κομίζεσθαι 628. [24]; 641. 16; 657. 17; 775. 2; 676. 4, 9; 679. 4, 24; 756. 4; 757. 22; 770. 11; 773. 25; 774. 10.
 κομπασία 631. 16.
 κοντός 727. 29.
 κοπή 686. 10; 731. 6.
 κόπριον 694. 25; 761. 7.
 κοσκινεύειν 640. 4; 689. 31.
 κοσμητεύσας, κοσμητής. See Index VII.
 κούκινος 742. 7.
 κουφίζειν 659. 122.
 κουράτωρ 637. 3.
 κούφον 631. 16.
 κουφότατος 627. 11.
 κρατεῖν 634. [14]; 696. [12]; 697. 18; 698. 13; 699. 12; 700. 9; 702. 5; 704. 10; 705. 13.

κράτιστος 633. [16]; 643. 2, 22; 711. 4.
 κρέας 656. 9, 16; 660. 11; 674. 2; 730. 2; 753. [4].
 κρείττων 676. 15.
 κριθή 628. 12, 17; 652 (α). 8; (β). 8; 684. 20; 687. 18-19; 724. 8, 9, 11, [14]; 733. [1], 7, 12; 745. 5, &c.; 746. 2, 5; 769. 11.
 κριτής 637. [9].
 κρόκινος 679. 5.
 κτεῖν 740. 3, 7.
 κτήμα 631. [7], 15; 637. 29, 30; 675. 12; 692. 8; 732. 6; 744. int.
 κτήνος 671. 12, 16; 673. 26; 756. 10; 764. 14.
 κτήτωρ 660. 3, 8.
 κύαμος 650 (α). 1 (?); 765. 25.
 κυβάριον 657. 9.
 κύδαρον 650. 12 (?); 651. 15.
 κυλλάστις 742. 1.
 κυριεύειν 628. [24]; 634. [14]; 638. [21 ?]; 689. 22; 691. 14; 696. 12; 697. 18; 698. 13; 699. 13; 700. 10; 702. 5; 705. 13.
 κύριος ('guardian') 637. 7; 638. 2; 647. 3; 648. 15; 687. 3; 706. 6, 10; 714. 3; 721. 2, 5; 723. 7.
 κύριος ('valid') 626. 21; 627. 21; 630. 20; 631. 33; 633. 28 (?); 636. 32; 638. 29; 639. 27; 640. 10; 641. 19; 642. 8; 643. 14; 645. [15]; 646. 15; 694. 32; 695. 31; 696. [18]; 697. 29; 698. 23; 699. [22]; 700. 24; 702. 14; 704. 19; 705. 17; 707. 17; 708. 18; 710. 14; 711. 18; 713. 18; 715. 16; 716. 19; 717. 2; 718. [9]; 719. 15. κυρίως 635. [9].
 κύριος ('lord') 664. 1, 10, 15; 666. 23; 670. 5; 671. 1, 24-5; 683. 1, 5, 9, 27, 31; 684. 1; 720. 6 (κυρος); 754. 1, 7; 755. 4; 761. 2, 5; 762. 2; 770. 1, 2, 30; 771. 7; 774. 1, 7, 17, 21; 775. 1, 6, 11; 776. 1, 14; 777. 1, 22. Cf. Index I, VI (α).
 κυροῦν 633. 22.
 κωλύειν 771. 11.
 κώμη 626. 3, 5; 631. 5, 6; 633. 10; 636. 4; 637. [19], 20; 638. 2, [7], 9; 672. 18; 686. 5; 688. 7; 689. 8; 691. 6; 692. 33; 698. [4-5], [7]; 699. 2, 5; 700. 1; 703. 11-12; 704. 6, 7; 708. 2;

719. 10; 720. 2; 724. 19, 20; 746. 4.
Cf. Index V (δ).
κωμητικά 659. 24, &c.
κωμογραμματεία 724. 7.
κ . . νις (?) 674. 7.
- λαγχάνειν 637. 11, 13, 24.
λαῖνος 741. 11.
λάκκος 776. 6.
λαμβάνειν 626. 11; 631. 16; 635. [10];
638. 7, 33; 647. 36; 664. 12; 668. 7;
669. 10; 673. 19; 677. 4, 5; 681. 10;
697. 32; 760. 1; 765. 6; 769. 7; 772.
3; 774. 15; 775. 8, 12-13.
λαμπρός, λαμπρότατος. See Indexes II, V (α)
'Αλεξάνδρεια, 'Οξυρρυχιτῶν πόλις, and VII
ἡγεμών.
λαογραφία 756. 6.
λάχανον 674. 3; 743. 1.
λαχανόσπερμον 686. 12.
λεβιτων (l. λέβητα or λεβήτιον) 683. 22.
λέγειν 642. 13, 29, [31], 33; 654. 8; 668.
6, 9, 14; 672. 17; 673. 8; 674. 11-12;
679. 12; 683. 22; 687. 9, 10; 763. 9;
772. 5; 777. 3, 11.
λεγιών 666. 5, 6.
λείπειν 659. 103, 124 (?).
λειπνίον (?) 740. 12.
λειτουργεῖν 627. 6.
λειτουργία 627. 10.
λέος 672. 5.
λεπτολάχανα 656. 8.
λεπ(τός) 731. 7.
λευκοπίων (?) 631. 25.
λευκός 741. 2, 4, 6, 10.
λευκόχρωμος 708. 10.
λήμμα 659. 10, &c.; 728. 1, 19; 731. 11,
24.
ληνός 631. 19; 672. 14; 673. 3, 7, 12, 14-
15; 735. 8.
λίαν 672. 7; 676. 10; 679. 12.
λίθινος 634. 5.
λίθος 704. 11.
λινοκαλάμη 691. 10.
λινούδιον 741. 22.
λινούφος 726. 4.
λίτρα. See Index X (α).
λίψ 634. [7], 8; 635. 7; 636. 15; 638. 9,
[10]; 648. 50, 56, 63, 67; 685. 10, 18;
687. 11; 696. [9]; 697. 13; 698. 6, 9;
699. 8; 700. 4; 701. 10, [13]; 734. 13.
Cf. Index V (α) τοπαρχία.
λογοθετεῖν 630. 12.
λόγος 642. 53 (?); 645. 18; 646. 30; 647.
38; 649. 1; 650. 1, 2, 17, 19; 650 (α).
1; 653. [2], 5; 654. 1; 655. 1; 656.
1; 660. 3; 669. 10, 14; 671. 7, 16;
679. 11; 712. 8; 718. [4?], [5], 8; 719.
2; 728. 5, 12, 17; 729. 1; 730. 1; 734.
6, 7; 748. 1, 9; 749. 1, 9; 752. 2; 762.
9; 773. 22; 777. 7.
λοιμός 666. 20.
λοιπάζειν 774. 11.
λοιπός 645. 17.
λοιπός 631. 8, 12; 634. [12]; 636. 12; 637.
23; 645. 19; 648. 29, 71; 653. 12, 19,
26; 701. 4, 7, [12]; 715. 15; 725. 13;
731. 4; 748. 6, 7; 771. 8.
λύειν 721. 14.
λυπεῖν 676. 10, 20; 680. 6; 683. 16.
λυσιτελεῖν 760. 6.
μάθησις 647. 12.
μακάριος 774. 18 (?).
μᾶλλον 762. 12. μάλιστα 642. 24-5.
μαλλός (?) 654. 8.
μαλλωτός 741. 15.
μάμμη 644. 12.
μαμπίον 741. 17.
μανδάκ(ιον) 748. 4.
μανθάνειν 666. 6; 671. 20; 677. 13.
μάνιον 757. 23.
μαρίνος 739. 2, 8.
μαρσίπιον 670. 11.
μάρτυς 683. 14 (or μάρτυρος); 644. 28.
μαστιγοῦν (-γοῖν) 643. 11.
ματρώνα στολάτα 705. 3.
μαφόρτιον 741. 4, 16, 19 (?).
μαχαιρᾶς 676. 6.
μαχαίριον 658. 8.
μέγας 631. 25; 655. 2, 8; 684. 12; 742.
4; 758. 7. μείζων 626. 5; 721. 18.
μεγάλως 676. 4.
μέλας 631. 23.
μέλειν 666. 17; 758. 14; 759. 5.
μέλι 656. 22; 753. 4.
μέλλειν 665. 5.
μεμπτός 772. 5.
μέν οὖν 760. 4; 762. 4.

μένειν 633. 25; 639. 16; 642. 27; 668. 23; 719. 12; 770. 21; 773. 15.
 μέντοι 762. 8.
 μερ() 742. 4.
 μερικός 655. 7 (?).
 μερίς 735. 6, 8.
 μερισμός 637. 11, 24.
 μέρος 631. 20; 636. 8, 12, 17; 637. 13-15, [17], 22-3; 638. 7, &c.; 648. 70; 672. 11; 673. 16; 681. 9; 685. 10, 18; 686. 12; 695. 22; 698. 4, 7; 699. 5, 16; 701. [4-6], 11-12; 702. 9; 703. 12; 704. 10, 16; 713. 11; 717. 5; 724. 20, 31; 750. 12; 764 recto.
 μεσονύκτιος 768. 6.
 μέσος 699. 5. Cf. Index V (a) τοπαρχία.
 μεσοτριβικός 645. 10.
 μετ' ἄλλα 637. 28, 35 (?).
 μεταβάλλειν 665. 22; 757. 14.
 μεταβόλος 675. 3.
 μεταδιδόναι 648. 32; 666. 2; 667. 6; 679. 11; 684. 24; 724. 33; 766. 7.
 μεταδιερᾶν 631. 17.
 μεταδόσιμον 648. 32.
 μεταλαμβάνειν 633. 26; 635. [9]; 636. 20; 638. 23, [24]; 696. [12]; 697. 19; 698. 14; 699. 13; 700. 10; 702. 6; 704. 12; 705. 13.
 μεταλήψις 636. 35; 638. 31; 698. [25]; 700. [25]; 702. 16; 704. [21]; 717. 7.
 μεταλλάσσειν 644. 13; 721. 8, 17.
 μεταξύ 642. 22; 695. 19. μετοξύ 630. 12.
 μεταφέρειν 666. 9, 10; 692. 23; 705. 12; 748. 5.
 μεταφορά 631. 9; 692. 11-12.
 μετεωρίζεσθαι 679. 16.
 μετέωρος 758. 16.
 μέτοχος 637. 33; 701. 12.
 μετρεῖν 689. 32.
 μέτρησις 671. 8; 689. 36.
 μετρητής 665. 6, 12; 736. 1, &c. (?).
 μετριότης 627. 13.
 μέτρον. See Index X (a).
 μέτωπον 706. 9 (?).
 μέχρι 631. 24; 636. 28; 641. 8; 645. 12; 647. 20; 673. 9; 674. 6; 692. 24; 715. 12; 717. 2; 763. 3, 10.
 μηδέ 630. 14; 635. [11-12]; 642. 7, 34; 644. 9, 10, 16; 699. 16; 702. 9; 716. 15.

μηδεῖς 634. 17; 635. [11], 12; 638. [12], 20; 644. 9, 17, 26; 686. 13; 687. 15; 697. 32; 699. 15-17; 702. [9], 10; 704. 15-16; 716. 14, 16; 717. 1; 763. 7.
 μηδέτερος 667. 12.
 μηκέτι 666. 5.
 μήκος 705. 6.
 μῆν 626. 10, 15; 627. 19; 628. [3]; 635. 2; 639. 7; 640. [1]; 644. 3; 647. 15, 27, 29, 32, 35; 648. 69, 70; 660. 4, 9, 12; 661. 9; 691. [18]; 694. 9; 695. 12; 705. 5; 706. 17; 709. 3; 711. 15; 721. 11; 723. 4. Cf. Index III.
 μῆν (particle) 642. 7.
 μηνιαίος 659. 121.
 μήπως 680. 8.
 μήτε 630. 10, [11]; 642. 6.
 μήτηρ 631. 1, 3, 4; 636. 2, 3; 638. 1, 4; 644. 12; 645. 6, 9; 647. 6; 648. 18, 22, 58, 90; 649. 2; 666. 8, 23; 668. 31; 670. 25; 676. 32, 35; 677. 11; 678. 1, 4, 8, 20, 23, 25; 679. 2, 30; 687. 6; 688. 6; 689. 5; 695. 9, 20; 696. 2, 3; 699. 2; 703. 7, 9; 704. 6; 706. 8, 9, [10], 13 (?); 708. 2; 709. 6; 711. 1; 714. 1, 4; 715. 1, 5; 716. 6, 7; 719. 2; 721. 4, 7, 9; 724. 23, 26; 725. 8, 22; 745. 22; 752. 1; 767. 22; 770. [1]; 773. 1, 44; 774. 19.
 μητρόπολις. See Index V (a).
 μητροπολιτικός 659. 10, &c.; 746. 12.
 μηχανή 674. 11; 776. 10.
 μινύναι 734. 15.
 μικρός 645. 9; 658. 6, 8, 12; 663. 10; 666. 4; 759. 6; 764. 17. μικός 655. 9. *Οασις Μικρά. See Index V (a).
 μικτός 734. 4.
 μιμήσκεσθαι 664. 4, 7.
 μισθός 626. 4, 12, 14; 631. 18, 20, 26, 37; 647. 25; 683. 12; 731. 20; 732. 3, 9, 12; 748. 9, 11.
 μισθοῦν 628. 5; 629. 4; 630. [2]; 631. 5, 21; 632. 8; 686. 1, 8; 687. 1; 688. 1, 12; 689. 1, 13, 26, 28, 37, 47; 691. 1, [17]; 692. 1; 693. 1; 694. 1, 18-19, 30, 33, 41; 695. 10.
 μίσθωσις 628. 25 (?); 630. 4; 631. 36; 673. 29; 686. 17; 689. 27, 55; 690. 22; 691. 16; 692. 26; 694. 17, 32.

μισθωτής 771. 14.

μῆ. See Index X (a), (b).

μημονεῖον 644. 16; 649. 15, 21, [24], 29.

μολυβοῦς 648. 62.

μοναχός 643. 14; 649. [10], 21, [23], [28]; 718. 10.

μόνος 631. 27; 632. 8; 638. 7; 664. 4; 668. 29; 672. 14; 685. [6]; 687. 7; 691. 5; 702. 11; 728. 3, &c.; 751. 3; 753. 5. μόνον 755. 15. οὐ μόνον 663. 10; 766. 5; 773. 11.

μονόστεγος 699. 5.

μόριον 724. 10.

μοσχομάγειρος 764. 6.

μούιον 734. 7.

μόχρωμος 707. 6.

μύραι δραχμαί 701. 14.

μυριάς. See Index X (b).

μωθωνη() 741. 12.

ναύβιον 732. 2.

ναῦλον 652 (a). 8; (b). 8; 724. 32; 749. 1, 5, 7, 9.

ναύτης 652 (b). 2; 738. 6, 7, 13.

νεομηνία 647. 14; 692. 4.

νέος 639. [8]; 640. 3; 689. 30; 692. 10; 771. 4. νέον (?) 650. 4, 22; 650 (a). 2.

νικᾶν 759. 4.

νομίζειν 668. 28; 678. 3; 679. 8; 681. 4; 774. 14.

νομικός 730. 5.

νόμισμα, νομισμάτιον. See Index X (b).

νομογράφος 654. 3, 8, 10.

νόμος 642. 26.

νομός 630. 13; 699. 2; 708. 3. Cf. Index V (a).

νοτινός 632. 11; 674. 10; 724. 9.

νότος 631. 26; 634. [6], 7; 635. 7; 636. 13; 638. 8, 10; 648. 54; 685. 17; 696. 7; 697. 10; 698. 5; 699. 7; 700. 3; 701. [10], 12.

νοῦς 665. 27.

νυμφικόν 740. 9.

νῦν 634. [5]; 636. 5; 638. 20, 22; 665. 9; 668. 9; 669. 13; 671. 10; 680. 12-13; 696. 5, [12]; 697. 7, 18; 698. 3; 699. [4], 12; 703. 6; 765. 8; 773. 13. νυνί 627. 6; 648. 10; 701. 7.

νῶτον 725. 9, 17.

ξένος 642. 47; 672. 4; 772. 3.

ξέστης 660. 6, 8; 742. 3; 753. 2, 4.

ξυλαμᾶν 629. 10; 685. 11, 21; 686. 9; 687. 18, 23; 689. 4; 691. 9; 743. 6.

ξυλικόν 651. 12.

ξύλινος 645. 9.

ξύλον 658. 2; 738. 1. ξύλα σώματα 738. 3, &c.

ξυλοτομία 631. 9; 673. 29; 692. 6.

ξυστάρχης 643. 3, 22.

ό, πρὸ τοῦ 685. 19. ό πρὸς ὄν (?) 667. 9. τῶν = ὄν 683. 21.

όβολός. See Index X (b).

όδευειν 771. 10.

όδός 638. 10.

όθονίδιον 679. 5.

όθόνιον 741. 14.

οἷσθαι 666. 2.

οἰκείος 682. 7.

οἰκία 634. 5, [9], [24]; 638. 8; 641. 6; 648. 23, 29, 70; 668. 29; 669. 12; 694. 12, 24; 695. 16; 696. 6-8; 697. 10, 47; 698. 5, [11], 15, 29; 699. 5, 9, 14; 700. 2; 701. 4, &c.; 703. 12; 724. 3, 20; 725. 9; 764 recto.

οἰκοδομείν 674. 10.

οἰκοδόμος 674. 9.

οἰκονομείν 634. [15]; 635. 4; 638. 22; 696. 14; 697. 21; 698. [17]; 699. 15; 702. [7].

οἰκόπεδον 700. 11; 704. 8, 11.

οἶκος 641. 4; 673. 26; 695. 23; 755. 2; 761. 14.

οἰνάριον 672. 5; 673. 3.

οἰνηγία 651. 3.

οἶνος 631. 16-17, 19; 660. 6; 692. [21]; 720. 4; 728. 16; 733. 8; 751. 3; 752. 3; 771. 4.

οἶνοχειριστής 752. 1.

οἶος 704. 8.

όκνεῖν 769. 7; 775. 8.

όκταμηνιαίος 627. 9.

όκτασ(σ)ός 638. 30.

όλίγος 668. 17.

όλκή 739. 1-6.

όλοκληρεῖν 668. 3; 670. 3, 18; 678. 2, 27; 680. 3; 766. [17]; 770. 8.

όλοκληρία 667. 3; 682. 5, 7; 683. 6.

όλόκληρος 699. 11; 700. 2; 772. 3; 773. 4; 775. 5.

- ὀλοκόττινα 653. 18.
 ὀλοποιός 656. 1.
 ὀλος 627. 16; 632. 15; 634. 7, 26; 636. 13; 638. 10; 672. 10; 673. 12; 686. 13; 700. 3; 701. 12; 715. 11; 725. 17; 757. 3; 759. 3; 769. 3; 770. 33. ὅλως 676. 31.
 ὀμοίως 629. 12; 631. [26?]; 637. 24; 638. 22; 646. 19; 647. 28, 31, 34; 649. 13; 653. 17; 673. 14; 706. 14; 724. 24, 27; 728. 15; 731. 13, 17; 732. 1; 736. 6; 737. 2, &c.; 741. 14; 744. 8; 749. 4, 7; 773. 28.
 ὀμογνήσιος 647. 4; 691. 8; 721. 3.
 ὀμολογείν 626. 1, 13, 22, 25; 627. 15, 22, 25; 628. 14; 629. 13; 630. 20; 631. 34, 38; 634. [5]; 635. [2]; 636. [5], 38, 44; 637. 1; 638. 19, 32, 35, [38]; 639. 3; 640. 13, 22; 642. 9, 40; 643. 16; 644. 4, 11, 28; 645. 6, 15, 19; 646. 16, 32; 647. 1; 689. 41, 52; 694. 34, 44; 695. 31; 696. 4; 697. 6, 36, 45; 698. [3], 13, [27]; 699. 3, 12; 700. 8; 702. [18]; 703. 5; 704. 22, 27; 705. 4, 11, 18, 27; 707. 1, 5, 10; 708. 7, 19; 711. 5, 21; 712. 5; 713. 5, 20; 714. 5; 715. 8, 18, 27; 716. 9, 21; 717. 10; 718. 11; 720. 3; 722. 6; 723. 6.
 ὀμολογία 627. 20; 638. [17], 26, 30; 644. 32; 648. 77; 713. 13; 716. 19.
 ὀμομήτριος 637. [1]; 686. 3.
 ὀμοπάτριος 637. [1]; 638. 1; 719. 9.
 ὀμοῦ 653. 14, 25; 655. 11; 749. 9; 753. 5.
 ὅμως 642. 17, 20, 47.
 ὀνηλάτης 730. 4; 748. 1, 8, 10.
 ὄνομα 630. [10?]; 634. 11; 636. 22; 643. 7; 648. 38; 649. 9, 14, 20, 23, 25, 28; 677. 14-15; 702. [11], 12; 704. 13; 725. 17; 746. 11; 750. 5 (?), 9; 766. 16; 767. 25; 769. 17; 770. 32.
 ὀνομάζειν 642. 18, 26, 31-2, 48, 52.
 ὀνομασία 642. 3, 21, 38, [51].
 ὄνος 631. 15; 673. 17; 707. 5; 708. 9, 23; 732. 4; 733. 7; 734. [11]; 748. 3, 8; 750. 12; 764. 16.
 ὄξος 673. 12-13; 776. 8.
 ὄξυβάφειον 657. 7.
 ὀπνίκα 636. 33; 638. 30; 697. [31]; 698. [24]; 700. [24]; 702. 15; 704. 20.
 ὀπάταν 701. 8; 713. 10.
 ὀπον 631. 15; 639. 20; 683. 19; 705. 12; 773. 40.
 ὀπτίων 712. 3.
 ὀπτός 674. 8.
 ὀπώρα 730. 6.
 ὀπως 662. 16; 683. 6; 764. 6, 13; 768. 6; 770. 8; 775. 4; 776. 4.
 ὀρᾶν 663. 9; 665. 24; 676. 25, 27, 31; 761. 8.
 ὀρθογώνιος 635. 6.
 ὀρθ(οῦφικός?) 737. 6, &c.
 ὀρθῶς 636. 37; 697. 35; 698. 26; 702. 17; 704. [22].
 ὀρνίθειον 729. 4.
 ὀρναῖος 742. 9.
 ὀρρηστής 676. 8.
 ὀσδηποτοῦν 638. [16]; 698. 21; 699. [21]; 704. 18.
 ὄσος 631. 7, 10, 18; 642. 6; 643. 10; 648. 53; 667. 7; 679. 12; 692. 9; 704. 10; 705. 7; 770. 12; 776. 6.
 ὄσπερ 630. 11; 631. 8, 12, 20; 633. 22; 634. 15; 636. 26; 638. 30; 643. 9, 14; 673. 15; 692. 10; 696. 14; 697. 22, 30; 698. 17, [24]; 699. 10, 17; 700. 13, [24]; 702. 15; 704. 16, 20; 705. 9, 11; 711. 9; 713. 9; 714. 8; 717. 5.
 ὄστις 627. 21; 633. 28; 645. 14; 717. 1.
 ὄστισθῶν 628. 22; 634. 16; 638. 27; 639. 16; 645. [13]; 696. 17; 697. 28; 698. [21]; 699. [21]; 704. [18]; 716. 15.
 ὄστράκινος 648. 63.
 ὄταν 676. 26.
 ὅτι 642. 33; 664. 4; 666. 20; 668. 6, 10, 14, 28; 670. 16; 671. 22; 672. 7; 674. 12; 676. 10, 20, 23; 677. 13; 678. 4, 5; 679. 8; 680. [10], 13-14, 17; 682. 9; 683. 13, 20, 23; 763. 9; 767. 9; 769. 6, 9; 770. 7, 21; 772. 3, 5; 773. 6, 29; 775. 6 (?); 777. 3, 6, 11.
 οἰγκία. See Index X(a).
 οὐδέ 641. 7; 642. [30], 32; 645. 11; 668. 14, 19; 669. 3, 5; 698. [25]; 704. [21]; 716. 25; 762. 9; 765. 4; 766. 4, 7.
 οὐδεῖς 641. 7; 642. 29, 30; 645. 11, 18; 671. 18; 683. 13; 716. 24; 757. 6; 768. 7; 770. 10; 772. 3. οὐδέ εἰς 668. 19.
 οὐένδ(ιτον?) 660. 8.
 οὐετρανός 646. 2.

οὐηλάριον 684. 6, 11.

οὐκέτι 668. 19, 22.

οὐλή 706. 9.

οὐν 642. 37; 665. 9, 15; 666. 5, &c.; 668. 12, 20; 671. 19; 672. 15; 673. 16; 675. 14; 676. 29; 678. 7; 681. 20; 683. 15-17; 698. 13; 700. 9; 702. 5; 721. 16; 762. 10; 766. 8; 769. 8; 770. 14; 773. 13; 775. 11; 777. 14. μὲν οὐν 760. 4; 762. 4.

οὐπω 668. 12; 762. 8; 763. 3.

οὐσία 637. 11, 15, [23-4].

οὐσιακὴ γῆ 634. [16]; 696. 17; 697. 26; 698. 19; 699. 19; 700. 14.

οὔτε 641. 6; 775. 9.

οὔτω(ς) 636. 37; 642. 13, 29; 660. 7; 668. 15; 669. 4; 681. 8; 730. 1.

ὀφείλειν 634. 10; 638. 25; 659. 103; 689. 23; 691. 15, 17; 715. 9, 15; 719. 12; 735. 4; 748. 12; 777. 3, 6.

ὀφείλη 634. 16; 638. 27; 697. 27; 698. 20; 699. [19]; 700. 15; 704. 17.

ὀφείλημα 638. 15; 645. 11.

ὀφφικιάλιος 646. 3.

ὀχληρός 677. 9; 760. 17.

ὀχομένιον 685. 13, 22; 689. 15.

ὀψαρίδιον 656. 17.

ὀψάριον 656. 10.

ὀψέ 679. 12.

ὀψις 665. 4; 764. 11.

ὀψώνιον 652(a). 6; (δ). 2.

παιδικός 645. 10.

παιδίον 666. 13, 24; 668. 33; 676. 12; 679. 19; 758. 5; 760. 20; 763. 1, 13.

παῖς 647. 17, 37.

πάκτων 650. 2; 658. 2, 12.

παλαιός 631. 21; 692. 9; 728. 16; 736. 2, &c. (?) ; 771. 4, 5; 773. 26.

πάλιν 676. 20; 677. 15; 680. 15; 765. 12; 767. 13; 775. 9. πάλι 676. 24.

πάλλιον 741. 9.

πανοικεί 666. 25; 758. 8.

πανταχῇ 639. 21; 640. 10; 641. 19; 642. 8; 710. 15.

πανταχοῦ 643. 15; 645. [15]; 711. 19.

παντελῶς 635. [12].

παντοῖος 636. 28, 32; 638. 12, [28]; 697. 28; 698. 20; 699. [20]; 700. 19, 22; 764. 15, 17.

πάντοτε 676. 18, 27; 757. 7; 759. 4.

πάντως 676. 15; 680. 14.

πάνυ 663. 3.

πάππος 721. 7.

παπύρινος 742. 6.

παραγί(γ)νεσθαι 676. 11; 756. 8; 758. 14; 772. 4.

παραγραφή 631. 11; 642. 27-8; 692. 14.

παράδεισος 648. 56. Cf. Index V (c).

παραδέχεσθαι 676. 28; 689. 25; 748. 11.

παραδιδόναι 631. 31; 641. 18; 643. 9; 653. 2, 4, 19; 670. 10; 694. 24, 28; 695. 29; 708. 7; 760. 3, 13; 775. 7.

παράδοξος 759. 10.

παραδοχή 659. 122.

παράθεσις 713. 5.

παραθήκη 713. 18; 714. 6; 724. 28, 33.

παρακαλεῖν 666. 19.

παραλαμβάνειν 634. 15; 641. 19; 671. 16; 675. 10; 694. 27; 695. 29; 706. 18; 771. 3.

παραλείπειν 637. 35.

παραμένειν 647. 42.

παραμετρεῖν 640. 19.

παραμυθιακός 631. 13.

παραπέμπειν 767. 19.

παραπίπτειν 716. 12.

παρασυγγραφεῖν 635. [11]; 641. 11, 14; 644. 22.

παρατιθέναι 649. 6; 663. 8; 724. 31; 725. 3, 21.

παρατρίβειν 668. 24.

παραφέρειν 642. 37.

παραφυλάσσειν 631. 17.

παραχρῆμα 636. 19; 641. 13; 698. 22; 699. [22]; 700. 23; 702. [4]; 704. 19; 705. 16.

παραχωρεῖν 635. 4; 636. 5, 15, 31; 724. 1 (?); 725. 10, 12.

παραχώρησις 636. 33; 726. 2.

παραχωρητικόν 636. 16; 697. 14.

παρεῖναι 630. 18; 634. [13]; 637. 7; 638. [2]; 642. 6; 643. 10; 665. 4; 692. 20 (?); 760. 6.

παρεμβολή 773. 40. Cf. Index V (c).

παρέξ 638. 13.

παρεξουθενεῖν 757. 8.

παρεργίτης (= παρεργάτης ?) 731. 19.

παρεύρεσις 635. 12; 716. 16.

παρέχειν 626. 18, 20; 630. [11]; 634. 15;

635. [12]; 636. 20, 26; 638. 16, [25], 26, 38; 647. 18; 665. 19; 682. 6; 692. 16; 696. [15]; 697. 22; 698. 17; 699. 17; 700. 13; 702. [10]; 704. 16; 705. 15; 751. 2; 752. 2; 753. 2; 754. 4; 776. 8, 12.
 παριστάναι 642. 2; 771. 7.
 παρουσία 668. 25; 764. 9.
 πάσκαλον (?) 657. 13.
 πατήρ 638. 3, 12, [14], 23, 25; 648. 42; 665. 2; 672. 2; 676. 33; 677. 11; 678. 19, 24; 680. 3; 695. 6; 697. 4, 17, 41; 701. [7]; 704. 6; 721. 9; 756. 2, 13; 762. 2, 15; 766. 13; 767. 16; 775. 9; 777. 20.
 πατηγός 631. 22.
 πατρικός 638. 8, 34; 697. 9.
 πάτριος 664. 5.
 πατρίς 664. 9.
 πατρων 676. 44.
 παύεσθαι 674. 15.
 πείθειν 638. 18 (?).
 πείρα 681. 10.
 πειράσθαι 666. 16; 675. 9.
 πελύκιον 740. 10.
 πέμπειν 660. [1]; 668. 18; 669. 2, 10; 670. 7, 12; 671. 5, 14; 673. 27, 29; 674. 2; 676. 8; 677. 6; 713. 16; 756. 11; 757. 16; 780. 10; 785. 7, 10-11, 15, 23; 766. 6.
 πενταρταβυαίος 760. 8.
 πεντώβολον. See Index X (b).
 πέρας 673. 22.
 περιγραφή 642. 7.
 περιεῖναι 634. [15]; 645. 9; 698. [16]; 704. 14.
 περιέχειν 649. 3, &c.; 695. 19; 725. 5.
 περικλείειν 666. 12.
 περιμένω 762. 10.
 περιδοσική 643. 2.
 περιουσία 642. 25, 54.
 περιπίπτειν 639. 20.
 περιστρεφών 700. 2.
 περιστρεφίδιον 759. 7.
 περίστροφμα 741. 22 (?), 24, 29.
 περιφέρειν 664. 7.
 περσικόν 631. 23; 764. 18.
 πήγανον 675. 4.
 πηδάλιον 650. 11, 29; 650 (a). 2; 651. 5.
 πηνίον 740. 6.

πήχυς 705. 6; 742. 9.
 πίθος 648. 63.
 πιπράσκειν 634. [5]; 648. 59; 672. 3, 13; 673. 18; 696. [5], 21; 697. 6, [40]; 698. [3]; 699. 4; 702. 23 (?); 705. 4, 24; 707. 5, 28; 708. 7, 23; 731. 7.
 πίσσα 727. 1, 28; 753. 3; 754. 4.
 πιστεύειν 777. 4, 11, 12.
 πίστις 627. 14; 634. 13, 27, 29; 639. 16; 644. 20.
 πιττάκιον 650. 16, 33; 650 (a). 7; 651. 17.
 πλακοῦς 655. 5.
 πλαστή 631. 10; 692. 13.
 πλάτη 674. 9, 10.
 πλάτος 705. 6.
 πλατυπήγιον 652 (a). 2; (b). 2.
 πλεῖν 682. 4.
 πλὴν 628. 21; 706. 19.
 πλήρης 634. [13]; 645. 8, 10, 17-18; 646. 14; 670. 13; 696. 11; 697. 17, 44; 698. 12; 699. 11; 700. 9; 702. 5, 14; 705. 10, 26; 708. [14]; 715. 11; 718. 9; 750. 15; 765. 14; 773. 27.
 πληροῦν 627. 17; 641. 8, 9; 642. 18, 21, 27, 48, [51]; 645. 6; 669. 8; 773. 31.
 πλίνθος 674. 9.
 πλοῖον 650. 20; 738. 5, &c.; 752. 2; 763. 4; 773. 12, 15.
 πλουμάτος 741. 16.
 ποιεῖν 630. 5, 15; 631. 16, 26, 29; 632. 13; 638. 15, [20], 25, 37; 639. 11; 642. [49], 53; 643. [12]; 644. 21; 661. 6; 662. 16; 669. 13; 670. 4, 6; 672. 12; 674. 3, 17; 676. 26, 29; 677. 3; 678. 7; 697. 31; 758. 6, 9; 760. 1; 761. 3; 762. 10; 764. 12; 766. 8; 769. 4; 770. 19; 773. 19, 34; 775. 3, 10, 11; 776. 4; 777. 14.
 ποικιλτής 677. 6.
 ποῖος 679. 9.
 πόλις. See Index V (a).
 πολιτικός 642. 8; 659. 103, 123; 699. 20.
 πολλάκις 680. 10; 766. 4.
 πολὺς 665. [2]; 666. 8, 10, 23; 668. 23; 671. 3, 24; 672. 5; 673. 20; 676. 13; 679. 3, 18, 22, 27; 681. 2; 682. 17; 754. 12 (?); 764. 4; 769. 2; 770. 35; 772. 2; 773. 2; 775. 10, 16; 776. 13.
 πλείων 659. 122; 685. 14, 20. πλείστος 642. 14, 45. πλείστα 668. 1; 672.

- 2; 676. 3; 681. 3; 757. 2; 758. 2;
763. 2; 770. 3; 772. 1.
πόρος 642. 5, [20], [50].
πορφύρα 727. 4, 33.
πορφύριον 678. 15.
πόσος 678. 17.
ποταμίτης 671. 20; 674. 14, 17; 776. 3.
ποταμός 748. 5.
ποταπός 678. 16.
ποτέ 680. 15-16.
πότερον 672. 9.
ποτός (ποτή) 673. 12-13, 15.
ποῦ 671. 22.
πο() 747. 66, 68.
πῶμα 630. 7, 11; 634. 22; 645. 11.
πραγματευτής 646. 7, 20; 753. 2.
πραγματεία 645. 8.
πραγματίον 663. 6.
πράκτωρ. See Index VII.
πῶξις 631. 32; 639. 14; 640. 8; 641. 15;
689. 36; 694. 30; 695. 30; 711. 16;
766. 11.
πῶσις 672. 6; 696. 18; 697. 29, 47; 698.
23; 699. 23; 700. 24; 702. [14]; 705.
17; 707. 17; 708. 18.
πράσσειν 628. 21; 642. 5; 667. 5, 7; 762.
4; 763. 8; 770. 25. εὖ πρ. 770. 6.
πρεσβεία 662. 11.
πρίασθαι 648. 14, 26; 706. 5; 709. 6.
πρίγκεψ 637. 10; 722. 1.
πρίν, τὸ π. 752. 3.
πρίστης 752. 2.
πρὸ τοῦ 685. 19.
προαίρεσις 664. 8; 665. 8.
προβάλλειν 731. 2 (?), 5 (?).
προγεωργεῖν 688. 11.
προγράφειν 644. 20, 21, 27; 645. [20];
704. 6.
προδιέρχεσθαι 634. 11 (?); 706. 15.
προεῖναι 673. 24.
προηγούμενος 770. 4; 774. 4.
προθεσμία 640. 21.
προκεῖσθαι 626. 25-6; 627. 24; 630. 18;
631. 12, 18, 38; 634. [9], 12; 636. 43;
638. [3], &c.; 639. 26; 641. 12; 642.
19, 49; 643. 23; 645. 13, 16-19; 647.
24; 648. 51; 657. 17; 689. 39, 51;
694. 41, 43; 696. 13, 22-3; 697. 20-1,
42, 45; 698. [15]; 699. 9, 14; 700. 6,
11; 701. 13, [16]; 702. [2], [7]; 704.
[11], 26; 705. 27; 707. 27-8; 708.
24; 713. 14; 715. 26; 716. 27; 724.
7; 731. 20; 734. 8; 749. 4, 6.
προκοπή 631. 20.
προκρητικός 648. 66.
προκτήτρια 702. [13].
προκλήτωρ 636. 24.
προλέγειν 644. 15, 19.
πρόνοια 682. 6.
προονομάζειν 639. 18.
προσαγορεύειν 664. 2, 12; 667. 2; 774. 5,
17.
προσαποτίνειν 644. 23.
προσδεῖσθαι 636. 35; 638. 31; 698. 24;
700. 25; 702. 16; 704. [21]; 717. 7.
προσδιαγραφόμενα 651. 8.
προσεῖναι 631. 7, 25.
προσέρχεσθαι 667. 9, 13; 769. 8.
προσέχειν 678. 10; 682. 12.
προσκαρτερεῖν 764. 4.
προσκύνημα 670. 4; 677. 3; 758. 5; 761.
2; 769. 4; 775. 3.
προσονομάζειν 648. 68.
προσρίπτειν 678. 9.
πρόσταξις 642. 17, [48].
προστάσσειν 635. 10.
προστιθέναι 744. 3.
προσφέρειν 630. 8, 15; 633. 17.
προσφορά 631. 10.
πρόσφορος 636. 30; 638. 29; 700. 21.
πρόσωπον 672. 4.
προτάσσειν 636. 24; 638. 4; 706. 20 (?);
721. 17.
πρότερος 668. 8; 718. 6. πρότερον 633. 9;
634. 7; 636. 12; 666. 4; 668. 5; 673.
5; 701. 4; 724. 6; 744. 10.
προτιθέναι 633. 37.
προτρέπειν 760. 18.
πρόφασις 717. 1.
πρόχρεια 630. [12], 15.
προχωρεῖν 642. 7.
πρυτανεύσας, πρυτανία, πρύτανις. See Index
VII.
πρωτοβόλος 707. 6.
πρωτοδημότης 730. 4.
πρωτοκαίρια 678. 6.
πρώτος 768. 3. π. στέγη 701. 8, 9. π. φίλοι
635. 5. π. χρυσός 645. 7. πρῶτον 681.
9, 14.
πυλών 641. 4.

πυνθάνεσθαι 667. 3.
 πυξίδιον 658. 10.
 πυρός 629. 11-12; 631. 19; 639. 6, 8, 25,
 32; 640. 3, 19; 650. 20; 686. 9, 14;
 689. 17, 29, 32; 719. 13; 743. 6-8;
 745. 1, &c.
 πυροσπορεῖν 628. 11; 629. 9.
 πωλεῖν 634. 14; 696. 13; 698. 14; 699.
 13; 700. 13; 705. 14.
 πῶλος 678. 10; 734. 1 (?), 9, 11.
 πωμάριον 631. 25, 29; 673. 14.
 πῶς 773. 8.

ῥαβδουχία 626. 21.
 ῥαβδοῦχος 626. 9; 750. 12.
 ῥίζα 674. 5.
 ῥοίδιον (ρουδιον) 757. 17.
 ῥύμη, ῥυμίον. See Index V (g).
 ῥύσις 735. 1.
 ῥωννῆναι. ἔρρωσο (ἔρρωσθε) 661. 7; 672. 20;
 756. 12; 759. 10. ἔρρωσθαί σε (ὑμᾶς)
 εὔχομαι 642. 9; 662. 22; 664. 14; 665.
 26; 666. 25; 668. 33; 671. 23; 678.
 27; 679. 29; 682. 15; 683. 30; 689.
 26; 757. 28; 760. 21; 761. 15; 762.
 14; 763. 12; 766. 16; 767. 25; 768.
 14; 769. 16; 770. 34; 773. 39; 775.
 16; 776. 13; 777. 22.

σαβάνιον 729. 7.
 σαγῖον 773. 28.
 σαῖτιον 658. 1.
 σάκκος 733. 2.
 σακτός (?) 760. 9.
 σαλάριον 626. 19.
 σαπφείριον (σαππίριν) 739. 1, 7.
 σάρωσις 692. 11.
 σεαντοῦ 767. 10; 771. 8.
 σελίγνιον 655. 8, 9.
 σεμίδαλις 655. 4, 6, 10.
 σήκωμα (συκωμα) 720. 5.
 σῆμα 680. 11.
 σημαίνειν 648. 53.
 σημασία 678. 28; 773. 40.
 σημείον 635. [9]; 683. 18.
 σημειοῦν, σεσημειῶμαι 750. 17; 751. 3; 752.
 3; 753. 5.
 σήμερον 763. 3; 764. 9.
 σικυδῖον 631. 25 (?).
 σιπιπῖον 733. 2.

σιτικός 628. 14; 630. [3]; 636. 8; 637.
 30; 638. [4], [9], [13], 21; 700. 16;
 704. 8, 12, 14; 719. 10-11; 724. 12.
 σιτολόγος 669. 9.
 σίτος 653. 7; 660. 3; 668. 17; 671. 5;
 674. 18; 680. 18; 684. 19; 746. 2,
 &c.; 776. 7.
 σκαλισμός 692. 18.
 σκαλμός 631. 12.
 σκάπτειν 732. 5.
 σκαφήτος 631. 10; 692. 13.
 σκεῦος 638. 5; 731. 17.
 σκοπεῖν 773. 13.
 σκουτλίον 657. 3.
 σκύλλειν 669. 13.
 σμηκτός 735. 3.
 σμυρναία (= σμύρνα?) 739. 6.
 σόλιον 742. 6.
 σολυχῖς (?) 770. 14.
 σός, οἱ σοί 631. 30.
 σουμοβαλλον (corrupt?) 730. 3.
 σπαθῖον 751. 2; 771. 4, 9.
 σπείρειν 685. 19, 21; 686. 9, 11; 687. 18;
 689. 14.
 σπέρμα 628. 15; 629. [14]; 630. 5; 745.
 13, 29.
 σπονδή 650. 17; 732. 11; 744. 3.
 σπορά 628. 14.
 σπόριμος 635. 6.
 σπόρος 661. 6.
 σπουδάζειν 765. 8; 777. 8.
 σταβλάριον 676. 38.
 σταθμός 645. 7.
 στατήρ 765. 12.
 στατιωνάριος 651. 19.
 στέγειν 775. 10.
 στέγη 701. 8, 9.
 στερεός 629. 11-12; 639. 6, 8.
 στέρνον 664. 7.
 στεφανικά 659. 1 (?), 130.
 στέφανος 642. 14, 45.
 στεφανωτικά 652 (a). 4; (b). 4.
 στημίον 740. 5.
 στιχάριον 684. 4, 8; 741. 2, 16, 21; 775.
 14.
 στολάτα, ματρώνα σ. 705. 3.
 στοργή 766. 3.
 στρατεύεσθαι 666. 5.
 στρατηγῆσας, στρατηγός. See Index VII.
 στρατιωτάριον 657. 1, 10, 16.

στρατιώτης 650 (a). 7; 705. 1.
 στρόβιλος 704. 11.
 στρώματιον 645. 9.
 στρώσις 631. 27.
 συγγραφή 644. 15, 18; 762. 9.
 συγκείσθαι 642. 36.
 συγκομίζειν 734. 13.
 συγκοπή 654. 6.
 συγκύρειν 648. 31; 699. 7; 703. 13.
 συζητεῖν 673. 20.
 σύκωμα. See σήκωμα.
 σύκον 631. 24.
 συλλαγχάνειν 637. [15], 17.
 συλλογή 631. 9; 632. 12.
 συμβάλλειν 668. 4; 669. 8.
 σύμβιος 642. 30; 645. 5, 16; 670. 23, 28, 31; 681. 27; 772. 2.
 συμβόλ(αιον) 648. 76.
 συμβολικά 650 (a). 5.
 συμβουλεύειν 762. 11.
 συμμίσθουν 637. 30.
 συμπαρατιθέναι 649. 10, &c.
 σύμπας 734. 3.
 συμπλήρωσις 626. 16; 630. 16; 713. 14.
 σύμφορον 676. 25.
 σύμφυτος 631. 31.
 σύμφωνεῖν 634. [9]; 636. 15; 672. 17; 696. 9; 697. 13; 698. [10]; 699. 8; 700. 5; 701. 13; 702. 2; 705. 8; 707. 7.
 σύμφωνος 637. [10], 24.
 συνάγειν 701. 18.
 συναγοραστικός 669. 7.
 συναγωνιστής 676. 36.
 συναίρεσθαι 669. 15.
 συνάλλαγμα 626. 21.
 συνάλλαξις 644. 19.
 συναλλάσσειν 626. 8.
 σύνδεσις 737. 23.
 συνενοῦν 697. 9; 701. 5.
 συνεξέρχεσθαι 764. 6.
 συνευδοκεῖν 644. 27.
 συνευδόκησις 638. 31.
 συνήδεσθαι 663. 4.
 συνήθης 692. 11, 22 (?).
 συνιστάναι 634. [3]; 642. 15, 46; 701. 8.
 σύνοδος 691. 3.
 συνοικοδομεῖν 648. 60.
 σύνολος 645. 12.
 συντάσσειν 639. 10 (?).

συντελεῖν 674. 6.
 συντιθέναι 627. 14; 631. 17; 668. 12, 15.
 συντίμησις 764. 7.
 συντομή 692. 12, 15.
 συντυγχάνειν 672. 17.
 σύστασις 768. 9.
 συστάτης 627. 5.
 συστατικόν 634. [3], [14], 20.
 σφαῖρος 727. 15.
 σφάδρα 680. 13.
 σφραγίζειν 677. 7.
 σφραγίς 721. 13.
 σφυρίον 658. 6.
 σχίζειν 675. 2 (?).
 σχοινίον 635. 7.
 σώζεσθαι 664. 2.
 σῶμα 638. 5, &c.; 690. 9; 738. 3, &c.
 σωματισμός 726. 4, 6.
 σωτηρία 666. 19; 766. 9.
 σω . ικ() 727. 2, 5, 18.
 σ() 731. 8.
 τάλαντον. See Index X (a), (b).
 τάλαντος 673. 26.
 ταμείον 633. 29 (?); 650 (a). 4.
 τάξις 670. 9.
 ταπήτιον 728. 6.
 ταρακάριος 765. 2, 21, 30.
 ταρακοῦφικός 705. 6.
 τάχα 679. 14; 760. 17.
 ταχέως 677. 7.
 τάχος 665. 18; 767. 21; 770. 20.
 τε, ἐφ' ᾧ τε 638. 14.
 τεκνίον 766. 14.
 τέκνον 637. 7; 638. 2; 642. 5, 20, 23, 31, 38, 50; 659. 7 (?); 670. 21, 26; 678. 21-2; 682. 11; 714. 3; 765. 20; 768. 2; 769. 13.
 τέκτων 674. 13.
 τελεῖν 631. 22; 632. 14; 636. 27; 638. [14], 28; 695. 21; 700. 18; 704. 14; 767. 12.
 τέλεσμα. See Index XI.
 τελευτᾶν 638. 3; 644. 7; 721. 14.
 τέλος 694. 23; 764. 23. Cf. Index XI.
 τελ() 727. 9.
 τέ(ταρτον) 655. 11, 12; 729. 2.
 τετράποδον 638. 5.
 τετρασσός 704. [20]; 717. 4.
 τετράβολον. See Index X (b).

τέχνη 647. 13, 24, 44.

τηρεῖν 630. 18; 757. 23.

τιθέναι 674. 8. τίθεσθαι 644. 11; 716. 11; 721. 7.

τιλμός 631. 9; 692. 10.

τιμή 633. 18, 21; 634. [9], 12, 26; 639. 5, 12; 665. 21; 668. 16; 684. 17; 694. 29; 696. 9, 22; 697. 14, 43; 698. 10; 699. 8; 700. 5; 701. 13; 702. [2]; 705. 8, 25; 707. 7; 708. 11, 24; 720. 4; 728. 6, 16; 731. 12; 733. 1, 2, 12; 739. 7-9; 751. 2; 753. 2; 760. 7, 11.

τιμιώτατος 663. 2; 667. 1; 673. 2; 676. 2; 758. 2; 766. 1; 771. 2.

τίς 667. 4; 678. 15; 766. 10; 767. 18.

τις 628. 21, [22]; 630. 13(?); 638. 7, 13, 30; 642. 7, 40; 644. 18, 21; 647. 40; 677. 15; 678. [18]; 679. 15; 680. 15-16; 681. 5; 684. 23; 689. 24; 697. 33; 707. 15; 717. 6; 757. 10; 765. 22; 777. [17].

τοιούτος 706. [18]; 707. 14.

τόκος 641. 15; 648. 69; 701. 18-19; 711. 14; 715. 11, 25; 724. 22, 25.

τόμος 725. 18.

τοποθεσία 637. 16, 26; 704. 9.

τόπος 630. 5; 634. [7], [9], 24, 29; 638. [4], 8, [13], 21; 648. 50, 64; 676. 10; 687. 9, 10, 17, 20; 692. 11, 13, 15; 695. 15, 17, 22, 27; 696. [9]; 698. 7, [11], 15, [30]; 699. 6, 9, 14; 700. 4; 701. 7; 702. 3, 7; 704. 5, 7; 745. int., 4, &c. Cf. Index V (d).

τοσοῦτος 775. 6.

τουτέστι 627. 12.

τράγημα 759. 7.

τράπεζα, δημοσία τ. 633. 23; 642. 31; 659. 5. ιδιωτική τ. 639. 5, 30.

τραπέζιον 645. 10.

τραπεζίτης 650. 7, 25; 650 (a). 3.

τρέφειν 647. 16.

τριακάς 773. 6.

τριβακός 645. 9, 10.

τριστός 634. 1; 696. 18; 698. 23; 700. 24; 718. [9].

τρίτος 768. 3. ἐκ τρίτου 640. 7.

τριώβολον. See Index X (δ).

τρόπος 628. 22; 638. [16]; 639. 17; 645. [13]; 698. [22]; 699. 17, [21]; 702. 10; 704. 16, 18; 716. 16; 766. 11.

τροφεῖα 717. 1, 3.

τροφή 687. 12 (Τροφή Αἰγῶν).

τρύγη 692. 21.

τρυσινος (?) 674. 5.

τυγχάνειν 642. 16, 25; 663. 12.

τυλείον (τυριον) 645. 9.

τυμωλιτική 759. 8; 760. 14.

τύρινος (Τυρινός?) 739. 4.

τυρίον 684 verso.

τυρός 656. 15; 673. 23; 776. 11.

υάλιμος 740. 13.

υγεία 757. 21; 774. 8.

υγιαίνειν 672. 2; 677. 2; 678. 3; 680. 4; 683. 6, 26; 757. 4; 758. 3; 759. 3; 769. 3; 770. 5; 774. 6.

υγρός 753. 3.

υδροφυλακία 700. 17.

υιός 627. 8; 631. 3, 35; 636. 9; 644. 7; 648. 16; 665. 17; 674. 1; 676. 34; 679. 17; 683. 18; 684. 1; 696. 1; 697. 47; 703. 4, 7; 721. 18; 724. 29; 765. 19; 767. 9; 768. 16; 770. 30.

υἱη 674. 4.

υπακούειν 667. 8, 11.

υπαντᾶν 630. 15.

υπάρχειν 629. 7; 630. 3; 631. 6; 634. [5]; 635. [5], [8]; 636. 6; 637. 12, [16?], 19, 25, [26?]; 639. 15; 640. 9; 641. 16; 642. 30, 32, 51, 54; 648. 5, 23, 27, 59; 649. 16; 685. 8; 686. 7; 687. 8; 688. 9; 689. 10; 691. 6; 692. 6; 694. 11; 696. 5; 697. 7; 698. 4; 699. 4; 700. 11; 706. 12; 711. 17; 724. 2, 19; 725. 4.

υπατεία. See Index II.

υπερβάλλειν 633. 5.

υπερβόλιον 633. 19, 21, 29 (?).

υπερφηανείν 676. 16.

υπέρθεσις 711. 11.

υπερτίπτειν 640. 6; 711. 13.

υπερτίθεσθαι 764. 8.

υπηρεσία 630. 7.

υπηρετεῖν 676. 37.

υπηρέτης 659. 125.

υπισχνείσθαι 633. 7, 17; 665. 9.

υπόβλητος 630. 9.

υπογέωργος 661. 4, 7.

υπογράφειν 637. [11], 16, 25-6; 642. 27; 645. 14.

υπογραφή 634. 1.
 υποδέχεσθαι 643. 12.
 υποθήκη 648. [70]; 666. 18; 701. 15.
 υποκείσθαι 634. 3.
 υπολείπειν 653. 11; 731. 25.
 υπολήναι 735. 5.
 υπολογεῖν 628. [23].
 υπόλογον 714. [7].
 υπόλοιπος 645. 8; 713. 16.
 πολύχνιον 645. 10.
 υπόμνημα 635. [5]; 648. 75, 91-2; 649. 5,
 &c.; 725. 20.
 υπομνηματισμός 645. 3; 654. 3, 9, 10.
 υπομνηματογράφος 645. 3.
 υπονοεῖσθαι 680. 14.
 υποτάσσειν 634. [3].
 υποურγία 631. 11.
 υποχείριος 642. 5, 20, 38, 50; 706. 6.
 ὑστερεῖν 678. 5.
 ὕστερον 667. 9.
 ὕφ(ασμα ?) 737. 21.
 φαβατάριον 657. 6.
 φαίνεσθαι 626. 4, 16, 19.
 φαινόλης 737. 9, 15.
 φακῇ 689. 18, 29, 33.
 φακίριον 684. 6, 10; 741. 18, 25, 30 (?).
 φακός 628. 12, 17.
 φαιμία 712. 3.
 φάναι 667. 11.
 φανερός 662. 16; 764. 12.
 φάρμακον 727. 7, 32.
 φασήλιον 656. 8.
 φάσις 677. 8.
 φάτις 734. ii.
 φαῦλος 768. 8.
 φέρειν 642. 38; 678. 15-17; 679. 14; 692.
 25 (?); 731. 3; 744. 11 (?); 760. 15,
 19; 772. 4.
 φθάνειν 666. 3.
 φιλεῖν 676. 39; 757. 7, 27.
 φίλος 657. 14; 663. 4; 665. 11, 21; 672.
 17; 773. 37 (?). πρῶτοι φίλοι 635. 5.
 φίλτατος 662. 7, 15, 22; 680. 2; 759. 1;
 766. [16], 19.
 φλόγιος 739. 5.
 φλοῦς 692. 17.
 φόβος 642. 17; 668. 19.
 φοινίκιος 658. 1.
 φοινίκιον 656. 12.

φοῖνιξ 631. 21-2; 632. 10, 16; 675. 5, 6;
 744. 3, 5, 6, 8.
 φόρετρον 731. 18; 773. 22.
 φορολογία 653. 6.
 φόρος 630. 16, 19; 632. 15, 20; 646. 10,
 27, 57; 669. 15; 685. 13, 22; 686. 13;
 687. 24; 688. [14]; 691. 10; 719. 8;
 743. 4, 6, 11; 748. 12.
 φορτίον 648. 60.
 φρέαρ 678. 31; 694. 14.
 φροντιστής 674. 11; 685. 2.
 φυλακία 627. 12.
 φύλαξ 650. 12.
 φυλάσσειν 692. 22.
 φυλή 627. 7; 642. 43.
 φυλλολογία 631. 13; 692. 20.
 φύλλον 631. 10; 692. 12, 19; 743. 3, 10.
 φυρῶν 692. 21.
 φυτόν 764. 18.
 χαίρειν 626. 7; 634. 5; 636. 4; 638. 3;
 639. 3; 642. 1; 643. 5; 645. 5; 646.
 8, 25; 661. 2; 662. 7; 663. 2; 664.
 1; 665. 3; 666. 1; 667. 1; 668. 2;
 669. 1; 670. 2; 671. 2; 672. 2; 673.
 2; 674. 1; 675. 1; 676. 3, 23; 677. 1;
 678. 1; 679. 2; 681. 3; 682. 2; 683.
 3; 696. 4; 697. 6; 698. 2; 699. 3;
 703. 5; 707. 4; 708. 6; 711. 5; 712.
 5; 713. 4; 714. 5; 715. 8; 718. [2], 21;
 719. 6; 720. 3; 721. 6; 750. 3; 751.
 [1]; 752. 1; 753. 1; 756. 2; 757. 2;
 758. 2; 759. 2; 761. 2; 762. 2; 763.
 2; 764. 3; 765. 2; 766. 2; 768. 2;
 769. 2; 770. 4; 771. 2; 772. 1; 773.
 2; 774. 3; 775. 2; 777. 2. χαίρεσθαι
 676. 4.
 χαλάδριον 658. 3.
 χαλκείον 648. 62.
 χάλκινος 670. 11, 13.
 χαλκίον 658. 13.
 χαλκόκροτον 657. 1, 15.
 χαλκός, χαλκοῦς. See Index X (δ).
 χάρις 627. 16; 664. 12; 672. 6, 19. χάριν
 634. 22; 668. 4; 683. 18; 773. 12.
 χαρτάριον 765. 26.
 χάρτης 654. 4, 5; 727. 20.
 χειμερινός 631. 25.
 χειμών 681. 18.
 χεῖρ 639. 21; 641. 19; 765. 22; 773. 30.

ἀνὰ χεῖρα 743. 2, [8]. διὰ χειρός 634. [13];
 636. 19; 645. 8; 696. 11; 697. 17;
 698. 12; 699. 11; 700. 9; 702. 5;
 705. 10; 708. 14; 710. 15; 712. [6].
 χειριστικόν 650. 8, 26; 650 (a). 4.
 χειρογραφία 650. 15, 32; 650 (a). 6; 651.
 10.
 χειρόγραφον 639. 32; 645. 7; 649. [14];
 711. [18]; 715. 9; 724. 21, 24, 27, 32.
 χειροτονεῖν 642. 18.
 χειροτόνημα 642. 16.
 χειρωνάξια 647. 44.
 χερικός 692. 5.
 χέρσος 744. 8, 10.
 χιτών 679. 6, 8, 24.
 χλωρός 631. 22; 646. 12; 743. 6.
 χορηγεῖν 630. 8.
 χορηγία 642. 8.
 χορτοθήκη 734. 11.
 χορτοπάτητος 734. 4, 15.
 χόρτος 671. 13; 686. 10-11; 687. 24; 719.
 14; 731. 12; 760. 12.
 χορτόσπερμον 734. 14.
 χούν 674. 8.
 χούς 631. 15, 28; 732. 4, 8; 758. 10.
 χούς (measure) 672. 4.
 χρᾶν (χρῆσαι) 773. 30.
 κρία 627. 11; 665. 10; 683. 17; 712. [7];
 769. 7; 770. 23.
 κρείωδης 664. 9.
 κρεωστεῖν 680. 16.
 κρήζειν 767. 14; 769. 8; 774. 8; 776. 7.
 κρηματίζειν 634. 2, 4, [5?]; 637. 4, 7; 642.
 1, 5, 12, [20]; 643. 3, 4; 644. 14; 687.
 5; 690. 20; 691. 1; 699. 3; 713. 4;
 714. 3; 718. 15.
 κρηματισμός 648. 35-6; 649. [10], &c.; 706.
 14, 20 (?); 724. 5; 725. 4.
 κρήσθαι (κράσθαι) 630. 9; 634. [15]; 638.
 22, 24; 641. 3, 9; 666. 10; 675. 15;
 694. 18; 695. 27; 696. [14]; 697. 21;
 698. 16; 699. 15; 700. 12; 702. [7];
 704. 13; 705. 14.
 κρήσιμος 767. 13.
 κρήσις 648. 51; 665. 12; 711. 6.
 κρηστήριον 634. [6], [9]; 637. 29; 641. 6;
 648. 30; 694. 14; 699. 6, 9, 14; 700.
 2; 701. 11; 724. 4, 20; 725. 9.
 κρηστός 663. 11; 664. 15; 753. 2; 759. 9.
 κρίειν 665. 5. κρίον 665. 16.

κρόνος 627. 10, 17; 630. 17; 631. 31; 634.
 [5]; 635. [10]; 636. 6; 638. 20, 22;
 640. 7; 641. 8, 15, 17; 642. 14, 45, 48;
 644. 16; 645. 12; 647. 13, 43; 671.
 24; 682. 18; 689. 9; 693. 6; 694. 8,
 20, 24; 695. 23, 28; 696. 5; 697. 7;
 698. 3; 699. 4; 703. 6; 705. 4; 711.
 13; 754. [12?]; 770. 35; 775. 17; 776.
 14.

κρυσός. See Index X (δ).

κῶμα 674. 7; 700. 17; 734. 14.

κῶρα 626. 9; 627. 19.

κωρεῖν 631. 16.

κωρίζειν 673. 4.

κωρίον 631. 26; 632. 11; 674. 16; 735.
 2, 6.

κωρίς 630. 16; 637. 7; 638. 2; 644. 22;
 685. 12, 22; 689. 15, 33; 692. 5; 711.
 11; 714. 3.

κωφορεῖν 631. 15.

ψάλιον 632. 12.

ψιλός τόπος 634. [7], [9], 24, 29; 638. [4],
 8, [13], 21; 648. 64; 696. 8; 698. 7,
 [11], 15, [30]; 699. 6, 9, 14; 700. 4;
 702. 2, 6; 704. 5.

ψωκ(τόν?) 727. 8.

ψωμίον 656. 20.

ῥδε 777. 18.

ῥμός 768. 9 (?).

ῥνεῖσθαι 648. 4; 700. 21; 703. 6; 705. 4;
 706. 18.

ῥνή 633. 7; 709. 5.

ῥόν 674. 3.

ῥρα 755. 5; 773. 23, 32.

ῥς 626. 26; 628. 3; 629. 2; 631. 33, 38;
 634. 2-[5], [15]; 635. [2]; 636. 43;
 637. 4, 15, 20, 23; 638. [5], 6, [22]-4,
 38; 641. 12; 642. 1, [5], 12, [20]; 643.
 3, 4, 8, 23; 644. 2; 645. 19; 648. 7,
 12; 649. 3, &c.; 650. 21; 653. 7; 663.
 9; 664. 12; 666. 5; 669. 2; 673. 22;
 676. 19; 677. 6; 689. 32, 51; 690.
 20; 691. 1; 694. 31, 43; 695. 29, 30;
 696. 13-14, 23; 697. 20, 22, 45; 698.
 [15], 17; 699. 3, 14-15; 700. 12; 702.
 8; 704. 13; 705. 14, 26; 708. 6-11,
 20; 707. 28 (o); 708. 24; 709. 7;
 713. 4; 715. 26; 716. 27; 718. 15; 725.

- 5, 9; 733. 1, 13; 734. 8, 14; 743. 4, 11; 748. 1, 3, 5; 765. 20; 767. 9, 10; 768. 7; 770. 13 (?); 774. 14.
 ὥς 766. 7.
 ὡσαύτως 631. 20.
 ὡσεὶ 773. 24 (?).
 ὥστε 628. 10; 629. 8; 633. [20]; 642. 27; 643. 6; 659. 122; 666. 18; 669. 12; 672. 5, 6; 679. 15; 685. 11, 20; 686. 8; 687. 16; 689. 13; 691. 9; 715. 15; 743. 6.
 ὥτιον 658. 13.
]εἰρο[ε] 741. 13.
 [. . .] τίκιον 741. 11-12.
 [. . . .] ωτος 699. 6.

XIII. SUBJECTS DISCUSSED IN THE INTRODUCTIONS AND NOTES.

(The numbers refer to pages.)

(a) ENGLISH AND LATIN.

- ablaqueatio* 21.
 abstracts of contracts 81.
 Abundantius, consul 162.
 address of a letter 139.
 agoranomus 65, 70.
 Alexandria 115, 142-3, 160.
 Antinoöpolite demes 159.
 Antipera Pela 49-50, 112.
 Aphrodision 80.
 Aphroditopolite nome 176.
 Artapatou 49.
 athletes 72, 181.
 Aurelian 32, 34.
 banks, private and public 56, 59, 60.
 Caesarion 10, 39.
 catoecic holdings 7-8.
centurio princeps 48, 162.
 cessions of land 39, 42.
cessio bonorum 66.
 Christian letters 187.
 Chusis 49.
 Claudia Isidora 11, 13-14, 35.
 Claudius II 77, 153-4.
 Cleopatra VI 8-10, 39.
 Constans 29.
 Constantine I 1, 27-8, 30, 179.
 Constantius I 27, 29-30, 178-9.
 Constantius II 28, 30, 151.
 Constantius Gallus 29.
 Coptos 123.
 Cornelius Valerianus 89.
 crown-tax 104-6.
curator 48.
 Cynopolite nome 160.
 Decius 44.
delegatio 114.
 demes at Antinoöpolis 159.
 denarii and drachmae 101.
 deputy-prytanis 116-17.
 divisions of property 45, 50.
 eras of Oxyrhynchus 25, 27-30, 178-9.
exuberantia 114-15.
 gold 74, 97-8.
 Gratian 28.
 guardianship 48, 76.
 Hermopolite toparchies 106.
 horse, greeting to a 186.
 Ibion Chuseos 49.
 Ibion . . . l() 113-14.
 indictions 27-8.
 interest, rates of 87, 161.
 Julian 29, 151.
 land-survey 174-5.
 land-tenure 7-8, 10-11.
 leases of garden-land 15, 25.
 Leontopolis = Alexandria 115.
 liturgies 3, 5.
 loans of corn 61; loans with right of habitation 63.
 loaves 175.
 looms 159.
 Macedonians 7.
 Magnentius 30.
 measures 62-3, 175.
 mistakes in dates 29, 30.
 monogram 185.
 mortgage 34, 156.
 Mursa, battle of 29, 30.
 Mussius Aemilianus 45.
 Oasis, Small 13.
occatio 21.
optio familiae 162.
 Oxyrhynchite toparchies 106, 177.
 Païmis 10.
pampinatio 22.
 Pasko 49, 167.
patria potestas 69, 70.
 Philippi 44.
 poll-tax 180.
 priest of Alexander 166.

primipilarius 48.
princeps 48.
 Probus 25, 55.
 Ptolemaic papyri 5-6.
 Ptolemy XV 8-10.
 Ptolemy XVI 10.
putatio 20.
 recruiting 121.
 recto blank 171, 177, 181.
 reeds in vineyards 19-20.
 regnal years in the fourth century 27-9.
 representation 65.

revision of rents 174-5.
 sale of land by the State 31.
 Saloninus 89.
 Serapeum 5, 180.
 Severus Alexander 38.
 silver reckoned by weight 96.
solidi 97-8.
stationarius 94.
 Stratonice 133.
 Theodosius 28.
 Thoëris 5.
 Tholthis 49.

toparchies, order of 106, 177.
 transport 3, 90, 93-4.
 tribe at Alexandria 160.
tutor 48.

Valens 28, 179.
 Valentinian II 28.
 vineyards, cultivation of 15.

weaving 79, 80.
 women land-owners 11, 14, 177.

Zenophilus, consul 163.

(b) GREEK.

ἀγκάλισμός 20.
 ἀγκός 134.
 ἀγυιὰ Κλεοπάτρας Ἀφροδίτης 7.
 ἀγώγιμος 61.
 ἀήρ 130.
 αἰρέτης 99.
 ἀκάλως 135.
 ἀλλάξιμα 169.
 Ἀμεσσία 123.
 ἀμνησία 125.
 ἀμπελοφυγὰ ἔργα 15-16.
 ἀνάληψις 22.
 ἀνάλογον 113.
 ἀνάνθρωπος 142.
 ἄνω Κυνοπολίτης 160.
 Ἀπλωνάριον 135.
 ἀποκοπή 20-1.
 ἀπότακτον 117.
 ἄπρατα 33.
 ἀπωρυγισμός 21.
 ἀρκάδια 102.
 ἄρτος 175.
 ἀρχιφύλαξ 5.
 αὐστήσια 102.
 ἄφιε 181.

βάδιον 104.
 βαρβαρίκιον 146.
 βασιλικά 41.
 βιβλιοθήκη ἡγεμονική 99.
 βίκος 54.
 βλαστολογία 22.
 βοτανισμός 23.
 βοτανολογία 23.

βωλήτιον 103.
 γάρος 185.
 γένος 91.
 γεῦος 134.
 γύρωσις 21.
 δεκανός 3.
 δι' ἐμοῦ ἐγράφη 5.
 διάστασις 22.
 διαστολικόν 87.
 διοικητής 115.
 διπλοκέραμον 179.
 διτομία 23.
 δόκωσις 87.
 δρομαδάριος 95.
 δῶμα 64.

ἐκδοχεύς 126.
 ἐκποιεῖν 70.
 ἔκτακτα 24.
 ἔκχυσις 86-7.
 ἐπαλείφειν 24.
 ἐπάρδευσις 23.
 ἐπιβάται 178.
 ἐπιβολή 97.
 ἐπιδημία 1.
 ἐπιλύματα 183.
 ἐπίσταλμα 70.
 ἐπίτροπος 48.
 ἐραυνητικόν 92.
 ἐργαστρων 86.
 ἔρημα 94.

ἡλιαστήριον 23-4.

θεός 138.

ἴδιος 161.
 ἰδιωτικὴ ἄσπορος 33. ἰδ. τρά-
 πεζα 59, 60.
 ἱεροποιός 119.
 ἰσοφόριον 146.

καθολικὸς γραμματεὺς 118.
 καίμα 102.
 καινοχωρισμός 74.
 καλαμεία 19.
 καλάμιον 23.
 κάλαμος 20.
 καλαμουργία 22.
 καλλιότερος 130.
 καπύριον 100.
 καρνωτός 24.
 καταγράφειν 42.
 καταγραφή 42, 44-5, 153.
 κατάλεπτον 169.
 κατοχή 38.
 κινεῖν 24.
 κλῆρος 7, 8.
 κομέατος 123.
 κομπασία 23.
 κουράτωρ 48.
 κοῦφα 23.
 κράτιστος 72.
 κριτής 48.
 κυβιάριον 103.
 κύριος 48, 138.

λέος 130.

XIII. SUBJECTS DISCUSSED IN INTRODUCTIONS AND NOTES 239

λευκοπίων 24.
 λογοθετεῖν 14.
 μαλλοί 99.
 μανδάκια 178.
 μάνια 181.
 μείζων 3.
 μερικά 100.
 μεταδιερᾶν 24.
 μεταδόσιμον 86.
 μέτρον πρὸς ἑκατοστὰς δέκα 62-
 3, 175. μ. ἐλαϊκόν 175.
 μοσχομάγειρος 183.
 νέον 91.
 νομογράφος 99.
 ξυλοτομία 20.
 οἰνοχειριστής 179.
 ὀλοποῖός 102.
 ὀρναῖον 174.
 οὐσία 11.
 παραγραφή 21, 70.
 παράδοξος 181.
 παραδοχή 113.
 παραμυθιακὴ ἐργασία 22.
 παραχώρησις 39, 42.
 παρών 48.

πάσκαλον 103.
 πατητός 24.
 πίστις 38.
 πιττάκιον 92.
 πλαστή 21.
 πλάτη 21, 133.
 πλατυπήγια 95.
 προσρίπτειν 138.
 πρωτοδημότης 170.
 πυροσπορεῖν 8.
 ῥαβδούχος 3.
 σαῖτια 104.
 σάρωσις 21.
 σελίγιον 101.
 σήκωμα (συκωμα) 165.
 σημασία 139.
 σκαλισμός 21.
 σκαλμός 21.
 σκαφητός 21.
 σκουτλίον 103.
 σουμβοβαλλον 170.
 σπαθίον 179.
 σπονδή 175.
 σπόρος 116.
 στεφανικά 104-6.
 στεφανωτικά 94.
 στρατιωτάριον 103.
 στρατιώτης 93.

συντομή 21.
 συστάτης 5.
 συστατικόν 39.
 σχοινίον 41.
 σωματισμός 168.
 ταμεῖον 93.
 τέταρτον 101.
 τὺλμός 20.
 τράπεζα 59, 60.
 τυμωλιτική 181.
 ὑπερβάλλειν 33.
 ὑπερβόλιον 34.
 ὑπόβλητος 14.
 ὑπογέωργος 115-16.
 ὑποθήκη 38.
 ὑπολήνια 171.
 ὑποχείριος 69, 70.
 φορολογία 97.
 φροντιστής 48.
 φυλλολογίαι 23.
 χειριστικόν 92.
 χρηματισμός 86.
 χρίον 121.
 χρυσὸς πρῶτος 74.
 ψάλιον 31.

XIV. PASSAGES DISCUSSED.

(An asterisk denotes proposed emendations.)

(a) AUTHORS.

	PAGE		PAGE
Apollonius Rhodius i. 628	23	Columella iv. 27	21-2
Appian, <i>Bell. civ.</i> v. 9	10	28	23
Aristotle, <i>Mirab.</i> 91	21	30	19
Athenaeus xiv. 647 c	187	<i>De arbor.</i> 5	21
<i>Chron. Pasch.</i> (Mommsen, <i>Chron. Min.</i> i. 238)	29	11	22
Cicero, <i>Clu.</i> 28. 77	130	<i>Consularia Constantinop.</i> (Mommsen, <i>Chron. Min.</i> i. 238)	29
<i>ad Att.</i> xiv. 8, 20	10	Damascius, <i>De princip.</i> 33	102
Columella iv. 1	22	Diodorus iii. 51	184
10	20	Diogenes Laertius vi. 30	23
15	21	Dion Cassius xliii. 27, xlviii. 24	10

	PAGE		PAGE
Ecclesiastes ii. 18	181	Herondas ii. 70, 78	130
Ecclesiasticus x. 18	87	Hesychius, ὀρύα	174
xi. 25	125	σκάλλειν	21
<i>Etymol. Magnum</i> , ἄκαλος	135	ψωκτόν	169
ὀχετόκρανα	87	Josephus, <i>Ant. Jud.</i> xv. 4. 1	10
Eutropius x. 12. 2	29	Mark i. 34	181
Ezekiel xvii. 6	21	Moschus 2. 81	23
<i>Geoponica</i> iii. 5. 2	24	Fr. 2. 13	134
5. 4	22	Palladius ii. 1	21
6. 2	22	iii. 16	21
6. 3	20	ix. 3	22
10. 3	23	Photius, ὀχετόκρανα	87
13. 3	21	Pliny, <i>Nat. hist.</i> xvii. 141	19, 20
iv. 3. 1	21	146	22
v. 18. 1	21	185	15, 22
21. 3	21	Porphyry <i>ap.</i> Euseb. <i>Chron.</i> ed. Schöne	
23	20	i. 168-70	9, 10
25. 1	21	Schol. Ar. <i>Frogs</i> 1124	24
28	22	Socrates iii. 21	29
28. 4	23	Strabo p. 800	24
53	19	Suidas, ὀχετόκρανα	87
vi. 3. 2	23	Theophrastus, <i>Caus. plant.</i> iii. 14	20
9	24	16. 3	22
vii. 2. 1	24	<i>Hist. plant.</i> ii. 7. 5	21
4. 2	24	Thucydides iv. 118	130
6	24	Varro i. 8. 2	20
18. 1	23	Vergil, <i>Georg.</i> ii. 354, 399	21
24. 2	23	Wisdom xiv. 26	125
37	24		

(b) INSCRIPTIONS.

<i>Bull. Corr. Hell.</i> vi. 108	181	C. I. L. x. 7583	162
Cagnat, <i>Inscr. Gr. ad res Rom. pert.</i>		xii. 1178 b	25
i. 629	48	Dessau 2117	162
iii. 1230, 1264	48	2436	162
iv. 131	48	2439	162
C. I. L. iii. 5803	162	Lefebvre, <i>Annales</i> , 1908, p. 241	9
7765	162	<i>Mélanges Holleaux</i>	9
viii. 2947	162	O. G. I. 194	9

(c) PAPYRI AND OSTRACA.

<i>Annales</i> xviii. 70	126	B. G. U. ii. 419	74
<i>Archiv</i> iv. 130-42	81, 87	553-4	49
B. G. U. i. 13. 3	48	591. 22	24
18. 4	33	iii. *703. 8-9	33
244	3	710	37, 39
274. 1	89	840. 3	20
ii. 362. Fr. 1. 19	99	861. 1	89

	PAGE		PAGE
B. G. U. iii. 865. 15	19	P. Brit. Mus. ii. 163. 22	19
870. 1	89	163. 23-4	22
888. 4	99	*163. 24-5	21
969. ii. 23	14	163. 34	21
iv. 1021	80	iii. 890. 2	56
1047	11	928. 3-6	93
1074	149	977. 13-15	70
1084. 22	7	1003. 7	22
1091. 13	33	1164 (<i>k</i>)	34
1115	63	1164 (<i>k</i>). 8-10	38
1122	15	1168	63
*1122. 4, 5, 7, 38	19	1168. 21, 54	59
1122. 19, 20	22	1168. 49	59
C. P. R. 9	34	1171. 68	123
*19. 4	19	1177. 91, 111	86
*244. 11-12	22	*1177. 186	86
<i>Griech. Texte</i> 7	56	1177. 218, 237, 247	87
<i>Melanges Nicole</i> 193	60	1178. 50-4	72
P. Amh. ii. 43. 9	62	1213-15	14
85. 18	34	1223	11, 13
93. 12	123	1243. 19	25
106	25	v. 1656	57
*127. 27, 35	24	1656. 6-7	23
P. Cairo 10013 = 1762.		1774	57
10070	165	vi. ined.	92
P. Cairo Masp. 67100. 18-19	24	P. Flor. i. 1. 3	60
P. Fay. 12	60	1. 8	34
20	29	18. 19 sqq.	91
90. 14	62	20. 77	23
95. 16	123	36. 13	97
*104. 20	94	39. 3	5
104. 23	181	39. 9	3
300	93	50. 4	19
P. Brit. Mus. i. 99	114	50. 17	23-4
131. 85	23	50. 67-8	24
131. 88	21	56. 11	39
131. 185	23	64. 7, 15, &c.	33
*131. 192	22	ii. 131. 5	123
131. 374	23	265	77
131. 375-424	20	iii. 314. 8	23
*131. 376-7	20	335. 6	91
131. 391, 397	20	335. 11	94
*131. 394	20	335. 18	92
131. 400	21	369	24
131. 437	20	*369. 2-5	22
131. 574-5	23	369. 5	21
131. 45	24	*369. 6	23
131*. 80	23	369. 12	24
ii. 163. 20	20	369. 20	21

	PAGE		PAGE
P. Freiburg 8	45	P. Oxy. ii. 280. 8	112
P. Gen. 53. 7-8	145	288-9	59
66. 8-9 (= W. Chr. 381)	176	289. i. 9	64
P. Giessen 31. i. 14	24	*290. 6	112
51. 6	42	304-5	59
56	23	308	59
56. 6-12	19	312-13	59
56. 13	23	319	59
*100. 15-18	38	322	80
P. Goodsp. 30. iv. 5	92	323	59
P. Gradenwitz 10	57	366	41
P. Grenf. ii. 39	56	*370	31
74. 7	30	377	64
95. 2	97	iii. 504	40
111. 12	174	*504. 8-10	41
P. Halle 14. 3	33	504. 15-16	41
P. Hamb. 17. iii. 6	91	504. 17-20	41
21	56	505	37
23. 22	19	506. 9	38
23. 27	22-3	506. 24	8
27. 26	20	513	59
30	63	513. 7, 25	33
30. 33	64	513. 28	34
P. Hibeh 84 (a)	56-7	513. 45, 57	34
110 recto	92	iv. 707. 26, 32	133
121. 50	181	715. 35	37
P. Iand. 30	11	725	80
P. Leipzig 13. 25	5	*725. 13	80
38. ii. 4	70	727. 11	143
85-6	3	729. 3-5	19
*111. 4-5	145	729. 5-7	23
123. 17-19	99	729. 23-7	19
P. Oxy. i. 9 verso	62	729. 24	23
33	81	*729. 25	24
43 verso. iv. 14-23	5	729. 29	20
59	116	729. 30	21
62. 13	94	*729. 31	19
86	5	vi. 898. 26-7	74
91	59	902. 1	160
92	27-8	908. 8	149
98	59	919	91
102. 21	178-9	919. 7	13
117	182	985	23
125	28	vii. 1040. 10	8
ii. 264	59	1041	28
267	59	1041. 16	179
269	59	1046. 8	14
275. 14	80	1051. 17	174
277	8	1056-7	28-9

XIV. PASSAGES DISCUSSED

243

	PAGE		PAGE
P. Oxy. viii. 1105	63	P. Oxy. xii *1578. ii-iii	13-14
1116	5	xv. ined.	48
1116. 11-15	28	P. Par. 60 bis. 15	92
1124. 5-7	8	63. iv. 108-9	8
1130. 11	8	P. Petrie iii. *4 (1). 9	7
1132. 9	59	P. Reinach 7. 9	60
*1133. 13	174	9. 20	60
1141. 4	20	30	56
ix. 1201. 16	44	P. Rev. Laws lxxv-vi	60
1206. 19	174	P. Ryl. ii. 77. 47-52	116
1207. 8	24	99. 3-4	13
1208. 6	70	159	40
1208. 9	161	*159. 5-7	41
1208. 16	66	*159. 15-16	41
1208. 24	55, 153	159. 16-20	41
1217. 6	141	160 (c). i. 4	13
1218. 5	118	166. 6-7	13
1220. 16	87	173. 10	59
x. 1252 verso. ii	65-6	176. 2	60
*1252 verso. 17	70	206. 47-9	24
1256. 4	160	217. 11	33
1257. 10	92	P. S. I. i. 33	24
*1261. 4-5	3	iii. 215. 6	5
1261. 5	1	*219. 4	113
*1285. 40	49	iv. 286. 4	20
1285. 45	148	286. 14-15	19
*1285. 58	112	*300. 11	49
*1285. 68	112	310	97
1285. 96	112	*316. 4	27-8
1285. 105	112-13	317. 7-10	20
1285. 108	113	320	40
*1285. 117	113	320. 5-7	41
*1285. 135	177	320. 10	8
*1287. 1	89	320. 11-12	41
xii. 1411. 4	59	v. 450 verso. 48, 69	89
1413. 8	69	*469	27-8
1423	71	549	9
1424	48	vi. ined.	27-30
1431	27-30	P. Strassb. I	56
1444. 4	92	1. 10	23
1473. 6	59	6	153
1474. 14	8	10-11	153
1512	3	43. 13	30
1526. 4	92	52. 8	60
*1529. 10	177	78	11
1542	178	78. 5	14
1551	5	P. Stud. Pal. x. 233. i. 12	160
1562. I, 27	25	xvii. 10	174-5
1575	27-8	P. Taur. 4. 25-6	74

	PAGE		PAGE
P. Tebt. i. 24. 42, 52	116	P. Thead. 16. 13	97
29. 13-14	41	32-3	97
61 (<i>b</i>). 408	34	34-6	5
103	56	*59. 3	95
105	8	SB. 3462	123
106	8	4482. 4	21
108. 4	8	4483. 15	24
109. 20-1	60-1	4488. 11	23
120. 141	22	*4490. 11	15
121. 49	92	4774. 2, 6	21
140. 1	41	4961	14
188	92	5670	13
ii. 302. 14	34	*5692. 11	70
379	56	5807. 8-11	20
384. 11	80	Wilcken, <i>Ost.</i> 43	23
385	80	92-3	59
402. 1	14	150	23
581	77	361	60
585	20	*1166	179
587	60	1317	60
iii. ined. 759	138	1319-20	60
816	8	1345	59
820	8	1365	60
883	7	*1479, 1483, 1485	179
P. Thead. 6	27	*1483. 6-8	23
10. 22	5		

210
 211
 212
 213
 214
 215
 216
 217
 218
 219
 220
 221
 222
 223
 224
 225
 226
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PLATE II

The following are the names of the persons who were present at the meeting held at the residence of Mr. J. H. [illegible] on the 1st day of [illegible] 18[illegible].

[The rest of the page contains several columns of handwritten names, which are mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through from the reverse side.]

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THE EGYPT EXPLORATION SOCIETY, as recently reconstituted and renamed, proposes to continue with but slight modifications the work of the *Egypt Exploration Fund*, which was founded in 1882 to conduct archaeological researches in Egypt. In 1897 a special department, called the *Graeco-Roman Branch*, was initiated for the discovery and publication of remains of classical antiquity and early Christianity in Egypt. The volumes published by the *Graeco-Roman Branch* are to be continued under the name of *Graeco-Roman Memoirs*. It is intended that they shall appear annually, as heretofore, under the editorship of PROFS. GRENFELL and HUNT. Each will consist of 250 quarto pages or more, with facsimile plates of the more important papyri.

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